TÜV RHEINLAND ENERGIE UND UMWELT GMBH



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM_{10} pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$

TÜV-Report: 936/21209885/A Cologne, March 11, 2012





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is accredited for the following work areas:

- Determination of emissions and ambient airs of air pollution and odor substances;
- Inspection of correct installation, function and calibration of continuously running emission measuring devices including systems for data evaluation and remote monitoring of emissions;
- Suitability testing of measuring systems for continuous monitoring of emissions and ambient air, and of electronic systems for data evaluation and remote monitoring of emissions

according to EN ISO/IEC 17025.

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Page 2 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

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Page 3 of 473



Device tested:	TEOM 1405-DF PM10 pre-sepa	Ambier rator and	nt Part d virtua	iculate Monitor with al impactor
Manufacturer:	Thermo Fisher Scientific 27 Forge Parkway Franklin, Ma 02038 USA			
Test period:	December 2009 to February 2012			
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Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 4 of 473

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Page 5 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Content

1.	SUMMARY AND PROPOSAL FOR DECLARATION OF SUITABILITY	15
1.1	Summary	15
1.3	Summary of test results	21
2.	TASK DEFINITION	31
2.1	Type of test	31
2.2	Objective	31
3.	DESCRIPTION OF THE TESTED MEASURING SYSTEM	32
3.1	Measuring principle	32
3.2	Functionality of the measuring system	34
3.3	AMS scope and layout	35
4.	TEST PROGRAM	50
4.1	General	50
4.2	Laboratory test	50
4.3	Field test	51
5.	REFERENCE MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES	67
6.	TEST RESULTS	68
6.1	4.1.1 Measured value display	68
6.1	4.1.2 Easy maintenance	70
6.1	4.1.3 Functional testl	72
6.1	4.1.4 Set-up times and warm-up times	74
6.1	4.1.5 Instrument design	76
6.1	4.1.6 Unintended adjustment	77
6.1	4.1.7 Data output	78
6.1	5.1 General	



Page 6 of 473

6.1	5.2.1 Certification ranges	81
6.1	5.2.2 Measuring range	82
6.1	5.2.3 Negative output signals	83
6.1	5.2.4 Failure in the mains voltage	84
6.1	5.2.5 Operating states	85
6.1	5.2.6 Switch-over	86
6.1	5.2.7 Maintenance interval	87
6.1	5.2.8 Availability	88
6.1	5.2.9 Instrument software	90
6.1	5.3.1 General	92
6.1	5.3.2 Repeatability standard deviation at zero point	94
6.1	5.3.3 Repeatability standard deviation at reference point	96
6.1	5.3.4 Linearity (Lack of fit)	97
6.1	5.3.5 Sensitivity coefficient of the sample gas pressure	98
6.1	5.3.6 Sensitivity coefficient of the sample gas temperature	99
6.1	5.3.7 Sensitivity coefficient of the surrounding temperature	100
6.1	5.3.8 Sensitivity coefficient of supply voltage	104
6.1	5.3.9 Cross sensitivity	106
6.1	5.3.10 Averaging effect	107
6.1	5.3.11 Standard deviation from paired measurements	108
6.1	5.3.12 Long-term drift	110
6.1	5.3.13 Short-time drift	118
6.1	5.3.14 Response time	119
6.1	5.3.15 Difference between sample- and calibration port	120
6.1	5.3.16 Converter efficiency	121
6.1	5.3.17 Increase of NO_2 concentration due to residence in the measuring sys	tem 122



Page 7 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH Luftreinhaltung

6.1	5.3.18 Overall uncertainty12	23
6.1	5.4.1 General12	<u>2</u> 4
6.1	5.4.2 Equivalency of the sampling system12	25
6.1	5.4.3 Reproducibility of the sampling systems13	33
6.1	5.4.4 Calibration13	38
6.1	5.4.5 Cross sensitivity14	40
6.1	5.4.6 Averaging effect14	45
6.1	5.4.7 Constancy of sample volumetric flow14	46
6.1	5.4.8 Tightness of the measuring system18	53
6.1	Methodology of the equivalence check (modules 5.4.9 – 5.4.11)	55
6.1	5.4.9 Determination of uncertainty between systems under test ubs15	56
6.1	5.4.10 Calculation of the expanded uncertainty of the instruments	37
6.1	5.4.11 Application of correction factors and terms18	39
6.1	5.5 Requirements on multiple-component measuring systems	95
7.	RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PRACTICAL USE19	96
8.	LITERATURE	98
9.	APPENDIX	99



Page 8 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Tables

Table 1:	Description of the test sites	19
Table 2:	Instrument modifications after field test site "Teddington"	47
Table 3:	Device-related characteristics TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor	
	(manufacturer information)	48
Table 4:	Field test sites	52
Table 5:	Ambient conditions at the field test sites, expressed as daily averages	59
Table 6:	Results Grubbs-outlier test – Reference PM ₁₀	60
Table 7:	Results Grubbs-outlier test – Reference PM _{2.5}	60
Table 8:	Removed data pairs reference PM ₁₀ according to Grubbs	61
Table 9:	Removed data pairs reference PM _{2.5} according to Grubbs	61
Table 10:	Used filter materials	66
Table 11:	Certification ranges (CR)	81
Table 12:	Determination of availability (without test-related outages)	89
Table 13:	Determination of availability (including test-related outages)	89
Table 14:	Detection limit PM ₁₀	95
Table 15:	Detection limit PM _{2.5}	95
Table 16:	Dependence of the zero-point on the surrounding temperature,	
	deviation in µg/m ³ , average for 3 measurements, SN 20014	102
Table 17:	Dependence of the zero-point on the surrounding temperature,	
	deviation in µg/m ³ , average for 3 measurements, SN 20116	102
Table 18:	Dependence of sensitivity (calibration constant K_0) on the surrounding	
	temperature, deviation in %, average for 3 measurements, SN 20014	.103
Table 19:	Dependence of sensitivity (calibration constant K_0) on the surrounding	
	temperature, deviation in %, average for 3 measurements, SN 20116	.103
Table 20:	Dependence of the measuring value on the mains voltage,	
	deviation in %, SN 20014	105
Table 21:	Dependence of the measuring value on the mains voltage,	
	deviation in %, SN 20116	105
Table 22:	Concentration averages, standard deviation, uncertainty range and	
	reproducibility in the field, measured component PM ₁₀	109
Table 23:	Concentration averages, standard deviation, uncertainty range and	
	reproducibility in the field, measured component PM _{2.5}	109
Table 24:	Zero-point drift SN 20014, with zero-filter	.112
Table 25:	Zero-point drift SN 20116, with zero-filter	.113
Table 26:	Sensitivity drift SN 20014	.116
Table 27:	Sensitivity drift SN 20116	.116
Table 28:	Results of the linear regression analysis of the measurements with both	
	candidates SN 20014 and SN 20116 at the four test sites	126
Table 29:	Results of the linear regression analysis of the measurements with both	
	candidates SN 20014 und SN 20116 (total)	.127
Table 30:	Two-sided 95%-confidence-interval CI_{95} for the candidates SN 20014	
	and SN 20116	135



Page 9 of 473

Table 31:	Results of the calibration and analysis function,	
	measured component PM ₁₀	139
Table 32:	Results of the calibration and analysis function,	
	measured component PM _{2.5}	139
Table 33:	Deviation between reference measurement and candidates at the	
	days with a relative humidity > 70 %, measured component PM _{2.5}	141
Table 34:	Deviation between reference measurement and candidates at the	
	days with a relative humidity > 70 %, measured component PM_{10}	142
Table 35:	Comparison candidate 20014 with reference device, rel. humidity > 70 %,	all
	test sites, measured component PM _{2.5}	142
Table 36:	Comparison candidate 20014 with reference device, rel. humidity > 70 %,	all
	test sites, measured component PM ₁₀	143
Table 37:	Comparison candidate 20116 with reference device, rel. humidity > 70 %,	all
	test sites, measured component PM ₂₅	143
Table 38:	Comparison candidate 20116 with reference device, rel. humidity > 70 %,	all
	test sites, measured component PM ₁₀	144
Table 39:	Results control flow rate	147
Table 40:	Parameter for the total flow measurement (24h-average, Cologne, winter),	
	SN 20014	148
Table 41:	Parameter for the total flow measurement (24h-average, Cologne, winter).	
	SN 20116	148
Table 42:	Results of the tightness check during field test	154
Table 43:	Uncertainty between systems under test ubs for the candidates SN 20014	
	and SN 20116. measured component PM25	158
Table 44:	Uncertainty between systems under test ubs for the candidates SN 20014	
	and SN 20116, measuring component PM ₁₀	159
Table 45:	Overview equivalence test TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor	
	for PM ₂₅	170
Table 46:	Overview equivalence test TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor	-
	for PM ₁₀	171
Table 47:	In-between-instrument uncertainty u _{ref} of the reference devices for PM ₂₅	173
Table 48:	In-between-instrument uncertainty u_{ref} of the reference devices for PM ₁₀	173
Table 49:	Summary of the results of the equivalence test, SN 20014 & SN 20116,	
	measured component PM ₂₅ , raw data	174
Table 50:	Summary of the results of the equivalence test, SN 20014 & SN 20116,	
	measured component PM ₁₀ , raw data	175
Table 51:	Summary of the results of the equivalence check. SN 20014 & SN 20116.	
	measuring component PM ₂₅ , after in intercept correction	193
Table 52:	Summary of the results of the equivalence check, SN 20014 & SN 20116,	
	measuring component PM ₁₀ , after intercept correction	194
Table 53:	Stability standard weight	256
Table 54:	Stability of the control filters	258
Table 55:	Conditioning and weighing timescales	259



Page 10 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Figures

Figure 1:	Schematic set-up of the mass transducer	32
Figure 2:	Overview of complete system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor	35
Figure 3:	American PM ₁₀ -sampling inlet (Original style, p/n 57-000596-0001) for	
0	TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor	36
Figure 4:	Virtual impactor (p/n 55-010164) for TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate	
	Monitor	36
Figure 5:	Flow-splitter	37
Figure 6:	Measuring device TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor	37
Figure 7:	Measuring device TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor	
	(2 nd system from left) in measuring station	38
Figure 8:	Vacuum pump (p/n 10-011413)	38
Figure 9:	Main window of the user display	39
Figure 10:	Menu: System status (here software version 1.51)	40
Figure 11:	Warning messages display (triangular warning symbol + button "View	
	Warnings")	41
Figure 12:	Menu: Instrument conditions	42
Figure 13:	Menu: Settings	43
Figure 14:	Menu: Service	44
Figure 15:	Zero-filter during field test	45
Figure 16:	Set of filters for the check of the calibration constant K ₀	46
Figure 17:	Course of time of the $PM_{2.5}$ -concentrations (Reference) at the test site	
	"Teddington"	53
Figure 18:	Course of time of the $PM_{2.5}$ -concentrations (Reference) at the test site	
-	"Cologne, parking lot, winter"	53
Figure 19:	Course of time of the PM _{2.5} -concentrations (Reference) at the test site	
F : 00	"Bornheim, motorway parking lot, summer"	54
Figure 20:	Course of time of the PM _{2.5} -concentrations (Reference) at the test site	- 4
E :	"Bornneim, motorway parking lot, winter"	54
Figure 21:	The course of time of the PM ₁₀ -concentrations at the test site	
	" I eddington"	55
Figure 22.	Cologno, perking lot winter"	FF
	", Cologne, parking lot, winter	
Figure 23:	The course of time of the PM ₁₀ -concentrations at the test site "Bornheim,	FG
Eiguro 24:	The source of time of the DM segmentrations at the test site. Persheim	
Figure 24.	metorway parking lot winter"	56
Eigure 25:	Field test site Teddington	
Figure 25.	Field test site Cologne, parking lot	
Figure 20.	Field test site Bornheim, motorway parking lot	
Figure 28:	Grubbs test results for the PM., reference method. Teddington	62
Figure 20:	Grubbs test results for the PM_{10} reference method. Cologne (winter)	62
Figure 20.	Grubbs test results for the PM ₁₀ reference method. Bornhaim (summer)	
Figure 30.	Grubbs test results for the PM_{10} reference method. Bornheim (winter)	03
Figure 32	Grubbs test results for the $PM_{o,c}$ reference method. Teddinaton	64
Figure 32	Grubbs test results for the $PM_{o,c}$ reference method. Cologna (winter)	
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Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Page 11 of 473

Figure 34:	Grubbs test results for the PM _{2.5} reference method, Bornheim (summer)	65
Figure 35:	Grubbs test results for the PM _{2.5} reference method, Bornheim (winter)	65
Figure 36:	Display of the measured concentration value	69
Figure 37:	View on rear of the device TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor	79
Figure 38:	Display of the software version (here 1.51) in the menu "System Status"	91
Figure 39:	Zero-point drift SN 20014, measured component PM _{2.5}	114
Figure 40:	Zero-point drift SN 20014, measured component PM ₁₀	114
Figure 41:	Zero-point drift SN 20116, measured component PM25	115
Figure 42:	Zero-point drift SN 20116, measured component PM ₁₀	115
Figure 43:	Drift of the measured value SN 20014.	
0	measured component PM _{2.5} & PM _{Coarse}	117
Figure 44:	Drift of the measured value SN 20116,	
0	measured component PM _{2.5} & PM _{Coarse}	117
Figure 45:	Reference-equivalence function SN 20014, test site Teddington	128
Figure 46:	Reference-equivalence function SN 20116, test site Teddington	128
Figure 47:	Reference-equivalence function SN 20014, test site Cologne, winter	129
Figure 48:	Reference-equivalence function SN 20116, test site Cologne, winter	129
Figure 49:	Reference-equivalence function SN 20014, test site Bornheim, summer	130
Figure 50:	Reference-equivalence function SN 20116, test site Bornheim, summer	130
Figure 51:	Reference-equivalence function SN 20014, test site Bornheim, winter	131
Figure 52:	Reference-equivalence function SN 20116, test site Bornheim, winter	131
Figure 53:	Reference-equivalence function SN 20014, all test sites	132
Figure 54:	Reference-equivalence function SN 20116, all test sites	132
Figure 55:	Result of the parallel measurements with the candidates	
0	SN 20014 / SN 20116, test site Teddington	135
Figure 56:	Result of the parallel measurements with the candidates	
0	SN 20014 / SN 20116, test site Cologne, winter	136
Figure 57:	Result of the parallel measurements with the candidates	
0	SN 20014 / SN 20116, test site Bornheim, summer	136
Figure 58:	Result of the parallel measurements with the candidates	
0	SN 20014 / SN 20116, test site Bornheim, winter	137
Figure 59:	Result of the parallel measurements with the candidates	
0	SN 20014 / SN 20116, all sites	137
Figure 60:	Course of time of the PM-concentration [µg/m ³],	
0	Candidate SN 20014, Cologne, winter	149
Figure 61:	PM _{2.5} - flow rate at candidate SN 20014, Cologne, winter	149
Figure 62:	PM _{Coarse} - flow rate at candidate SN 20014, Cologne, winter	150
Figure 63:	Total flow rate at candidate SN 20014Cologne, winter	150
Figure 64:	Course of time of the PM-concentration [µg/m ³],	
U	Candidate SN 20116, Cologne, winter	151
Figure 65:	PM _{2.5} - flow rate at candidate SN 20116, Cologne, winter	151
Figure 66:	PM _{Coarse} - flow rate at candidate SN 20116, Cologne, winter	152
Figure 67:	Total flow rate at candidate SN 20116, Cologne, winter	152
Figure 68:	Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 /	
č	SN 20116, measuring component PM _{2.5} , all sites	160
Figure 69:	Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 /	
-	SN 20116, measuring component PM _{2.5} , site Teddington	160



Page 12 of 473

Figure 70:	Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 /	
•	SN 20116, measuring component PM _{2.5} , test site Cologne, winter	161
Figure 71:	Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 /	
•	SN 20116, measuring component PM _{2.5} , test site Bornheim, summer	161
Figure 72:	Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 /	
•	SN 20116, measuring component PM _{2.5} , test site Bornheim, winter	162
Figure 73:	Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 /	
•	SN 20116, measuring component $PM_{2.5}$, all sites, values \geq 18 µg/m ³	162
Figure 74:	Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 /	
-	SN 20116, measuring component PM _{2.5} , all sites, values < 18 µg/m ³	163
Figure 75:	Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 /	
-	SN 20116, measuring component PM ₁₀ , all sites	163
Figure 76:	Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 /	
	SN 20116, measuring component PM ₁₀ , test site Teddington	164
Figure 77:	Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 /	
	SN 20116, measuring component PM ₁₀ , test site Cologne, winter	164
Figure 78:	Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 /	
	SN 20116, measuring component PM ₁₀ , test site Bornheim, summer	165
Figure 79:	Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 /	
	SN 20116, measuring component PM ₁₀ , test site Bornheim, winter	165
Figure 80:	Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 /	
	SN 20116, measuring component PM ₁₀ , all sites, values \geq 30 µg/m ³	166
Figure 81:	Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 /	
	SN 20116, measuring component PM ₁₀ , all sites, values < 30 μg/m ³	166
Figure 82:	Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014 & SN 20116,	
	measured component PM _{2.5} , all test sites	176
Figure 83:	Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014,	
	measured component PM _{2.5} , all test sites	176
Figure 84:	Reference vs. candidate, SN 20116,	
	measured component PM _{2.5} , all test sites	177
Figure 85:	Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014,	
	measured component PM _{2.5} , test site Teddington	177
Figure 86:	Reference vs. candidate, SN 20116,	
	measured component PM _{2.5} , test site Teddington	178
Figure 87:	Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014,	
	measured component PM _{2.5} , test site Cologne, winter	178
Figure 88:	Reference vs. candidate, SN 20116,	
	measured component PM _{2.5} , test site Cologne, winter	179
Figure 89:	Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014,	
	measured component PM _{2.5} , test site Bornheim, summer	179
Figure 90:	Reference vs. candidate, SN 20116,	
-	measured component PM _{2.5} , test site, Bornheim, summer	180
Figure 91:	Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014,	
	measured component PM _{2.5} , test site, Bornheim, winter	180
Figure 92:	Reference vs. candidate, SN 20116,	404
	measured component PM _{2.5} , test site, Bornheim, winter	181



Figure 93	B: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014,
•	measured component PM _{2.5} , values \geq 18 µg/m ³ 181
Figure 94	Reference vs. candidate, SN 20116,
•	measured component PM _{2.5} , values ≥ 18 µg/m³182
Figure 95	E Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014 & SN 20116,
-	measured component PM ₁₀ , all test sites182
Figure 96	8: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014,
	measured component PM ₁₀ , all test sites183
Figure 97	': Reference vs. candidate, SN 20116,
	measured component PM ₁₀ , all test sites183
Figure 98	B: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014,
	measured component PM ₁₀ , test site Teddington184
Figure 99): Reference vs. candidate, SN 20116,
	measured component PM ₁₀ , test site Teddington184
Figure 10	00: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014,
	measured component PM ₁₀ , test site Cologne, winter
Figure 10	1: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20116,
	measured component PM ₁₀ , test site Cologne, winter
Figure 10	2: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014,
	measured component PM ₁₀ , test site Bornheim, summer186
Figure 10	03: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20116,
	measured component PM ₁₀ , test site Bornheim, summer
Figure 10	4: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014,
	measured component PM ₁₀ , test site Bornheim, winter
Figure 10	5: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20116,
	measured component PM ₁₀ , test site Bornheim, winter
Figure 10	6: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014,
- ' (measured component PM ₁₀ , values \geq 30 µg/m ³
Figure 10	7/: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20116,
	measured component PM_{10} , values $\geq 30 \ \mu g/m^3$
Figure 10	255 Stability of standard weight
⊢igure 10	257 Stability of the control filters
Figure 11	U: Distribution for Emfab filters of (A) Pre spread weighed relative to the
	cneck weight and (B) Post spread weighed relative to the check weight262

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 14 of 473

740300_2011_936_21209885A_eng.doc

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Page 15 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

1. Summary and proposal for declaration of suitability

1.1 Summary

According to Directive 2008/50/EC of 21 May 2008 on "Air quality and cleaner air for Europe" (replaces Council Directive of 27 September 1996 on ambient air quality assessment and management including its daughter directives 1999/30/EC, 2000/69/EC, 2002/3/EC and the Council Decision 97/101/EC), the methods described in Standard EN12341 "Air quality - Determination of the PM₁₀ fraction of suspended particulate matter. Reference method and field test procedure to demonstrate reference equivalence of measurement methods" and Standard EN14907 "Ambient air quality - Standard gravimetric measurement method for the determination of the PM_{2.5} mass fraction of suspended particulate matter" serve as reference methods for suspended particle measurement of the respective mass fraction. However, EC member states are free to use any other method in the case of particulate matter for which the Member State concerned can demonstrate displays a consistent relationship to the reference method. In that event the results achieved by that method must be corrected to produce results equivalent to those that would have been achieved by using the reference method. (2008/50/EC, Annex VI, B).

The Guidance "Demonstration of Equivalence of Ambient Air Monitoring Methods" [5] (which was developed by an ad hoc EC task group (Source:

http://ec.europa.eu/environment/air/quality/legislation/pdf/equivalence.pdf, Version January 2010)

describes an equivalence check method for non-standard measurement methods.

The specifications of the Guide for the equivalence testing were included in the last revision of the VDI Standards VDI 4202, Part 1 as well as VDI 4203, Part 3.

The following limits were applied during suitability testing:

	PM _{2.5}	PM_{10}
Daily limit value (24 h)	not defined	50 μg/m³
Annual limit value (1 a)	25 µg/m³*	40 µg/m³

as well as for the calculations according to the Guide [4]

	PM _{2.5}	PM ₁₀
Limit value	30 µg/m³	50 µg/m³



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Standard VDI 4202, Part 1 of June 2002 describes all "Minimum requirements for suitability tests of automatic ambient air measuring systems". General parameters for the related tests are given in Standard VDI 4203, Part 1 "Testing of automatic measuring systems - General concepts" of October 2001 and furthermore specified in VDI 4203, Part 3 "Testing of automatic measuring systems - Test procedures for point-related ambient air quality measuring systems of gaseous and particulate pollutants" of August 2004. The fulfilment of the requirements from VDI standards is mandatory in Germany.

Standard VDI 4202, Part 1 and VDI 4203, Part 3 were republished after an extensive revision with latest update September 2010. Unfortunately, after this revision uncertainties and contradictions remain regarding the concrete minimum requirements on the one hand and the general relevance of the test points on the other hand while testing particulate ambient air measuring devices. The following test points require clarification:

6.1 5.3.2 Repeatability standard deviation at zero point

no minimum requirement defined

6.1 5.3.3 Repeatability standard deviation at reference point

not relevant for particulate devices

6.1 5.3.4 Linearity (Lack of fit)

not relevant for particulate devices

6.1 5.3.7 Sensitivity coefficient of the surrounding no minimum requirement defined

6.1 5.3.8 Sensitivity coefficient of supply voltage

no minimum requirement defined

6.1 5.3.11 Standard deviation from paired measurements

no minimum requirement defined

6.1 5.3.12 Long-term drift

not relevant for particulate devices



Page 17 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.3.13 Short-time drift

not relevant for particulate devices

6.1 5.3.18 Overall uncertainty

not relevant for particulate devices

For this reason an official request to the competent German body was made, to define a coordinated procedure for dealing with inconsistencies in the Standard.

The following procedure was suggested:

The test points 5.3.2, 5.3.7, 5.3.8, 5.3.11 and 5.3.12 are evaluated as before based on the minimum requirements stated in VDI 4202 Part 1 from 2002 (i.e. using the reference values B_0 , B_1 and B_2).

The testing of the test points 5.3.3, 5.3.4, 5.3.13 and 5.3.18 is waived, as they are not relevant for particulate measuring devices.

The competent German body agreed with the proposed procedure by decision of 27 June 2011 respectively 07 October 2011.

According to the applied standards the following reference values have been agreed upon:

	PM _{2.5}	PM_{10}
B ₀	2 µg/m³	2 µg/m³
B ₁	25 µg/m³	40 µg/m³
B ₂	200 µg/m³	200 µg/m³

Merely, an adaptation of B_1 on the level of the limit value for the annual average is performed.





Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Thermo Fisher Scientific has commissioned TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH with the performance of a suitability testing of TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor for the components PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$. The suitability testing of the measuring system was carried out applying the following standards and requirements:

- Standard VDI 4202 Part 1, "Minimum requirements for suitability tests of automatic ambient air measuring systems – Point-related measurement methods of gaseous and particulate pollutants", September 2010 or June 2002
- Standard VDI 4203 Part 3, "Testing of automatic measuring systems Test procedures for point-related ambient air quality measuring systems of gaseous and particulate pollutants", September 2010 or August 2004
- Standard EN 12341, "Ambient air quality determination of the PM₁₀ fraction of suspended particulate matter Reference method and field test procedure to demonstrate reference equivalence of measurement methods", German version EN 12341: 1998
- Standard EN 14907, "Ambient air quality Standard gravimetric measurement method for the determination of the PM_{2.5} mass fraction of suspended particulate matter", German version EN 14907: 2005
- Guide "Demonstration of Equivalence of Ambient Air Monitoring Methods", English version of January 2010

The measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor determines the particulate concentration by an oscillating microbalance measuring principle (TEOM = <u>T</u>apered <u>E</u>lement <u>O</u>scillating <u>M</u>icrobalance). With the aid of a pump, ambient air is sucked at 16.7 l/min via a PM₁₀ sampling inlet. Via a virtual impactor the dust-laden sampling air is split into a PM_{2.5}-fraction and the PM_{Coarse}-fraction (=PM₁₀ minus PM_{2.5}), which each are collected and quantified on a separate TEOM-Filter. By securing a constant flow rate of 3 l/min in the PM_{2.5} -path and 1.67 l/min in the PM_{Coarse}-path and by a continuous determination of the collected mass on the TEOM-filter, the PM_{2.5}-concentration as well as the PM₁₀-concentration can nearly be determined in real time. Die The PM₁₀-concentration results from the sum of the PM_{2.5}-concentration as well as the PM_{Coarse}-concentration.



Page 19 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

The measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor is equipped with a so called FDMS-system (= <u>Filter Dynamics Measurement System</u>). By using a FDMS-system non-volatile as well as the volatile particulate matter is taken into account while determining the concentration of the particulate matter.

The tests took place in the laboratory and for several months in the field.

The following test sites were chosen for the field test according to Table 1

Table 1: Description of th	ne test sites
----------------------------	---------------

	Teddington (UK)	Cologne, parking lot, winter	Bornheim, motorway parking lot, summer	Bornheim, motorway parking lot, winter
Time period	12/2009 - 07/2010	01/2011 – 05/2011	07/2011 – 11/2011	11/2011 – 02/2012
No. of paired values: candidates	145	88	103	80
Characteristics	Urban background	Urban background	Rural structure + mo- torway	Rural structure + mo- torway
Rank of pollution	Average	Average to high	Low to average	average

The complete test was performed within the scope of the test program "Combined MCERTS and TÜV PM Equivalence Testing Programme". In the context of European harmonization, the test program was developed by British and German test institutes (Bureau Veritas UK Limited, National Physical Laboratory (NPL) and TÜV Rheinland) and comprises the testing of the latest series of suspended particle measuring systems by different manufacturers in the laboratory and at field test sites in the UK and in Germany.

The minimum requirements were fulfilled during suitability testing.

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH therefore suggests publication as a suitabilitytested measuring system for continuous monitoring of suspended particulate matter PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$ in ambient air.



Page 20 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

1.2 Proposal of declaration of suitability

On the basis of the positive results that have been achieved, the following recommendation is made for the notification as a suitability-tested measuring system:

Measuring system:

TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor for PM10 and PM2.5

Manufacturer:

Thermo Fisher Scientific, Franklin, USA

Suitability:

For continuous monitoring of suspended particulate matter of the $PM_{2.5}$ - and PM_{10} -fraction in ambient air (stationary operation).

Measuring ranges during the suitability test:

Component	Certification range	Unit
PM ₁₀	0 – 1000	µg/m³
PM _{2.5}	0 – 1000	µg/m³

Software version:

1.56

Restrictions:

The allowed range of ambient temperature at the installation site is 8 °C to 25 °C.

Notes:

- 1. The requirements on the variation coefficient R² according to Standard EN 12341 were not kept for the test sites Teddington (Summer) and Bornheim (Summer).
- 2. The reference-equivalence-function for the test site Teddington is not within the limits of the acceptance range according to Standard EN 12341
- 3. The requirements according to guide "Demonstration of Equivalence of Ambient Air Monitoring Methods" are fulfilled for the measured components PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5}.
- 4. The measuring system is to be calibrated on test site in regular intervals by application of the gravimetric PM_{10} reference method according to EN 12341.
- 5. The measuring system is to be calibrated on test site in regular intervals by application of the gravimetric $PM_{2.5}$ reference method according to EN 14907.
- 6. The test report on the suitability test is visible in the internet under www.qal1.de.

Test report:

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH, Cologne, Germany Report-No.: 936/21209885/A of March 11, 2012

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 21 of 473

1.3 Summary of test results

Minim	um requirement	Specification	Test result	ful- filled	Page
4	Requirements on	the instrument design			
4.1	General requireme	ents			
4.1.1	Measured value display	Shall be available.	The measuring device comprises a measured value display.	yes	68
4.1.2	Easy mainte- nance	Necessary maintenance of the measuring systems should be possible without larger effort, if possible from outside.	Maintenance works can be carried out with commonly available tools taking reasonable time and effort.	yes	70
4.1.3	Functional testl	If the operation or the function- al check of the measuring sys- tem require particular instru- ments, they shall be consid- ered as part of the measuring system and be applied in the corresponding sub-tests and included in the assessment.	All system functions listed in the manual are available, activatable and functioning. The current system status in continuously monitored and dis- played by a set of different status messages (operation, warning and er- ror messages.	yes	73
4.1.4	Set-up times and warm-up times	Shall be specified in the in- struction manual.	The setup- and warm-up times were determined.	yes	75
4.1.5	Instrument de- sign	Shall be specified in the in- struction manual.	The instrument design specifications listed in the operating manual are complete and correct.	yes	76
4.1.6	Unintended ad- justment	It shall be possible to secure the adjustment of the measur- ing system against illicit or un- intended adjustment during operation.	The AMS is protected against unau- thorized and unintended adjustment. In addition, the AMS shall be locked in a measuring cabinet.	yes	77
4.1.7	Data output	Shall be provided digitally and/or as analogue signals	Measured signals are offered ana- logue (0-1 or. 5 V) and digital (via Ethernet, RS 232, UBS).	yes	78



Page 22 of 473

Minim	um requirement	Specification	Test result	Ful- filled	Page
5.	Performance requ	irements			
5.1 Ge	eneral	The manufacturer's specifica- tions in the instruction manual shall by no means contradict to the results of the suitability test.	Differences between the instrument design and the descriptions given in the manual could not be detected.	yes	80
5.2	General requireme	ents on measuring systems			
5.2.1	Certification ranges	Shall comply with the require- ments of Table 1 of the Stand- ard VDI 4202 Part 1.	The assessment of the measuring device in the range of the relevant limit values is possible.	yes	81
5.2.2	Measuring range	The upper limit of measure- ment of the measuring systems shall be greater or equal to the upper limit of the certification range.	A measuring range of $0 - 1.000 \ \mu g/m^3$ is set by default. Other measuring ranges up to a maximum of $0 - 1.000.000 \ \mu g/m^3$ are possible. The measuring range value of the measuring device is higher than the respective upper limit of the certifica-	yes	82
			tion range.		
5.2.3	Negative output signals	Shall not be suppressed (life zero).	Negative measuring signals are dis- played directly and are output correct- ly via the respective measured value outputs by the measuring system.	yes	83
5.2.4	Failure in the mains voltage	Uncontrolled emission of oper- ation and calibration gas shall be avoided. The instrument pa- rameters shall be secured by buffering against loss caused by failure in the mains voltage. When mains voltage returns, the instrument shall automati- cally reach the operation mode and start the measurement ac- cording to the operating in- structions.	All instrument parameters are pro- tected against loss through buffering. After the power supply has returned, the measuring device goes back into a failure-free operational condition and continues independently the measuring operation after achieving the instrument status "fully operation- al".	yes	84
5.2.5	Operating states	The measuring system shall al- low the control of important op- erating states by telemetrically transmitted status signals.	The measuring devices can be exten- sively monitored and controlled by an external PC via modem or router.	yes	85
5.2.6	Switch-over	Switch-over between meas- urement and functional check and/or calibration shall be pos- sible telemetrically by computer control or manual intervention.	Generally all necessary operations for functional check can be monitored di- rectly at the device or via telemetric remote control.	yes	86
5.2.7	Maintenance in- terval	If possible 3 months, minimum 2 weeks.	The maintenance interval is defined by necessary maintenance proce- dures and is 1 month.	yes	87



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Page 23 of 473

Minim	um requirement	Specification	Test result	Ful- filled	Page
5.2.8	Availability	Minimum 95 %.	The availability was 98.2 % for SN 20014 99.1 % for SN 20116 without outages due to test conditions, or 93.1 % for SN 20014 and 94.0 % for SN 20116 including outages due to test conditions.	yes	88
5.2.9	Instrument soft- ware	Shall be displayed during switch-on of the measuring system. The test institute shall be informed on changes in the instrument software, which have influence on the perfor- mance of the measuring sys- tem.	The version of the instrument soft- ware is shown on the display. The test institute is informed on changes in the instrument software.	yes	90
5.3	Requirements on	measuring systems for gaseous a	ir pollutants		
5.3.1	General	Minimum requirement accord- ing VDI 4202 Part 1.	The test was done based on the min- imum requirements stated in Stand- ard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010). The test points 5.3.2, 5.3.7, 5.3.8, 5.3.11 and 5.3.12 are evaluated as before based on the minimum re- quirements stated in Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 from 2002 (i.e. using the reference values B0, B1 and B2). The testing of the test points 5.3.3, 5.3.4, 5.3.13 and 5.3.18 is waived, as they are not relevant for particulate meas- uring devices.	yes	92
5.3.2	Repeatability standard devia- tion at zero point	The repeatability standard de- viation at zero point shall not exceed the requirements of Table 2 in the certification range according to Table 1 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010). For PM: Maximal B ₀ .	The detection limit was determined from investigations 0.77 μ g/m ³ (PM10) and 0.75 μ g/m ³ (PM2.5) for device 1 (SN 20014) and 0.61 μ g/m ³ (PM10) and 0.71 μ g/m ³ (PM2.5) for device 2 (SN 20116).	yes	94
5.3.3	Repeatability	The repeatability standard de-	Not applicable	_	96
0.0.0	standard devia- tion at reference point	viation at zero point shall not exceed the requirements of Table 2 in the certification range according to Table 1 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010). For PM: Maximal B ₀ .		-	



Page 24 of 473

Minim	um requirement	Specification	Test result	Ful- filled	Page
5.3.4	inearity (Lack of fit)	The analytical function describ- ing the relationship between the output signal and the value of the air quality characteristic shall be linear.	For particulate measuring devices for PM10 this test shall be performed ac- cording to minimum requirement 5.4.2 " Equivalency of the sampling sys- tem".	-	97
			For particulate measuring devices for PM2.5 this test shall be performed according to minimum requirement 5.4.10 "Calculation of the expanded uncertainty of the instruments".		
5.3.5	Sensitivity coeffi- cient of the sam- ple gas pressure	Der Empfindlichkeitskoeffizient des Probengasdrucks am Re- ferenzpunkt darf die Anforde- rungen der Tabelle 2 der Richt- linie VDI 4202 Blatt 1 (Septem- ber 2010) nicht überschreiten.	Not applicable.	-	98
5.3.6	Sensitivity coeffi- cient of the sam- ple gas tempera- ture	The Sensitivity coefficient of the sample gas pressure at reference point shall not ex- ceed the specifications of Ta- ble 2 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010).	Not applicable.	-	99
5.3.7	Sensitivity coefficient of the surrounding	The sensitivity coefficient of the surrounding temperature at zero and reference point shall not exceed the specifications of Table 2 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010). For PM: Zero point value for Δ Tu of 15 K between +5 °C and +20 °C and +20 °C and +40 °C shall not exceed B ₀ . The measurement value in the range of B ₁ shall not exceed ± 5 % for Δ Tu of 15 K between +5 °C and +20 °C.	The permitted surrounding tempera- ture at the test site of the measuring device pursuant to the manufacturer is 8 °C to 25 °C. When observing the values output by the device, a maxi- mum influence of the surrounding temperature on the zero-point of 0,8 μ g/m ³ for PM2.5 and of -1,1 μ g/m ³ for PM10in the range 8 °C to 25 °C could be detected. At reference point no deviation > 0.4 % for PM2.5 and > -0.3 % for PMCoarse to the default value at 20 °C could be observed.	yes	100



Page 25 of 473

Minimum requirement	Specification	Test result	Ful- filled	Page
5.3.8 Sensitivity coefficient of supply voltage	The sensitivity coefficient of the electric voltage at reference point shall not exceed the specifications made in Table 2 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010).	Due to voltage changes no deviation > 0.5 % for PM2.5 and > -0.4 % for PMCoarse, could be detected, refer- ring to the standard value of 230 V.	yes	104
	For PM:			
	Change in measured value at B_1 maximum B_0 within the voltage interval (230 +15/-20) V			
5.3.9 Cross sensitivity	The change in the measured value caused by interfering components in the sample gas shall not exceed the require- ments of Table 2 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010) at zero and reference point.	Not applicable.	-	106
5.3.10 Averaging effect	For gaseous components the measuring system shall allow the formation of hourly averag- es. The averaging effect shall not exceed the requirements of Table 2 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010).	Not applicable.	-	107
5.3.11 Standard devia- tion from paired measurements	The standard deviation from parallel determinations shall be done with two identical meas- uring devices during field test. It shall not exceed the specifi- cations stated in Table 2 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010). For PM:	The reproducibility RD was 21 for PM2.5 and 31 for PM10 during field test for the complete data set.	yes	108
	$RD \ge 10$ referring to B_1 .			



Page 26 of 473

Minimum requirement	Specification	Test result	Ful- filled	Page
5.3.12 Long-term drift	The long-term drift at zero point and reference point shall not exceed the requirements of Table 2 in the field test. A value ct at 70% to 80% of the upper limit of the certification range shall be used as reference point. For PM: Zero point: within 24 h and within the maintenance interval a maximum of B0. As reference point: within 24 h and within the maintenance in- terval a maximum 5 % of B1.	The maximum deviation found at ze- ro-point for PM2.5 was -1.8 μ g/m ³ with reference to the previous value and 2.0 μ g/m ³ with reference to the start value and are thus within the al- lowed range of B0 = 2 μ g/m ³ . The maximum deviation found at ze- ro-point for PM10 was 2.4 μ g/m ³ with reference to the previous value and - 2.2 μ g/m ³ with reference to the start value and are thus within the allowed range of B0 = 2 μ g/m. The values for the drift of the sensitivi- ty determined within the range of the test did not exceed 1.5 % for PM2.5 and. 1.7 % for PMCoarse with refer- ence to the start value. _b	yes	110
5.3.13 Short-time drift	The short-term drift at zero point and reference point shall not exceed the requirements of Table 2 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010) within 12 h (for benzene 24 h) in the laboratory test and within 24 h in the field test.	Not applicable.	-	118
5.3.14 Response time	The response time (rise) of the measuring system shall not ex- ceed 180 s. The response time (fall) of the measuring system shall not ex- ceed 180 s. The difference between the re- sponse time (rise) and re- sponse time (fall) of the meas- uring system shall not exceed 10% of response time (rise) or 10 s, whatever value is larger.	Not applicable.	-	119



Page 27 of 473

Minimum requirement	Specification	Test result	Ful- filled	Page
5.3.15 Difference be- tween sample- and calibration port	The difference between the measured values obtained by feeding gas at the sample and calibration port shall not exceed the requirements of Table 2 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010).	Not applicable.	-	120
5.3.16 Converter effi- ciency	In the case of measuring sys- tems with a converter, the effi- ciency of the converter shall be at least 98 %.	Not applicable.	-	121
5.3.17 Increase of NO2 concentration due to residence in the measuring system	In case of NO_x measuring systems, the increase of NO_2 concentration due to residence in the measuring system shall not exceed the requirements of Table 2 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010).	Not applicable.	-	122
5.3.18 Overall uncer- tainty	The expanded uncertainty of the measuring system shall be determined. The value deter- mined shall not exceed the cor- responding data quality objec- tives in the applicable EU Di- rectives on air quality listed in Annex A, Table A1 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010).	According to the decision of the com- petent German body (see module 5.3.1 this test point is not relevant for particulate measuring devices. Refer- ence is made to module 5.4.10.	_	123
5.4 Requirements on	measuring systems for particulate	air pollutants		
5.4.1 General	Test according to the minimum requirement stated in Table 5 of Standard VDI 4202, Part 1.	The test took place according to the minimum requirement stated in Table 5 of Standard VDI 4202, Part 1 (September 2010).	yes	124
	concentration shall be related to a defined volume.	The measuring unit TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particle Monitor is a gravi- metric measuring device, which de- termines the mass deposited sited on a filter via oscillating micro weighing. The determined mass is related to a defined and actively regulated sam- pling volume and thereby the particu- late concentration is determined.		



Page 28 of 473

Minim	um requirement	Specification	Test result	Ful- filled	Page
5.4.2	Equivalency of the sampling system	The equivalency between the PM10 sampling system and the reference method according to EN 12341 [T2] shall be demonstrated.	The reference-equivalence functions for the test site Cologne (winter) and Bornheim (winter) lay within the limits of the respective acceptance range and for the test site Bornheim (sum- mer) exactly on the limit of the re- spective acceptance range and for the test site Teddington outside the limits of the respective acceptance range.	no	125
			Furthermore, the variation coefficient R^2 of the calculated reference- equivalence functions in the relevant concentration range for the data sets "All data set", "Cologne (winter)", "Bornheim (summer)" and "Bornheim (winter)" is ≥ 0.95 . Merely for the data set "Teddington" the variation coeffi- cient is < 0.95. The equivalence test according to 6.1 5.4.10 Calcula- tion of the expanded uncertainty of the instruments is fulfilled neverthe- less for all test sites.		
5.4.3	Reproducibility of the sampling systems	The PM ₁₀ sampling systems of two identical systems under test shall be reproducible among themselves according to EN 12341 [T2]. This shall be demonstrated in the field test.	The two-sided confidence interval Cl95 is with a maximum of 1.76 μ g/m ³ below the demanded value of 5 μ g/m ³ for all test sites.	yes	133
5.4.4	Calibration	The systems under test shall be calibrated in the field test by comparison measurements with the reference method ac- cording to EN 12341 and EN 14907; Here, the relationship between the output signal and the gravimetrically determined reference concentration shall the determined as a steady function.	A statistically secured relation be- tween the reference measuring pro- cedure and the instrument display could be demonstrated.	yes	138



Page 29 of 473

Minimum requirement		Specification	Test result	Ful- filled	Page
5.4.5	Cross sensitivity	Shall not exceed 10 % of the limit value in the range of the limit value.	No interference caused by moisture in the sample > -0.5 μ g/m ³ deviation from nominal value for PM2.5 and > - 0,9 μ g/m ³ deviation from nominal val- ue for PM10 could be observed.	yes	140
			During the field test, no negative in- fluence on the measured values could be noted at changing relative humidi- ties. The comparability of the candi- dates with the reference method ac- cording to Guide "Demonstration of Equivalence of Ambient Air Monitor- ing Methods" [5] also is given for the days with a relative humidity > 70 %.		
5.4.6	Averaging effect	The measuring system shall al- low for formation of 24 h aver- ages.	The formation of valid daily averages is possible.	yes	145
		The time of the sum of all filter changes within 24 h may not exceed 1 % of this averaging time.			
5.4.7	Constancy of sample volumet- ric flow	The sample volumetric flow averaged over the sampling time shall be constant within \pm 3 % of the rated value. All in- stantaneous values of the sample volumetric flow shall be within a range of \pm 5 % of the rated value during sampling.	All determined daily averages deviate less than \pm 3 %, all instantaneous values less than \pm 5 % from the nominal value.	yes	146
5.4.8	Tightness of the measuring sys- tem	Shall not exceed 1 % of the sample volume sucked.	The criteria for approving the tight- ness check implemented by the man- ufacturer – a deviation of the flow val- ues at a blocked inlet of no more than 0.15 l/min from zero flow at the PM2.5- and PMCoarse-path and no more 0.60 l/min from zero flow at the bypass-path – were approved as ap- propriate parameters for the monitor- ing of the device tightness.	yes	153
			The tightness check may only be per- formed using the tightness check as- sistant to avoid damages of the in- strument.		



Page 30 of 473

Minimum requirement		Specification	Test result	Ful- filled	Page
5.4.9	Determination of uncertainty be- tween systems under test ubs	Shall be determined according to chapter 9.5.2.1 of the guid- ance document "Demonstration of Equivalence of Ambient Air Monitoring Methods" in the field test for two identical systems.	The in-between-uncertainty between the candidates ubs is with a maximum of $1.05 \ \mu g/m^3$ for PM2.5 and with a maximum of $1.06 \ \mu g/m$ for PM10 be- low the required value of 2.5 $\ \mu g/m^3$.	yes	156
5.4.10	Calculation of the expanded uncertainty of the instruments	The determination of the ex- panded uncertainty of the in- struments according to chapter 9.5.2.2ff of the guidance doc- ument "Demonstration of Equivalence of Ambient Air Monitoring Methods"	The determined uncertainties WCM without application of correction factors lay for all observed data sets below the defined expanded relative uncertainty Wdqo of 25 % for particulate.	yes	167
5.4.11	Application of correction factors and terms	If the maximum expanded un- certainty of the systems under test exceeds the data quality objectives according to Annex A of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 for the test of PM _{2.5} measuring systems, the application of cor- rection factors and terms is al- lowed. Values corrected shall meet the requirements of chap- ter 9.5.2.2 ff. of the guidance document "Demonstration of Equivalence of Ambient Air Monitoring Methods".	The systems fulfil the requirements on the data quality of ambient air quality measurements during the test already without application of correction fac- tors. A correction of the intercept leads nevertheless to a further im- provement of the expanded measur- ing uncertainty for the total data set.	yes	189
5.5	Requirements on multiple- component measuring sys- tems	Shall comply with the require- ments set for each component, also in the case of simultane- ous operation of all measuring channels.	For the assessment of the minimum requirement the measuring results of two components were available simultaneously.	yes	195



Page 31 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

2. Task definition

2.1 Type of test

Thermo Fisher Scientific has commissioned TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH with the performance of a suitability test of TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM_{10} pre-separator and virtual impactor The test was conducted as a complete suitability testing.

2.2 Objective

The AMS shall determine the content of $PM_{2.5}$ suspended particulate matter in ambient air within the concentration range of 0 to 1000 μ g/m³.

The suitability test was carried out based on the current standards for suitability tests while taking into account the latest developments.

The test was performed in consideration of the following standards:

- Standard VDI 4202 Part 1, "Minimum requirements for suitability tests of automatic ambient air measuring systems Point-related measurement methods of gaseous and particulate pollutants", September 2010 or June 2002 [1]
- Standard VDI 4203 Part 3, "Testing of automatic measuring systems Test procedures for point-related ambient air quality measuring systems of gaseous and particulate pollutants", September 2010 or August 2004 [2]
- Standard EN 12341, "Ambient air quality Determination of the PM₁₀ fraction of suspended particulate matter Reference method and field test procedure to demonstrate reference equivalence of measurement methods", German version EN 12341: 1998 [3]
- Standard EN 14907, "Ambient air quality Standard gravimetric measurement method for the determination of the PM_{2.5} mass fraction of suspended particulate matter", German version EN 14907: 2005 [4]
- Guide "Demonstration of Equivalence of Ambient Air Monitoring Methods", English version of January 2010 [4]



Page 32 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

3. Description of the tested measuring system

3.1 Measuring principle

The ambient air measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor is based on the measuring principle of oscillating micro weighing.

For the weighing principle, which is used in the TEOM mass transducer in the measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor, the change in mass determined with the sensor, results from the measurement of the change in frequency of the tapered element.

The tapered element at the heart of the mass detection system is a hollow tube, clamped on one end and free to oscillate at the other. An exchangeable TEOM filter cartridge is placed over the tip of the free end. The sample stream is drawn through this filter and then down the tapered element.



Figure 1: Schematic set-up of the mass transducer



Page 33 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

The tapered element oscillates precisely at its natural frequency, much like the tine of a tuning fork. An electronic control circuit senses this oscillation and, through positive feedback, adds sufficient energy to the system to overcome losses. An automatic gain control circuit maintains the oscillation at a constant amplitude. A precision electronic counter measures the oscillation frequency with a 10-second sampling period.

The tapered element is, in essence, a hollow cantilever beam with an associated spring rate and mass. As in any spring-mass system, if additional mass is added, the frequency of the oscillation decreases. This can be seen by observing the frequency on the display of the device, and operating the monitor both with and without a filter in place

In a spring-mass-system the frequency is obedient to the following equation:

$$F = \sqrt{\frac{K}{M}}$$

With F = Frequency

K = Spring rate

M = Mass

K and M are consistent units. The relation between mass and frequency change can me expressed as follows:

$$dm = K_0 \left(\frac{1}{f_1^2} - \frac{1}{f_0^2} \right)$$

with dm = Mass change

 K_0 = Spring constant (incl. of the mass conversion)

 f_0 = Initial frequency [Hz]

 f_1 = End frequency [Hz]

After transposing the equation, it can be solved for the spring constant K_0 .

$$K_0 = \frac{dm}{\frac{1}{f_1^2} - \frac{1}{f_0^2}}$$

Therefore, K_0 (= calibration constant of the device) can be determined easily by measuring the frequencies with and without known mass (e.g. with a pre-weighed TEOM-Filter from the K_0 -calibration kit).



Page 34 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

3.2 Functionality of the measuring system

The particle sample passes the PM_{10} pre-separator with a flow rate of 16.67 l/min (=1 m³/h).

Subsequently, the PM_{10} fraction is divided in a PM_{Coarse} fraction (flow rate of 1,67 l/min) and into the $PM_{2.5}$ fraction (flow rate 15 l/min) using a virtual impactor. While the PM_{Coarse} -flow is lead directly to the measuring system, the flow of the $PM_{2.5}$ -fraction is directed over a flow-splitter and divided into two sub-flows – the $PM_{2.5}$ -flow of 3 l/min and the bypass-flow of 12 l/min. The PM_{Coarse} -flow and the $PM_{2.5}$ -Flow are directed to the actual measuring system TEOM 1405-DF via the FDMS-unit. There it is secreted to the respective TEOM-filter (constantly heated at 30 °C) and the secreted mass of particles is quantified.

To take into account non-volatile as well as volatile particulate during the measuring, the FDMS technology is used. The FDMS-unit is placed between the flow-splitter and the measuring device TEOM 1405-DF in the so called FDMS-tower. The FDMS-unit compensated automatically the part of the semi-volatile particulate using a switching valve and two operation modi – the base mode and the reference mode.

Every six minutes the switching valve changes the sampling flow rate from base to reference mode. In the base mode the sampling is done on a straight way via a dryer directly to the mass measuring. In the reference mode the air flow is directed through a cooled filter after the dryer, to remove and restrain the non-volatile and volatile part of the particulate from the sample. During normal operation the temperature of the cooler is maintained at constantly 4° C.

Based on the mass concentration measuring during the base- and reference-modi, the FDMS-system updates every six minutes the 1h-average of the following results:

Base-MC =	Particle concentration of the	particle-loaded sampling flow.
-----------	-------------------------------	--------------------------------

Base-MC adjusted for Ref-MC

Ref-MC = Particle concentration of the particle-free sampling flow after passing through the cooled filter.

MC

=

Base-mass-concentration (normally positive) minus reference-mass-

concentration (negative, in case mass of the filter evaporates).

After the mass determination, the sampling flows are directed over a mass flow rate regulator. To guarantee a constant sampling volume flow at the inlet, taking into account the ambient temperature and pressure, the volume flow control shall be operated in the mode "active/ actual".

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 35 of 473

3.3 AMS scope and layout

The particulate ambient air measuring device TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor is based on the measuring principle of oscillating micro weighing.

The tested measuring unit consists of PM_{10} -sampling inlet, virtual impactor, flow splitter, the respective sampling tubes, a tripod to support the sample tubes, the measuring device TEOM 1405-DF incl. FDMS-tower, the vacuum pump with its respective power supply cord and cables as well as adapters, the roof lead-through incl. a flange and a manual in German/English.







Page 36 of 473



Figure 3: American PM₁₀-sampling inlet (Original style, p/n 57-000596-0001) for TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor



Figure 4: Virtual impactor (p/n 55-010164) for TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor


Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Page 37 of 473







Figure 6: Measuring device TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor



Page 38 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 7: Measuring device TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor (2nd system from left) in measuring station



Figure 8: Vacuum pump (p/n 10-011413)



Page 39 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

The measuring device is operated via touch screen at the front of the device. The user can retrieve data and instrument information, change parameters as well as perform tests and controls of the functionality of the measuring device.

TEOM Data	TEO	M 1405-I	DF	Thermo
System Status	TEOM Data MC (µg/m³): 30-Min MC (µg/m³):	PM-2.5 12.96	PM-Coarse -0.18 0.00	PM-10 12.78 0.00
Instrument Conditions	1-Hr MC (μg/m³): 8-Hr MC (μg/m³): 12-Hr MC (μg/m³): 24-Hr MC (μg/m³):	15.52 10.45 10.60 0.00	0.00 1.27 0.69 0.60 0.00	0.00 16.79 11.14 11.20 0.00
Settings	Filter loading: Frequency: Noise:	26.34 % 254.7463 Hz 0.003 µg	9.60 240.0049 0.002	% Hz µg
Service	🖌 Fully operational	Normal status		09/28/2011 11:1

Figure 9: Main window of the user display

On the first level the main window of the user display is located – here the current time, the current date, the instrument status (normal/ warning), the current operational condition (e.g. fully operational, stabilizing...), the mass concentration values (MC (= moving hourly mean, every 6 minutes updated), 30 min. (presently not implemented) 1h-, 8h-, 12h- and 24h-averages), the vibration frequency, the noise of the mass measuring and the loading of the TEOM-filter are displayed.



Page 40 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

D set 1				
TEOM Data	TEC	DM 1405-DH		Thermo
System Status	System Status Operating mode: RS232 mode: Vacuum pump pres	ssure:	Fi	Illy operational AK protocol 0.29 atm
Instrument Conditions	Protection level: IP address: Serial number: Instrument firmwar	e version:		Unlocked 10.175.240.169 -1234567890 1.51
Settings				
Service	Sully operational	Normal status	-	09/28/2011 11:18

Figure 10: Menu: System status (here software version 1.51)

In the menu "System Status", status information of the instrument can be looked at. At this place, also the current software version can be looked at.

Note:

The testing was performed with software version 1.51 durchgeführt (Stand 2009).

During the testing the software was constantly developed and optimized up to the version 1.55. During the development, problems with the touch screen display were resolved, e.g. there have been problems with the button "reboot" during a possible system crash.

Finally the manufacturer Thermo Fisher Scientific carried out a further update of the software to the now current version 1.56.

The carried out modifications from 1.55 to 1.56 comprise the following points:

 As default the measuring devices record each 6 minutes the updated moving hourly average values. In the past the measuring system started immediately after reaching the status "ready for measurement" with the determination and recording of the measured values in the 6-min interval without taking care of a correct synchronisation to the full hour. Because of this, sometimes no exact synchronisation of the measured values tot he full hour was possible. This is now changed by the



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Page 41 of 473

software update, so that after the start of the measuring system, the system always first waits for the next full hour for determination and recording of the measured values and then stores the data in the following intervals hh:00 – hh:06 – hh:12 – hh:18 – hh:24...hh:54.. This update of the software increases easy operation of the measuring system and has no influence on the performance of the measuring system, because only the first hour after starting up the system might be affected by possible delays due to the applied change.

• Furthermore a couple of small bugs in the software have been corrected, which exclusively increase the safe operation of the systems and have no influence on the performance of the systems themselves.

No influence on the instrument performance is to be expected due to the realised changes up to the version 1.56.

In the case of warning messages an additional button appears in the centre of the display: "View Warnings". After its confirmation, the pending warning messages can be looked at. In addition, an overview of the warning messages can be received at any time by clicking at the triangular warning symbols located at the right of the "TEOM Data"-button.

@ x11				
TEOM Data		EOM 1405-	F	Thermo
System Status	System Status Operating mode: RS232 mode: Vacuum pump pre	ssure:	c	Computing data AK protocol 0.30 atm
Instrument Conditions	Protection level: IP address: Serial number: Instrument firmwa	re version:		Unlocked 10.175.240.169 -1234567890 1.51
Settings		View Warning	js	
Service	🎸 Computing data	Warning(s)		09/29/2011 11:32

Figure 11: Warning messages display (triangular warning symbol + button "View Warnings")



Page 42 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

x11	-			
TEOM Data		EOM 140	5-DF	Thermo
System Status	Instrument Co	nditions		
Instrument Conditions	1	Ambient Conditions	Instrume Temperat	ent ures
Conditions		Flows	Analog In	puts
Settings		FDMS	Module	
Service				
	🚽 🎻 Fully operatio	nal Normal statu	s	09/28/2011 11 :

Figure 12: Menu: Instrument conditions

In the menu "Instrument conditions", the user may control and modify different settings of the instrument regarding temperature and flow rates as well as inform him about ambient conditions of the instrument.



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



@ x11						
TEOM Data		TEC	DM 140	5-DF		Thermo
System Status	Settings					
Instrument Conditions		S	ystem	Analog & Outpu	Digit uts	al
Settings		Data	Storage	Advan	ced	
Service	🥪 Fully op	erational	Normal statu	5	-	09/28/2011 11:19

Figure 13: Menu: Settings

In the menu "Settings", the user has access to system-, data- and advanced settings. At this point e.g. date/ time can be set, the password protection can be activated, analogue and digital output can be parameterized or the calibration constant K_0 can be displayed.



Page 44 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

x11	-				L	
TEOM Data		TEC	DM 140	5- DF	The	mo
System Status	Service					
Instrument		Main	itenance	Verific	ation	
Conditions		Cal	ibration	Install/Ur Access	ninstall ories	
Settings		Ins	trument ontrol	Advan	iced	
Service		_				
	🚽 🖌 🖌 Fully op	erational	Normal status		09/28/20	11 11:20

Figure 14: Menu: Service

In the menu "Service", all implemented procedures for the instrument maintenance (e.g. change of TEOM-filter, cleaning of the cooler etc.), instrument checking (flow rate, leak test, check of the calibration constant $K_{0...}$), instrument calibration (flow rate, temperature- and pressure sensors) and other functionalities can be obtained.

By using the maintenance assistant of the software, the user is lead step by step through maintenance- and audit-work via different screens. Therefore no manual is needed at the test site for the performance of this work.



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Page 45 of 473

Besides the direct communication via operating keys/ display, extensive possibilities exist to communicate via different analogue outputs, RS232-interfaces, USB-interfaces as well as Ethernet-interfaces.

The following possibilities are available:

- 1 x 25-pin USER I/O interface for analogue in- and output and digital output.
- 1 x RS232-interface for the communication via RP Comm or HyperTerminal software
- 1 x Ethernet-interface for the connection to a PC for the data transfer and remote control via ePort software.
- 2 x USB-interfaces for direct data download and firmware update.

For the external zero point check of the measuring system and for the check of the calibration constant K_0 , a zero-filter is installed at the instrument inlet. The use of this filter enables the provision of particulate-free air.



Figure 15: Zero-filter during field test



Page 46 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

By means of the available shut-off valve, a leak test of the measuring system according to chapter 3 of the manual can also be performed with the zero-filter.

To check the calibration constant K₀ a special filter kit with pre-weighed TEOM-filters is used.



Figure 16: Set of filters for the check of the calibration constant K_0



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Page 47 of 473

Within the scope of the testing, after the test site "Teddington" a modification of the measuring system from configuration C to D was made. In doing so the following components were changed:

No.	Component	Configuration C	Configuration D	Reason	Assessment
1	Mass Transducer Hinge	Belville washer spring with ma- chined hinge blocks	Coil compression spring	Simplification of the manufactur- ing	No influence on the instrument perfor- mance
2	Mass Transducer Latch	High force screw latch	Consistent force hook latch	Simplification of the operability	No influence on the instrument perfor- mance
3	Mass Transducer Ship- ping Bracket	Not available	Removable plate couples mass transducer to en- closure	For the protec- tion of the de- vice during transport.	No influence on the instrument perfor- mance
4	Air Tube, Tower top in- terface	Rubber isola- tors between bulkhead fitting and cover	Direct connection using bulkhead fit- ting	Simplification of the manufactur- ing	No influence on the instrument perfor- mance
5	Diverter valve shipping bracket	Not available	Bracket coupling valve to tower	For the protec- tion of the de- vice during transport.	No influence on the instrument perfor- mance
6	Air tube / Valve coupler	Direct connec- tion between weldment air tube and valve fitting	Sorbothane isolator between weldment air tube and valve fitting	Higher flexibil- ity, compensa- tion of thermal stress in the material.	Improvement of the instrument perfor- mance due to in- creased operating reliability.

Table 2: Instrument modifications after field test site "Teddington"

The change was made after the performance of the field test site in England. In the following lab test and the three field test campaigns in Germany, no negative influence on the instrument performance could be observed.



Page 48 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Table 3 contains a list of the most important device-related characteristics of the particulate ambient air measuring device TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor.

Table 3: Device-related characteristics TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor (manufacturer information)

Dimensions / Weight	TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor			
Measuring device	432 x 483 x 1400 mm / 33 kg (without pump)			
Sampling tube	approx. 0,3 m between Inlet and Flow-Splitter			
	+			
	1 m between Flow-Splitter and inlet of central unit			
Sampling inlet	US, Original Style			
Energy supply	100/115/230 V, 50/60 Hz			
Power input	Approx. 100-130 W (normal operation), central unit			
	Approx. 550-600 W (normal operation), pump			
Ambient conditions				
Temperature	+8 - +25 °C			
Humidity	Non condensing			
Sampling flow rate (Inlet)	16,67 l/min = 1 m³/h			
Flow-rate PM _{2.5} -Path	3 l/min			
Flow-rate PM _{Coarse} -Path	1,67 l/min			
Flow-rate Bypass	12 l/min			
Filter material (TEOM)	Pallflex TX40			
Mass measured values	MC moving 1h-average, updated every 6 minutes			
	1-Hr-MC moving 1h-average, updated every 60 minutes on the full hour			
	8-Hr-MC moving 8h-average, updated every 60 minutes on the full hour			
	12-Hr-MC moving 12h-average, updated every 60 minutes on the full hour			
	24-Hr-MC moving 24h-average, updated every 60 minutes on the full hour			
Detector	Mass transducer			
Checks	Cont.: Noise < 0,1 µg			
	Frequency in the range 150-400 Hz			



Page 49 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

	Discont.:
	Check of the calibration constant K_0
Parameter instrument temperatures	
Nominal value for the following instru- ment temperatures:	
Mass transducer cap	30 °C
Mass transducer case	30 °C
PM ₁₀ air tube	30 °C
Parameter FDMS	
Dryer type	NAFION-Dryer, Type C
Temperature dryer (normal conditions):	4 °C
Dew point of the air flows (normal con- ditions):	at >2 °C Warning message
Pump vacuum:	> 510 mm Hg
Storage capacity data (internal)	500.000 Data set (>2000d when storage in a 6- minute interval)
Device in- and outputs	1 x 25-pin USER I/O interface for analogue in- and output and digital output
	1 x RS232 interface for the communication via RP Comm Software or AK Protocol
	1 x Ethernet-interface for the connection with a PC for data transfer and remote control via ePort Software
	2 x USB-interfaces for the direct data download and for Firmware-update
Status signals / error messages	Available, overview see annex A of the instruction manual



Page 50 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

4. Test program

4.1 General

The suitability test has been performed with two identical devices with the serial numbers SN 20014 und SN 20116.

The test was performed with firmware version 1.51.

During the testing the software was constantly developed and optimized up to the version 1.56. During the development problems with the touch screen display were resolved, e.g. there have been problems with the button "reboot" during a possible system crash. Furthermore it is now implemented, that after a start of the measuring system, the system always waits for the next full hour for determination and recording of the measured values.

No influences on the system performance are expected from the changes which were made on the firmware up to version 1.56.

The laboratory tests for the determination of system characteristics were followed by a field test of several months at different test sites.

All concentrations, determined under operational conditions, are presented in μ g/m³ (operational conditions). Additionally, according to Standard EN 12341, the PM₁₀-concentrations are presented in normal conditions in μ g/m³ (273 K, 101.3 kPa) for the evaluation.

The following report comprises a description of each minimum requirement according to standards [1, 2, 3, 4] in number and wording.

4.2 Laboratory test

The laboratory test was carried out with two identical devices of TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor measuring system with the serial numbers SN 20014 und SN 20116. According to the Standards [1, 2], the following test program was specified for the laboratory test:

- Description of system functions
- Determination of detection limits
- Determination of the dependence of zero point / sensitivity on ambient temperature
- Determination of the dependence of zero point / sensitivity on the mains voltage
- Sampling flow stability check

The following devices were used to determine the system characteristics during laboratory test:

- Climate chamber (temperature range from –20 °C to +50 °C, accuracy better than 1 °C)
- Adjustable isolating transformer
- Zero-filter for external zero point check.
- K₀-check kit



Page 51 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

The measured values were recorded in the devices. The stored measured values were read out *via* Data download via USB.

Section 6 describes the laboratory tests and the results.

4.3 Field test

The field test was carried out with two identical systems with the serial numbers:

Device 1: SN 20014 Device 2: SN 20116

The following test program was specified for the field test:

- Determination of the comparability of the candidates according to the Guide "Demonstration of Equivalence of Ambient Air Monitoring Methods"
- Determination of the comparability of the candidates and the reference methods according to the Guide "Demonstration of Equivalence of Ambient Air Monitoring Methods"
- Sampling flow stability check
- Determination of the calibration ability and set-up of analysis function
- Determination of field reproducibility
- Determination of drift behaviour of zero point and sensitivity
- Investigation on the tightness of the sampling system
- Investigation of the dependency of the measured values on humidity
- Determination of the maintenance interval
- Determination of availability
- Determination of the total uncertainty of the candidates.

The following devices were used for the field test:

- Measurement cabinet of TÜV Rheinland, air-conditioned to approx. 20 °C
- Weather station (WS 500 of the company ELV Elektronik AG) for the determination of meteorological characteristics such as air temperature, air pressure, air humidity, wind velocity, wind direction and rainfall
- Two reference samplers LVS3 for PM₁₀ according to point 5
- Two reference samplers LVS3 for PM_{2.5} according to point 5
- Gas meter, dry
- 1 mass flow rate measuring device Type 4043 (Manufacturer: TSI)
- Measuring device Metratester 5 (Manufacturer: company Gossen Metrawatt) for the determination of power consumption
- Zero-filter for external zero point check
- K₀-check kit.

Two TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor-systems and two reference devices for $PM_{2.5}$ and PM_{10} were simultaneously operated for 24 h each during the field test. The reference equipment operates discontinuously, i.e. the filters must be changed manually after each sample.



Page 52 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

The impaction plates of the PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$ sampling inlets of the reference devices were cleaned approx. every 2 weeks and lubricated with silicone-grease, in order to guarantee a safe separation and secretion of the particulate. The PM_{10} sampling inlets of the candidates were cleaned approx. every 4 weeks. In general the sampling inlet shall be cleaned according to the manufacturer's instructions while taking into account the local suspended particulate matter concentrations.

The flow rate was tested on each candidate and each reference device prior to and after each change of location with a dry gas meter respectively a mass flow meter, which could be connected to the air inlet of the systems *via* a hose assembly.

Measurement test sites and test site of the measuring devices

The measuring devices have been installed in the field test in such a way, that only the sampling inlets and the flow splitter are located above the roof of the measurement cabinet. The central units of both candidate systems as well as the central units of the reference systems LVS3 were installed inside the climate-controlled measurement cabinet.

The field test was carried out at the following test sites:

No.	Measuring test site	Period	Characterization
1	Teddington (UK)	04/2010 – 07/2010	Urban background
2	Cologne, parking lot, winter	01/2011 – 05/2011	Urban background
3	Bornheim, motor- way parking lot, summer	07/2011 – 10/2011	Rural structure + traffic influence
4	Bornheim, motor- way parking lot, winter	11/2011 – 02/2012	Rural structure + traffic influence

Table 4: Field test sites



Page 53 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 17 to Figure 24 show the course of time of the PM-concentrations at the field test sites, which were recorded with the reference measuring device.

Figure 17: Course of time of the PM_{2.5}-concentrations (Reference) at the test site "Teddington"



Figure 18: Course of time of the PM_{2.5}-concentrations (Reference) at the test site "Cologne, park ing lot, winter"



Page 54 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



*Figure 19: Course of time of the PM*_{2.5}*-concentrations (Reference) at the test site "Bornheim, mo torway parking lot, summer"*



Figure 20: Course of time of the PM_{2.5}-concentrations (Reference) at the test site "Bornheim, mo torway parking lot, winter"



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 21: The course of time of the PM₁₀-concentrations at the test site "Teddington"



Figure 22: The course of time of the PM₁₀-concentrations at the test site "Cologne, parking lot, winter"

Page 55 of 473



Page 56 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 23: The course of time of the PM₁₀-concentrations at the test site "Bornheim, motorway parking lot, summer"



Figure 24: The course of time of the PM₁₀-concentrations at the test site "Bornheim, motorway parking lot, winter"



Page 57 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

The following figures show the measuring cabinet at the field test sites Teddington, Cologne (parking lot) and Bornheim (motorway parking lot)



Figure 25: Field test site Teddington



Figure 26: Field test site Cologne, parking lot



Page 58 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 27: Field test site Bornheim, motorway parking lot

Besides the measuring device for the determination of particulate ambient air, a device for the determination of meteorological characteristics was installed at the cabinet/ measuring test site. A continuous determination of ambient temperature, ambient pressure, relative humidity, wind velocity, wind direction and the amount of precipitation was made. The 30 min. averages were recorded.

The installation of the cabinet itself and the arrangement of the sampling probes were characterized by the following dimension.

- Height cabinet roof:
- Height of the sampling for the Candidate-/
- Reference device
- Height of the wind vane:

2.50 m

 $1.10\mbox{ m}$ / 0.51 m above the cabinet roof

- 3.61 / 3.01 m above ground
- 4.5 m above ground

The following Table 5 contains therefore not only an overview on the most important meteorological data of the four test sites but also an overview on the PM conditions during the test. Refer to section 5 and 6 for detailed results.



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Page 59 of 473

Table 5: Ambient conditions at the field test sites, expressed as daily averages

	Teddington (UK)	Cologne. parking lot. winter	Bornheim. motorway park- ing lot. summer	Bornheim. motorway parking lot. summer	
No. of paired values reference	127	83	82	66	
PM ₁₀					
No. of paired values reference	128	81	87	65	
PM _{2.5}					
Ratio PM _{2.5} / PM ₁₀ [%]					
Range	30.2 – 92.3	38.8 – 93.5	27.1 – 88.1	31.1 – 90.9	
Average	63.9	67.7	57.3	65.7	
Ambient temperature [°C]					
Range	-3.7 – 23.2	-3.8 – 22.1	5.2 – 24.5	-8.9 – 12.2	
Average	8.5	8.8	15.5	3.9	
Ambient pressure [kPa]					
Range	979 – 1037	992 – 1031	995 – 1024	976 – 1031	
Average	1009	1013	1008	1012	
Rel. humidity [%]					
Range	43.9 – 98.3	34.2 - 94.2	53.8 – 91.1	50.2 - 94.4	
Average	77.2	67	75.1	79.0	
Wind velocity [m/s]					
Range	0.0 – 2.5	0.3 – 7.1	0.3 – 4.1	0.4 – 7.8	
Average	0.7	2.3	1.4	2.4	
Precipitation [mm]					
Range	0.0 – 23.1	0.0 – 33.0	0.0 – 51.7	0.0 – 16.4	
Average	1.6	1.4	2.7	2.1	



Page 60 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Sampling period

EN 12341 defines a sampling period of 24 h. However - at lower concentration levels a longer, at higher concentration levels a shorter sampling period is permissible.

EN 14907 defines a sampling period of 24 h ± 1 h fest.

The sampling period was constantly set to 24 h during the field tests (10 am - 10 am (Teddington and Cologne) and 7 am - 7 am (Bornheim)).

Data handling

All paired reference values, determined during the field tests, were subject to statistical testing according to Grubbs (99 %) to prevent influences of obviously implausible data on the measuring results. Paired values, which are identified as significant outliers can be discarded until the critical value of the test statistic is exceeded. The January 2010 version of the Guidance [4] stipulates that not more than 2.5 % of the paired values in total for each field test site may be identified and removed as outliers.

Within the scope of the "Combined MCERTS and TÜV PM Equivalence Testing" program we agreed with our British partners not to discard any measured value for the candidates, unless the implausibility is caused due to technical reasons. During the entire testing period, no measured value of the candidates was discarded.

Table 6 and Table 7 show an overview on the amount of paired values (reference) which were recognized and removed as significant outliers at each test site.

Graph Number	Site	Sampler	Number of data- pairs	Maximum Number that can be deleted	Number Identified	Number Deleted	Number of data- pairs remaining
А	Bornheim Winter	PM_{10} Reference	66	2	0	0	66
В	Cologne Winter	PM ₁₀ Reference	84	2	1	1	83
С	Bornheim Summer	PM ₁₀ Reference	84	2	3	2	82
D	Teddington	PM ₁₀ Reference	130	3	6	3	127

Table 6: Results Grubbs-outlier test – Reference PM₁₀

Table 7: Results Grubbs-outlier test – Reference PM_{2.5}

Graph Number	Site	Sampler	Number of data- pairs	Maximum Number that can be deleted	Number Identified	Number Deleted	Number of data- pairs remaining
А	Bornheim Winter	$PM_{2.5}$ Reference	65	2	0	0	65
В	Cologne Winter	$PM_{2.5}$ Reference	83	2	2	2	81
С	Bornheim Summer	$PM_{2.5}$ Reference	87	2	0	0	87
D	Teddington	$PM_{2.5}$ Reference	129	3	1	1	128



Page 61 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

The following data pairs were removed:

Table 8: Removed data pairs reference PM₁₀ according to Grubbs

Test site	Date	Reference 1 [µg/m ³]	Reference 2 [µg/m³]
Teddington	22.12.2009	32.7	34.3
Teddington	21.06.2010	14.1	15.7
Teddington	28.06.2010	17.9	19.4
Cologne (winter)	04.03.2011	83.3	87.5
Bornheim (summer)	19.10.2011	19.8	9.1
Bornheim (summer)	23.10.2011	32.6	27.6

Table 9: Removed data pairs reference PM_{2.5} according to Grubbs

Test site	Date	Reference 1 [µg/m ³]	Reference 2 [µg/m³]
Teddington	06.01.2010	13.5	16.0
Cologne (winter)	16.03.2011	55.0	57.8
Cologne (winter)	05.05.2011	11.2	14.8



Page 62 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 28: Grubbs test results for the PM₁₀ reference method, Teddington



Figure 29: Grubbs test results for the PM₁₀ reference method, Cologne (winter)



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 30: Grubbs test results for the PM₁₀ reference method, Bornheim (summer)



Figure 31: Grubbs test results for the PM₁₀ reference method, Bornheim (winter)

Page 63 of 473



Page 64 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 32: Grubbs test results for the PM_{2.5} reference method, Teddington



Figure 33: Grubbs test results for the PM_{2.5} reference method, Cologne (winter)



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 34: Grubbs test results for the PM_{2.5} reference method, Bornheim (summer)



Figure 35: Grubbs test results for the PM_{2.5} reference method, Bornheim (winter)



Page 66 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Filter handling – Mass determination

The following filters were used for the suitability testing:

Table 10: Used filter materials

Measuring device	Filter material, type	Manufacturer
Reference value LVS3	Emfab™, Ø 47 mm	Pall

The filter material EMFABTM (Teflon-coated glass fibre filters) was used in the scope of the "Combined MCERTS and TÜV PM Equivalence Testing" program by special request of our British partners, because according to [8], they consider it most appropriate for the test purpose.

The filter handling is according to the requirements of EN 14907.

The procedures of filter handling and weighing are described in detail in Appendix 2 of this report.





Page 67 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

5. Reference measurement procedures

The following devices were used during the field test in accordance with EN 12341 and EN 14907:

1. Reference equipment for PM₁₀

Small filter device "Low Volume Sampler LVS3" Manufacturer: Ingenieurbüro Sven Leckel, Leberstraße 63, Berlin, Germany Date of manufacture: 2007 PM₁₀-Sampling inlet

2. Reference equipment for PM_{2.5}:

Small filter device "Low Volume Sampler LVS3" Manufacturer: Ingenieurbüro Sven Leckel, Leberstraße 63, Berlin, Germany Date of manufacture: 2007 PM_{2.5}- Sampling inlet

Two reference devices each for PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$ were simultaneously operated during the testing with a controlled volume flow of 2.3 m³/h. The accuracy of the volume flow control is below <1 % of the nominal volume flow under standard conditions.

The sampling air is sucked in *via* the rotary vane vacuum pump through the sampling inlet for the small filter device LVS3. The sampling air volume flow is measured with a measuring orifice which is installed between filter and vacuum pump. In order to collect any dust created by the abrasion of the vanes, the incoming air passes a separator before flowing to the air outlet.

The electronic measuring equipment of the LVS3 small filter device displays the incoming sampling air volume in standard or operating m³ as soon as the sampling is complete.

To determine the PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$ concentrations, the laboratory performed a gravimetric determination of the amount of suspended particulate matter on the respective filters. The obtained result was then divided by the respective volume of sampling air in operating m³ (or standard-m³).



Page 68 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6. Test results

6.1 4.1.1 Measured value display

The measuring system shall be fitted with a measured value display.

6.2 Equipment

No additional devices are needed.

6.3 Performance of test

It was checked whether the measuring device has a display for measured values.

6.4 Evaluation

The measuring device has a display for measured values. The following values are displayed for the fractions $PM_{2.5}$, PM_{Coarse} and PM_{10} :

MC Mass concentration, moving 1h-average, updated every 6 minutes.

30-Min-MC not working at the moment

1-Hr-MC moving 1h-average, updated every 60 minutes every full hour.

8-Hr-MC moving 8h-average, updated every 60 minutes every full hour.

12-Hr-MC moving 12h-average, updated every 60 minutes every full hour.

24-Hr-MC moving 24h-average, updated every 60 minutes every full hour.

6.5 Assessment

The measuring device comprises a measured value display.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Page 69 of 473

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Figure 36 shows the user's display with the current measured concentration values.

TEOM Data	TEOM 1405-DF			
System Status	TEOM Data MC (µg/m²):	PM-2.5 24.20	PM-Coarse 9.01	PM-10 33.21
Instrument Conditions	1-Hr MC (µg/m ²): 8-Hour value (µg/m ²): 12-Hr MC (µg/m ²): 24-Hr MC (µg/m ²):	24.20 25.04 21.07 24.42	11.43 14.90 12.16 12.34	35.63 39.94 33.22 36.75
Settings	Filter loading: Frequency: Noise:	70.25 % 256.4286 Hz 0.009 µg	19.60 % 237.4726 Hz 0.011 µg	

Figure 36: Display of the measured concentration value



Precisely Rigi Page 70 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 4.1.2 Easy maintenance

Necessary maintenance for the measuring systems should be possible without larger effort, if possible from outside.

6.2 Equipment

No additional devices are needed.

6.3 **Performance of test**

Necessary regular maintenance works were carried out according to the instructions of the operating manual.

6.4 Evaluation

The following maintenance works should be carried out:

- Check of device status: The device status can be monitored and controlled by controlling the system itself or controlling it online.
- 2. In general the sampling inlet shall be cleaned according to the manufacturer's instructions taking into account the local suspended particulate matter concentrations (during suitability test every 4 weeks).
- 3. A monthly change of the TEOM-Filter (as well when a filter loading >90% is reached) is necessary.
- 4. Simultaneously with the change of the TEOM-filter, the cooled 47 mm-filter of the FDMS-unit has to be changed.
- 5. According to the manufacturer's instructions, a monthly check of the sensors for ambient air and ambient pressure shall be done.
- 6. According to the manufacturer's instructions, a monthly leak-check shall be done.
- 7. According to the manufacturer's instructions, a monthly check of the flow rate shall be done.
- 8. Every 6 months (or if necessary) the inline-filter for PM_{2.5}-, PM_{Coarse}- and the Bypasspath shall be changed in order to avoid a contamination of the flow rate regulator.
- 9. Once a year (or if necessary) the cooler, the switching valve and the air inlet system shall be cleaned.
- 10. Once a year the calibration of the mass transducer has to be checked using the K₀- check kit.
- 11. Once a year (or if necessary) the dryer of the FDMS-unit shall be changed or refurbished. For the monitoring/ securing of a proper dryer performance, the manufacturer recommends to monitor a pump vacuum (nominal: > 510 mm Hg) and a dew point of the air flow (nominal: <2 °C at 4 °C cooler temperature) as well as to carry out periodical (at least once a year) zero point checks (running of the measuring device with zero-filter at the inlet).</p>
- 12. Every 18 months (or if necessary) the sampler pump shall be maintained or renewed.



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Page 71 of 473

To carry out the maintenance works the instruction of the manual (chapter 5) are to be taken into account. All works can usually be carried out with commonly available tools.

6.5 Assessment

Maintenance works can be carried out with commonly available tools taking reasonable time and effort. For the maintenance works as per points 3, 4, 6 and 10, the device is switched to setup-mode. The restart of the normal measuring process occurs after one hour after having finished the check and after having left the setup-mode. The maintenance works as per points 8, 9, 11 and 12 can only be done when shutting off the measuring device. These works come up every 6 or 12 months. In the remaining time, maintenance works are limited to the check of contaminations, plausibility checks and eventual status/ error messages.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

The maintenance works were carried out during the test in accordance with the instructions given in the manual. No problems were noticed while following the described procedures. All maintenance works could be done with customary tools without taking much time and effort.



Page 72 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 4.1.3 Functional testl

If the operation or the functional check of the measuring system requires particular instruments, they shall be considered as part of the measuring system and be applied in the corresponding sub-tests and included in the assessment.

Test gas units included in the measuring system shall indicate their operational readiness to the measuring system by a status signal and shall provide direct as well as remote control via the measuring system.

6.2 Equipment

Manual, zero-filter, K₀-check kit

6.3 **Performance of test**

The device status is constantly monitored and problems are indicated by a series of different warning messages. Important parameters for a proper performance (e.g. noise of the mass measurement, flow rates, pump vacuum, dew point of the air sample) moreover can be looked up at the device itself or while recording the data.

Furthermore there is also the possibility to check the zero point of the measuring device externally. For this a zero-filter is installed at the device inlet. The use of this filter allows the provision of particle-free air.

Within the scope of the test work, a determination of the zero point by using the zero-filter was also performed approx. every 4 weeks.

Moreover, there is the possibility to check the calibration constant of the mass measurement externally. For this the calibration constant is determined using the K_0 -check kit and afterwards compared with the nominal value stored within the device.

Within the scope of the check the calibration constant was determined at the beginning and the end of each test site.

6.4 Evaluation

All instrument functions, which are listed in the manual, are available and can be activated. The current status of the system is monitored continuously and problems are indicated by a series of different warning messages.

An external check of the zero point by using the zero-filter is possible at any time. An external check of the mass measured value transducer using the K_0 -check kit also is possible at any time.

6.5 Assessment

All system functions listed in the manual are available, activatable and functioning. The current system status in continuously monitored and displayed by a set of different status messages (operation, warning and error messages.


Page 73 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

The results of the external checks of the zero point with a zero-filter during the field test period as well as periodically performed checks of the calibration constant K_0 are described in chapter 6.1 5.3.12 Long-term drift of this report.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Refer to chapter: 6.1 5.3.12 Long-term drift



Page 74 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 4.1.4 Set-up times and warm-up times

The set-up times and warm-up times shall be specified in the instruction manual.

6.2 Equipment

A clock was required for this test.

6.3 **Performance of test**

The AMS were started up according to the description given by the manufacturer. Necessary setup- and warm-up times were recorded separately.

Necessary constructional works prior to the measurement, such as the installation of an inlet through the cabinet roof, were not included in this test.

6.4 Evaluation

The setup time comprises the time needed for all necessary works from system installation to start-up.

The measuring system must be protected from weather inconsistencies e.g. in an acclimated measuring cabinet. Extensive construction work is required in order to lead the sample tube through the roof of a measuring cabinet. A non-stationary application is therefore only assumed together with the belonging peripheral devices.

The following steps are generally necessary for the installation of the measuring device:

- Unpacking and installation of the measuring system (in a rack or on a table)
- Connection of the sampling tube, flow splitter, tripod and PM₁₀-sampling inlet
- Connection of the pump
- Mounting of ambient air sensor (nearby the sampling inlet)
- Connection of all connecting and control lines
- Connection of power supply
- Switch-on of the measuring system
- Performance of the leak test
- Installation of the TEOM-filters as well as the two 47 mm-filter
- Check of the instrument setting regarding die regulation of the flow rate (here: Active/Actual), date and time and the parameterization of the proper calibration constant K₀
- Check of the sensors for ambient temperature and pressure and the flow rate.
- Optional connection of peripheral recording and control systems (data logger, PC with ePort, RPComm and HyperTerminal) to the respective interfaces

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 75 of 473

The performance of these actions and therewith the set-up time takes approx. 2 hours.

The warm-up time contains the time need between the start of operation of the measuring system and the readiness for measurement.

After switching on the system, the system is in the stabilizing phase ("stabilizing") until reaching the stabilized condition regarding the instrument temperature. The duration of the stabilizing phase is dependent of the ambient temperature at the installation place and of the thermic instrument condition when switched on. In the scope of the suitability test, the stabilizing times where between 30 min and 90 min. After reaching a stabilized condition, the instrument starts collecting first data ("Collecting Data"). This data is not yet used to determine mass concentration. The collecting of first data is followed by first data computation ("Computing Data"). Afterwards the instrument is fully operational ("Fully operational"). The intermediate steps "Collecting Data" and "Computing Data" take one hour. After that, the instrument delivers the moving 1h-average values of the mass concentration, which are updated every 6 minutes.

If required, possible changes of the basic parameterization of the measuring system can likewise be performed within few minutes by personal, familiar with the devices. However, the measuring operation is for this purpose interrupted and the instrument switched in setup-mode.

6.5 Assessment

The setup- and warm-up times were determined.

The measuring system can be operated at different measurement test sites with manageable effort. The set-up time is approximately 2 hours and the warm-up time is, depending on the necessary stabilizing time, 1.5 to 2.5 hours.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Not required for this test.



Page 76 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 4.1.5 Instrument design

The instruction manual shall include specifications of the manufacturer regarding the design of the measuring system. The main elements are:

- Instrument shape (e.g. bench mounting, rack mounting, free mounting)
- Mounting position (e.g. horizontal or vertical mounting)
- Safety requirements
- Dimensions
- Weight
- Power consumption

6.2 Equipment

A measuring device for power consumption measurement and a scale were used for this test.

6.3 **Performance of test**

The installation of the delivered instruments was compared with the description given in the manuals. The specified power consumption was continuously tested for 24 h under standard operation conditions during field test.

6.4 Evaluation

The measuring system has to be installed in horizontal mounting position (e.g. on a table or a rack), independent from atmospheric conditions. The temperature at the installation test site shall be within the range of 8 °C to 25 °C with a relatively low amount of temperature fluctuation (maximum 2 °C per hour/ no direct sun, no direct exposure to heater or air conditioner).

The dimensions and the weights of the measuring system are in compliance with the specifications in the manual.

The power consumption of the measuring system with the used pump is specified by the manufacturer with at maximum 100-130 W for the measuring device and approximately 550-600 W for the pump. During a 24 h-test, these specifications were checked. At no time the mentioned value was exceeded during these investigations.

6.5 Assessment

The instrument design specifications listed in the operating manual are complete and correct.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Not required for this minimum requirement.



Page 77 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 4.1.6 Unintended adjustment

It shall be possible to secure the adjustment of the measuring system against illicit or unintended adjustment during operation.

6.2 Equipment

No additional equipment required.

6.3 **Performance of test**

The operation of the measuring device is carried out *via* a touch screen-display at the front panel or *via* the RS232- or Ethernet interfaces from an external computer.

A change of the parameters or the adjustment of sensors is only possible via several key sequences.

The measuring device has the following level of password protection.

Low Lock Mode:

In this mode the user can see all instrument views and can change the operation mode in order to perform a filter change.

High Lock Mode:

In this mode the user can only see the "TEOM-Data".

Because an installation of the measuring device outdoors is not possible, an additional protection is granted by installing it at test sites where no unauthorised people can go to (e.g. locked measuring cabinet).

6.4 Evaluation

Unintended adjustment of instrument parameters is avoided by the password protection. The adjustment of sensors and a change of the parameters can only be done via several key sequences. Moreover there is an additional protection against unauthorized intervention by the installation in a locked measurement cabinet.

6.5 Assessment

The AMS is protected against unauthorized and unintended adjustment. In addition, the AMS shall be locked in a measuring cabinet.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Not required for this minimum requirement.



Page 78 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 4.1.7 Data output

The output signals shall be provided digitally (e.g. RS 232) and/or as analogue signals (e.g. 4 mA to 20 mA).

6.2 Equipment

PC with software "ePort"

6.3 **Performance of test**

The test was carried out using a PC with the software "ePort"(via Ethernet).

The AMS was connected to a PC via Ethernet and the data were downloaded. As usual, the data was in parallel downloaded to an USB-stick via USB interface. The test was performed by comparing both data.

The AMS has the possibility to offer analogue signals (maximum 8 analogue exits) as well as to offer measuring signals/ communication via serial interface RS 232 (AK protocol, software e.g. RPComm or HyperTerminal).

6.4 Evaluation

The measured signals are offered at the rear side of the instrument in the following way:

Analogue:	0-1 resp. 5 V	concentration range selectable
Digital:	Ethernet with Software "ePort"	
	RS 232-interface, AK protocol	
	USB	

The transmitted measured values via Ethernet comply with the data downloaded via USB-interface.

6.5 Assessment

Measured signals are offered analogue (0-1 or. 5 V) and digital (via Ethernet, RS 232, UBS).

The connection of additional measuring and peripheral devices to the respective ports of the devices is possible (e.g. analogue entrances).

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 79 of 473

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Figure 37 shows a view of the rear side of the instrument with the respective measured value outputs.



Figure 37: View on rear of the device TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor



Page 80 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.1 General

The manufacturer's specifications in the instruction manual shall be by no means better than the results of the performance test. Deviating specifications shall be corrected in the instruction manual by the manufacturer before declaration of suitability.

6.2 Equipment

Not necessary for this minimum requirement.

6.3 Performance of test

The test results are compared with the specifications given in the manual.

6.4 Evaluation

Found deviations between the first draft of the manual and the actual design were resolved.

6.5 Assessment

Differences between the instrument design and the descriptions given in the manual could not be detected.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Refer to point 6.4 of this module.



Page 81 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.2.1 Certification ranges

The certification range for the testing must be determined.

6.2 Equipment

No additional equipment required.

6.3 **Performance of test**

The certification range for the testing must be determined.

6.4 Evaluation

Standard VDI 4202, Part 1 contains the following minimum requirements for the certification ranges for particulate ambient air measuring devices:

Table 11:	Certification	ranges	(CR)
-----------	---------------	--------	------

Measured com- ponent	Lower limit of CR	Upper limit of CR	Limit value	Evaluation period
	in µg/m³	in µg/m³	in µg/m³	
PM ₁₀	0	100	50	24h
PM _{2.5}	0	50	25	Calendar year

The certification range is oriented at the limit value of the smallest assessment period of the measuring device in the range of the limit value. This assessment of the measuring device in the range of the limit value is made within the scope of the determination of the advanced uncertainty of the candidates according to the Guide [5]. For this purpose, according to the Guide the following values are used as reference values:

PM₁₀: 50 µg/m³

PM_{2.5}: 30 µg/m³

Reference is made to test point 6.1 5.4.10 Calculation of the expanded uncertainty of the instruments in this report.

6.5 Assessment

The assessment of the measuring device in the range of the relevant limit values is possible.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

See test point 6.1 5.4.10 Calculation of the expanded uncertainty of the instruments in this report.



Page 82 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.2.2 Measuring range

The upper limit of the measuring range shall be greater or equal to the upper limit of the certification range.

6.2 Equipment

No additional equipment required.

6.3 **Performance of test**

It was tested, whether the upper limit of measuring range of the measuring system is greater or equal to the upper limit of the certification range.

6.4 Evaluation

At the measuring devices, measuring ranges up to a maximum of $0 - 1.000.000 \ \mu\text{g/m}^3$ can be set theoretically.

As appropriate default setting of the analogue output for European conditions a measuring range of $0 - 1.000 \ \mu g/m^3$ is recommended.

Measuring range:	0 – 1.00)0 µg/m³ (Standard)
Upper limit of the certification range:	PM ₁₀ :	100 µg/m³
	PM _{2.5} :	50 µg/m³

6.5 Assessment

A measuring range of 0 – 1.000 μ g/m³ is set by default. Other measuring ranges up to a maximum of 0 – 1.000.000 μ g/m³ are possible.

The measuring range value of the measuring device is higher than the respective upper limit of the certification range.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Not required for this minimum requirement.



Page 83 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.2.3 Negative output signals

Negative output signals or measured values may not be suppressed (life zero).

6.2 Equipment

No additional equipment required.

6.3 Performance of test

The AMS was tested on its ability to display negative output signals in the laboratory and in the field.

6.4 Evaluation

The AMS is able to display negative output signals in the laboratory and in the field.

6.5 Assessment

Negative measuring signals are displayed directly and are output correctly via the respective measured value outputs by the measuring system.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

No required for this minimum required.



Page 84 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.2.4 Failure in the mains voltage

In case of malfunction of the measuring system or failure in the mains voltage for a period of up to 72 h, uncontrolled emission of operation and calibration gas shall be avoided. The instrument parameters shall be secured by buffering against loss caused by failure in the mains voltage. When mains voltage returns, the instrument shall automatically reach the operation mode and start the measurement according to the operating instructions.

6.2 Equipment

Not required for this minimum requirement.

6.3 **Performance of test**

A failure in the mains voltage was simulated and it was tested, if the instrument remains undamaged and ready for measurement after restart of the power supply.

6.4 Evaluation

Since the measuring devices need neither operational nor calibration gases for operating, an uncontrolled escape of gases is not possible.

In the case of a failure in the mains voltage the measuring device remains in a stabilizing phase ("Stabilizing") after the return of the power supply until reaching a stabilized condition regarding the instrument temperatures. The duration of the stabilizing phase depends on the ambient conditions at the sampling test site and on the thermic instrument condition when switching on.

In the scope of the suitability test the stabilizing times were between 30 min and 90 min. After reaching of the stable condition, the device starts to collect first data ("Collecting Data"). This data are not used yet for the determination of the mass concentrations. The collecting of the first data is followed by first computing of data ("Computing Data"). Afterwards the device is ready to operate ("Fully operational"). The intermediate steps "Collecting Data" and "Computing Data" take one hour. Afterwards the device delivers moving 1h-average values of the mass concentrations, which are updated every 6 minutes (refer to point 6.1 4.1.4 Set-up times and warm-up times).

6.5 Assessment

All instrument parameters are protected against loss through buffering. After the power supply has returned, the measuring device goes back into a failure-free operational condition and continues independently the measuring operation after achieving the instrument status "fully operational".

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Not required for this minimum requirement.



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Page 85 of 473

6.1 5.2.5 Operating states

The measuring system shall allow the control of important operating states by telemetrically transmitted status signals.

6.2 Equipment

PC for data acquisition.

6.3 **Performance of test**

A PC was connected locally via Ethernet to the AMS and data transfer incl. instrument status tested.

Furthermore, it is possible to control the instrument via serial interface (AK Protocol).

With a respective router or modem, the remote control is possible.

6.4 Evaluation

The measuring device enables a complete telemetric control of the AMS through a choice of different possibilities (Ethernet, RS232).

6.5 Assessment

The measuring devices can be extensively monitored and controlled by an external PC via modem or router.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Not necessary for this minimum requirement.



Page 86 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.2.6 Switch-over

Switch-over between measurement and functional check and/or calibration shall be possible telemetrically by computer control or manual intervention.

6.2 Equipment

Not required for this minimum requirement.

6.3 **Performance of test**

The AMS can be monitored and partly controlled by a user directly at the instrument or via telemetric remote control. Some functions, as for example the performance of the K_0 -test, can only be done directly at the instrument.

6.4 Evaluation

All operating procedures that do not require practical work on test site can be monitored by a user directly at the instrument as well as by telemetric remote control.

6.5 Assessment

Generally all necessary operations for functional check can be monitored directly at the device or via telemetric remote control.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Not required for this minimum requirement.



Page 87 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.2.7 Maintenance interval

The maintenance interval of the measuring system shall be determined during the field test and specified. The maintenance interval should be three months, if possible, but at least two weeks.

6.2 Equipment

Not required for this minimum requirement.

6.3 **Performance of test**

This test was done in order to determine, which maintenance procedures are required at which period to maintain correct functionality of the measuring system. Moreover, the results of the drift test for zero and span point according to point 6.1 5.3.12 Long-term drift were included into the determination of the maintenance interval.

6.4 Evaluation

No unacceptable drifts were detected for the measuring systems during the entire field test period.

Therefore, the maintenance interval is determined by scheduled maintenance procedures (refer to module 4.1.2).

During operation, the maintenance works can be limited to checks on contamination, plausibility and status / error message.

6.5 Assessment

The maintenance interval is defined by necessary maintenance procedures and is 1 month.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Necessary maintenance works can be found in module 4.1.2 of this report and in chapter 5 of the operating manual.



Page 88 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.2.8 Availability

The availability of the measuring system shall be determined during the field test and shall be at least 95 %.

6.2 Equipment

Not required for this minimum requirement.

6.3 **Performance of test**

Start time and end time of the availability tests were defined by the start and end of the field tests at each test site. All measurement interruptions, *e.g.* due to system outage or maintenance works, were considered for this test.

6.4 Evaluation

Table 12 and Table 13 show a compilation of the operation, maintenance and malfunction times. The measuring systems have been operated over a time period of 454 measuring days during field test. This time period includes 17 days of zero-filter operation as well as 6 days, which had to be rejected due to the change to zero-filter (refer to Annex 5).

Data losses caused by external influences, which cannot be attributed to the devices themselves, have been recorded on 19.01.2010, 10.03.2011 and 14.03.2011 (power outage). During the installation at the test site "Bornheim, summer" the connection of the virtual impactor to the devices has been twisted, so that there are no valid data available between 25.07.2011 and 28.07.2011. Therefore, the total operating time is reduced to 447 measuring days.

The following malfunctions of the devices have been observed:

SN 20014:

On 28.09.2011 the device had to be stopped in order to fix a leak.

On 22.12.2011 the device was stopped temporarily in order to fix again a leak.

On 06.01.2012 and on 11.01.2012 unscheduled checks of the flow rate were performed.

SN 20116:

No malfunctions of the devices have been observed.

No further malfunctions of the devices have been observed.

The regular cleaning of the sampling inlets in the maintenance interval, the change of the TEOM-filter, the 47 mm-filter (approx. every 4 weeks) and the regular check of the flow rates respectively of the tightness can lead to outages of more than 2 h per device, especially when all is done on one day. The affected daily averages in this case have been rejected.



Page 89 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.5 Assessment

The availability was 98.2 % for SN 20014 99.1 % for SN 20116 without outages due to test conditions, or 93.1 % for SN 20014 and 94.0 % for SN 20116 including outages due to test conditions.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

		Device 1 (SN 20014)	Device 2 (SN 20116)
Operating time	d	447	447
Outage time	d	4	0
Maintenance	d	4	4
Actual operating time	d	439	443
Availability	%	98.2	99.1

 Table 12:
 Determination of availability (without test-related outages)

 Table 13:
 Determination of availability (including test-related outages)

		Device 1 (SN 20014)	Device 2 (SN 20116)
Operating time	d	447	447
Outage time	d	4	0
Maintenance	d	27	27
Actual operating time	d	416	420
Availability	%	93.1	94.0



Precisely Rigi Page 90 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.2.9 Instrument software

The version of the instrument software to be tested shall be displayed during switch-on of the measuring system. The test institute shall be informed on changes in the instrument software, which have influence on the performance of the measuring system.

6.2 Equipment

Not required for this minimum requirement.

6.3 **Performance of test**

It was tested, if the instrument software can be displayed at the instrument. The manufacturer of the instrument was told that any change to the instrument software shall be reported to the test body.

6.4 Evaluation

The present software is shown in the display when turning on the device. At any time it can be looked at in the menu "system status".

The suitability test was performed with the software version 1.51 (2009).

During the testing the software was constantly developed and optimized up to the version 1.56. During the development problems with the touch screen display were resolved, e.g. there have been problems with the button "reboot" during a possible system crash. Furthermore it is now implemented, that after a start of the measuring system, the system always waits for the next full hour for determination and recording of the measured values.

No influences on the system performance are expected from the changes which were made on the firmware up to version 1.56.

6.5 Assessment

The version of the instrument software is shown on the display. The test institute is informed on changes in the instrument software.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 91 of 473

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results



Figure 38: Display of the software version (here 1.51) in the menu "System Status"



Page 92 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.3.1 General

The testing is done based on the minimum requirement according to Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010).

6.2 Equipment

Not required for this minimum requirement.

6.3 Performance of test

The test is made on the basis of the minimum requirements of Standard VDI 4202, Part 1 (September 2010).

6.4 Evaluation

Standard VDI 4202, Part 1 and VDI 4203, Part 3 have been republished after a detailed revision in September 2010. Unfortunately, after this revision uncertainties and contradictions remain regarding the concrete minimum requirements on the one hand and the general relevance of the test points on the other hand while testing particulate ambient air measuring devices. The following test points require clarification:

6.1 5.3.2 Repeatability standard deviation at zero point

no minimum requirement defined

6.1 5.3.3 Repeatability standard deviation at reference point

not relevant for particulate devices

6.1 5.3.4 Linearity (Lack of fit)

not relevant for particulate devices

6.1 5.3.7 Sensitivity coefficient of the surrounding

no minimum requirement defined

- 6.1 5.3.8 Sensitivity coefficient of supply voltage
- no minimum requirement defined
- 6.1 5.3.11 Standard deviation from paired measurements

no minimum requirement defined

6.1 5.3.12 Long-term drift

no minimum requirement defined

6.1 5.3.13 Short-time drift

not relevant for particulate devices

6.1 5.3.18 Overall uncertainty

not relevant for particulate devices

For this reason an official request to the competent German body was made, to define a coordinated procedure for dealing with inconsistencies in the Standard.



Page 93 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

The following procedure was suggested:

The test points 5.3.2, 5.3.7, 5.3.8, 5.3.11 and 5.3.12 are evaluated as before based on the minimum requirements stated in Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 from 2002 (i.e. using the reference values B_0 , B_1 and B_2).

The testing of the test points 5.3.3, 5.3.4, 5.3.13 and 5.3.18 is waived, as they are not relevant for particulate measuring devices.

The competent German body agreed with the proposed procedure by decision of 27 June 2011 respectively 07 October 2011.

6.5 Assessment

The test was done based on the minimum requirements stated in Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010). The test points 5.3.2, 5.3.7, 5.3.8, 5.3.11 and 5.3.12 are evaluated as before based on the minimum requirements stated in Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 from 2002 (i.e. using the reference values B_0 , B_1 and B_2). The testing of the test points 5.3.3, 5.3.4, 5.3.13 and 5.3.18 is waived, as they are not relevant for particulate measuring devices.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Not required for this minimum requirement.



Page 94 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.3.2 Repeatability standard deviation at zero point

The repeatability standard deviation at zero point shall not exceed the requirements of Table 2 in the certification range according to Table 1 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010).

In case of deviating certification ranges, the repeatability standard deviation at zero point shall not exceed 2% of the upper limit of this certification range.

Note:

This test point is not evaluable for particulate measuring devices on the basis of the currently valid version of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010) and VDI 4203 Part 3 (September 2010) due no non-defined minimum requirements. According to the decision of the competent German body (see module 5.3.1), reference is made alternatively to the following previous version of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (June 2002).

The detection limit of the measuring device shall not exceed the reference value B_0 . The detection limit shall be determined during field test.

6.2 Equipment

Zero-filter for zero point check.

6.3 **Performance of test**

The determination of the detection limit is done for the candidates SN 20014 and SN 20116 by operating the devices with the respective zero-filters which are installed at both measuring device inlets.

The offering of particulate-free sampling air is done for a time period of 15 days for 24 h each. The determination of the detection limit is done in the laboratory, because under field conditions a provision of particulate-free air for such a long time period was not possible.

6.4 Evaluation

The detection limit X is determined from the standard deviation s_{x0} of the measured values at the intake of particulate-free sampling air by both candidates.

It corresponds with the standard deviation of the average x_0 of the measured values x_{0i} multiplied with the student factor for the respective candidate.

$$X = t_{n-1;0.95} \cdot S_{x0} \qquad \text{where} \cdot S_{x0} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n-1} \cdot \sum_{i=1,n} (x_{0i} - \overline{x_0})^2}$$

Reference value:
$$B_0 = 2 \ \mu g/m^3$$



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Page 95 of 473

6.5 Assessment

The detection limit was determined from investigations 0.77 μ g/m³ (PM₁₀) and 0.75 μ g/m³ (PM_{2.5}) for device 1 (SN 20014) and 0.61 μ g/m³ (PM₁₀) and 0.71 μ g/m³ (PM_{2.5}) for device 2 (SN 20116).

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Table 14: Detection limit PM₁₀

		Device SN 20014	Device SN 20116
Amount of values n		15	15
Average of the zero values $\overline{x_0}$	µg/m³	0.63	1.16
Standard deviation of the values s_{x_0}	µg/m³	0.36	0.29
Student-Factor t _{n-1;0,95}		2.14	2.14
Detection limit X	µg/m³	0.77	0.61

Table 15: Detection limit PM_{2.5}

		Device SN 20014	Device SN 20116
Amount of values n		15	15
Average of the zero values $\overline{x_0}$	µg/m³	0.86	1.04
Standard deviation of the values s_{x_0}	µg/m³	0.35	0.33
Student-Factor t _{n-1;0,95}		2.14	2.14
Detection limit X	µg/m³	0.75	0.71

Single values from the determination of the detection limit can be looked up in annex 1 in the appendix.



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Page 96 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.3.3 Repeatability standard deviation at reference point

The repeatability standard deviation at reference point shall not exceed the requirements of Table 2 in the certification range according to Table 1 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010). The limit value or the alert threshold shall be used as reference point. In case of deviating certification ranges, the repeatability standard deviation at reference point shall not exceed 2% of the upper limit of this certification range. In this case a value ct at 70% to 80% of the upper limit of this certification range shall be used as reference point.

Note:

According to the decision of the competent German body (see module 5.3.1) this test point is not relevant for particulate measuring devices.

6.2 Equipment

Not applicable.

6.3 **Performance of test**

Not applicable.

6.4 Evaluation

Not applicable.

6.5 Assessment

Not applicable.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? -

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Not applicable.



Page 97 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.3.4 Linearity (Lack of fit)

The analytical function describing the relationship between the output signal and the value of the air quality characteristic shall be linear.

The linearity is considered as secured when the deviation of the group averages of the measured values of the calibration function in the certification range meet the specifications stated in Table 2 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010).

For other certification ranges the deviation of the group average of the measured values of the calibration function shall not exceed 5 % of the upper limit of the respective certification range.

Note:

According to the decision of the competent German body (see module 5.3.1) this test point is not relevant for particulate measuring devices.

For particulate measuring devices for PM_{10} this test shall be performed according to minimum requirement 5.4.2 "Equivalency of the sampling system".

For particulate measuring devices for $PM_{2.5}$ this test shall be performed according to minimum requirement 5.4.10 "Calculation of the expanded uncertainty of the instruments".

6.2 Equipment

See module 5.4.2. (PM₁₀) and module 5.4.10 (PM_{2.5})

6.3 **Performance of test**

For particulate measuring devices for PM_{10} this test shall be performed according to minimum requirement 5.4.2 " Equivalency of the sampling system".

For particulate measuring devices for $PM_{2.5}$ this test shall be performed according to minimum requirement 5.4.10 "Calculation of the expanded uncertainty of the instruments".

6.4 Evaluation

See module 5.4.2. (PM₁₀) and module 5.4.10 (PM_{2.5})

6.5 Assessment

For particulate measuring devices for PM_{10} this test shall be performed according to minimum requirement 5.4.2 " Equivalency of the sampling system".

For particulate measuring devices for $PM_{2.5}$ this test shall be performed according to minimum requirement 5.4.10 "Calculation of the expanded uncertainty of the instruments".

Minimum requirement fulfilled? -

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

See module 5.4.2. (PM_{10}) and module 5.4.10 ($PM_{2.5}$)



Page 98 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.3.5 Sensitivity coefficient of the sample gas pressure

The sensitivity coefficient of sample gas pressure at reference point shall not exceed the requirements of Table 2 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010). A value ct at 70 % to 80 % of the upper limit of the certification range shall be used as reference point.

Note:

This point is not relevant for particulate measuring devices.

6.2 Equipment

Not applicable.

6.3 Performance of test

Not applicable.

6.4 Evaluation

Not applicable.

6.5 Assessment

Not applicable.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? -

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Not applicable.



Page 99 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.3.6 Sensitivity coefficient of the sample gas temperature

The sensitivity coefficient of sample gas temperature at reference point shall not exceed the requirements of Table 2. A value ct at 70 % to 80 % of the upper limit of the certification range shall be used as reference point.

Note:

This point is not relevant for particulate measuring devices.

6.2 Equipment

Not applicable.

6.3 Performance of test

Not applicable.

6.4 Evaluation

Not applicable.

6.5 Assessment

Not applicable.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? -

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Not applicable.



Page 100 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.3.7 Sensitivity coefficient of the surrounding temperature

The sensitivity coefficient of surrounding temperature at zero and reference point shall not exceed the requirements of Table 2. A value ct at 70 % to 80 % of the upper limit of the certification range shall be used as reference point.

Note:

This test point is not evaluable for particulate measuring devices on the basis of the currently valid version of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010) and VDI 4203 Part 3 (September 2010) due no non-defined minimum requirements. According to the decision of the competent German body (see module 5.3.1), reference is made alternatively to the following previous version of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (June 2002).

The temperature dependence of the zero-point measured value shall not exceed the reference value B_0 when changing the surrounding temperature by 15 K in the range between +5 °C and +20 °C or respectively by 20 K in the range between +20 °C and +40 °C.

The temperature dependence of the measured value in the range of the reference value B_1 shall not exceed ± 5 % of the measured value when changing the surrounding temperature by 15 K in the range between +5 °C and +20 °C or respectively by 20 K in the range between +20 °C and +40 °C.

6.2 Equipment

Climate chamber for the temperature range +8 °C to +25 °C, zero-filter for zero-point check, K_0 -test kit for reference point check.

6.3 **Performance of test**

The permitted surrounding temperature at the test site of the measuring device pursuant to the manufacturer is 8 °C to 25 °C. For this reason the test was limited to this surrounding temperature.

For the investigation of the dependence of the zero-point and the measured values on the surrounding temperature, the complete measuring devices were run in the climatic chamber.

For the zero-point check the two candidates SN 20014 and SN 20116 by installation of zero-filters were fed at both device inlets each with particulate-free sampling air.

For the reference point check at the two candidates SN 20014 and SN 20116 the calibration constant K_0 was tested to check the stability of the sensitivity for the $PM_{2.5}$ - and PM_{Coarse} -path.

The surrounding temperatures in the climatic chamber were varied in this order: $20 \degree C - 8 \degree C - 20 \degree C - 25 \degree C - 20 \degree C$. After an equilibration time of approx. 24 h per temperature step, the recording of the measured values at zero-point (per temperature step 3 x 24 h each) as well as the measured values at reference point (per temperature step 3x each) started.





Page 101 of 473

6.4 Evaluation

Zero-point:

The measured values for the concentration of the respective 24 h-single measurements were read out and evaluated. The absolute deviation in μ g/m³ per temperature step is observed in relation to the default point of 20 °C.

Reference value: $B_0 = 2 \mu g/m^3$

Reference point:

The deviation as a percentage of the determined measured values for the calibration constant K_0 was observed for each temperature step in relation to the default point at 20 °C.

As note it should be mentioned that by using the check of the calibration constant K_0 no concentration values could be simulated, an assessment in the range B_1 was not possible for this reason.

6.5 Assessment

The permitted surrounding temperature at the test site of the measuring device pursuant to the manufacturer is 8 °C to 25 °C. When observing the values output by the device, a maximum influence of the surrounding temperature on the zero-point of 0,8 μ g/m³ for PM_{2.5} and of -1,1 μ g/m³ for PM₁₀in the range 8 °C to 25 °C could be detected.

At reference point no deviation > 0.4 % for $PM_{2.5}$ and > -0.3 % for PM_{Coarse} to the default value at 20 °C could be observed.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes



Page 102 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Table 16: Dependence of the zero-point on the surrounding temperature, deviation in $\mu g/m^3$, average for 3 measurements, SN 20014

Tempe	erature	Devi	ation
Start temperature	End temperature	PM _{2.5}	PM ₁₀
°C	°C	µg/m³	µg/m³
20	8	-0.7	-0.6
8	20	0.6	0.8
20	25	0.8	0.9
25	20	-0.2	-0.1

Table 17:	Dependence of the zero-point on the surrounding temperature,	deviation	in µg/m³,
average for	^r 3 measurements, SN 20116		

Tempe	erature	Devi	ation
Start temperature	End temperature	PM _{2.5}	PM ₁₀
°C	°C	µg/m³	µg/m³
20	8	-0.7	-1.1
8	20	0.2	0.0
20	25	0.8	0.6
25	20	-0.1	-0.3



Page 103 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Table 18:Dependence of sensitivity (calibration constant K_0) on the surrounding temperature,
deviation in %, average for 3 measurements, SN 20014

Temperature		Deviation		
		PM _{2.5}	PM _{Coarse}	
Start temperature	End tempera- ture	Ko	Ko	
°C	°C	%	%	
20	8	0.2	-0.1	
8	20	0.3	0.2	
20	25	0.3	0.3	
25	20	0.4	0.4	

Table 19: Dependence of sensitivity (calibration constant K₀) on the surrounding temperature, deviation in %, average for 3 measurements, SN 20116

Temperature		Deviation	
		PM _{2.5}	PM _{Coarse}
Start temperature	End tempera- ture	Ko	κ _o
°C	°C	%	%
20	8	-0.1	0.0
8	20	-0.1	-0.1
20	25	-0.3	0.1
25	20	-0.1	0.0

The respective results of the 3 single measurements can be taken from annex 2 and 3 in the appendix.



Page 104 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.3.8 Sensitivity coefficient of supply voltage

The sensitivity coefficient of supply voltage shall not exceed the requirements of Table 2. A value ct at 70 % to 80 % of the upper limit of the certification range shall be used as reference point.

Note:

This test point is not evaluable for particulate measuring devices on the basis of the currently valid version of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010) and VDI 4203 Part 3 (September 2010) due no non-defined minimum requirements. According to the decision of the competent German body (see module 5.3.1), reference is made alternatively to following previous version of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (June 2002).

The changes of the measured value for the reference value B_1 caused by the voltage changes typical for an electrical grid within the interval (230 +15/-20) V, shall not exceed B_0

6.2 Equipment

Adjustable isolating transformer, K₀-test kit for reference point check.

6.3 **Performance of test**

To check the dependence of the measuring signals on the mains voltage, the voltage was reduced from 230 V to 210 V and afterward increased with an intermediate step of 230 V to 245 V.

For the reference point check at both candidates SN 20014 and SN 20116 the calibration constant K_0 was tested to check the stability of the sensitivity.

Since the mobile use of the AMS is not planned, an additional check of the dependence of the measuring signal on the mains frequency was waived.

6.4 Evaluation

At reference point the change as a percentage of the determined measured value for the calibration constant K_0 is observed for each test step in relation to the default point at 230 V.

As note it should be mentioned that by using the check of the calibration constant K_0 no concentration values could be simulated, an assessment in the range B_1 was not possible for this reason.





Page 105 of 473

6.5 Assessment

Due to voltage changes no deviation > 0.5 % for $PM_{2.5}$ and > -0.4 % for PM_{Coarse} , could be detected, referring to the standard value of 230 V.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Table 20 and Table 21 show the summarized representation of the test results.

Table 20: Dependence of the measuring value on the mains voltage, deviation in %, SN 20014

Mains voltage		Deviation	
		PM _{2.5}	PM _{Coarse}
Start voltage	End voltage	K ₀	K ₀
V	V	%	%
230	210	0.3	-0.1
210	230	0.1	-0.2
230	245	0.2	0.0
245	230	0.3	0.1

Table 21: Dependence of the measuring value on the mains voltage, deviation in %, SN 20116

Mains voltage		Deviation	
		PM _{2.5}	PM _{Coarse}
Start voltage	End voltage	K ₀	K ₀
V	V	%	%
230	210	0.5	0.0
210	230	0.1	-0.4
230	245	0.2	0.1
245	230	0.5	0.0

The single values can be taken from annex 4 of the appendix.



Page 106 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.3.9 Cross sensitivity

The change in the measured value caused by interfering components in the sample gas shall not exceed the requirements of Table 2 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010) at zero and reference point.

Note:

This point is not relevant for particulate measuring devices. The minimum requirement 5.4.5 is valid. Therefore, the results of this test can be found in module 5.4.5.

6.2 Equipment

Not applicable.

6.3 Performance of test

Not applicable.

6.4 Evaluation

Not applicable.

6.5 Assessment

Not applicable.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? -

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Not applicable.



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.3.10 Averaging effect

For gaseous components the measuring system shall allow the formation of hourly averages. The averaging effect shall not exceed the requirements of Table 2 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010).

Note:

This point is not relevant for particulate measurements.

6.2 Equipment

Not applicable.

6.3 Performance of test

Not applicable.

6.4 Evaluation

Not applicable.

6.5 Assessment

Not applicable.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? -

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Not applicable.

Page 107 of 473



Page 108 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.3.11 Standard deviation from paired measurements

The standard deviation from paired measurements under field conditions shall be determined with two identical measuring systems by paired measurements in the field test. It shall not exceed the requirements of Table 2 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010).

Note:

This test point is not evaluable for particulate measuring devices on the basis of currently valid Standard versions of the Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010) and VDI 4203 Part 3 (September 2010) due to a lack of defined minimum requirements. According to the decision of the competent authorities in Germany (see Module 5.3.1), alternatively the following specifications of the previous version of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (June 2002) are referred to.

The reproducibility R_D of the measuring device shall be determined with repeat determinations of two identical measuring devices and shall not fall below the value 10. The reference value B_1 shall be used.

6.2 Equipment

Additional measuring devices as stated in Chapter 5 were used when determining the reproducibility.

6.3 **Performance of test**

Reproducibility R_D is defined as the maximum deviation of two randomly chosen single values which were obtained under equal conditions in relation to each other. This test has been carried out with two identical devices which were simultaneously operated during the field test. The measured data from all four field tests was used for this test.

6.4 Evaluation

The reproducibility R_D is calculated as follows:

$$R = \frac{B_{1}}{U} \ge 10 \qquad \text{where} \qquad U = \pm s_{D} \cdot t_{(n;0,95)} \quad \text{and} \quad s_{D} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_{1i} - x_{2i})^{2}}$$

- R = Reproducibility R_D at B₁
- U = Uncertainty
- $B_1 = 40 \ \mu g/m^3$ for PM_{10} ; 25 $\mu g/m^3$ for $PM_{2.5}$
- s_D = Standard deviation from repeat determinations
- n = No. of parallel measurements
- $t_{(n;0,95)}$ = Student factor for 95% certainty
- x_{1i} = Measuring signal of device 1 (e.g. SN 20014) at ith concentration.
- x_{2i} = Measuring signal of device 2 (e.g. SN 20116) at ith concentration.

6.5 Assessment

The reproducibility $R_{\rm D}$ was 21 for $PM_{2.5}$ and 31 for PM_{10} during field test for the complete data set.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes


Page 109 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

The test results are summarized in Table 22 and Table 23 The graphical representation for PM_{10} is shown from Figure 75 to Figure 79 and for $PM_{2.5}$ in Figure 68 to Figure 72.

Note: The determined uncertainties are applied to the reference value B₁ for each test site.

Table 22: Concentration averages, standard deviation, uncertainty range and reproducibility in the field, measured component PM_{10}

Test site	Amount	<u>c</u> (SN 20014)	<u>c</u> (SN 20116)	\overline{c}_{ges}	S _D	t	U	R
		µg/m³	µg/m³	µg/m³	µg/m³		µg/m³	
Teddington	145	19.1	19.0	19.1	0.57	1.976	1.12	36
Cologne (winter)	88	32.6	32.5	32.6	0.51	1.987	1.02	39
Bornheim (sum- mer)	103	20.1	20.5	20.3	0.73	1.983	1.44	28
Bornheim (winter)	80	23.6	22.8	23.2	0.74	1.990	1.47	27
All test sites	416	23.1	23.0	23.1	0.65	1.966	1.28	31

Table 23: Concentration averages, standard deviation, uncertainty range and reproducibility in the field, measured component $PM_{2.5}$

Test site	Amount	<u>с</u> (SN 20014)	C (SN 20116)	\overline{c}_{ges}	S _D	t	U	R
		µg/m³	µg/m³	µg/m³	µg/m³		µg/m³	
Teddington	145	13.3	12.9	13.1	0.67	1.976	1.33	19
Cologne (winter)	88	23.2	22.7	23.0	0.60	1.987	1.18	21
Bornheim (sum- mer)	103	13.4	13.0	13.2	0.49	1.983	0.97	26
Bornheim (winter)	80	17.2	16.1	16.7	0.92	1.990	1.83	14
All test sites	416	16.2	15.6	15.9	0.61	1.966	1.20	21

• \bar{c} (SN 20014): Concentration averages, device SN 20014

• c (SN 20116): Concentration averages, device SN 20116

c
_{ges}: Concentration averages of the devices SN 20014 & SN 20116

Single values can be taken from the annex 5 of the appendix.



Page 110 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.3.12 Long-term drift

The long-term drift at zero point and reference point shall not exceed the requirements of Table 2 in the field test. A value ct at 70 % to 80 % of the upper limit of the certification range shall be used as reference point.

Note:

This test point is not evaluable for particulate measuring devices on the basis of currently valid Standard versions of the Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010) and VDI 4203 Part 3 (September 2010) due to a lack of defined minimum requirements. According to the decision of the competent authorities in Germany (see Module 5.3.1), alternatively the following specifications of the previous version of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (June 2002) are referred to.

The temporal change of the zero point measured value shall not exceed the reference value B_0 within 24 h and the maintenance interval.

The temporal change of the measured values in the range of the reference value B_1 shall not exceed ± 5 % of B_1 within 24 h and the maintenance interval.

6.2 Equipment

Zero-filter for zero-point check, K₀-test kit for reference-point check.

6.3 **Performance of test**

The test was performed within the scope of the field test with a total time period of 25 months.

Within the scope of a regular check approx. once a month (incl. at the beginning and the end of every test site), the measuring device was run for a time period of at least 24 h each with zero-filters at the device-inlets; the measured zero-valued were evaluated. The zero-measurements were performed as planned with a monthly change of the TEOM-filter and the 47 mm-filter.

Furthermore, the stability of the calibration constant was tested and evaluated for the reference point check at the beginning and end auf each test site.

6.4 Evaluation

An evaluation of the drift at zero-point and the measured value within 24 h is not possible.

The evaluation at zero-point is done on the basis of the measuring results of the regular external zero-point measurements by comparing the respective values with the "measured values" of the previous test and the "measured values" of the first test.

The evaluation at reference-point is done on the basis of the measuring results for the calibration constant K_0 by comparing the respective values with the "measured values" of the previous test and the "measured values" of the first test.

It should be noted that using the test of the calibration constant K_0 no concentration values can be simulated. Therefore, an assessment in the range of B_1 was not possible.



Page 111 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.5 Assessment

The maximum deviation found at zero-point for $PM_{2.5}$ was -1.8 µg/m³ with reference to the previous value and 2.0 µg/m³ with reference to the start value and are thus within the allowed range of B₀ = 2 µg/m³.

The determined single values for PM_{10} are normally within the permitted deviation limits. Merely for SN 20014 the single value on 02.07.2010 was outside the permitted tolerance range. A negative effect on the performance of the measuring device could not be observed.

The maximum deviation found at zero-point for PM_{10} was 2.4 µg/m³ with reference to the previous value and -2.2 µg/m³ with reference to the start value and are thus within the allowed range of B₀ = 2 µg/m.

The values for the drift of the sensitivity determined within the range of the test did not exceed 1.5 % for $PM_{2.5}$ and. 1.7 % for PM_{Coarse} with reference to the start value._b

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Table 24 and Table 25 contain the determined values for the zero-point and the calculated deviation referring to the previous value and the start value in μ g/m³. Figure 39 to Figure 42 show the graphical representation of the zero-point drift over the test period.

In Table 26 and Table 27 the deviations of the measured values are shown in % of the respective previous value. Figure 43 and Figure 44 show the graphical representation of the drift of the measured values (referring to the previous value).



Page 112 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

	SN 20014, PM _{2.5}			SN 20014, PM ₁₀		
Date	Measured value	Deviation from previous value	Deviation from start value	Measured value	Deviation from previous val- ue	Deviation from start value
	µg/m³	µg/m³	µg/m³	µg/m³	µg/m³	µg/m³
06.12.2009	1.4	-	-	1.7	-	-
07.12.2009	0.7	-0.7	-0.7	0.7	-1.0	-1.0
04.01.2010	0.6	-0.1	-0.8	-0.3	-0.9	-2.0
06.02.2010	2.1	1.4	0.7	2.1	2.4	0.4
07.02.2010	1.9	-0.1	0.5	2.0	-0.1	0.3
07.03.2010	1.7	-0.2	0.3	1.7	-0.3	0.0
26.04.2010	1.9	0.2	0.5	2.0	0.3	0.3
26.05.2010	1.2	-0.7	-0.3	1.2	-0.8	-0.5
02.07.2010	2.0	0.8	0.6	3.4	2.2	1.7
29.01.2011	0.2	-1.8	-1.2	-0.5	-3.9	-2.2
30.01.2011	0.7	0.5	-0.7	1.7	2.2	0.0
31.01.2011	2.1	1.4	0.7	2.0	0.3	0.3
05.03.2011	1.2	-0.9	-0.2	1.2	-0.8	-0.5
06.03.2011	1.0	-0.3	-0.4	0.9	-0.3	-0.8
07.03.2011	0.9	-0.1	-0.5	0.9	0.0	-0.8
09.04.2011	1.2	0.3	-0.3	1.1	0.1	-0.7
10.04.2011	0.4	-0.7	-1.0	0.3	-0.7	-1.4
22.07.2011	-0.1	-0.5	-1.5	-0.1	-0.4	-1.8
23.07.2011	0.1	0.2	-1.3	0.0	0.1	-1.7
24.07.2011	0.3	0.2	-1.1	0.2	0.2	-1.5
17.09.2011	0.2	-0.1	-1.2	0.2	0.0	-1.5
18.09.2011	0.6	0.3	-0.9	0.7	0.5	-1.0
17.12.2011	1.5	0.9	0.1	1.5	0.7	-0.2
18.12.2011	0.9	-0.6	-0.5	0.7	-0.8	-1.0
15.02.2012	0.9	-0.1	-0.6	0.3	-0.4	-1.4
16.02.2012	1.2	0.4	-0.2	1.2	0.9	-0.5

Table 24: Zero-point drift SN 20014, with zero-filter

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 113 of 473

	SN 20116, PM _{2.5}			SN 20116, PM ₁₀		
Date	Measured value	Deviation from previous value	Deviation from start value	Measured value	Deviation from previous val- ue	Deviation from start value
	µg/m³	µg/m³	µg/m³	µg/m³	µg/m³	µg/m³
06.12.2009	0.5	-	-	0.5	-	-
07.12.2009	0.3	-0.2	-0.2	0.4	-0.2	-0.2
04.01.2010	2.0	1.7	1.5	2.1	1.7	1.5
06.02.2010	2.1	0.1	1.5	2.0	0.0	1.5
07.02.2010	2.3	0.2	1.8	2.2	0.2	1.7
07.03.2010	2.6	0.2	2.0	2.5	0.3	2.0
26.04.2010	2.3	-0.2	1.8	2.5	0.0	1.9
26.05.2010	1.0	-1.3	0.5	1.0	-1.5	0.4
02.07.2010	-0.1	-1.1	-0.7	1.7	0.8	1.2
29.01.2011	1.6	1.7	1.0	1.1	-0.7	0.5
30.01.2011	0.8	-0.7	0.3	-0.2	-1.3	-0.7
31.01.2011	1.0	0.2	0.5	0.9	1.1	0.4
05.03.2011	1.2	0.2	0.6	1.2	0.3	0.6
06.03.2011	1.0	-0.2	0.5	0.9	-0.3	0.3
07.03.2011	0.5	-0.5	0.0	0.4	-0.5	-0.2
09.04.2011	1.7	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.1	0.9
10.04.2011	0.7	-1.0	0.1	0.5	-1.0	-0.1
22.07.2011	0.4	-0.2	-0.1	0.7	0.2	0.2
23.07.2011	-0.4	-0.9	-1.0	-0.1	-0.8	-0.6
24.07.2011	0.5	0.9	-0.1	0.7	0.8	0.2
17.09.2011	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.9	0.1	0.3
18.09.2011	-0.7	-1.3	-1.3	-0.7	-1.5	-1.2
17.12.2011	-0.2	0.5	-0.8	-0.1	0.6	-0.6
18.12.2011	0.4	0.6	-0.1	0.5	0.6	0.0
15.02.2012	0.3	-0.1	-0.3	0.8	0.3	0.2
16.02.2012	0.2	-0.1	-0.3	0.7	0.0	0.2

Table 25: Zero-point drift SN 20116, with zero-filter



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 39: Zero-point drift SN 20014, measured component PM_{2.5}



Figure 40: Zero-point drift SN 20014, measured component PM₁₀



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 41: Zero-point drift SN 20116, measured component PM_{2.5}



Figure 42: Zero-point drift SN 20116, measured component PM₁₀



Page 116 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Date	SN 20014					
		PM _{2.5}		PM _{Coarse}		
	Measured value	Deviation from previous value	Deviation from start value	Measured value	Deviation from previous value	Deviation from start value
	K ₀	%	%	K ₀	%	%
06.12.2009	15367.0	-	-	13719.0	-	-
05.03.2010	15295.2	-0.5	-0.5	-	-	-
19.04.2010	15337.0	0.3	-0.2	13695.0	-0.2	-0.2
07.07.2010	15352.0	0.1	-0.1	13686.0	-0.1	-0.2
27.01.2011	15349.6	0.0	-0.1	13634.4	-0.4	-0.6
12.05.2011	15147.7	-1.3	-1.4	13560.8	-0.5	-1.2
19.07.2011	15367.9	1.5	0.0	13794.8	1.7	0.6
26.09.2011	15430.6	0.4	0.4	13753.0	-0.3	0.2
22.02.2012	15265.8	-1.1	-0.7	13714.6	-0.3	0.0

Table 26:Sensitivity drift SN 20014

Table 27: Sensitivity drift SN 20116

Date		SN 20116				
		PM _{2.5}		PM _{Coarse}		
	Measured value	Deviation from previous value	Deviation from start value	Measured value	Deviation from previous value	Deviation from start value
	K ₀	%	%	K ₀	%	%
06.12.2009	17919.0	-	-	15312.0	-	-
05.03.2010	17799.2	-0.7	-0.7	-	-	-
19.04.2010	17763.0	-0.2	-0.9	15190.0	-0.8	-0.8
07.07.2010	17800.0	0.2	-0.7	15218.0	0.2	-0.6
27.01.2011	17783.7	-0.1	-0.8	15215.5	0.0	-0.6
12.05.2011	17645.8	-0.8	-1.5	15134.8	-0.5	-1.2
19.07.2011	17848.5	1.1	-0.4	15217.5	0.5	-0.6
26.09.2011	17897.2	0.3	-0.1	15224.5	0.0	-0.6
22.02.2012	17856.9	-0.2	-0.3	15233.2	0.1	-0.5



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 43: Drift of the measured value SN 20014, measured component PM_{2.5} & PM_{Coarse}



Figure 44: Drift of the measured value SN 20116, measured component PM_{2.5} & PM_{Coarse}



Page 118 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.3.13 Short-time drift

The short-term drift at zero point and reference point shall not exceed the requirements of Table 2 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010) within 12 h (for benzene 24 h) in the laboratory test and within 24 h in the field test. A value ct at 70 % to 80 % of the upper limit of the certification range shall be used as reference point.

Note:

According to the decision of the competent German body (see module 5.3.1) this test point is not relevant for particulate measuring devices.

6.2 Equipment

Not applicable.

6.3 Performance of test

Not applicable.

6.4 Evaluation

Not applicable.

6.5 Assessment

Not applicable.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? -

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results



Page 119 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.3.14 Response time

The response time (rise) of the measuring system shall not exceed 180 s.

The response time (fall) of the measuring system shall not exceed 180 s.

The difference between the response time (rise) and response time (fall) of the measuring system shall not exceed 10% of response time (rise) or 10 s, whatever value is larger.

Note:

This point is not relevant for particulate measuring devices.

6.2 Equipment

Not applicable.

6.3 Performance of test

Not applicable.

6.4 Evaluation

Not applicable.

6.5 Assessment

Not applicable.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? -

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results



Page 120 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.3.15 Difference between sample- and calibration port

The difference between the measured values obtained by feeding gas at the sample and calibration port shall not exceed the requirements of Table 2 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010). A value ct at 70 % to 80 % of the upper limit of the certification range shall be used as reference point.

Note:

This point is not relevant for particulate measuring devices.

6.2 Equipment

Not applicable.

6.3 Performance of test

Not applicable.

6.4 Evaluation

Not applicable.

6.5 Assessment

Not applicable.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? -

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.3.16 Converter efficiency

In the case of measuring systems with a converter, the efficiency of the converter shall be at least 98 %.

Note:

This point is not relevant for particulate measuring devices.

6.2 Equipment

Not applicable.

6.3 Performance of test

Not applicable.

6.4 Evaluation

Not applicable.

6.5 Assessment

Not applicable.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? -

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results



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Page 122 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.3.17 Increase of NO₂ concentration due to residence in the measuring system

In case of NO_x measuring systems the increase of NO_2 concentration due to residence in the measuring system shall not exceed the requirements of Table 2 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010).

The requirements of Table 2 Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010) apply to certification ranges according to Table 1 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010). For deviating certification ranges the requirements shall be proportionally converted.

Note:

This point is not relevant for particulate measuring devices.

6.2 Equipment

Not applicable.

6.3 **Performance of test**

Not applicable.

6.4 Evaluation

Not applicable.

6.5 Assessment

Not applicable.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? -

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results



Page 123 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.3.18 Overall uncertainty

The expanded uncertainty of the measuring system shall be determined. The value determined shall not exceed the corresponding data quality objectives in the applicable EU Directives on air quality listed in Annex A, Table A1 of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010).

Note:

According to the decision of the competent German body (see module 5.3.1 this test point is not relevant for particulate measuring devices. Reference is made to module 5.4.10.

6.2 Equipment

According to the decision of the competent German body (see module 5.3.1 this test point is not relevant for particulate measuring devices. Reference is made to module 5.4.10.

6.3 **Performance of test**

According to the decision of the competent German body (see module 5.3.1 this test point is not relevant for particulate measuring devices. Reference is made to module 5.4.10.

6.4 Evaluation

According to the decision of the competent German body (see module 5.3.1 this test point is not relevant for particulate measuring devices. Reference is made to module 5.4.10.

6.5 Assessment

According to the decision of the competent German body (see module 5.3.1 this test point is not relevant for particulate measuring devices. Reference is made to module 5.4.10.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? -

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

According to the decision of the competent German body (see module 5.3.1 this test point is not relevant for particulate measuring devices. Reference is made to module 5.4.10.



Page 124 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.4.1 General

Test for particulate measuring units according to the minimum requirement stated in Table 5 of Standard VDI 4202, Part 1.

Furthermore, the particle mass concentration shall be related to a defined volume. The relation to volume with respect to pressure and temperature shall be comprehensively described.

6.2 Equipment

Not required for this minimum requirement.

6.3 **Performance of test**

The test took place according to the minimum requirement stated in Table 5 of Standard VDI 4202, Part 1 (September 2010).

It was tested, if the measured particulate mass concentrations are referred to a defined volume.

6.4 Evaluation

The test took place according to the minimum requirement stated in Table 5 of Standard VDI 4202, Part 1 (September 2010).

The measuring unit TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particle Monitor is a gravimetric measuring device, which determines the mass deposited on a filter via oscillating micro weighing. The determined mass is related to a defined and actively regulated sampling volume and thereby the particulate concentration is determined.

6.5 Assessment

The test took place according to the minimum requirement stated in Table 5 of Standard VDI 4202, Part 1 (September 2010).

The measuring unit TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particle Monitor is a gravimetric measuring device, which determines the mass deposited sited on a filter via oscillating micro weighing. The determined mass is related to a defined and actively regulated sampling volume and thereby the particulate concentration is determined.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Not required for this minimum requirement.



Page 125 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.4.2 Equivalency of the sampling system

The equivalency between the PM_{10} sampling system and the reference method according to EN 12341 [T5] shall be demonstrated.

For PM_{2.5}-sampling systems not applicable. Reference is made to module 5.4.10 of this report.

6.2 Equipment

For this test point additional equipment was used according to point 5 of this report.

6.3 **Performance of test**

The test was performed at different test sites during field test according to point 4 of this report. In doing so, the different seasons and different levels of concentrations were taken into account.

At each test site at least 15 valid data pairs were determined.

6.4 Evaluation

Requirement from EN 12341:

The calculated functional relationship y = f(x) between concentration values measured with the candidate sampler (y) and concentration values measured with the reference sampler (x) has to be limited by a two-sided acceptance range. This acceptance range is given by:

y = (x \pm 10) µg/m³ for concentration averages \leq 100 µg/m³ and

y = $0.9x \mu g/m^3$ respectively $1.1x \mu g/m^3$ for concentration averages > $100 \mu g/m^3$

Moreover, the variance coefficient R^2 of the calculated reference-equivalence-function shall be at least 0.95.

The test procedure focuses on the functional relationship between the concentration values which were determined through double measurements with candidate and reference sampler. Ideally both instruments sample the same fraction of suspended particulate matter which leads to the relation y = x. The evaluation process is as follows:

A linear regression analysis based on the measured values was done for every single test site and, after merging the overall measured data, for all four test sites together.

One receives for every measurement value y_i of the candidate sampler i and the concentration x, measured with the reference sampler – both in $\mu g/m^3$ - a reference-equivalence-function according to the general relation:

 $y_i = m \cdot x + b$

with i = candidate 1405-DF



Page 126 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.5 Assessment

The reference-equivalence functions for the test site Cologne (winter) and Bornheim (winter) lay within the limits of the respective acceptance range and for the test site Bornheim (summer) exactly on the limit of the respective acceptance range and for the test site Teddington outside the limits of the respective acceptance range.

Furthermore, the variation coefficient R^2 of the calculated reference-equivalence functions in the relevant concentration range for the data sets "All data set", "Cologne (winter)", "Bornheim (summer)" and "Bornheim (winter)" is ≥ 0.95 . Merely for the data set "Teddington" the variation coefficient is < 0.95. The equivalence test according to 6.1 5.4.10 Calculation of the expanded uncertainty of the instruments is fulfilled nevertheless for all test sites.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? no

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

The results of the regression analysis are summarized from Table 28 to Table 29. The graphical representations are shown from Figure 45 to Figure 54. Next to the regression line, the diagrams show an image of the ideal curve y=x and the two-sided acceptance range. All single values for the candidates and the reference device – separated according to test site – can be taken from annex 5 of the appendix.

SN 20014	No. of paired values N	Slope m	Ordinate intercept b	R ²
Teddington	124	0.857	3.769	0.92
Cologne, W	74	1.023	0.917	0.98
Bornheim, S	75	1.103	-0.140	0.98
Bornheim, W	63	1.048	1.305	0.99
SN 20116	No. of paired values N	Slope m	Ordinate intercept b	R ²
Teddington	124	0.875	3.240	0.93
Cologne, W	74	1.017	0.931	0.99
Bornheim, S	75	1.105	0.251	0.97
Bornheim, W	65	1.043	0.949	0.99

Table 28:	Results of the linear regression analysis of the measurements with both candidates
	SN 20014 and SN 20116 at the four test sites





Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Page 127 of 473

Table 29:Results of the linear regression analysis of the measurements with both candidates
SN 20014 und SN 20116 (total)

Device	No. of paired values N	Slope m	Ordinate intercept b	R²
SN 20014	336	1.009	1.408	0.97
SN 20116	338	1.007	1.355	0.97



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Page 128 of 473



Figure 45: Reference-equivalence function SN 20014, test site Teddington



Figure 46: Reference-equivalence function SN 20116, test site Teddington



Page 129 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 47: Reference-equivalence function SN 20014, test site Cologne, winter



Figure 48: Reference-equivalence function SN 20116, test site Cologne, winter



Page 130 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 49: Reference-equivalence function SN 20014, test site Bornheim, summer



Figure 50: Reference-equivalence function SN 20116, test site Bornheim, summer



Page 131 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 51: Reference-equivalence function SN 20014, test site Bornheim, winter



Figure 52: Reference-equivalence function SN 20116, test site Bornheim, winter



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Page 132 of 473



Figure 53: Reference-equivalence function SN 20014, all test sites



Figure 54: Reference-equivalence function SN 20116, all test sites



Page 133 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.4.3 Reproducibility of the sampling systems

The PM_{10} sampling systems of two identical systems under test shall be reproducible among themselves according to EN 12341. This shall be demonstrated in the field test.

For PM_{2.5}-sampling systems not applicable. Reference is made to module 5.4.9 of this report.

6.2 Equipment

Not required for this minimum requirement.

6.3 **Performance of test**

The test was performed at different test sites during field test. In doing so, the different seasons and different levels of PM_{10} -concentrations were taken into account.

At each test site at least 15 valid data pairs were determined.

6.4 Evaluation

The two-sided confidence interval Cl_{95} , calculated from the concentration averages measured with the candidates, shall not exceed a value of 5 μ g/m³ for concentration averages of 100 μ g/m³ or less, and of 0.05 for concentration averages of more than 100 μ g/m³.

The demonstration of comparability of the candidates is focused on the differences D_i of the concentration values Y_i . Ideally both candidates are equal and thus sample the same suspended particulate matter fraction, implying $D_i = 0$. The procedure is as follows:

The average concentrations Y_i of the i-th parallel measurement of the candidate samplers are calculated, followed by dividing the average concentrations Y_i into two separated data sets:

- a) Data set with $Y_i \le 100 \ \mu g/m^3$ with number of paired values n_{\le} and
- b) Data set with $Y_i > 100 \ \mu g/m^3$ with number of paired values $n_>$

Re a):

The absolute standard deviation s_a is calculated from the paired values of the data set with $Y_i \le 100 \ \mu g/m^3$:

$$s_a = \sqrt{\left(\sum D_i^2 / 2n_{\leq}\right)}$$

The corresponding Student factor $t_{f_{\leq},0,975}$ is used, defined as the 0.975 quintile of the two-sided 95 % confidence interval of the Student t-distribution with $f_{\leq} = n_{\leq} - 2$ degrees of freedom.



Page 134 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

The two-sided confidence interval Cl_{95} for the average concentration values \leq 100 $\mu g/m^3$ is then calculated as follows:

$$CI_{95} = s_a \cdot t_{f_{<};0,975}$$

Re b):

The relative standard deviation s_r is calculated from the paired values of the data set with $Y_i > 100 \ \mu g/m^3$ as follows:

$$s_r = \sqrt{(\sum (D_i / Y_i)^2 / 2n_>)}$$

Once again the corresponding Student factor $t_{f_{< 0.975}}$, defined as the 0.975 quintile of the two-

sided 95 % confidence interval of the Student t-distribution with $f_{\rm \leq}$ = $n_{\rm \leq}$ - 2 degrees of freedom, is used.

The two-sided confidence interval Cl_{95} for the average concentration values > 100 μ g/m³ is then calculated as follows:

$$CI_{95} = s_r \cdot t_{f_{>};0,975}$$

During the field tests no concentration values > 100 μ g/m³ were measured. A statistical evaluation of these concentration ranges is for this reason not possible. Therefore the assessment according to b) is not applicable.

6.5 Assessment

Valid for all tested sites:

The two-sided confidence interval CI_{95} is with a maximum of 1.76 µg/m³ below the demanded value of 5 µg/m³ for all test sites.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Table 30 shows the calculated values for the standard deviation s_a and the two-sided confidence interval Cl_{95} . The graphical representation follows in Figure 55 to Figure 59. The diagrams contain, besides the regression line of both candidates (determined via linear regression analysis), the curve y = x, which is seen as the ideal case and the two-sided acceptance range. All single values for the candidate can be looked up in annex 5.

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and vir-

tual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 135 of 473

Candidate	Test site	No. of values	Standard deviation s _a	Student factor t _f	Confidence interval Cl ₉₅
SN			µg/m³		µg/m³
20014/20116	Teddington	145	0.68	1.977	1.34
20014/20116	Cologne, W	88	0.89	1.988	1.76
20014/20116	Bornheim, S	103	0.78	1.984	1.55
20014/20116	Bornheim, W	80	0.81	1.991	1.61
20014/20116	Total	416	0.78	1.966	1.53

Table 30: Two-sided 95%-confidence-interval Cl₉₅ for the candidates SN 20014 and SN 20116



Figure 55: Result of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 / SN 20116, test site Teddington



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Page 136 of 473



Figure 56: Result of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 / SN 20116, test site Cologne, winter



Figure 57: Result of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 / SN 20116, test site Bornheim, summer



Page 137 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 58: Result of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 / SN 20116, test site Bornheim, winter



Figure 59: Result of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 / SN 20116, all sites



Page 138 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.4.4 Calibration

The systems under test shall be calibrated in the field test by comparison measurements with the reference method according to EN 12341. Here, the relationship between the output signal and the gravimetrically determined reference concentration shall the determined as a steady function.

6.2 Equipment

See modules 5.4.2 and 5.4.10.

6.3 **Performance of test**

For PM₁₀:

The comparability of the measuring systems was demonstrated within the scope of the testing (see module 5.4.2).

For the determination of the calibration and the analysis function, the complete data set is used (336 valid measured value pairs for SN 20014, 338 valid measured value pairs for SN 20116).

The parameters of the calibration function

y = m * x + b

were determined by linear regression. The analysis function is the reversal of the calibration function. It reads

x = 1/m * y - b/m

The slope m of the regression line characterized the sensitivity of the measuring device; the ordinate intercept b characterized the zero-point.

For PM_{2.5}:

The comparability of the measuring systems was demonstrated within the scope of the testing (see module 5.4.2).

For the determination of the calibration and the analysis function, the complete data set is used (338 valid measured value pairs for SN 20014, 341 valid measured value pairs for SN 20116).

The parameters of the calibration function

$$y = m * x + b$$

were determined by orthogonal regression. The analysis function is the reversal of the calibration function. It reads

$$x = 1/m * y - b/m$$

The slope m of the regression line characterized the sensitivity of the measuring device; the ordinate intercept b characterized the zero-point.



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Page 139 of 473

6.4 Evaluation

The values for PM_{10} result as shown in Table 31.

Table 31: Results of the calibration and analysis function, measured component PM₁₀

Device-Nr.	Calibration function		Analysis function		
	Y = m * x + b		x = 1/m * y - b/m		
	m	b	1/m	b/m	
	μg/m³ / μg/m³	µg/m³	μg/m³ / μg/m³	µg/m³	
Device 1 (SN 20014)	1.009	1.408	0.991	1.395	
Device 2 (SN 20116)	1.007	1.355	0.993	1.346	

The values for $PM_{2.5}$ result as shown in Table 32.

Table 32: Results of the calibration and	analysis function,	measured component PM _{2.5}
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Device-Nr.	Calibration function		Analysis function	
	Y = m * x + b		x = 1/m * y - b/m	
	m	b	1/m	b/m
	μg/m³ / μg/m³	µg/m³	μg/m³ / μg/m³	µg/m³
Device 1 (SN 20014)	1.006	1.352	0.994	1.344
Device 2 (SN 20116)	0.991	1.040	1.009	1.049

6.5 Assessment

A statistically secured relation between the reference measuring procedure and the instrument display could be demonstrated.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

See modules 5.4.2 and 5.4.10.



Page 140 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.4.5 Cross sensitivity

The interference caused by moisture in the sample may not exceed 10% of the limit value in the range of the limit value.

6.2 Equipment

Not necessary for this minimum requirement.

6.3 Performance of test

The determination of the interference caused by moisture in the sample has been carried out under field conditions.

Instead, the differences between the determined reference value (= nominal value) and the measured value of the respective candidate system were calculated for days of more than 70 % relative humidity during field test, and the average difference was set as a conservative estimation of the interfering effect of humidity contained in the measured medium.

In addition, the reference-equivalence-functions were determined from the field investigations for days of more than 70 % relative humidity for both candidate systems.

6.4 Evaluation

The average difference between the determined reference value (= nominal value) and the measured value of the respective candidate system was calculated for days of more than 70 % relative humidity during field test, and the relative deviation of the average concentration was determined.

Annual limit value PM_{2.5} = 25 µg/m³

10 % of ALV = 2.5 μg/m³ 10 % of ALV = 4 μg/m

Annual limit value PM₁₀ = 40 µg/m³

Further investigations were made to determine whether the comparability of the candidate systems with the reference method according to Guide "Demonstration of Equivalence of Ambient Air Monitoring Methods" [5] is also given at days of more than 70 % relative humidity.



Page 141 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.5 Assessment

No interference caused by moisture in the sample > -0.5 μ g/m³ deviation from nominal value for PM_{2.5} and > -0.9 μ g/m³ deviation from nominal value for PM₁₀ could be observed.

During the field test, no negative influence on the measured values could be noted at changing relative humidities. The comparability of the candidates with the reference method according to Guide "Demonstration of Equivalence of Ambient Air Monitoring Methods" [5] also is given for the days with a relative humidity > 70 %.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Table 33 and Table 34 show a summarizing presentation.

Table 33:Deviation between reference measurement and candidates at the days with a relative
humidity > 70 %, measured component $PM_{2.5}$

Field test, days with a relative humidity >70 %					
		Reference	SN 20014	SN 20116	
Average	µg/m³	15.1	15.3	14.6	
Deviation to average reference in µg/m³	µg/m³	-	0.2	-0.5	
Deviation in % of average reference	%	-	1.3	-3.3	
Deviation in % of ALV	%	-	0.8	-2.0	



Page 142 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Table 34:Deviation between reference measurement and candidates at the days with a relative
humidity > 70 %, measured component PM_{10}

Field test, days with a relative humidity >70 %					
		Reference	SN 20014	SN 20116	
Average	µg/m³	21.9	21.2	21.0	
Deviation to average reference in µg/m³	µg/m³	-	-0.7	-0.9	
Deviation in % of average reference	%	-	-3.2	-4.1	
Deviation in % of ALV	%	-	-1.8	-2.3	

Single values can be taken from annex 5 and 6 in the appendix.

The presentation and the assessment of the measuring uncertainties W_{CM} at the days with a relative humidity > 70 % is made in Table 35 to Table 38. Single values can be taken from annex 5 and 6 in the appendix.

Table 35:Comparison candidate 20014 with reference device, rel. humidity > 70 %,
all test sites, measured component $PM_{2.5}$

Comp	arison candidate with ref	erence according to			
Guide "Demonstration of Equivalence Of Ambient Air Monitoring Methods", January 2010					
Candidate	1405-DF	SN	SN 20014		
Test site	All test sites, rH>70%	Limit value	30	µg/m³	
Status of measured values	Raw data	Allowed uncertainty	25	%	
	Results of regressior	n analysis			
Slope b	1.00	not significant			
Uncertainty of b	0.01				
Ordinate intercept a	1.19	significant			
Uncertainty of a	0.23				
	Results of the equiva	lence test			
Deviation at limit value	1.22	µg/m³			
Uncertainty uc_s at limit value	2.38	µg/m³			
Combined measurement uncertainty w_{CM}	7.93	%			
Expanded measurement uncertainty W_{CM}	15.87	%			
Status equivalence test	pass				



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Table 36:Comparison candidate 20014 with reference device, rel. humidity > 70 %,
all test sites, measured component PM_{10}

Comparison candidate with reference according to						
Guide "Demonstration of Equivalence Of Ambient Air Monitoring Methods", January 2010						
Candidate	1405-DF	SN	SN 20014			
Test site	Alle test sites, rH>70%	Limit value	50	µg/m³		
Status of measured values	Raw data	Allowed uncertainty	25	%		
	Results of regression	analysis				
Slope b	1.02	not significant				
Uncertainty of b	0.01					
Ordinate intercept a	0.61	significant				
Uncertainty of a	0.30					
	Results of the equivale	ence test				
Deviation at limit value	1.55	µg/m³				
Uncertainty uc_s at limit value	2.76	µg/m³				
Combined measurement uncertainty w_{CM}	5.52	%				
Expanded measurement uncertainty W_{CM}	11.03	%				
Status equivalence test	pass					

Table 37: Comparison candidate 20116 with reference device, rel. humidity > 70 %, all test sites, measured component $PM_{2.5}$

Comparison candidate with reference according to							
Guide "Demonstration of Equivalence Of Ambient Air Monitoring Methods", January 2010							
Candidate	1405-DF	SN	SN 20116				
Test site	All test sites, rH>70%	Limit value	30	µg/m³			
Status of measured values	Raw data	Allowed uncertainty	25	%			
	Results of regression analysis						
Slope b	0.99	not significant					
Uncertainty of b	0.01						
Ordinate intercept a	0.87	significant					
Uncertainty of a	0.20						
Results of the equivalence test							
Deviation at limit value	0.45	µg/m³					
Uncertainty uc_s at limit value	1.82	µg/m³					
Combined measurement uncertainty w_{CM}	6.08	%					
Expanded measurement uncertainty W_{CM}	12.16	%					
Status equivalence test	pass						



Page 144 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Table 38:Comparison candidate 20116 with reference device, rel. humidity > 70 %,
all test sites, measured component PM_{10}

-						
Comparison candidate with reference according to						
Guide "Demonstration of Equivalence Of Ambient Air Monitoring Methods", January 2010						
Candidate	1405-DF	SN	SN 20116			
Test site	Alle test sites, rH>70%	Limit value	50	µg/m³		
Status of measured values	Raw data	Allowed uncertainty	25	%		
	Results of regression	analysis				
Slope b	1.01	not significant				
Uncertainty of b	0.01					
Ordinate intercept a	0.74	significant				
Uncertainty of a	0.28					
	Results of the equivale	ence test				
Deviation at limit value	1.21	µg/m³				
Uncertainty uc_s at limit value	2.45	µg/m³				
Combined measurement uncertainty w_{CM}	4.90	%				
Expanded measurement uncertainty W_{CM}	9.80	%				
Status equivalence test	pass					


Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Page 145 of 473

6.1 5.4.6 Averaging effect

The measuring system shall allow for formation of 24 h averages. The time of the sum of all filter changes within 24 h may not exceed 1 % of this averaging time.

6.2 Equipment

For the test a clock was provided.

6.3 Performance of test

It was tested, if the AMS allows the formation of daily averages.

6.4 Evaluation

The FDMS-unit of the AMS switches alternately every 6 minutes between the operating modi "base mode" and "reference mode" to take into account the amount of semi-volatile particle matter (see as well point 3.2 Functionality of the measuring system).

On the basis of the determined mass concentration in the "base mode" and the respective following "reference mode" the expended mass concentration is determined.

Example:

The device collects for 6 minutes in the "base mode" and determines a base mass concentration of 5 μ g/m³. Afterwards the device collects for 6 minutes in the "reference mode" and determines a reference mass concentration of -1 μ g/m³. The expended mass concentration amounts therefore to 5 μ g/m³ - (-1 μ g/m³) = 6 μ g/m³.

The actual available sampling time (= base mode) per measuring cycle therefore is exactly 50 % of the total cycle. The results of the field tests according to 6.1 5.4.10 Calculation of the expanded uncertainty of the instruments in this report show, that for this instrument configuration a comparability of the candidates could be demonstrated securely with the reference method and the formation of daily averages therefore is possible securely.

6.5 Assessment

The formation of valid daily averages is possible.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Not required.



Page 146 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.4.7 Constancy of sample volumetric flow

The sample volumetric flow averaged over the sampling time shall be constant within ± 3 % of the rated value. All instantaneous values of the sample volumetric flow shall be within a range of ± 5 % of the rated value during sampling.

6.2 Equipment

For the test additionally a flow meter according to point 4 was provided.

6.3 **Performance of test**

The sample volumetric flow was calibrated before the first field sampling test site and tested for its correctness before each field sampling test site using a dry gas meter or a mass flow meter, and readjusted if necessary.

For the measuring device TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor, a total flow rate of 16,67 l/min at the inlet is split in three sub flows, the $PM_{2.5}$ -path with 3 l/min, the PM_{Coarse} -path with 1.67 l/min and the Bypass with 12 l/min.

To determine the constancy of the relevant sample volumetric flow, a flow rate for PM_{10} and a total flow rate for the test site Cologne (Winter), which partly was characterized by high concentrations and filter loads up to >50 %, were recorded in the candidates and the flow rates were evaluated on a 24 h-basis.

6.4 Evaluation

From the determined average for the flow rate, average, standard deviation and maximumand minimum value were defined.

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 147 of 473

6.5 Assessment

The results from the performed flow rate checks before each field test site are represented in Table 39.

Flow rate check before		SN	20014	SN	20116
Test site:		[l/min]	Deviation from nominal value [%]	[l/min]	Deviation from nominal value [%]
Teddington, Dec. 2009	PM _{2.5}	3.03	1.0	3.04	1.3
	PM_{Coarse}	1.68	0.6	1.66	-0.6
	Total	16.41	-1.6	16.85	1.1
Teddington, April 2010	PM _{2.5}	3.12	4.0	2.99	-0.3
	PM_{Coarse}	1.75	4.8	1.67	0.0
	Total	17.44	4.6	17.23	3.4
Cologne, winter	PM _{2.5}	2.99	-0.3	2.96	-1.3
	PM_{Coarse}	1.66	-0.6	1.67	0.0
	Total	16.80	0.8	16.50	-1.0
Bornheim, summer	PM _{2.5}	3.12	4.0	3.07	2.3
	PM _{Coarse}	1.72	3.0	1.67	0.0
	Total	16.84	1.0	16.74	0.4

Table 39: Results control flow rate



Page 148 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

The graphical representation of the flow rates for $PM_{2.5}$ (Nominal: 3 l/min), PM_{Coarse} (Nominal: 1,67 l/min) and the total flow rate (Nominal: 16,67 l/min) show that all values determined during sampling deviate less than ± 5 % from the respective nominal value. The deviation of the 24h-average for the total flow rate of 16.67 l/min are as well significantly smaller than the demanded ± 3 % of the nominal value.

All determined daily averages deviate less than \pm 3 %, all instantaneous values less than \pm 5 % from the nominal value.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

In Table 40 and Table 41 the determined parameter for the flow are shown. Figure 60 to Figure 67 show the graphical representation of the flow measurements at both candidates SN 20014 and SN 20116.

Table 40: Parameter for the total flow measurement (24h-average, Cologne, winter), SN 20014

No. of 24h values	Average [l/min]	Dev. from nominal value [%]	Std. Dev. [l/min]	Max [l/min]	Min [l/min]
106	16.67	-0.001	0.02	16.82	16.53

Table 41: Parameter for the total flow measurement (24h-average, Cologne, winter), SN 20116

No. of 24h values	Average [l/min]	Dev. from nominal value [%]	Std. Dev. [l/min]	Max [l/min]	Min [l/min]
105	16.67	-0.001	0.02	16.93	16.41





Figure 60: Course of time of the PM-concentration [µg/m³], Candidate SN 20014, Cologne, winter



Figure 61: $PM_{2.5^{-}}$ flow rate at candidate SN 20014, Cologne, winter



Page 150 of 473



Figure 62: PM_{Coarse}- flow rate at candidate SN 20014, Cologne, winter



Figure 63: Total flow rate at candidate SN 20014Cologne, winter



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 64: Course of time of the PM-concentration [µg/m³], Candidate SN 20116, Cologne, winter



Figure 65: PM_{2.5}- flow rate at candidate SN 20116, Cologne, winter

Page 151 of 473



Page 152 of 473



Figure 66: PM_{Coarse}- flow rate at candidate SN 20116, Cologne, winter



Figure 67: Total flow rate at candidate SN 20116, Cologne, winter



Page 153 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.4.8 Tightness of the measuring system

The complete measuring system shall be checked for tightness. Leakage shall not exceed 1 % of the sample volume sucked.

6.2 Equipment

Adapter for flow rate check/ tightness check

6.3 **Performance of test**

The AMS TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor can perform a tightness check using a device internal implemented tightness check assistant.

The tightness check assistant compares the different measured values between zero flow (with turned off vacuum) and flow through the device when the inlet is blocked (ideally again a zero flow should be measured).

The tightness check is considered as passed, when the flow values during blocked inlet deviate no more than 0.15 l/min from zero flow at the $PM_{2.5}$ and PM_{Coarse} -path and no more 0.60 l/min from zero flow at the bypass-path.

The tightness check includes the base path as well as the reference path.

The tightness check may only be performed using the tightness check assistant in order to avoid damages of the instrument.

This procedure has been carried out at the beginning of each field test site.

It is recommended to check the tightness of the AMS once a month using the described procedure.

6.4 Evaluation

The tightness check via the tightness check assistant was done at the beginning of each field test site.

The criteria for approving the tightness check implemented by the manufacturer – a deviation of the flow values at a blocked inlet of no more than 0.15 l/min from zero flow at the $PM_{2.5}$ - and PM_{Coarse} -path and no more 0.60 l/min from zero flow at the bypass-path – were approved as appropriate parameters for the monitoring of the device tightness.

The tightness check may only be performed using the tightness check assistant to avoid damages of the instrument.



Page 154 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.5 Assessment

The criteria for approving the tightness check implemented by the manufacturer – a deviation of the flow values at a blocked inlet of no more than 0.15 l/min from zero flow at the $PM_{2.5^-}$ and PM_{Coarse} -path and no more 0.60 l/min from zero flow at the bypass-path – were approved as appropriate parameters for the monitoring of the device tightness.

The tightness check may only be performed using the tightness check assistant to avoid damages of the instrument.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Table 42 contains the determined values from the tightness check.

Table 42:	Results of the	tightness check	during field test

			SN 2001	4	ç	SN 20116	
		Limit	Basis	Refer- ence	Limit	Basis	Refer- ence
		[l/min]	[l/min]	[l/min]	[l/min]	[l/min]	[l/min]
Teddington,	PM _{2.5}	0.15	-0.05	-0.05	0.15	0.03	0.02
Dec. 2009	PM _{Coarse}	0.15	-0.05	-0.05	0.15	0.04	0.03
	Bypass	0.60	0.0	0.0	0.60	0.61*	0.37
Teddington,	PM _{2.5}	0.15	-0.05	-0.05	0.15	0.01	0.01
Apr. 2010	PM _{Coarse}	0.15	-0.05	-0.05	0.15	0.01	0.01
	Bypass	0.60	0.04	0.09	0.60	0.08	0.06
Cologne,	PM _{2.5}	0.15	-0.03	-0.03	0.15	0.01	0.01
winter	PM _{Coarse}	0.15	-0.04	-0.04	0.15	0.02	0.02
	Bypass	0.60	0.05	0.04	0.60	0.14	0.13
Bornheim,	PM _{2.5}	0.15	-0.01	0.01	0.15	0.01	0.02
summer	PM _{Coarse}	0.15	-0.02	-0.03	0.15	0.03	0.03
	Bypass	0.60	0.39	0.35	0.60	0.03	0.01

* untightness was solved.

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 155 of 473

6.1 Methodology of the equivalence check (modules 5.4.9 – 5.4.11)

According to the version of the Guide from January 2010 [5] the following 5 criteria must be fulfilled to proof the equivalence.

- Of the full dataset at least 20 % of the results obtained using the standard method shall be greater than the upper assessment threshold specified in 2008/50/EC for annual limit values *i.e.*: 28 μg/m³ for PM₁₀ and currently 17 μg/m³ for PM_{2.5}.
- 2. The intra instrument uncertainty of the candidate must be less than 2.5 μ g/m³ for all data and for two sub datasets corresponding to all the data split greater than or equal to and lower than 30 μ g/m³ or 18 μ g/m³ for PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} respectively.
- 3. The intra instrument uncertainty of the reference method must be less than $2.0 \ \mu g/m^3$.
- 1. The expanded uncertainty (W_{CM}) is calculated at 50 µg/m³ for PM₁₀ and 30 µg/m³ for PM_{2.5} for each individual candidate instrument against the average results of the reference method. For each of the following permutations, the expanded uncertainty must be less than 25 %:
 - Full dataset;
 - Datasets representing PM concentrations greater than or equal to 30 μg/m³ for PM₁₀, or concentrations greater than or equal to 18 μg/m³ for PM_{2.5}, provided that the subset contains 40 or more valid data pairs;
 - Datasets for each individual test site.
 - Preconditions for acceptance of the full dataset are that: the slope b is insignificantly different from 1: $|b-1| \le 2 \cdot u(b)$, and the intercept a is insignificantly different from

0: $|a| \le 2 \cdot u(a)$. If these preconditions are not met, the candidate method may be calibrated using the values obtained for slope and/or intercept of all paired instruments together.

The fulfilment of the 5 criteria is checked in the following chapters:

In chapter 6.1 5.4.9 Determination of uncertainty between systems under test u_{bs} criteria 1 and 2 will be checked.

In chapter 6.1 5.4.10 Calculation of the expanded uncertainty of the instruments criteria 3, 4 and 5 will be checked.

In chapter 6.1 5.4.11 Application of correction factors and terms, there is an exemplary evaluation for the case, that criterion 5 cannot be fulfilled without the application of correction factors or terms.



Page 156 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.4.9 Determination of uncertainty between systems under test ubs

For the test of PM2.5 measuring systems the uncertainty between the systems under test shall be determined according to chapter 9.5.3.1 of the guidance document "Demonstration of Equivalence of Ambient Air Monitoring Methods" in the field test at least at four sampling test sites representative of the future application.

The tests are performed as well for the component PM₁₀

6.2 Equipment

Not required for this minimum requirement.

6.3 **Performance of test**

The test was carried out at four different comparisons during field test. Different seasons and varying concentrations for $PM_{2.5}$ and PM_{10} were taken into consideration.

Of the complete data set, at least 20 % of the concentration values determined with the reference method, shall be greater than the upper assessment threshold according to 2008/50/EC [7]. For PM_{2.5} the upper assessment threshold is at 17 μ g/m³, for PM₁₀ the upper assessment threshold is at 28 μ g/m³.

At each comparison campaign at least 40 valid data pairs were determined. Of the complete data set (4 test sites, for PM_{10} : 336 valid data pairs for SN 20014, 338 valid data pairs for SN 20116; for $PM_{2.5}$: 338 valid data pairs for SN 20014, 341 valid data pairs for SN 20116), in total 30.2 % of the measured values are above the upper assessment threshold of 17 µg/m³ for $PM_{2.5}$ and in total 25.3 % of the measured values are above the upper assessment threshold of 28 µg/m³ for PM_{10} . The measured concentrations were referred to ambient conditions.

6.4 Evaluation

According to **Point 9.5.3.1** of the Guide "Demonstration of Equivalence of Ambient Air Monitoring Methods" applies:

The uncertainty between the candidates u_{bs} must be $\leq 2.5 \ \mu g/m^3$. An uncertainty of more than 2.5 $\mu g/m^3$ between the two candidates is an indication that the performance of one or both systems is not sufficient and the equivalence cannot be declared.

The uncertainty is determined for:

- All test sites respectively comparisons together (complete data set)
- 1 data set with measured values ≥ 18 µg/m³ for PM_{2.5} (Basis: averages reference measurement)
- 1 data set with measured values ≥ 30 µg/m³ for PM₁₀ (Basis: averages reference measurement)



Page 157 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Furthermore the evaluation of the following data sets is done:

- Each test site respectively comparison individually
- 1 Data set with measured values < 18 μg/m³ for PM_{2.5} (Basis: averages of reference measurement)
- 1 Data set with measured values < 30 μg/m³ for PM₁₀ (Basis: averages of reference measurement)

The in-between-instrument uncertainty u_{bs} is calculated from the differences of all 24-hour results of the simultaneously operated candidate systems according to the following equation::

$$u_{bs}^{2} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (y_{i,1} - y_{i,2})^{2}}{2n}$$

with $y_{i,1}$ and $y_{i,2}$ = results of the parallel measurements of individual 24h-values i n = No. of 24h-values

6.5 Assessment

The in-between-uncertainty between the candidates u_{bs} is with a maximum of 1.05 µg/m³ for PM_{2.5} and with a maximum of 1.06 µg/m for PM₁₀ below the required value of 2.5 µg/m³.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes



Page 158 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Table 43 and Table 44 shows the calculated values for the uncertainty between systems under test u_{bs} . The graphical representation is done in Figure 68 to Figure 81.

Table 43:Uncertainty between systems under test u_{bs} for the candidates SN 20014 and
SN 20116, measured component $PM_{2.5}$

Candidate	Test site	No. of values	Uncertainty u _{bs}
SN			µg/m³
20014 / 20116	All sites	416	0.76
	Single test	sites	
20014 / 20116	Teddington	145	0.72
20014 / 20116	Cologne, winter	88	0.77
20014 / 20116	Bornheim, summer	103	0.54
20014 / 20116	Bornheim, winter	80	1.01
	Classification via re	ference va	llue
20014 / 20116	Values ≥ 18 µg/m³	91	1.05
20014 / 20116	Values < 18 µg/m³	247	0.64



Page 159 of 473

Table 44:	Uncertainty between systems under test u _{bs} for the candidates SN 20014 and
	SN 20116, measuring component PM ₁₀

Candidate	Test site	No. of values	Uncertainty u _{bs}
SN			µg/m³
20014 / 20116	All sites	416	0.75
	Single test	sites	
20014 / 20116	Teddington	145	0.66
20014 / 20116	Cologne, winter	88	0.81
20014 / 20116	Bornheim, summer	103	0.74
20014 / 20116	Bornheim, winter	80	0.86
	Classification via re	ference va	llue
20014 / 20116	Values ≥ 30 µg/m³	76	1.06
20014 / 20116	Values < 30 µg/m³	260	0.68



Page 160 of 473



*Figure 68: Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 / SN 20116, measuring component PM*_{2.5}*, all sites*



*Figure 69: Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 / SN 20116, measuring component PM*_{2.5}, site Teddington





Figure 70: Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 / SN 20116, measuring component PM_{2.5}, test site Cologne, winter



Figure 71: Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 / SN 20116, measuring component PM_{2.5}, test site Bornheim, summer



Page 162 of 473



Figure 72: Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 / SN 20116, measuring component PM_{2.5}, test site Bornheim, winter



Figure 73: Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 / SN 20116, measuring component $PM_{2.5}$, all sites, values $\geq 18 \ \mu g/m^3$



Page 163 of 473



Figure 74: Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 / SN 20116, measuring component $PM_{2.5}$, all sites, values < 18 μ g/m³



Figure 75: Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 / SN 20116, measuring component PM₁₀, all sites



Page 164 of 473



Figure 76: Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 / SN 20116, measuring component PM₁₀, test site Teddington



Figure 77: Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 / SN 20116, measuring component PM₁₀, test site Cologne, winter



Page 165 of 473



Figure 78: Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 / SN 20116, measuring component PM₁₀, test site Bornheim, summer



*Figure 79: Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 / SN 20116, measuring component PM*₁₀, test site Bornheim, winter





Page 166 of 473



Figure 80: Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 / SN 20116, measuring component PM_{10} , all sites, values \geq 30 μ g/m³



Figure 81: Results of the parallel measurements with the candidates SN 20014 / SN 20116, measuring component PM_{10} , all sites, values < 30 μ g/m³



Page 167 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.4.10 Calculation of the expanded uncertainty of the instruments

For the test of $PM_{2.5}$ measuring systems the equivalency with the reference method shall be demonstrated according to chapter 9.5.3.2 to chapter 9.6 of the guidance document "Demonstration of Equivalence of Ambient Air Monitoring Methods" in the field test at least at four sampling test sites representative of the future application. The maximum expanded uncertainty of the systems under test shall be compared with data quality objectives according to Annex A of Standard VDI 4202 Part 1 (September 2010)

The tests are performed as well for the components PM₁₀.

6.2 Equipment

For this test point additionally the devices according to chapter 5 of this report were used.

6.3 **Performance of test**

The test was carried out at four different comparisons during field test. Different seasons and varying concentrations for $PM_{2.5}$ and PM_{10} were taken into consideration.

Of the complete data set, at least 20 % of the concentration values determined with the reference method, shall be greater than the upper assessment threshold according to 2008/50/EC [7]. For PM_{2.5} the upper assessment threshold is at 17 μ g/m³, for PM₁₀ the upper assessment threshold is at 28 μ g/m³.

At each comparison campaign at least 40 valid data pairs were determined. Of the complete data set (4 test sites, for PM_{10} : 336 valid data pairs for SN 20014, 338 valid data pairs for SN 20116; for $PM_{2.5}$: 338 valid data pairs for SN 20014, 341 valid data pairs for SN 20116), in total 30.2 % of the measured values are above the upper assessment threshold of 17 µg/m³ for $PM_{2.5}$ and in total 25.3 % of the measured values are above the upper assessment threshold of 28 µg/m³ for PM_{10} . The measured concentrations were referred to ambient conditions.

6.4 Evaluation

[Point 9.5.3.2] The calculation of the in-between-instrument uncertainty u_{ref} of the reference devices is carried out prior to the calculation of the expanded uncertainty of the candidates.

The in-between-instrument uncertainty u_{ref} of the reference devices shall be $\leq 2 \mu g/m^3$.

Section 7.6 of this test point shows the evaluated results.

A linear correlation $y_i = a + bx_i$ is assumed between the results of both methods in order to evaluate the comparability of the candidates y and the reference procedure x. The correlation between the average values of the reference devices and the candidates is established by orthogonal regression.

Regression is calculated for:

- All test sites respectively comparisons
- Each test site respectively comparison separately
- 1 data set with measured values PM_{2.5} ≥ 18 µg/m³ (Basis: average value of reference measurement)



Page 168 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

1 data set with measured values PM₁₀ ≥ 30 µg/m³ (Basis: average value of reference measurement)

For further evaluation, the results of the uncertainty u_{c_s} of the candidates compared with the reference method are described with the following equation, which describes u_{CR} as a function of the PM concentration x_i :

$$u_{CR}^{2}(y_{i}) = \frac{RSS}{(n-2)} - u^{2}(x_{i}) + [a + (b-1)x_{i}]^{2}$$

With RSS = Sum of the (relative) residuals from orthogonal regression

 $u(x_i)$ = random uncertainty of the reference procedure if value u_{bs} , which is calculated for using the candidates, can be used in this test (refer to point 6.1 5.4.9 Determination of uncertainty between systems under test ubs)

Algorithm for the calculation of ordinate intercept a as well as slope b and its variances by orthogonal regression are described in detail in annex B of [4].

The sum of the (relative) residuals RSS is calculated by the following equation:

$$RSS = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (y_i - a - bx_i)^2$$

Uncertainty $u_{c s}$ is calculated for:

- All test sites respectively comparisons
- Each test site respectively comparisons separately
- 1 data set with measured values PM_{2.5} ≥ 18 µg/m³ (Basis: average value of reference measurement)
- 1 data set with measured values PM₁₀ ≥ 30 µg/m³ (Basis: average value of reference measurement)

Preconditions for acceptance of the full dataset are that:

• The slope b is significantly different from 1: $|b-1| \le 2 \cdot u(b)$

and

• The intercept a is insignificantly different from 0: $|a| \le 2 \cdot u(a)$

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 169 of 473

Where u(b) and u(a) are the standard uncertainties of the slope and intercept, respectively calculated as the square root of their variances. If these preconditions are not met, the candidate method may be calibrated according to point 9.7 of the Guide (refer to 6.1 5.4.11

Application of correction factors and terms. The calibration shall only be applied to the full dataset.

[Point 9.5.4] The combined uncertainty of the candidates $w_{c,CM}$ is calculated for each data set by combining the contributions from 9.5.2.1 and 9.5.2.2 according to the following equation:

$$w_{c,CM}^{2}(y_{i}) = \frac{u_{CR}^{2}(y_{i})}{y_{i}^{2}}$$

For each dataset, the uncertainty $w_{c,CM}$ is calculated at the level of $y_i = 30 \ \mu g/m^3$ for $PM_{2.5}$ and $y_i = 50 \ \mu g/m^3$ for PM_{10} .

[Point 9.5.5] The expanded relative uncertainty of the results of the candidates is calculated for each data set by multiplication of $w_{c,CM}$ with a coverage factor k according to the following equation:

$$W_{CM} = \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{w}_{CM}$$

In practice: k=2 for large n

[Point 9.6] The highest resulting uncertainty W_{CM} is compared and assessed with the requirements on data quality of ambient air measurements according to EU Standard [8]. Two results are possible:

1. $W_{CM} \leq W_{dqo} \rightarrow$ Candidate method is accepted as equivalent to the standard method.

2. $W_{CM} > W_{dqo} \rightarrow$ Candidate method is not accepted as equivalent to the standard method.

The specified expanded relative uncertainty W_{dao} for particulate matter is 25 % [8].

6.5 Assessment

The determined uncertainties W_{CM} without application of correction factors lay for all observed data sets below the defined expanded relative uncertainty W_{dqo} of 25 % for particulate.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

The following Table 45 and Table 46 show an overview of the results of the equivalence check for the candidate TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor for $PM_{2.5}$ and PM_{10} . For the case, that a criterion is fulfilled or not, the text is represented in green or red colour. Furthermore the five criteria from chapter 6.1 Methodology of the equivalence check (modules 5.4.9 – 5.4.11) are taken into account, the related cells are highlighted in colour.



Page 170 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

PM2.5 1405DF	30,2% > 17 µg m-3			Orthogonal Regre	ession	Betw een Instrument Uncertainties		KEY	
FDMS	WCM / %	nc-s	r2	Slope (b) +/- ub	Intercept (a) +/- ua	Reference	Candidate		Criterion 1
All Data	14.0	338	0.976	0.997 +/- 0.008	1.212 +/- 0.163	0.55	0.76		
< 18 µg m-3	23.8	247	0.892	1.094 +/- 0.023	0.426 +/- 0.235	0.54	0.64		Criterion 2
> 18 µg m-3	17.0	91	0.955	1.015 +/- 0.023	0.330 +/- 0.748	0.56	1.05		
-									Criterion 3
SN 20014	Datasat			Orthogonal Regre	ession	Limit Value of 30 µg m-3			
SN 20014	Dataset	nc-s	r2	Slope (b) +/- ub	Intercept (a) +/- ua	WCM / %	% > 17 µg m-3		Criterion 4
	Bornheim Winter	61	0.990	1.055 +/- 0.014	1.110 +/- 0.307	20.49	42.6		
Individual Datasata	Cologne Winter	71	0.983	1.029 +/- 0.016	0.883 +/- 0.406	16.06	59.2		Criterion 5
Individual Datasets	Bornheim Summer	81	0.972	1.080 +/- 0.020	0.848 +/- 0.295	23.71	18.5		
	Teddington	125	0.957	0.851 +/- 0.016	2.791 +/- 0.254	15.74	15.2		Other
	< 18 µg m-3	247	0.872	1.086 +/- 0.025	0.722 +/- 0.254	24.38	4.5		
Combined Datasets	> 18 µg m-3	91	0.948	1.029 +/- 0.025	0.336 +/- 0.819	19.57	100.0		
	All Data	338	0.972	1.006 +/- 0.009	1.352 +/- 0.176	16.38	30.2	l	

Table 45: Overview equivalence test TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor for PM_{2.5}

SN 20116	Dataaat			Orthogonal Regre	Limit Value of 30 µg m-3		
314 20 1 10	Dalasel	nc-s	r2	Slope (b) +/- ub	Intercept (a) +/- ua	WCM / %	% > 17 µg m-3
	Bornheim Winter	64	0.992	1.028 +/- 0.012	0.351 +/- 0.259	10.99	40.6
Individual Datasets	Cologne Winter	71	0.982	1.003 +/- 0.016	0.971 +/- 0.408	13.17	59.2
Individual Datasets	Bornheim Summer	81	0.972	1.084 +/- 0.020	0.410 +/- 0.294	21.90	18.5
	Teddington	125	0.968	0.861 +/- 0.014	2.317 +/- 0.219	15.55	15.2
	< 18 µg m-3	250	0.899	1.112 +/- 0.022	0.037 +/- 0.229	24.63	4.4
Combined Datasets	> 18 µg m-3	91	0.958	1.005 +/- 0.022	0.237 +/- 0.717	15.71	100.0
	All Data	341	0.977	0.991 +/- 0.008	1.040 +/- <mark>0.158</mark>	12.49	29.9

The check of the five criteria from chapter 6.1 Methodology of the equivalence check (modules 5.4.9 - 5.4.11) resulted as follows:

- Criterion 1: Greater than 20 % of the data are greater than 17 µg/m³.
- Criterion 2: The intra instrument uncertainty of the candidates is smaller than 2.5 μ g/m³.
- Criterion 3: The intra instrument uncertainty of the reference is smaller than 2.0 μ g/m³.
- All of the expanded uncertainties are below 25 %. Criterion 4:
- Criterion 5: For both candidates at the evaluation of the "All data" set the intercepts are significantly greater than allowed.
- Other: The evaluation of the "All data set" for both candidates together shows that the AMS demonstrates a very good correlation with the reference method with a slope of 0.997 and an intercept of 1.212 at an expended total uncertainty of 14.0 %.



Page 171 of 473

TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system

Table 46: Overview equivalence test TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor for PM₁₀

PM10 1405DF	25,3% > 28 µg m-3			Orthogonal Regre	ession	Betw een Instrum	nent Uncertainties	KEY	
FDMS	WCM / %	nc-s	r2	Slope (b) +/- ub	Intercept (a) +/- ua	Reference	Candidate		Criter
All Data	11.2	336	0.976	1.016 +/- 0.009	1.078 +/- 0.224	0.56	0.75		•
< 30 µg m-3	13.4	260	0.916	1.042 +/- 0.019	0.706 +/- 0.327	0.55	0.68		Criter
> 30 µg m-3	13.3	76	0.945	1.026 +/- 0.028	0.453 +/- 1.239	0.60	1.06	-	
									Criteri

-										
SN 20044				Orthogonal Regre	ession	Limit Value of 50 µg m-3			-	
SN 20014	Dataset	nc-s	r2	Slope (b) +/- ub	Intercept (a) +/- ua	WCM / %	% > 28 µg m-3		Criterion 4	
	Bornheim Winter	63	0.993	1.057 +/- 0.011	1.154 +/- 0.313	16.83	38.1		-	
Individual Datasata	Cologne Winter	74	0.985	1.027 +/- 0.015	0.575 +/- 0.523	10.60	55.4		Criterion 5	
Individual Datasets	Bornheim Summer	75	0.977	1.109 +/- 0.020	-0.348 +/- 0.406	21.44	10.7	-	_	
	Teddington	124	0.930	0.875 +/- 0.021	3.180 +/- 0.442	15.35	9.7		Other	
	< 30 µg m-3	260	0.908	1.043 +/- 0.020	0.709 +/- 0.342	13.85	3.5			
Combined Datasets	> 30 µg m-3	76	0.935	1.042 +/- 0.031	-0.144 +/- 1.376	14.94	100.0			
	All Data	336	0.973	1.021 +/- 0.009	1.010 +/- 0.241	12.15	25.3			

SN 20116	Datasat			Orthogonal Regre	Limit Value of 50 µg m-3		
	Dalasel	nc-s	r2	Slope (b) +/- ub	Intercept (a) +/- ua	WCM / %	% > 28 µg m-3
Individual Datasets	Bornheim Winter	65	0.993	1.032 +/- 0.011	0.921 +/- 0.301	11.13	36.9
	Cologne Winter	74	0.988	1.023 +/- 0.013	0.671 +/- 0.465	9.60	55.4
	Bornheim Summer	75	0.974	1.113 +/- 0.021	0.011 +/- 0.438	23.77	10.7
	Teddington	124	0.942	0.896 +/- 0.020	2.751 +/- 0.410	13.01	9.7
Combined Datasets	< 30 µg m-3	262	0.914	1.047 +/- 0.019	0.603 +/- 0.330	13.91	3.4
	> 30 µg m-3	76	0.950	1.014 +/- 0.026	0.880 +/- 1.176	12.43	100.0
	All Data	338	0.976	1.013 +/- 0.008	1.105 +/- 0.221	10.75	25.1

The check of the five criteria from chapter 6.1 Methodology of the equivalence check (modules 5.4.9 - 5.4.11) resulted as follows:

- Criterion 1: Greater than 20 % of the data are greater than $28 \mu g/m^3$.
- Criterion 2: The intra instrument uncertainty of the candidates is smaller than 2.5 µg/m³.
- Criterion 3: The intra instrument uncertainty of the reference is smaller than 2.0 µg/m³.
- Criterion 4: All of the expanded uncertainties are below 25 %.
- Criterion 5: For both candidates at the evaluation of the "All data" set, the intercepts are significantly greater than allowed, for SN 20014 the slope is significantly greater than allowed.
- Other: The evaluation of the "All data" set for both candidates together shows that the AMS demonstrates a very good correlation with the reference method with a slope of 1.016 and an intercept of 1.078 at an expended total uncertainty of 11.2 %.



Page 172 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

The January 2010 version of The Guidance is ambiguous with respect to which slope and intercept should be used to correct a candidate should it fail the test for equivalence. After communication with the convenor of the EC working group, which is responsible for setting up the Guide Mr. Theo Hafkenscheid), it was decided that the requirement of the November 2005 version of the Guidance are still valid, and that the slope and intercept from the orthogonal regression of all the paired data should be used. These are shaded gold and marked 'other' in the key on the above Table 45 and Table 46.

The 2006 UK Equivalence Report [8] highlighted that this was a flaw in the mathematics required for equivalence as per the November 2005 version of The Guidance as it penalised instruments that were more accurate (Appendix E Section 4.2 therein). This same flaw is copied in the July 2009 version. It is the opinion of TŰV Rheinland and their UK partners that the TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor for $PM_{2.5}$ and PM_{10} is indeed being penalised by the mathematics for being accurate. It is proposed that the same pragmatic approach is taken here that was previously undertaken in earlier studies.

According to Table 45 due to the determined significance a correction of the intercept for $PM_{2.5}$ shall be performed. For PM_{10} as well a correction of the intercept shall be performed according to Table 46 due to the determined significance. A correction of the slope due to the calculated significance for the candidate SN 20014 is waived though, since in the single data sets some of the slopes are greater than 1 and others on the other hand smaller than 1, and therefore a correction of the slope would not lead to an improvement. At this point is shall be taken into account, that the determined uncertainties W_{CM} without the application of correction factors for all observed data sets lay under the set expanded relative uncertainty W_{dqo} of 25 % for particulate.

For PM_{2.5}:

The intercept for the "All data" comparison lays at 1.212. Therefore, under point 6.1

5.4.11 Application of correction factors and terms an additional evaluation, using the respective calibration factor for the data sets, is done.

F0r PM₁₀:

The intercept for the "All data" comparison lays at 1.078. Therefore, under 6.1 5.4.11

Application of correction factors and terms an additional evaluation, using the respective calibration factor for the data sets, is done.

The reworked version of the Guide of January 2010 requires that when operating in networks, a candidate method needs to be tested annually at a number of sites and that the number of the instruments to be tested is dependent on the expanded measurement uncertainty of the device. The respective realisation is the responsibility of the network operator or of the responsible authority of the member state. However TÜV Rheinland and their UK partners recommend, that the expanded uncertainty for the full data set is referred to for this, namely 14,0 % for $PM_{2.5}$, which again would require an annual test at 3 measurement sites and 11,2 % for PM_{10} , which again would require an annual test at 3 measurement sites (Guide [4], chapter 9.9.2, table 6).





Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Page 173 of 473

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Table 47 and Table 48 show an overview on the uncertainties between the reference devices $u_{ref from}$ the field tests. In Table 49 and Table 50 a summarized representation of the results of the equivalence test incl. the determined expanded measuring uncertainties W_{CM} from the field test is shown.

Table 47: In-between-instrument uncertainty u_{ref} of the reference devices for PM_{2.5}

Reference device	Test site	Amount values	Uncertainty u _{bs}
Nr.			µg/m³
1 / 2	Teddington	128	0.36
1 / 2	Cologne, winter	81	0.51
1 / 2	Bornheim, summer	87	0.66
1 / 2	Bornheim, winter	65	0.70
1 / 2	All sites	361	0.55

Table 48: In-between-instrument uncertainty u_{ref} of the reference devices for PM₁₀

Reference device	Test site	Amount values	Uncertainty u _{bs}
Nr.			µg/m³
1 / 2	Teddington	127	0.29
1 / 2	Cologne, winter	83	0.62
1 / 2	Bornheim, summer	82	0.66
1 / 2	Bornheim, winter	66	0.71
1 / 2	All sites	358	0.56

The uncertainty between the reference devices u_{ref} is for all test sites < 2 μ g/m³.





Page 174 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Table 49:Summary of the results of the equivalence test, SN 20014 & SN 20116, measured
component PM2.5, raw data

PM2.5 1405DF FDMS	30,2% > 17 µg m-3	Orthogonal Regression Between Instrument Uncertainties					ment Uncertainties
	W _{CM} / %	n _{c-s}	r²	Slope (b) +/- u _b	Intercept (a) +/- u _a	Reference	Candidate
All Data	14.0	338	0.976	0.997 +/- 0.008	1.212 +/- 0.163	0.55	0.76
< 18 µg m-3	23.8	247	0.892	1.094 +/- 0.023	0.426 +/- 0.235	0.54	0.64
> 18 µg m-3	17.0	91	0.955	1.015 +/- 0.023	0.330 +/- 0.748	0.56	1.05
011000111		Orthogonal Regression				Limit Value of 30 µg m-3	
SN 20014	Dataset	n _{c-s}	r ²	Slope (b) +/- u _b	Intercept (a) +/- u _a	W _{CM} / %	% > 17 µg m-3
	Bornheim Winter	61	0.990	1.055 +/- 0.014	1.110 +/- 0.307	20.49	42.6
Individual Datas ats	Cologne Winter	71	0.983	1.029 +/- 0.016	0.883 +/- 0.406	16.06	59.2
Individual Datasets	Bornheim Summer	81	0.972	1.080 +/- 0.020	0.848 +/- 0.295	23.71	18.5
	Teddington	125	0.957	0.851 +/- 0.016	2.791 +/- 0.254	15.74	15.2
Combined Datasets	< 18 µg m-3	247	0.872	1.086 +/- 0.025	0.722 +/- 0.254	24.38	4.5
	> 18 µg m-3	91	0.948	1.029 +/- 0.025	0.336 +/- 0.819	19.57	100.0
	All Data	338	0.972	1.006 +/- 0.009	1.352 +/- <mark>0.176</mark>	16.38	30.2
SN 20116	5.4.4	Orthogonal Regression			Limit Value of 30 µg m-3		
	Dataset	n _{c-s}	r²	Slope (b) +/- u _b	Intercept (a) +/- u _a	W _{CM} / %	% > 17 µg m-3
Individual Datasets	Bornheim Winter	64	0.992	1.028 +/- 0.012	0.351 +/- 0.259	10.99	40.6
	Cologne Winter	71	0.982	1.003 +/- 0.016	0.971 +/- 0.408	13.17	59.2
	Bornheim Summer	81	0.972	1.084 +/- 0.020	0.410 +/- 0.294	21.90	18.5
	Teddington	125	0.968	0.861 +/- 0.014	2.317 +/- 0.219	15.55	15.2
Combined Datasets	< 18 µg m-3	250	0.899	1.112 +/- 0.022	0.037 +/- 0.229	24.63	4.4
	> 18 µg m-3	91	0.958	1.005 +/- 0.022	0.237 +/- 0.717	15.71	100.0
	All Data	341	0.977	0.991 +/- 0.008	1.040 +/- 0.158	12.49	29.9



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Page 175 of 473

Table 50:Summary of the results of the equivalence test, SN 20014 & SN 20116, measured
component PM10, raw data

PM10 1405DF FDMS	25,3% > 28 µg m-3	Orthogonal Regression Betw een Instrument Uncertainties					
	W _{CM} / %	n _{c-s}	r ²	Slope (b) +/- u _b	Intercept (a) +/- u _a	Reference	Candidate
All Data	11.2	336	0.976	1.016 +/- 0.009	1.078 +/- 0.224	0.56	0.75
< 30 µg m-3	13.4	260	0.916	1.042 +/- 0.019	0.706 +/- 0.327	0.55	0.68
> 30 µg m-3	13.3	76	0.945	1.026 +/- 0.028	0.453 +/- 1.239	0.60	1.06
01100011		Orthogonal Regression				Limit Value of 50 µg m-3	
SN 20014	Dataset	n _{c-s}	r²	Slope (b) +/- u _b	Intercept (a) +/- u _a	W _{CM} / %	% > 28 µg m-3
	Bornheim Winter	63	0.993	1.057 +/- 0.011	1.154 +/- 0.313	16.83	38.1
Individual Datas ats	Cologne Winter	74	0.985	1.027 +/- 0.015	0.575 +/- 0.523	10.60	55.4
Individual Datasets	Bornheim Summer	75	0.977	1.109 +/- 0.020	-0.348 +/- 0.406	21.44	10.7
	Teddington	124	0.930	0.875 +/- 0.021	3.180 +/- 0.442	15.35	9.7
Combined Datasets	< 30 µg m-3	260	0.908	1.043 +/- 0.020	0.709 +/- 0.342	13.85	3.5
	> 30 µg m-3	76	0.935	1.042 +/- 0.031	-0.144 +/- 1.376	14.94	100.0
	All Data	336	0.973	1.021 +/- 0.009	1.010 +/- <mark>0.241</mark>	12.15	25.3
SN 20116	Deter et	Orthogonal Regression			Limit Value of 50 µg m-3		
	Dataset	n _{c-s}	r ²	Slope (b) +/- u _b	Intercept (a) +/- u _a	W _{CM} / %	% > 28 µg m-3
Individual Datasets	Bornheim Winter	65	0.993	1.032 +/- 0.011	0.921 +/- 0.301	11.13	36.9
	Cologne Winter	74	0.988	1.023 +/- 0.013	0.671 +/- 0.465	9.60	55.4
	Bornheim Summer	75	0.974	1.113 +/- 0.021	0.011 +/- 0.438	23.77	10.7
	Teddington	124	0.942	0.896 +/- 0.020	2.751 +/- 0.410	13.01	9.7
Combined Datasets	< 30 µg m-3	262	0.914	1.047 +/- 0.019	0.603 +/- 0.330	13.91	3.4
	> 30 µg m-3	76	0.950	1.014 +/- 0.026	0.880 +/- 1.176	12.43	100.0
	All Data	338	0.976	1.013 +/- 0.008	1.105 +/- 0.221	10.75	25.1





*Figure 82: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014 & SN 20116, measured component PM*_{2.5}*, all test sites*



Figure 83: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014, measured component PM_{2.5}, all test sites



Page 177 of 473



Figure 84: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20116, measured component PM_{2.5}, all test sites



Figure 85: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014, measured component PM_{2.5}, test site Teddington



Page 178 of 473



Figure 86: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20116, measured component PM_{2.5}, test site Teddington



*Figure 87: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014, measured component PM*_{2.5}, test site Cologne, winter









*Figure 89: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014, measured component PM*_{2.5}, test site Bornheim, *summer*



Page 180 of 473



*Figure 90: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20116, measured component PM*_{2.5}, test site, Bornheim, *summer*



*Figure 91: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014, measured component PM*_{2.5}, test site, Bornheim, winter


Page 181 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 92: *Reference vs. candidate, SN* 20116, *measured component PM*_{2.5}, *test site, Bornheim, winter*



Figure 93: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014, measured component $PM_{2.5}$, values \geq 18 µg/m³



Page 182 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 94: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20116, measured component $PM_{2.5}$, values \geq 18 μ g/m³



*Figure 95: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014 & SN 20116, measured component PM*₁₀*, all test sites*



Page 183 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 96: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014, measured component PM₁₀, all test sites



Figure 97: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20116, measured component PM₁₀, all test sites



Page 184 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 98: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014, measured component PM₁₀, test site Teddington



Figure 99: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20116, measured component PM₁₀, test site Teddington



Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



*Figure 100: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014, measured component PM*₁₀*, test site Cologne, winter*



*Figure 101: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20116, measured component PM*₁₀, test site Cologne, *winter*

Page 185 of 473



Page 186 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



*Figure 102: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014, measured component PM*₁₀*, test site Bornheim, summer*



Figure 103: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20116, measured component PM₁₀, test site Bornheim, summer



Page 187 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



*Figure 104: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014, measured component PM*₁₀, test site Bornheim, *winter*



*Figure 105: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20116, measured component PM*₁₀*, test site Bornheim, winter*



Page 188 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 106: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20014, measured component PM_{10} , values \geq 30 μ g/m³



Figure 107: Reference vs. candidate, SN 20116, measured component PM_{10} , values \geq 30 μ g/m³



Page 189 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.4.11 Application of correction factors and terms

If the highest resulting expanded uncertainty of the candidate method is larger than the expanded relative uncertainty, which is defined in the requirements on the data quality of ambient air measurements according to EU-Guideline [7], the application of correction factors or terms is permitted. The corrected values have to fulfil the requirements according to point 9.5.3.2 et seqq. of the Guide "Demonstration of Equivalence of Ambient Air Monitoring Methods".

The tests are performed as well for the component PM_{10} .

6.2 Equipment

Not required for this minimum requirement.

6.3 Performance of test

Refer to module 5.4.10.

6.4 Evaluation

If evaluation of the raw data according to module 5.4.10 leads to a case where $W_{CM} > W_{dqo}$, which means that the candidate systems is not regarded equivalent to the reference method, it is permitted to apply a correction factor or term resulting from the regression equation obtained from the <u>full data set</u>. The corrected values shall satisfy the requirements for all data sets or subsets (refer to module 5.4.10). Moreover, a correction factor may be applied even for $W_{CM} \le W_{dqo}$ in order to improve the accuracy of the candidate systems.

Three different cases may occur:

a) Slope b not significantly different from 1: $|b-1| \le 2u(b)$,

intercept a significantly different from 0: |a| > 2u(a)

b) Slope b significantly different from 1: |b-1| > 2u(b),

intercept a not significantly different from 0: $|a| \le 2u(a)$

c) Slope b significantly different from 1: |b-1| > 2u(b)

intercept a significantly different from 0: |a| > 2u(a)

With respect to a)

The value of the intercept a may be used as a correction term to correct all input values y_i according to the following equation.

 $\mathbf{y}_{i,corr} = \mathbf{y}_i - \mathbf{a}$



Page 190 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

The resulting values of $y_{i,corr}$ may then be used to calculate the following new terms by linear regression:

$$y_{i,corr} = c + dx_i$$

and

$$u_{c_{-s}}^{2}(y_{i,corr}) = \frac{RSS}{(n-2)} - u^{2}(x_{i}) + [c + (d-1)x_{i}]^{2} + u^{2}(a)$$

with u(a) = uncertainty of the original intercept a, the value of which has been used to obtain $y_{i,corr}$.

Algorithms for the calculation of intercepts as well as slopes and their variances by orthogonal regression are described in detail in annex B of [5]. RSS is determined analogue to the calculation in module 5.4.10.

With respect to b)

The value of the slope b may be used as a factor to correct all input values y_i according to the following equation.

$$y_{i,corr} = \frac{y_i}{b}$$

The resulting values of $y_{i,corr}$ may then be used to calculate the following new terms by linear regression:

$$y_{i,corr} = c + dx_i$$

and

$$u_{c_{s}}^{2}(y_{i,corr}) = \frac{RSS}{(n-2)} - u^{2}(x_{i}) + [c + (d-1)x_{i}]^{2} + x_{i}^{2}u^{2}(b)$$

with u(b) = uncertainty of the original slope b, the value of which has been used to obtain $y_{i,corr}$.

Algorithms for the calculation of intercepts as well as slopes and their variances by orthogonal regression are described in detail in annex B of [5]. RSS is determined analogue to the calculation in module 5.4.10.

With respect to c)

The values of the slope b and of the intercept a may be used as correction terms to correct all input values y_i according to the following equation.

$$y_{i,corr} = \frac{y_i - a}{b}$$

The resulting values of $y_{i,corr}$ may then be used to calculate the following new terms by linear regression:



Page 191 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

$$y_{i,corr} = c + dx_i$$

and

$$u_{c_{s}}^{2}(y_{i,corr}) = \frac{RSS}{(n-2)} - u^{2}(x_{i}) + [c + (d-1)x_{i}]^{2} + x_{i}^{2}u^{2}(b) + u^{2}(a)$$

with u(b) = uncertainty of the original slope b, the value of which has been used to obtain $y_{i,corr}$ and with u(a) = uncertainty of the original intercept a, the value of which has been used to obtain $y_{i,corr}$.

Algorithms for the calculation of intercepts as well as slopes and their variances by orthogonal regression are described in detail in annex B of [5]. RSS is determined analogue to the calculation in module 5.4.10.

The values for $u_{c_s,corr}$ are used for the calculation of the combined relative uncertainty of the candidate systems after correction according to the following equation:

$$w_{c,CM,corr}^{2}(y_{i}) = \frac{u_{c_{s,corr}}^{2}(y_{i})}{y_{i}^{2}}$$

For the corrected data set, uncertainty is calculated at the daily limit value $w_{c,CM,corr}$ by taking as y_i the concentration at the limit value.

The expanded relative uncertainty W_{CM.corr} is calculated according to the following equation:

$$W_{CM',corr} = \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{W}_{CM,corr}$$

In practice: k=2 for large number of available experimental results

The highest resulting uncertainty W_{CM} is compared and assessed with the requirements on data quality of ambient air measurements according to EU Standard [8]. Two results are possible:

1. $W_{CM} \leq W_{dqo} \rightarrow$ Candidate method is accepted as equivalent to the standard method.

2. $W_{CM} > W_{dqo} \rightarrow$ Candidate method is not accepted as equivalent to the standard method.

The specified expanded relative uncertainty W_{dqo} for particulate matter is 25 % [8]

6.5 Assessment

The systems fulfil the requirements on the data quality of ambient air quality measurements during the test already without application of correction factors. A correction of the intercept leads nevertheless to a further improvement of the expanded measuring uncertainty for the total data set.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes



Page 192 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

The evaluation of the "All data" comparison for both candidate nevertheless delivers a significant intercept for both measuring components $PM_{2.5}$ and PM_{10} .

The intercept for "all data" comparison is 1.212 for PM_{2.5} (see Table 45).

The intercept for "all data" comparison is 1.078 for PM₁₀ (see Table 46).

For this reason an intercept correction for the "All data" comparison was performed and all data sets re-evaluated with the corrected values.

All data sets comply with the specifications on the data quality after the correction. The improvement of the expanded measuring uncertainty is significant for some of the test sites, only for the test site "Teddington" it gets worse.

The version of the Guide of January 2010 requires that when operating in networks, a candidate method needs to be tested annually at a number of sites corresponding to the highest expanded uncertainty found during equivalence testing. These criteria are banded in 5 % steps (Guide [4], point 9.9.2, table 6). We have to bear in mind that the highest determined expanded uncertainty lays before as well as after the correction of the intercept for $PM_{2.5}$ in the range 20 % to 25 %. For PM10 the highest determined expanded uncertainty after correction lays in the range of 15% to 20% whereas before the correction it laid in the range 20 % to 25 %.

The respective realization of the above mentioned requirement on ongoing QA/QC in networks is the responsibility of the network operator or of the responsible authority of the member state. However TÜV Rheinland and their UK partners recommend, that the expanded uncertainty for the full data set is referred to for this, namely 14.0 % (PM_{2.5}, uncorrected dataset) respectively 11.8 % (PM_{2.5}, dataset after offset-correction), which again would require an annual test at three measurement sites and 11.2 % (PM₁₀, uncorrected dataset) respectively 8.9 % (PM₁₀, dataset after offset-correction), which again would require an annual test at three measurement sites (uncorrected) and two measuring sites (corrected).

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 193 of 473

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Table 51 and Table 52 show the results of the evaluations of the equivalence check after the application of the correction factor for the intercept on the complete data set.

Table 51:Summary of the results of the equivalence check, SN 20014 & SN 20116, measuring
component PM2.5, after in intercept correction

PM2.5 1405DF	30,2% > 17 μg m-3			Orthogonal Regre	ession	Between Instrument Uncertainties		
Corrected	W _{CM} / %	n _{c-s}	r ²	Slope (b) +/- u _b	Intercept (a) +/- u _a	Reference	Candidate	
All Data	11.8	338	0.976	0.997 +/- 0.008	0.000 +/- 0.163	0.55	0.76	
< 18 µg m-3	16.7	247	0.892	1.094 +/- 0.023	-0.786 +/- 0.235	0.54	0.64	
> 18 µg m-3	16.5	91	0.955	1.015 +/- 0.023	-0.882 +/- 0.748	0.56	1.05	
0100044				Orthogonal Regre	ession	Limit Value	of 30 µg m-3	
SN 20014	Dataset	n _{c-s}	r²	Slope (b) +/- u _b	Intercept (a) +/- u _a	W _{CM} / %	% > 17 µg m-3	
	Bornheim Winter	61	0.990	1.055 +/- 0.014	-0.102 +/- 0.307	13.77	42.6	
Individual Datas ats	Cologne Winter	71	0.983	1.029 +/- 0.016	-0.329 +/- 0.406	11.66	59.2	
Individual Datasets	Bornheim Summer	81	0.972	1.080 +/- 0.020	-0.364 +/- 0.295	16.74	18.5	
	Teddington	125	0.957	0.851 +/- 0.016	1.579 +/- 0.254	22.26	15.2	
	< 18 µg m-3	247	0.872	1.086 +/- 0.025	-0.490 +/- 0.254	17.50	4.5	
Combined Datasets	> 18 µg m-3	91	0.948	1.029 +/- 0.025	-0.876 +/- 0.819	17.90	100.0	
	All Data	338	0.972	1.006 +/- 0.009	0.140 +/- 0.176	13.02	30.2	
0100440	Defeaset			Orthogonal Regre	ession	Limit Value	of 30 µg m-3	
SN 20116	Dataset	n _{c-s}	r ²	Slope (b) +/- u _b	Intercept (a) +/- u _a	W _{CM} / %	% > 17 µg m-3	
	Bornheim Winter	64	0.992	1.028 +/- 0.012	-0.861 +/- 0.259	7.72	40.6	
	Cologne Winter	71	0.982	1.003 +/- 0.016	-0.241 +/- 0.408	11.19	59.2	
Individual Datasets	Bornheim Summer	81	0.972	1.084 +/- 0.020	-0.802 +/- 0.294	15.15	18.5	
	Teddington	125	0.968	0.861 +/- 0.014	1.105 +/- 0.219	22.53	15.2	
	< 18 µg m-3	250	0.899	1.112 +/- 0.022	-1.175 +/- 0.229	17.49	4.4	
Combined Datasets	> 18 µg m-3	91	0.958	1.005 +/- 0.022	-0.975 +/- 0.717	16.50	100.0	
	All Data	341	0.977	0.991 +/- 0.008	-0.172 +/- 0.158	11.85	29.9	



Page 194 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Table 52:Summary of the results of the equivalence check, SN 20014 & SN 20116, measuring
component PM10, after intercept correction

PM10 1405DF	25,3% > 28 µg m-3			Orthogonal Regre	ession	Betw een Instrument Uncertainties		
Corrected	W _{CM} / %	n _{c-s}	r ²	Slope (b) +/- u _b	Intercept (a) +/- u _a	Reference	Candidate	
All Data	8.9	336	0.976	1.016 +/- 0.009	0.000 +/- 0.224	0.56	0.75	
< 30 µg m-3	10.1	260	0.916	1.042 +/- 0.019	-0.372 +/- 0.327	0.55	0.68	
> 30 µg m-3	11.7	76	0.945	1.026 +/- 0.028	-0.625 +/- 1.239	0.60	1.06	
SN 20044	Datasat			Orthogonal Regre	ession	Limit Value	of 50 µg m-3	
SN 20014	Dataset	n _{c-s}	r²	Slope (b) +/- u _b	Intercept (a) +/- u _a	W _{CM} / %	% > 28 µg m-3	
	Bornheim Winter	63	0.993	1.057 +/- 0.011	0.076 +/- 0.313	12.79	38.1	
Individual Datasets	Cologne Winter	74	0.985	1.027 +/- 0.015	-0.504 +/- 0.523	8.03	55.4	
Individual Datasets	Bornheim Summer	75	0.977	1.109 +/- 0.020	-1.426 +/- 0.406	17.40	10.7	
	Teddington	124	0.930	0.875 +/- 0.021	2.102 +/- 0.442	18.98	9.7	
	< 30 µg m-3	260	0.908	1.043 +/- 0.020	-0.369 +/- 0.342	10.59	3.5	
Combined Datasets	> 30 µg m-3	76	0.935	1.042 +/- 0.031	-1.222 +/- 1.376	13.21	100.0	
	All Data	336	0.973	1.021 +/- 0.009	-0.068 +/- 0.241	9.82	25.3	
SN 20446	Datasat			Orthogonal Regre	ession	Limit Value	of 50 µg m-3	
SN 20116	Dataset	n _{c-s}	r ²	Slope (b) +/- u _b	Intercept (a) +/- u _a	W _{CM} / %	% > 28 µg m-3	
	Bornheim Winter	65	0.993	1.032 +/- 0.011	-0.157 +/- 0.301	7.52	36.9	
Individual Datas ata	Cologne Winter	74	0.988	1.023 +/- 0.013	-0.407 +/- 0.465	7.00	55.4	
Individual Datasets	Bornheim Summer	75	0.974	1.113 +/- 0.021	-1.067 +/- 0.438	19.71	10.7	
	Teddington	124	0.942	0.896 +/- 0.020	1.673 +/- 0.410	16.52	9.7	
	< 30 µg m-3	262	0.914	1.047 +/- 0.019	-0.475 +/- 0.330	10.57	3.4	
Combined Datasets	> 30 µg m-3	76	0.950	1.014 +/- 0.026	-0.198 +/- 1.176	10.94	100.0	
	All Data	338	0.976	1.013 +/- 0.008	0.027 +/- 0.221	8.67	25.1	



Page 195 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

6.1 5.5 Requirements on multiple-component measuring systems

Multiple-component measuring systems shall comply with the requirements set for each component, also in the case of simultaneous operation of all measuring channels.

6.2 Equipment

Not applicable.

6.3 **Performance of test**

The measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor is an automated measuring device for the measurement of particulate on two different paths – the $PM_{2.5^-}$ and the PM_{Coarse} -path. The separation of the original PM_{10} -flow is done directly after the PM_{10} -sampling inlet in the virtual impactor. After the virtual impactor the two fractions $PM_{2.5^-}$ and PM_{Coarse} are collected and quantified completely independent from each other. The PM_{10^-} concentration results from the sum of the $PM_{2.5^-}$ -concentration as well as the PM_{Coarse} -concentration.

The test was performed according to the test requirements for each fraction separately.

6.4 Evaluation

The evaluation in reference to the single minimum requirements was done for each respective measuring component.

6.5 Assessment

For the assessment of the minimum requirement the measuring results of two components were available simultaneously.

Minimum requirement fulfilled? yes

6.6 Detailed representation of the test results

Not required for this minimum requirement.



Page 196 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

7. Recommendations for practical use

Works in the maintenance interval (4 weeks)

The following procedures are required to be undertaken at regular intervals:

- Regular visual inspection / telemetric monitoring
- Check, if device status is o.k.
- Check, if there are no error messages
- Check, if there are no contaminations
- Check of the instrument functions according to the instructions of the manufacturer
- Maintenance of the sampling inlet and the virtual impactor according to the instructions of the manufacturer
- Monthly change of the TEOM-filters (or in case the filter load >90 % is reached)
- Simultaneously with the change of the TEOM-filters, the cooled 47 mm-filter of the FDMS-unit have to be changed.
- Every 4 weeks: plausibility check of temperature, pressure sensors, if necessary recalibration
- Every 4 weeks: leak check
- Every 4 weeks: check of the flow rate, if necessary re-calibration

Apart from that follow the manufacturer's directions and recommendations.

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Further maintenance works

The following works are necessary in addition to the regular works in the maintenance interval:

- Every 6 months (or when necessary) the Inline-filter for PM_{2.5}-, PM_{Coarse}- and Bypass-path shall be changed to avoid a contamination of the flow rate regulator.
- Once a year (or when necessary) the cooler, the switching valve and the air inlet system are to be cleaned.
- Once a year the calibration of the mass measuring transducer is to be checked using the K₀-test kit.
- The dryer inside the FDMS-unit has to be change or refurbished once a year or when necessary. For the monitoring/ securing of a correct dryer performance the manufacturer recommends to observe the pump vacuum (nominal: > 510 mm Hg) and the dew point of the air flow (nominal: <2°C at 4°C cooler temperature) and periodically perform a zero point test (operation of the measuring device with zerofilter at the entrance).
- Every 18 months or when necessary the sampling pump must be maintained or renewed.

Further details are provided in the user manual.

Department of Environmental Protection

Low W

PAL WY

Karsten Pletscher

Dr. Peter Wilbring

Cologne, March 11, 2012 936/21209885/A



Page 197 of 473



Page 198 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

8. Literature

- [1] Standard VDI 4202, Part 1, "Minimum requirements for suitability tests of automated ambient air quality measuring systems Point-related measurement methods of gaseous and particulate pollutants ", June 2002 & September 2010
- [2] Standard VDI 4203, Part 3, "Testing of automated measuring systems Test procedures for point-related ambient air quality measuring systems of gaseous and particulate pollutants ", August 2004 & September 2010
- [3] Standard EN 12341, " Ambient air quality determination of the PM₁₀ fraction of suspended particulate matter Reference method and field test procedure to demonstrate reference equivalence of measurement methods", German version EN 12341: 1998
- [4] Standard EN 14907, "Ambient air quality Standard gravimetric measurement method for the determination of the PM_{2.5} mass fraction of suspended particulate matter", German version EN 14907: 2005
- [5] Guide "Demonstration of Equivalence of Ambient Air Monitoring Methods", English version of January 2010)
- [6] Operating manual 42-0109785 Revision A.003 Sep16, 2009
- [7] Operating manual LVS3, Status 2000
- [8] Directive 2008/50/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of May 21 2008 on ambient air quality and cleaner air for Europe
- [9] Report "UK Equivalence Programme for Monitoring of Particulate Matter", Report No.: BV/AQ/AD202209/DH/2396 of June 5th, 2006

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 199 of 473

9. Appendix

Appendix 1	Measured and calculated values
Annex 1:	Detection limit
Annex 2:	Temperature dependency of zero-point
Annex 3:	Temperature dependency of the sensibility
Annex 4:	Dependency on supply voltage
Annex 5:	Measured values at the field test sites
Annex 6:	Surrounding conditions at the field test sites
Appendix 2	Filter weighing procedure

Appendix 3 Manuals



Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Annex 1			D	etection lir	nit			Page 1 of ²
Manufacture	er Thermo Fisher Scientific							
Туре	1405F					Standards	ZP	Measured value with
Serial-No.	SN 20012 / SN 20121							
No.	Date		Measured w	alues [µg/m³]		 		
		SN 2	20014	SN 2	20116			
		PM _{2,5}	PM ₁₀	PM _{2,5}	PM ₁₀			
1	10/25/2010	1.6	1.4	1.0	1.2			
2	10/26/2010	0.6	0.4	0.8	1.0			
3	10/27/2010	0.7	0.4	1.8	1.8			
4	10/28/2010	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.8			
5	10/29/2010	1.2	1.0	1.3	1.3			
6	10/30/2010	1.2	0.9	1.2	1.3			
7	10/31/2010	0.3	0.0	0.9	1.0			
8	11/1/2010	1.0	0.7	1.3	1.4			
9	11/2/2010	0.8	0.6	1.3	1.4			
10	11/3/2010	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.4			
11	11/4/2010	0.5	0.3	1.1	1.2			
12	11/5/2010	0.5	0.2	0.6	0.8			
13	11/6/2010	0.8	0.6	0.8	1.0			
14	11/7/2010	0.7	0.6	0.7	1.0			
15	11/8/2010	0.6	0.4	0.7	1.1			
	No. of values	15	15	15	15	1		
	Mean	0.9	0.6	1.0	1.2	$ S_{v_0} = \frac{1}{(-1)^{1/2}}$	—) · ∑	$(X_{0i} - X_{0})^{2}$
	Standard deviation sx0	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	^~ 1\`n–	1′ <u>–</u>	
	Detection limit x	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	•		

Page 200 of 473

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Annex 1

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 201 of 473

Page 1 of 1

Manufactur	er Thermo Fisher Scientific								
manuactur									
Туре	1405F						Standards	ZP	Measured value with
Serial-No.	SN 20012 / SN 20121								zero filter
No	Date		Measured v	alues [uɑ/m³]					
NO.	Date	SN			20116				
		PM _{2,5}	PM ₁₀	PM _{2,5}	PM ₁₀				
1	10/25/2010	1.6	1.4	1.0	1.2				
2	10/26/2010	0.6	0.4	0.8	1.0				
3	10/27/2010	0.7	0.4	1.8	1.8				
4	10/28/2010	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.8				
5	10/29/2010	1.2	1.0	1.3	1.3				
6	10/30/2010	1.2	0.9	1.2	1.3				
7	10/31/2010	0.3	0.0	0.9	1.0				
8	11/1/2010	1.0	0.7	1.3	1.4				
9	11/2/2010	0.8	0.6	1.3	1.4				
10	11/3/2010	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.4				
11	11/4/2010	0.5	0.3	1.1	1.2				
12	11/5/2010	0.5	0.2	0.6	0.8				
13	11/6/2010	0.8	0.6	0.8	1.0				
14	11/7/2010	0.7	0.6	0.7	1.0				
15	11/8/2010	0.6	0.4	0.7	1.1				
	No. of values	15	15	15	15	1	1	~	
	Mean	0.9	0.6	1.0	1.2	_ s	$x_{0} = 1 / ($	—)· 🔪	$(X_{0i} - X_0)^2$
	Standard deviation s_{x0}	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3		‴ î\`n –	1 _{i=1,n}	
	Detection limit x	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6]			

Detection limit



Page 1 of 1

Page 202 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Annex 2 Dependence of zero point on ambient temperature

Manufacturer	r Thermo Fishe	er Scientific								
						Standards	7P	Measured valu	le with zero filter	
Туре	1405DF						_			
Serial-No.	SN 20014 / S	SN 20116								
			Cycle 1		Cycle 2		Cycle 3	1		
SN 20014		Temperature	Measured value	Dev.	Measured value	Dev.	Measured value	Dev.		
	No.	[°C]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]		
	1	20	1.5	-	1.9	-	1.4	-		
	2	8	0.9	-0.6	0.7	-1.2	1.0	-0.4		
PM _{2,5}	3	20	1.9	0.4	2.5	0.6	2.2	0.8		
	4	25	2.6	1.1	2.2	0.3	2.4	1.0		
	5	20	1.2	-0.3	1.5	-0.4	1.5	0.1		
	1	20	1.2	-	1.7	-	1.2	-		
	2	8	0.7	-0.5	0.6	-1.1	1.0	-0.2		
PM ₁₀	3	20	1.9	0.7	2.6	0.9	2.0	0.8		
	4	25	2.6	1.4	2.0	0.3	2.3	1.1		
	5	20	1.2	0.0	1.4	-0.3	1.3	0.1		
SN 20116		Temperature	Measured value	Dev.	Measured value	Dev.	Measured value	Dev.		
	No.	[°C]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]		
	1	20	1.2	-	1.3	-	1.1	-		
	2	8	0.9	-0.3	0.2	-1.1	0.3	-0.8		
PM _{2,5}	3	20	1.2	0.0	1.4	0.1	1.5	0.4		
	4	25	1.7	0.5	2.1	0.8	2.1	1.0		
	5	20	1.0	-0.2	1.2	-0.1	1.1	0.0		
	1	20	1.3	-	1.5	-	1.1	-		
	2	8	0.2	-1.1	0.2	-1.3	0.3	-0.8		
PM ₁₀	3	20	1.2	-0.1	1.3	-0.2	1.5	0.4		
	4	25	1.7	0.4	2.0	0.5	2.1	1.0		
	5	20	1.0	-0.3	1.1	-0.4	1.0	-0.1		

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 203 of 473

Page 1 of 1

Annex 3 Dependence of measured value on ambient temperature

Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific							
						Standards	RP	K ₀ -Test	
Гуре	1405DF								
Serial No	SN 20014 / 9	N 20116							
	011 200 147 0	20110							
			Cycle 1		Cycle 2		Cycle 3		
SN 20014		Temperature	Measured value K ₀	Dev.	Measured value K ₀	Dev.	Measured value K ₀	Dev.	
	No.	[°C]		[%]		[%]		[%]	
	1	20	15344.7	-	15375.7	-	15443.7	-	
	2	8	15409.2	0.4	15426.2	0.3	15443.1	0.0	
PM _{2,5}	3	20	15463.4	0.8	15424.2	0.3	15432.3	-0.1	
	4	25	15441.1	0.6	15451.1	0.5	15431.1	-0.1	
	5	20	15460.6	0.8	15423.4	0.3	15448.7	0.0	
	1	20	13778.8	-	13727.8	-	13663.8	-	
	2	8	13714.3	-0.5	13665.2	-0.5	13770.3	0.8	
PM _{Coarse}	3	20	13783.7	0.0	13736.3	0.1	13732.0	0.5	
	4	25	13769.6	-0.1	13760.4	0.2	13757.1	0.7	
	5	20	13782.0	0.0	13772.2	0.3	13774.0	0.8	
SN 20116		Temperature	Measured value K ₀	Dev.	Measured value K ₀	Dev.	Measured value K ₀	Dev.	
	No.	[°C]		[%]		[%]		[%]	
	1	20	17855.1	-	17941.6	-	17901.4	-	
	2	8	17870.0	0.1	17869.9	-0.4	17907.6	0.0	
PM _{2,5}	3	20	17898.3	0.2	17836.1	-0.6	17903.3	0.0	
	4	25	17904.8	0.3	17922.1	-0.1	17720.7	-1.0	
	5	20	17912.7	0.3	17882.7	-0.3	17855.6	-0.3	
	1	20	15252.1	-	15283.3	-	15294.6	-	
	2	8	15274.3	0.1	15256.0	-0.2	15314.6	0.1	
PM _{Coarse}	3	20	15263.2	0.1	15207.9	-0.5	15309.6	0.1	
	4	25	15293.9	0.3	15304.6	0.1	15300.1	0.0	
	5	20	15254.4	0.0	15278.3	0.0	15293.0	0.0	



Page 204 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Dependence of measured value on mains voltage Annex 4

Page 1 of 1

Manufacturer	r Thermo Fishe	er Scientific							
						Standards	RP	K ₀ -Test	
Туре	1405DF								
Serial-No.	SN 20014 / S	SN 20116							
			Cycle 1		Cycle 2		Cycle 3	1	
SN 20014		Voltage	Measured value K ₀	Dev.	Measured value K ₀	Dev.	Measured value K ₀	Dev.	
	No.	[V]		[%]		[%]		[%]	
	1	230	15248.4	-	15264.4	-	15272.5	-	
	2	190	15302.4	0.4	15283.0	0.1	15322.8	0.3	
PM _{2,5}	3	230	15238.7	-0.1	15292.5	0.2	15288.5	0.1	
	4	245	15271.7	0.2	15293.0	0.2	15313.8	0.3	
	5	230	15289.1	0.3	15305.8	0.3	15313.6	0.3	
	1	230	13614.9	-	13632.3	-	13669.2	-	
	2	190	13619.7	0.0	13616.8	-0.1	13656.2	-0.1	
PM _{Coarse}	3	230	13637.1	0.2	13588.2	-0.3	13627.1	-0.3	
	4	245	13631.0	0.1	13660.5	0.2	13637.5	-0.2	
	5	230	13693.3	0.6	13632.3	0.0	13645.9	-0.2	
SN 20116		Voltage	Measured value K ₀	Dev.	Measured value K ₀	Dev.	Measured value K ₀	Dev.	
	No.	[V]		[%]		[%]		[%]	
	1	230	17736.6	-	17760.7	-	17687.1	-	
	2	190	17815.0	0.4	17823.0	0.4	17825.9	0.8	
PM _{2,5}	3	230	17768.4	0.2	17738.9	-0.1	17713.5	0.1	
	4	245	17779.6	0.2	17762.5	0.0	17754.0	0.4	
	5	230	17778.5	0.2	17815.0	0.3	17843.1	0.9	
	1	230	15202.7	-	15122.3		15206.6	-	
	2	190	15185.6	-0.1	15180.8	0.4	15181.8	-0.2	
PM _{Coarse}	3	230	15092.3	-0.7	15149.7	0.2	15091.8	-0.8	
	4	245	15203.1	0.0	15163.5	0.3	15218.1	0.1	
	5	230	15170.4	-0.2	15165.8	0.3	15211.1	0.0	

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 205 of 473

Appendix 5					Measure	d value fro	m field test s	ites, related	to actual co	nditions		Page 1 of 32
Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific									Suspended particulate matter PM	12.5.8. PM10
ype of instrument	TEOM 1405-	DF									Measured values in µg/m ³ (ACT)	12,0 & 1 W10
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No	Date	Ref 1	Ref 2	Ref 1	Ref 2	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
10.	Dute	PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10	PM2,5/PM10	PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10	ronan	
1	12/9/2009	[µg/iii] 11.3	[µg/iii]	27.5	27.5	[/0]	[µg/iii] 0.1	[µg/iii]	24.1	25.3	<u> </u>	Teddington
2	12/10/2009	16.4	16.2	27.5	21.3	64.2	16.8	16.5	23.5	23.0		reduington
2	12/11/2009	10.4	10.2	20.4	20.4 20.2	57 9	10.0	10.5	23.5	23.9 18.3		
4	12/12/2009	6.4	6.5	13.5	13.6	47.6	72	77	12.6	13.6		
5	12/13/2009	8.6	9.1	13.4	13.9	65.1	8.8	92	12.0	13.0		
6	12/14/2009	27.9	28.3	35.3	35.3	79.6	26.4	26.1	31.7	32.4		
7	12/15/2009	39.8	38.8	47.6	47.4	82.8	33.3	32.9	39.2	39.9		
8	12/16/2009	24.9	24.5	30.0	30.3	82.0	21.6	21.7	26.6	27.5		
9	12/17/2009	5.7	5.6	10.2	10.1	55.7	6.6	5.4	10.8	9.7		
10	12/18/2009	11.6	11.9	16.9	17.0	69.3	11.9	11.8	15.7	16.1		
11	12/19/2009	10.3	11.0	15.4	14.9	70.4	11.8	10.8	15.2	14.3		
12	12/20/2009	6.2	6.4	11.1	11.0	56.9	7.3	6.4	11.2	10.1		
13	12/21/2009	17.7	17.7	20.2	20.4	87.2	16.7	17.0	19.5	20.1		
14	12/22/2009	29.4	28.9				27.5	25.2	29.8	27.5	PM10 Grubbs outlier	
15	12/23/2009						14.5	14.8	17.6	18.2		
16	12/24/2009						16.5	16.2	19.6	19.7		
17	12/25/2009						9.0	8.0	13.4	12.8		
18	12/26/2009						3.9	3.2	9.6	9.2		
19	12/27/2009						5.4	2.9	8.4	6.4		
20	12/28/2009						17.2	16.7	23.7	23.6		
21	12/29/2009						9.5	9.3	11.9	11.9		
22	12/30/2009						9.3	9.0	12.5	12.3		
23	12/31/2009	6.0	6.5	15.2	13.9	42.9	6.7	6.8	12.8	13.2		
24	1/1/2010						11.6	9.7	15.3	13.5		
25	1/2/2010						12.1	11.4	16.2	15.7		
26	1/3/2010						15.8	15.2	20.9	20.0		
27	1/4/2010										Zero filter	
28	1/5/2010	15.6	15.5	20.1	18.7	80.1	16.2	18.1	19.5	21.8		
29	1/6/2010			19.2	19.3		14.8	12.6	18.8	16.6	PM2,5 Grubbs outlier	
30	1/7/2010	15.3	15.7	19.4	20.1	78.4	14.8	14.8	18.7	19.1		



Page 206 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Appendix 5	x 5 Measured value from field test sites, related to actual conditions									Page 2 of 32		
Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific									Supported particulate matter DM	2.5.8 DM10
Type of instrument	TEOM 1405-	-DF									Measured values in µg/m³ (ACT)	2,5 & PIVITU
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
		PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10	PM2,5/PM10	PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10		
		[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[%]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]		
31	1/8/2010	14.6	14.9	18.3	18.4	80.3	14.6	14.4	18.1	17.8		Teddington
32	1/9/2010	7.1	6.9	14.6	14.9	47.4	7.0	7.2	14.0	14.4		
33	1/10/2010	16.0	16.1	19.5	19.2	82.9	15.1	15.7	17.8	18.6		
34	1/11/2010	45.7	46.2	51.8	51.3	89.1	43.6	42.8	50.0	49.6		
35	1/12/2010	43.2	43.6	48.1	48.0	90.4	42.3	42.1	48.1	48.5		
36	1/13/2010	48.0	48.3	53.4	53.0	90.6	43.5	43.5	51.5	52.3		
37	1/14/2010	14.1	14.4	16.2	16.3	87.5	15.0	15.2	17.6	18.0		
38	1/15/2010	14.6	14.4	26.9	27.1	53.6	13.1	13.1	21.3	21.4		
39	1/16/2010	6.5	6.1	13.5	13.6	46.1	7.0	7.4	12.1	12.7		
40	1/17/2010	11.0	10.5	20.6	20.6	52.3	8.8	10.1	17.8	19.2		
41	1/18/2010	21.0	20.4	27.1	26.9	76.7	18.7	20.0	25.2	26.8		
42	1/19/2010	20.4	20.2	26.5	26.6	76.4					Power supply interrupted	
43	1/20/2010	26.6	27.0	32.0	31.9	83.8	23.8	24.1	29.3	29.7		
44	1/21/2010	20.5	20.9	27.5	27.9	75.0	19.0	19.5	24.7	25.3		
45	1/22/2010	7.8	7.6	9.7	9.8	78.5	8.0	7.8	10.2	10.1		
46	1/23/2010	21.0	20.9	25.8	25.1	82.3	18.2	18.9	23.5	24.4		
47	1/24/2010	16.2	15.9	20.7	20.3	78.4	14.7	14.7	19.1	19.4		
48	1/25/2010	36.1	35.8	42.0	42.4	85.1	33.5	34.1	40.7	41.7		
49	1/26/2010	50.7	51.1	60.4	60.4	84.2	43.2	44.1	53.2	54.2		
50	1/27/2010	27.1	27.3	38.9	39.1	69.7	24.5	25.7	34.7	36.3		
51	1/28/2010	8.3	8.0	13.9	14.1	58.3	1.1	8.6	14.5	15.4		
52	1/29/2010	5.7	6.0	9.4	9.6	61.5	6.3	6.3	10.3	10.5		
53	1/30/2010	12.4	12.5	17.6	17.6	70.7	11.5	11.1	14.8	15.1		
54	1/31/2010	12.2	13.0	17.3	16.9	73.5	10.1	10.2	14.0	13.5		
55	2/1/2010	8.4	8.3	14.7	14.4	57.5	8.3	9.3	15.0	16.0		
56	2/2/2010	8.3	8.3	12.0	11.7	70.0	8.6	9.3	11.9	12.6		
5/	2/3/2010	9.4	9.3	19.2	19.2	48.6	10.3	10.3	17.4	17.6		
58	2/4/2010	12.0	12.4	19.7	19.8	61.7	13.3	13.0	19. <i>1</i>	19.6		
59	2/5/2010										iniet -> ∠ero filter	
60	2/6/2010			1	1						∠ero filter	

Annendix 5

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 207 of 473

Appendix 5		Measured value from field test sites, related to actual conditions								Page 3 of 32		
Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific									Suspended particulate matter	PM2.5 & PM10
ype of instrument	TEOM 1405-	-DF									Measured values in µg/m ³ (Al	CT)
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
		PM2,5 [µg/m³]	PM2,5 [µg/m³]	PM10 [µg/m³]	PM10 [µq/m³]	PM2,5/PM10 [%]	PM2,5 [µg/m³]	PM2,5 [µg/m³]	PM10 [µq/m³]	PM10 [µq/m³]		
61	2/7/2010	110 1	1.0 1		1.0 1						Zero filter	Teddinaton
62	2/8/2010						14.4	14.5	19.4	20.2		5
63	2/9/2010	6.3	6.3	11.6	11.8	53.8	6.4	6.3	12.8	12.9		
64	2/10/2010	5.8	5.6	12.0	12.4	46.6	6.4	6.6	13.8	14.5		
65	2/11/2010	12.4	12.0	20.2	20.1	60.5	11.4	11.0	19.5	19.1		
66	2/12/2010	6.7	6.5	12.6	12.4	52.7	7.9	7.4	13.7	13.2		
67	2/13/2010	8.8	8.8	15.1	15.4	57.6	8.7	9.3	14.3	14.7		
68	2/14/2010	13.9	13.4	16.0	16.3	84.8	13.5	13.7	15.9	16.0		
69	2/15/2010	12.5	12.8	16.0	15.9	79.2	12.9	12.8	16.4	16.3		
70	2/16/2010	14.9	15.9	18.2	18.5	83.9	14.8	14.6	18.3	17.9		
71	2/17/2010	44.8	45.2	52.2	52.1	86.3	38.7	40.7	47.9	50.1		
72	2/18/2010	13.1	12.3	14.8	14.8	85.9	14.1	13.9	16.3	16.0		
73	2/19/2010	18.3	18.5	21.7	21.7	84.6	17.7	11.4	20.3	14.8		
74	2/20/2010	16.5	16.6	19.3	19.5	85.2	17.1	17.4	20.2	20.8		
75	2/21/2010	7.4	7.3	10.2	10.2	71.7	9.0	8.5	11.3	11.0		
76	2/22/2010	9.9	10.3	16.6	16.5	61.1	10.3	10.3	16.0	16.0		
77	2/23/2010	14.5	14.4	22.2	22.3	64.9	13.4	13.1	20.5	20.3		
78	2/24/2010	9.2	9.1	17.8	17.7	51.6	9.0	8.6	17.0	16.8		
79	2/25/2010	5.9	4.8	9.2	9.4	57.2	7.1	6.7	11.1	10.7		
80	2/26/2010	4.4	4.3	11.2	11.4	38.8	5.1	5.4	12.8	12.9		
81	2/27/2010	11.8	11.7	18.9	19.2	61.6	12.8	11.9	19.4	18.4		
82	2/28/2010	5.0	5.2	9.6	9.6	53.5	6.6	8.0	10.5	11.7		
83	3/1/2010						20.2	19.2	28.9	28.0		
84	3/2/2010	12.7	13.1	21.7	21.0	60.4	13.6	13.1	22.8	22.3		
85	3/3/2010	7.9	8.7	20.9	21.3	39.3	8.9	8.1	21.7	21.1		
86	3/4/2010	9.3	8.7	16.5	16.6	54.2	8.2	7.9	16.0	15.1		
87	4/27/2010	12.1	11.2	20.2	20.9	56.7	14.0	13.8	22.3	22.7		
88	4/28/2010	16.0	16.7	25.8	25.0	64.3	18.4	18.4	27.8	28.2		
89	4/29/2010	11.3	11.4	19.2	19.3	58.9	13.8	13.2	22.2	21.9		
90	4/30/2010	54	54	11.5	11 0	45.9	79	7.0	14.0	13.4		

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Page 208 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Appendix 5					weasure	u value iroi	in neiù test s	lites, relateu	to actual col	luiuons		Faye 4 01 52
Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific									Suspended particulate matter DM	12.5.8. DM10
Type of instrument	TEOM 1405-	DF									Measured values in µg/m ³ (ACT)	12,5 & 1 1010
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
-		it							1			
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
		PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10	PM2,5/PM10	PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10		
		[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[%]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]		
91	5/1/2010						8.9	8.5	12.2	12.0		Teddington
92	5/2/2010						6.2	6.0	9.7	9.8		
93	5/3/2010						6.5	6.2	13.9	13.9		
94	5/4/2010	8.5	8.6	15.0	15.1	56.7	10.4	9.9	16.2	16.4		
95	5/5/2010	14.0	13.9	18.8	19.7	72.5	15.5	15.6	21.1	21.7		
96	5/6/2010	9.8	9.2	16.2	16.6	58.0	10.9	11.1	17.4	18.0		
97	5/7/2010	7.8	7.7	12.9	13.1	59.8	9.4	8.9	14.6	14.5		
98	5/8/2010	4.5	4.2	8.9	8.9	48.5	6.7	6.9	10.4	10.7		
99	5/9/2010	6.5	7.6	14.1	14.0	50.4	8.9	8.9	15.0	15.1		
100	5/10/2010	4.9	5.1	10.2	9.8	49.7	6.9	6.9	12.8	12.9		
101	5/11/2010	6.2	6.0	10.6	9.8	60.1	8.4	8.0	13.1	12.9		
102	5/12/2010	8.4	8.3	12.3	12.5	67.5	10.5	10.2	14.5	14.6		
103	5/13/2010	13.4	13.2	17.2	17.1	77.7	14.2	13.8	18.6	18.5		
104	5/14/2010	12.7	13.7	19.1	18.7	69.9	15.4	15.3	21.2	21.2		
105	5/15/2010	7.0	6.7	12.7	12.7	54.0	9.2	8.6	15.3	15.1		
106	5/16/2010	5.6	5.2	9.5	9.6	56.4	8.3	7.8	12.5	12.2		
107	5/17/2010	10.2	10.3	16.2	16.6	62.5	11.8	11.6	18.7	18.9		
108	5/18/2010	12.7	13.4	21.5	21.5	60.8	14.9	14.1	23.8	23.7		
109	5/19/2010	14.0	15.2	20.0	19.4	74.2	16.6	16.3	23.6	23.6		
110	5/20/2010	13.9	14.7	18.7	19.0	75.9	18.7	18.0	24.9	24.7		
111	5/21/2010	14.3	15.5	17.9	18.6	81.7	18.0	18.0	23.2	23.7		
112	5/22/2010	6.4	6.2	9.0	8.9	70.3	9.0	8.7	12.5	12.5		
113	5/23/2010	5.6	5.7	9.3	9.6	60.0	8.7	8.2	14.4	14.2		
114	5/24/2010	12.0	12.4	17.5	17.6	69.7	13.7	13.7	20.0	20.4		
115	5/25/2010	6.1	6.9	15.6	15.2	42.4	8.9	8.4	18.9	19.0	7 64	
116	5/26/2010	9.7	9.2	19.1	19.0	49.8					Zero filter	
117	5/27/2010	7.3	7.3	8.0	7.9	92.3			10.0		Zero filter-> Inlet	
118	5/28/2010	8.2	8.2	14.4	13.9	57.7	9.9	9.2	16.0	15.7		
119	5/29/2010	5.0	4.9	10.5	10.7	46.1	1.1	7.2	12.9	13.2		
120	5/30/2010	4.0	3.9	8.2	7.9	48.9	6.0	5.5	10.7	10.4		

Annendix 5

Measured value from field test sites related to actual conditions

Page 4 of 32

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 209 of 473

Appendix 5					Measure	d value fro	m field test s	sites, related	to actual co	nditions		Page 5 of 32
/anufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific									Suspended particulate matter PM	2.5 & PM10
ype of instrument	TEOM 1405-	-DF									Measured values in µg/m³ (ACT)	_,
erial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
		PM2,5 [ug/m³]	PM2,5 [ug/m³]	PM10 [ug/m³]	PM10	PM2,5/PM10 [%]	PM2,5 [ug/m³]	PM2,5 [ug/m ³]	PM10 [ug/m ³]	PM10 [ug/m³]		
121	5/31/2010	[µg/iii] 13.2	13 0	20.6	21 1	62.8	[µg/iii] 15.1	[µg/11] 13.8	22 1	21.2		Teddington
122	6/1/2010	15.2	15.5	20.0	20.5	76.0	18.6	16.8	22.4	21.0		readington
123	6/2/2010	12.4	11.9	17.7	17.4	69.5	15.2	14.2	20.9	20.1		
124	6/3/2010	9.0	8.8	15.5	15.7	57.1	10.5	10.2	17.8	18.1		
125	6/4/2010	17.8	17.9	26.0	26.6	67.9	22.6	20.7	32.3	31.0		
126	6/5/2010	17.3	16.4	23.8	24.3	70.1	21.5	19.5	29.4	28.0		
127	6/6/2010	7.3	6.4	11.6	11.2	59.8	11.6	10.5	17.5	16.5		
128	6/7/2010	4.0	3.7	7.8	7.2	51.9	6.5	5.7	10.2	9.6		
129	6/8/2010	4.5	4.4	9.2	9.9	46.5	6.7	6.6	10.7	11.1		
130	6/9/2010	11.3	9.8	15.5	16.0	66.9	13.4	12.2	17.7	17.0		
131	6/10/2010	7.8	7.6	10.4	10.8	73.1	10.1	9.2	14.0	13.4		
132	6/11/2010			10.5	11.8		10.8	8.8	15.1	13.4	No ref. measurement PM2.5	
133	6/12/2010	6.6	6.6	13.4	13.5	48.8	9.8	8.4	16.0	14.9		
134	6/13/2010	9.7	9.9	17.4	17.7	55.8	11.5	10.9	19.9	19.8		
135	6/14/2010	7.2	6.2	13.4	12.7	51.4	9.5	8.3	16.0	15.3		
136	6/15/2010	2.9	3.1	10.2	9.8	30.2	6.3	4.8	13.5	12.5		
137	6/16/2010	5.0	4.6	10.8	10.3	45.4	7.1	6.1	14.3	13.8		
138	6/17/2010	4.1	4.5	7.1	7.9	57.6	6.7	6.3	12.0	12.2		
139	6/18/2010						8.0	6.4	16.3	15.1		
140	6/19/2010	3.7	3.4	9.1	9.3	38.1	6.0	5.5	12.1	12.0		
141	6/20/2010	9.1	8.9	15.5	15.3	58.4	12.5	11.4	19.4	18.5		
142	6/21/2010	7.5	7.3				12.1	11.2	21.0	20.3	PM10 Grubbs outlier	
143	6/22/2010	4.9	6.3	13.1	13.8	41.9	9.4	8.6	17.3	16.8		
144	6/23/2010	8.1	8.0	15.3	15.7	52.0	11.1	10.4	19.8	19.4		
145	6/24/2010	6.9	6.3	11.5	11.0	58.5	8.8	8.0	15.3	16.2		
146	6/25/2010	14.6	15.4	23.0	23.8	64.0	19.3	17.9	28.0	27.4		
147	6/26/2010	20.9	20.1	29.1	29.4	70.1	27.0	24.8	38.2	35.7		
148	6/27/2010						11.4	10.4	20.4	20.6		
149	6/28/2010	10.4	9.3				12.7	11.6	22.8	22.5	PM10 Grubbs outlier	
150	6/29/2010	49	47	89	90	533	85	65	12.5	10.8		

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Page 210 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH

Luftreinhaltung

Page 6 of 32

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific										
	TEONALIOE	DE									Suspended particulate matter P	M2,5 & PM10
Type of Instrument	TEOM 1405-	DF									Measured values in µg/m° (ACT))
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
		PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10	PM2,5/PM10	PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10		
		[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[%]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]		
151	6/30/2010	4.4	5.5	9.6	9.5	51.7	9.1	7.6	13.6	12.2		Teddington
152	7/1/2010	6.9	6.1	11.0	11.6	57.7	9.0	8.0	15.1	14.1		
153	1/27/2011	8.9	8.8	12.8	13.3	67.8					Audits	Cologne
154	1/28/2011	28.3	28.5	36.3	36.8	77.8					Audits	(Winter)
155	1/29/2011										Zero filter	
156	1/30/2011	62.0	62.1	82.7	83.7	74.6					Zero filter	
157	1/31/2011	81.6	81.8	95.5	94.0	86.2					Zero filter	
158	2/1/2011	61.9	62.0	75.3	73.6	83.2	65.0	62.9	78.8	78.0		
159	2/2/2011	20.6	20.1	25.2	24.7	81.8	21.6	20.9	25.1	24.5		
160	2/3/2011	14.1	13.4	20.1	20.4	67.7	14.5	14.0	20.4	19.9		
161	2/4/2011	6.1	6.2	11.0	11.4	54.6	7.4	6.5	12.6	11.8		
162	2/5/2011						5.0	4.9	8.7	8.7		
163	2/6/2011	8.4	8.5	14.8	15.0	57.0	9.1	9.3	14.7	15.2		
164	2/7/2011	9.7	10.0	17.5	18.8	54.2	10.7	11.3	19.5	20.7		
165	2/8/2011	18.0	17.3	30.6	31.3	57.2	18.2	17.5	29.9	30.2		
166	2/9/2011	21.2	21.9	29.6	30.6	/1.5	22.4	22.3	30.6	31.2		
167	2/10/2011	19.4	20.8	24.9	26.7	77.9	20.8	20.2	26.2	26.2		
168	2/11/2011	10.5	11.3	13.2	14.1	80.0	11.1	12.0	12.9	14.2		
169	2/12/2011			17.0	10 -	07.5	15.6	15.4	19.7	19.6		
170	2/13/2011	11.5	12.5	17.0	18.5	67.5	12.7	12.4	16.7	16.8		
1/1	2/14/2011	21.1	19.5	23.8	24.2	84.6	22.2	21.7	26.3	26.0		
1/2	2/15/2011	16.4	16.0	19.0	19.7	83.7	17.5	17.9	20.5	21.3		
1/3	2/16/2011	24.5	24.0	34.0	34.2	/1.1	26.7	26.6	36.1	36.3		
1/4	2/17/2011	36.0	35.5	42.2	42.1	84.8	39.1	38.4	46.1	46.1		
1/5	2/18/2011	36.5	36.7	43.4	43.5	84.3	39.8	38.9	47.1	47.3		
176	2/19/2011						53.1	50.6	58.8	57.2		
177	2/20/2011	27.6	27.8	29.5	29.8	93.5	29.8	28.8	32.5	32.0		
178	2/21/2011	31.3	31.8	36.6	36.2	86.6	34.0	32.6	39.7	39.3		
179	2/22/2011	36.5	37.9	43.3	43.8	85.4	39.8	38.9	47.2	47.4		
180	2/23/2011	38.0	37.9	45.7	45.7	83.0	39.4	39.0	49.9	50.5		

Measured value from field test sites, related to actual conditions

Appendix 5

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 211 of 473

Appendix 5	Thermo Fisher Scientific TEOM 1405-DF SN 20014 & SN 20116 Date Ref. 1 Ref. 2 Ref. 2 PM2,5 2 Q12/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/			Measure	ed value fror	Page 7 of 32						
Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific									Suspended particulate matter PM	2.5 & PM10
ype of instrument	TEOM 1405-	-DF									Measured values in µg/m ³ (ACT)	2,0 0 1 1110
erial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
N	Data	Def 4	D.C.O.	D.C.A	D.(A	Dette	011 0001 4	011 001 10		01100140	l Deved I	T (.)(.
NO.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	lest site
		PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10	PM2,5/PM10	PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10		
101	0/04/0044	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m°]	[%]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m²]	[µg/m²]		
181	2/24/2011	30.3	31.4	36.0	35.8	85.9	32.8	32.2	38.2	38.2		Cologne
182	2/25/2011	26.4	26.7	30.4	29.6	88.6	28.8	28.5	31.7	32.0		(Winter)
183	2/26/2011	40.5	10.0	45.4	44.0	00.5	15.9	16.0	18.4	19.3		
184	2/2//2011	13.5	13.3	15.4	14.8	88.5	14.6	13.4	15.6	14.9		
185	2/28/2011	36.7	36.0	44.7	43.7	82.3	36.3	35.5	43.3	43.3		
180	3/1/2011	00.0	66.0	75.0	74.7	88.2	67.4	00.8	75.2	75.5		
187	3/2/2011	49.4	49.7	60.6	58.5	83.1	52.1	49.9	61.7	60.7		
188	3/3/2011	39.4	37.5	50.8	48.9	11.1	40.3	38.4	50.5	49.3	DM40 On the sufficient lates	
189	3/4/2011	70.0	70.5								PM TO Grubbs outlier; Inlet ->	
100	2/5/2011	76.3	76.5								Zero filter	
190	3/5/2011	° 0	0.2	12.6	14.1	65.1					Zero filter	
191	3/0/2011	0.9	9.2	13.0	14.1	66.2					Zero filter	
192	3/7/2011	0.3	9.0	13.0	12.4	71.7	20.6	20.1	40.0	40.7	Zero liitei	
195	3/0/2011	31.1	31.0	43.9	43.0	62.0	30.6	29.1	42.0	42.7		
194	3/9/2011	19.1	10.0	30.5	20.7	03.9	19.5	10.4	30.1	29.5	Power out (complete)	
195	3/11/2011	16.7	16.1	33.5	33.1	10.2	16.0	16.4	32.6	32.8	Power cut (complete)	
190	3/12/2011	10.7	10.1	33.5	55.1	49.2	10.9	10.4	32.0	32.0		
108	3/13/2011	13.3	13.1	16.2	15.6	83.0	13.4	13.0	16.5	16.5		
199	3/14/2011	18.2	20.0	27.7	25.6	71.5	13.4	13.2	10.5	10.5	Power cut (only Thermo)	
200	3/15/2011	37.4	37.8	44 1	43.1	86.3	30.4	36.5	46.5	44 1	i ower eut (only menho)	
200	3/16/2011	51.4	57.0	67.3	65.8	00.5	57.5	56.3	67.9	67.3	PM2.5 Grubbs outlier	
202	3/17/2011	50.7	49.6	68.0	67.1	74 1	53.9	52.5	68.3	67.5		
202	3/18/2011	28.4	28.1	38.4	38.4	73.5	29.5	28.9	38.6	38.2		
204	3/19/2011	20.4	20.1	00.4	00.4	, 0.0	13.0	13.4	18.8	19.6		
205	3/20/2011	20.4	20.3	28.6	28.0	72.0	20.0	20.4	28.8	29.9		
206	3/21/2011	22.4	22.3	34 7	34.3	64.8	23.3	23.2	35.6	36.1		
207	3/22/2011	41.7	41.6	55.7	54.8	75.4	42.0	41.4	57.9	57.5		
208	3/23/2011	20.3	20.4	33.1	31.6	63.0	21.3	21.5	33.7	34.4		
209	3/24/2011	18.6	20.2	33.3	32.7	58.7	21.5	20.5	35.4	34.4		
210	2/25/2011	27.6	27.5	36.9	37.2	74.2	28.0	28.5	38.8	39.6		



Page 212 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Appendix 5		Measured value from field test sites, related to actual conditions											
Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific									Suspended particulate matter PA	12.5.8 DM10	
Type of instrument	TEOM 1405-	DF									Measured values in µg/m ³ (ACT)	12,5 & FINITU	
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116											
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site	
		PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10	PM2,5/PM10	PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10			
		[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[%]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]			
211	3/26/2011						13.5	12.9	19.4	19.0		Cologne	
212	3/27/2011	24.6	24.8	35.6	35.4	69.5	25.9	25.7	37.2	37.2		(Winter)	
213	3/28/2011	20.5	20.7	32.4	31.9	64.2	21.3	21.1	33.2	33.1			
214	3/29/2011	44.7	44.2	65.4	65.6	67.8	46.8	46.7	68.5	67.9			
215	3/30/2011	15.6	15.6	24.0	23.4	65.8	15.6	15.1	24.7	24.2			
216	3/31/2011	6.0	5.1	10.5	9.3	56.2	7.2	6.8	10.4	10.2			
217	4/1/2011	8.5	7.7	13.3	13.0	61.7	8.4	8.4	13.4	13.6			
218	4/2/2011						16.6	16.9	34.7	35.5			
219	4/3/2011	14.6	13.7	22.1	22.4	63.6	15.6	15.2	20.2	20.1			
220	4/4/2011	8.8	9.0	17.9	16.6	51.6	10.4	9.9	17.2	17.0			
221	4/5/2011	11.0	11.4	19.2	19.0	58.7	12.4	12.9	19.1	19.8			
222	4/6/2011	13.0	12.9	23.6	23.8	54.6	14.7	14.9	24.6	25.2			
223	4/7/2011	13.7	13.1	23.2	24.2	56.7	15.1	13.7	23.7	22.9			
224	4/8/2011	19.0	19.8	34.9	34.8	55.7					Inlet -> Zero filter		
225	4/9/2011										Zero filter		
226	4/10/2011	11.1	11.8	23.4	22.3	50.1					Zero filter		
227	4/11/2011	15.2	15.1	31.3	31.5	48.2	16.8	16.0	35.7	33.6			
228	4/12/2011	9.0	8.2	18.0	17.1	49.0	10.7	11.0	20.6	20.2			
229	4/13/2011	12.5	12.2	24.4	23.2	51.9	15.9	14.8	27.2	26.2			
230	4/14/2011	19.6	19.4	32.0	31.5	61.5	24.2	23.5	35.4	34.9			
231	4/15/2011	13.3	11.4	31.9	31.9	38.8	12.8	11.8	31.2	30.1			
232	4/16/2011						15.3	14.3	39.6	38.1			
233	4/17/2011						16.1	14.7	23.2	22.5			
234	4/18/2011	17.0	17.2	26.4	26.6	64.6	20.2	18.9	30.3	29.4			
235	4/19/2011	17.5	17.9	30.3	30.7	58.0	22.3	22.0	35.2	35.5			
236	4/20/2011	20.0	20.8	33.9	34.2	59.8	23.8	23.0	38.6	38.8			
237	4/21/2011						24.0	23.7	36.4	37.0			
238	4/22/2011						19.3	19.5	30.1	28.3			
239	4/23/2011						31.7	31.0	40.8	39.5			
240	4/24/2011						23.5	23.0	31.4	30.6			

Appendix 5

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 213 of 473

Appendix 5	Measured value from field test sites, related to actual conditions								Page 9 of 32			
Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	ner Scientific									Suspended particulate matter PM	12.5 & PM10
Type of instrument	TEOM 1405	-DF									Measured values in µg/m ³ (ACT)	12,5 & 1 1010
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
											.	
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
		PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10	PM2,5/PM10	PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10		
		[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[%]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]		
241	4/25/2011	19.6	20.7	27.4	27.4	73.6	22.2	20.8	31.0	29.2		Cologne
242	4/26/2011	17.0	17.6	31.0	31.3	55.7	17.7	23.0	34.4	38.1		(Winter)
243	4/27/2011			44.3	45.1		35.2	34.3	47.9	46.8	No ref. measurement PM2.5	
244	4/28/2011	16.2	17.8	28.0	28.0	60.8	25.3	24.7	32.0	31.5		
245	4/29/2011	19.0	19.3	25.9	27.3	72.0	21.8	20.9	30.4	29.4		
246	4/30/2011	12.9	13.3	21.0	22.0	61.0	14.0	13.9	23.6	22.9		
247	5/1/2011	6.7	7.0	13.0	12.9	52.9	11.4	8.4	16.3	13.9		
248	5/2/2011	9.3	9.2	16.1	14.9	59.8	10.8	11.1	16.7	16.9		
249	5/3/2011	9.0	9.3	15.9	15.1	59.2	10.5	10.2	16.4	16.6		
250	5/4/2011	11.4	11.5	20.5	20.2	56.1	13.8	14.8	21.5	22.5		
251	5/5/2011			20.1	19.5		14.5	14.5	21.9	22.0	PM2,5 Grubbs outlier	
252	5/6/2011	13.7	13.6	30.7	31.1	44.2	13.5	13.7	30.2	31.5		
253	5/7/2011	19.1	17.6	46.1	47.5	39.2	12.6	12.7	40.6	46.9		
254	5/8/2011	12.3	12.2	23.4	23.0	53.0	9.9	10.1	22.0	22.6		
255	7/25/2011	12.1	11.2	17.8	17.8	65.4					Wrong set-up	Bornheim
256	7/26/2011	11.8	11.8	19.6	19.1	61.2					Wrong set-up	(Sommer)
257	7/27/2011	14.3	13.7	21.5	20.9	65.9					Wrong set-up	
258	7/28/2011	17.5	19.0	26.5	25.2	70.6					Correction of set-up	
259	7/29/2011	10.2	7.9	16.8	16.6	54.2	11.4	11.3	19.0	19.3		
260	7/30/2011						6.0	5.7	11.2	11.8		
261	7/31/2011	9.8	9.5	13.3	14.2	70.4	10.0	9.8	14.0	14.3		
262	8/1/2011	12.7	11.4	18.0	19.2	64.8	13.6	14.5	20.8	22.7		
263	8/2/2011	10.3	10.1	19.0	20.1	52.1	10.5	11.3	21.7	24.2		
264	8/3/2011	17.0	16.6	24.4	26.1	66.5	18.6	18.4	25.3	26.5		
265	8/4/2011	8.7	8.4	13.8	14.7	60.2	12.1	11.6	18.9	19.8		
266	8/5/2011	8.6	10.6	17.1	18.0	54.7	11.6	11.2	19.1	19.9		
267	8/6/2011						6.9	7.3	11.6	12.9		
268	8/7/2011	2.8	3.1	5.6	6.4	49.5	4.1	3.7	7.1	7.4		
269	8/8/2011	2.8	4.0	7.9	7.5	44.1	3.5	3.2	7.0	7.5		
270	8/9/2011	2.7	3.2	10.8	11.2	27.1	6.7	3.4	12.0	9.9		



Page 214 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Appendix 5					Measured value from field test sites, related to actual conditions										
Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific									Supported particulate matter F	M2 5 8 PM10			
Type of instrument	TEOM 1405-	DF									Measured values in µg/m ³ (ACT)			
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116													
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site			
		PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10	PM2,5/PM10	PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10					
		[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[%]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]					
271	8/10/2011	5.3	6.4	12.1	12.7	47.0	6.8	7.1	13.9	15.1		Bornheim			
272	8/11/2011	5.5	5.2	11.4	11.1	47.3	4.8	5.2	11.6	13.3		(Sommer)			
273	8/12/2011	3.0	3.8	6.4	7.0	50.2	4.1	4.8	6.7	7.9					
274	8/13/2011						5.7	6.0	8.7	9.7					
275	8/14/2011	2.6	3.6	7.0	6.7	45.5	4.5	4.3	7.8	8.2					
276	8/15/2011	6.0	5.4	13.5	13.9	41.7	9.0	8.3	16.3	17.0					
277	8/16/2011	6.0	6.0	13.7	12.9	45.1	8.4	8.5	15.3	16.7					
278	8/17/2011	14.7	14.0	25.8	25.0	56.3	16.3	16.6	27.7	29.9					
279	8/18/2011	9.0	8.7	16.8	15.9	54.1	13.6	13.4	22.8	24.5					
280	8/19/2011	6.6	6.2	13.3	12.8	48.8	10.1	10.9	15.6	17.4					
281	8/20/2011						10.3	10.1	16.7	17.6					
282	8/21/2011	10.4	10.3	17.1	17.2	60.4	13.7	13.7	20.2	21.2					
283	8/22/2011	10.9	10.8	19.7	19.3	55.8	15.3	15.3	23.5	24.8					
284	8/23/2011	19.2	19.1	29.9	30.1	63.7	23.8	24.1	34.4	36.3					
285	8/24/2011	6.7	7.4	16.9	16.7	41.9	7.8	7.5	17.6	19.1					
286	8/25/2011	11.5	12.1	18.8	18.6	63.4	13.2	13.6	19.9	21.5					
287	8/26/2011	4.9	5.5	10.7	10.7	48.8	9.3	8.1	14.6	14.6					
288	8/27/2011						3.1	2.8	5.5	5.8					
289	8/28/2011			7.7	7.6		3.5	3.7	7.5	8.8					
290	8/29/2011	5.9	6.2	11.4	11.5	53.0	5.8	5.4	10.9	11.7					
291	8/30/2011	9.1	8.1	17.1	16.6	51.1	7.8	7.9	16.5	18.1					
292	8/31/2011	14.5	13.9	26.0	23.6	57.2	15.8	15.7	26.4	27.8					
293	9/1/2011	17.7	18.2	27.5	26.1	66.9	20.6	20.6	29.5	31.1					
294	9/2/2011	14.9	15.0	25.1	24.1	60.6	15.1	15.2	24.7	26.4					
295	9/3/2011						16.1	16.4	26.4	28.1					
296	9/4/2011	8.2	8.0	12.7	12.1	65.3	7.4	6.6	11.9	11.9					
297	9/5/2011	4.8	5.0	9.2	9.1	53.8	3.1	3.2	7.5	8.3	1				
298	9/6/2011	5.2	5.6	11.1	10.6	49.8	4.0	3.3	10.5	11.0	1				
299	9/7/2011	6.1	5.8	12.5	13.2	46.1	4.9	4.6	11.3	11.9	1				
300	9/8/2011						4.3	4.2	8.4	8.9					

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 215 of 473

Appendix 5					Measure	ed value fror	n field test s	sites, related	to actual co	nditions		Page 11 of 3
<i>lanufacturer</i>	Thermo Fish	er Scientific									Suspended particulate matter PM	/2.5 & PM10
ype of instrume	nt TEOM 1405	-DF									Measured values in µg/m ³ (ACT)	
erial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No.	Date	Ref. 1 PM2,5 [µɡ/m³]	Ref. 2 PM2,5 [µg/m³]	Ref. 1 PM10 [µɡ/m³]	Ref 2. PM10 [µɡ/m³]	Ratio PM2,5/PM10 [%]	SN 20014 PM2,5 [µɑ/m³]	SN 20116 PM2,5 [µɑ/m³]	SN 20014 PM10 [µɑ/m³]	SN 20116 PM10 [µq/m³]	Remark	Test site
301	9/9/2011	6.8	7.1	12.1	11.8	57.9	6.2	6.4	11.5	12.5		Bornheim
302	9/10/2011						8.0	7.9	12.5	13.2		(Sommer)
303	9/11/2011	5.7	5.5	9.4	9.3	59.5	5.7	4.5	9.8	9.5		· · · ·
304	9/12/2011	5.2	6.1	11.6	11.6	48.5	4.3	4.3	10.0	11.0		
305	9/13/2011	6.3	7.2	16.3	16.8	40.6	6.5	6.4	14.9	15.9		
306	9/14/2011	6.7	7.2	15.3	15.6	44.9	5.7	5.6	13.8	14.7		
307	9/15/2011	11.1	12.2	24.3	24.9	47.4	11.4	11.3	24.0	25.7		
308	9/16/2011	13.0	13.7	23.0	25.1	55.4					Inlet -> Zero filter	
309	9/17/2011										Zero filter	
310	9/18/2011	3.2	3.9	7.0	7.1	50.4					Zero filter	
311	9/19/2011	7.8	8.2	12.5	11.6	66.2	8.3	7.7	12.7	12.0		
312	9/20/2011						6.9	6.4	13.4	13.1		
313	9/21/2011			12.4	12.3		6.8	6.8	12.4	12.3		
314	9/22/2011	6.4	7.8	19.2	18.9	37.3	8.6	7.6	17.7	16.4		
315	9/23/2011	12.2	13.4	26.1	26.2	49.1	14.9	14.1	27.5	25.4		
316	9/24/2011						16.8	15.4	26.3	23.6		
317	9/25/2011	15.7	14.5	21.3	21.7	70.0	18.1	18.2	26.3	24.7		
318	9/26/2011			18.8	20.6						Audits	
319	9/27/2011			38.3	39.8		25.2	25.6	42.6	41.7		
320	9/28/2011							21.3		30.8	SN 20014 Leak repair	
321	9/29/2011	17.1	16.0				19.5	19.8	29.5	29.8		
322	9/30/2011	12.4	11.8	23.4	24.5	50.6	13.8	13.9	26.4	26.2		
323	10/1/2011						14.7	13.9	22.8	22.9		
324	10/2/2011						31.6	30.8	41.7	40.9		
325	10/3/2011	13.5	14.8				21.6	22.0	30.7	31.2		
326	10/4/2011	9.8	9.8	15.9	16.3	60.9	10.0	10.1	16.4	17.6		
327	10/5/2011	4.5	2.5	7.0	6.5	51.8	3.5	3.0	6.4	6.4		
328	10/6/2011	5.5	4.1	10.8	10.4	45.6	4.2	4.7	10.0	11.1		
329	10/7/2011	3.6	3.1	8.1	7.6	42.9	4.3	3.6	7.7	7.5		
330	10/8/2011	1					6.8	50	10.4	91		



Page 216 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Appendix 5			Measured value from field test sites, related to actual conditions											
Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific									Suspended particulate matter D	W2 5 & PM10		
Type of instrument	TEOM 1405-	DF									Measured values in µg/m ³ (ACT)	12,5 & FINTO		
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116												
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site		
		PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10	PM2,5/PM10	PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10				
		[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[%]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]				
331	10/9/2011	6.0	6.4	10.1	10.4	60.7	6.9	6.1	10.4	10.3		Bomheim		
332	10/10/2011	4.7	5.2	11.9	12.5	40.9	8.5	6.3	15.0	13.6		(Sommer)		
333	10/11/2011	1.3	2.0	5.5	5.0	31.2	4.1	2.8	7.0	6.2				
334	10/12/2011	1.9	3.2	5.3	5.0	49.3	5.6	4.2	7.8	6.6				
335	10/13/2011	4.2	4.2	11.5	11.7	36.3	6.6	6.4	12.9	13.1				
336	10/14/2011	5.9	8.5	14.8	14.0	50.2	9.7	9.6	16.4	17.4				
337	10/15/2011						11.6	11.1	16.1	16.4				
338	10/16/2011	11.1	13.7	17.0	16.7	73.7	15.9	15.5	20.4	20.7				
339	10/17/2011	18.6	20.1	28.0	27.3	70.0	22.4	22.4	30.9	31.5				
340	10/18/2011	4.3	6.7	11.6	11.5	47.7	8.1	6.5	13.4	12.4				
341	10/19/2011	3.8	5.2				6.4	5.7	11.3	11.2	PM10 Grubbs outlier			
342	10/20/2011	9.3	9.5	11.9	15.8	67.9	12.8	11.6	19.5	18.8				
343	10/21/2011	17.6	18.1	28.0	26.4	65.5	20.3	19.7	29.7	29.6				
344	10/22/2011						22.9	21.7	27.6	26.7				
345	10/23/2011	23.0	23.2				26.5	25.9	30.6	30.5	PM10 Grubbs outlier			
346	10/24/2011	15.4	15.4				17.4	16.8	24.2	24.7				
347	10/25/2011	11.0	12.1				13.2	12.6	18.5	18.6				
348	10/26/2011	6.0	6.7				7.9	7.7	13.6	14.4				
349	10/27/2011	18.1	19.3				20.5	20.2	27.6	28.3				
350	10/28/2011	17.8	18.0	27.2	27.3	65.6	20.4	20.1	29.7	30.1				
351	10/29/2011						20.6	19.5	27.5	27.1				
352	10/30/2011	11.7	12.2	16.8	16.3	72.0	14.0	13.1	17.3	16.8				
353	10/31/2011						24.3	23.9	32.0	32.2				
354	11/1/2011	22.5	22.3	30.8	28.4	75.7	24.8	24.5	30.2	30.6	1			
355	11/2/2011	17.2	17.3				19.4	18.0	25.2	24.4	1			
356	11/3/2011	9.2	10.8	17.8	17.5	56.4	12.0	10.8	20.8	19.7	1			
357	11/4/2011	13.7	14.3	21.0	21.1	66.5	15.2	13.4	23.4	22.4	1			
358	11/5/2011						22.6	23.0	30.5	31.5				
359	11/6/2011	55.2	54.7	62.1	63.5	87.5	58.0	57.4	67.2	67.3	1			
360	11/7/2011	34.6	34.3	39.5	40.6	85.9	37.0	36.6	45.2	45.2				

Annendix 5
Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 217 of 473

Appendix 5		Measured value from field test sites, related to actual conditions										Page 13 of 32
Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific									Suspended particulate matter PM	2.5 & PM10
Type of instrument	TEOM 1405-	DF									Measured values in µg/m ³ (ACT)	2,0 0 1 1110
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
										-	-	
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
		PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10	PM2,5/PM10	PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10		
		[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[%]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]		
361	11/8/2011	43.7	43.6	53.1	54.2	81.4	45.9	45.8	58.8	59.2		Bornheim
362	11/9/2011	24.0	23.4	28.6	29.9	81.1	26.5	25.3	32.8	32.7		(Sommer)
363	11/10/2011	14.3	13.9	17.3	17.3	81.4	15.9	15.5	20.2	20.6		
364	11/11/2011	26.9	27.9	35.1	35.3	78.0	31.5	31.1	40.3	40.6		
365	11/12/2011						28.4	28.2	33.5	33.8		
366	11/13/2011	21.5	21.5	24.1	24.7	88.1	24.7	23.7	28.4	27.9		
367	11/14/2011	38.6	38.1	43.8	45.1	86.3					Changing of TEOM/47mm Filter	Bornheim
368	11/15/2011	35.0	34.6	44.3	45.1	77.8	38.3	37.7	50.4	49.8		(Winter)
369	11/16/2011	37.7	36.6	44.1	44.2	84.2	41.6	40.3	49.7	48.7		
370	11/17/2011	26.0	25.9	32.3	32.0	80.7	29.7	28.4	36.9	35.8		
371	11/18/2011	23.9	22.9	31.2	32.6	73.4	27.8	26.2	36.5	35.3		
372	11/19/2011						30.7	28.8	37.2	35.6		
373	11/20/2011	30.0	29.1	35.1	35.3	84.1	32.6	30.4	38.5	36.6		
374	11/21/2011	30.4	30.2	38.5	39.5	77.6	33.8	32.0	43.5	42.0		
375	11/22/2011	37.4	37.4	47.7	48.3	77.8	41.6	38.9	53.5	51.0		
376	11/23/2011	38.8	39.7	54.2	55.4	71.6	44.2	41.4	59.2	56.8		
377	11/24/2011	24.1	24.4	30.6	31.6	77.9	26.6	25.2	34.7	33.6		
378	11/25/2011	14.3	13.6	21.5	22.7	63.1	16.6	15.0	25.7	24.4		
379	11/26/2011						7.4	6.1	11.9	10.9		
380	11/27/2011	4.8	4.9	11.0	9.4	47.1	6.9	5.8	12.6	11.9		
381	11/28/2011	14.0	15.6	28.5	27.8	52.5	17.2	16.2	30.0	29.2		
382	11/29/2011	13.0	12.8	18.2	18.0	71.1	15.3	14.2	21.0	20.3		
383	11/30/2011	9.1	8.6	20.9	21.1	42.1	11.0	10.1	23.2	22.5		
384	12/1/2011	8.0	7.1	8.6	10.1	80.6	9.5	7.8	12.4	11.0		
385	12/2/2011	7.2	6.4	11.7	11.6	58.4	9.6	7.8	13.5	12.1		
386	12/3/2011						4.6	3.1	8.1	6.9		
387	12/4/2011	5.1	3.1	6.3	6.3	65.3	4.8	3.3	7.8	6.6		
388	12/5/2011	4.9	4.2	6.6	6.7	68.0	4.8	4.0	8.2	7.7		
389	12/6/2011	5.0	3.8	7.2	8.1	57.3	4.9	4.2	8.8	8.4		
390	12/7/2011	5.2	3.4	8.8	9.2	48.0	4.0	3.4	9.4	9.0		



Page 218 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Appendix 5	K 5 Measured value from field test sites, related to actual conditions											Page 14 of 32
Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific									Supported particulate matter	M2 5 8 DM10
Type of instrument	TEOM 1405-	DF									Measured values in µg/m ³ (ACT)
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
		PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10	PM2,5/PM10	PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10		
		[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[%]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]		
391	12/8/2011	5.0	3.7	8.2	8.1	53.6	5.2	4.0	9.4	8.7		Bornheim
392	12/9/2011	5.6	5.7	12.6	13.2	43.9	6.9	5.8	14.0	13.4		(Winter)
393	12/10/2011						8.5	7.6	13.8	13.4		
394	12/11/2011	11.5	9.1	14.4	13.8	73.1	12.9	11.8	16.9	16.1		
395	12/12/2011	4.7	3.7	7.2	6.7	60.2	6.0	4.3	9.2	8.1		
396	12/13/2011	2.3	2.0	4.3	4.0	51.7	2.9	1.7	5.5	4.8		
397	12/14/2011	1.0	0.9	3.5	2.5	31.1	3.3	1.8	5.2	4.2		
398	12/15/2011	3.1	1.3	4.9	4.3	47.5	3.7	2.8	6.2	5.7		
399	12/16/2011										Inlet -> Zero filter	
400	12/17/2011										Zero filter	
401	12/18/2011										Zero filter	
402	12/19/2011										Zero filter -> Inlet	
403	12/20/2011			15.5	15.3		9.2	9.3	17.2	17.6		
404	12/21/2011	7.2	7.0	11.4	11.0	63.0	9.2	8.0	11.7	10.8		
405	12/22/2011	7.6	8.0					9.0		12.4	Audit 20014	
406	12/23/2011						3.4	2.8	5.2	4.8		
407	12/24/2011						7.0	6.4	13.2	13.0		
408	12/25/2011						4.8	4.3	6.3	6.0		
409	12/26/2011						6.9	6.6	9.3	9.3		
410	12/27/2011	6.6	7.7	11.2	11.1	64.3	9.8	9.2	13.2	13.0		
411	12/28/2011						5.7	5.3	9.1	9.1		
412	12/29/2011	3.4	2.5	8.5	7.6	36.6	5.3	4.3	10.1	9.4		
413	12/30/2011						7.8	6.9	13.0	12.4		
414	12/31/2011	42.8	41.2	50.2	50.1	83.7	45.4	45.4	56.0	56.2		
415	1/1/2012						1.2	0.5	2.4	2.1		
416	1/2/2012	3.2	1.9	6.2	5.2	44.7	4.8	3.5	8.2	7.2		
417	1/3/2012	3.4	3.2	6.8	6.8	48.5	4.0	2.3	8.1	6.8		
418	1/4/2012						4.7	3.5	9.0	8.0		
419	1/5/2012	4.4	2.6	7.9	8.3	43.2	3.5	2.9	8.8	8.6		
420	1/6/2012	6.3	5.0	14.2	14.2	39.8		5.3		14.1	Audit 20014	

Appendix 5

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Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 219 of 473

Appendix 5					Measure	ed value from	m field test s	sites, related	to actual co	nditions		Page 15 of 32
Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific									Suspended particulate matter	PM2.5 & PM10
Type of instrument	TEOM 1405-	-DF									Measured values in µg/m³ (AC	T)
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No	Data	Dof 1	Dof 2	Pof 1	Pof 2	Patio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Pomork	Tost site
INO.	Dale	PM2.5	PM2 5	PM10	PM10	PM2 5/PM10	PM2 5	PM2 5	PM10	PM10	Remark	Test site
		[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µq/m³]	[%]	[µq/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]		
421	1/7/2012						6.5	5.5	11.6	11.2		Bornheim
422	1/8/2012	7.5	7.0	13.6	13.2	54.1	7.4	6.8	14.4	14.5		(Winter)
423	1/9/2012	13.0	11.6	16.9	17.4	71.7	14.2	13.9	19.6	19.9		
424	1/10/2012	12.1	10.7	17.8	15.5	68.5	13.2	12.2	18.3	17.9		
425	1/11/2012	6.1	5.9	8.5	9.6	66.3		7.0		10.8	Audit 20014	
426	1/12/2012	4.8	4.7	10.7	11.4	43.0	6.2	5.8	12.5	12.9		
427	1/13/2012	6.8	6.4	17.5	17.7	37.5	8.4	7.3	19.5	18.9		
428	1/14/2012						11.6	10.4	24.0	23.7		
429	1/15/2012	12.1	12.2	19.3	19.9	61.8	21.6	19.9	25.3	24.1		
430	1/16/2012	20.6	22.3	28.9	28.1	75.1	21.8	22.6	31.2	33.2		
431	1/17/2012	32.7	33.2	44.3	45.6	73.4	34.8	34.0	48.8	48.5		
432	1/18/2012	19.5	18.9	28.9	26.4	69.4	19.7	18.6	30.0	28.7		
433	1/19/2012	3.5	3.5	4.1	5.3	74.2	4.6	3.1	6.6	7.0		
434	1/20/2012	6.2	5.9	8.6	9.5	67.3	6.9	6.7	11.3	11.6		
435	1/21/2012						5.0	3.7	8.6	8.0		
436	1/22/2012	5.4	5.1	11.4	12.9	43.1	6.8	6.5	13.9	14.0		
437	1/23/2012	7.0	7.9	11.7	13.5	59.0	8.3	8.7	14.9	15.7		
438	1/24/2012			20.9	21.5		17.4	15.4	25.7	24.0		
439	1/25/2012	19.9	20.0	28.3	25.5	74.1	22.5	20.6	29.1	27.4		
440	1/26/2012	22.7	22.3	29.3	27.6	79.0	23.7	22.6	29.6	29.1		
441	1/27/2012	17.0	16.0	24.1	24.3	68.2	18.2	17.2	26.6	25.7		
442	1/28/2012						16.5	15.8	22.4	22.3		
443	1/29/2012	64.0	62.4	69.2	69.8	90.9	68.5	65.2	75.8	72.9		
444	1/30/2012	61.2	60.2	/1.2	/1.6	85.0	65.2	61.7	/5.8	/2./		
445	1/31/2012	36.5	36.6	44.2	42.8	84.0	39.1	37.0	47.0	45.9		
446	2/1/2012	25.3	25.1	31.6	31.4	80.0	26.1	24.3	33.1	31.1		
447	2/2/2012	20.1	20.2	25.6	25.3	79.2	21.0	20.7	27.1	26.8		
448	2/3/2012	29.0	28.9	37.6	36.7	11.9	26.9	28.5	34.4	37.3		
449	2/4/2012	24.4	25.6	21.2	20.1	01.1	32.6	32.7	38.9	39.4		
450	1 2/5/2012		1 /n n	1 313		811	2n /	1 /4.3		1 3 3	-	



Page 220 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Appendix 5				Measured value from field test sites, related to actual conditions								
Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	ner Scientific									Supported particulate motion	
Type of instrumen	nt TEOM 1405	-DF									Measured values in µg/m³ (A0	CT)
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No.	Date	Ref. 1 PM2,5 [ug/m³]	Ref. 2 PM2,5 [ug/m ³]	Ref. 1 PM10 [ua/m³]	Ref 2. PM10 [ug/m ³]	Ratio PM2,5/PM10 [%]	SN 20014 PM2,5 [แต/m ³]	SN 20116 PM2,5 [ug/m³]	SN 20014 PM10 [ug/m³]	SN 20116 PM10 [ug/m³]	Remark	Test site
451 452 453 454	2/6/2012 2/7/2012 2/8/2012 2/9/2012	31.9 25.2 33.4 30.1	32.4 25.7 34.4 32.6	41.3 37.6 43.6 38.7	40.4 35.5 42.7 37.7	78.7 69.7 78.6 82.0	35.1 26.9 34.1 33.0	31.7 25.0 33.5 31.2	44.4 37.9 42.9 39.2	41.2 35.7 42.7 37.5		Bomheim (Winter)

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Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 221 of 473

										-	-	-
Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific									Suspended particulate matter P	M10
Type of instrume	ent TEOM 1405-	DF									Measured values in µg/m³ (STD)	
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
		PM2,5 [µq/m³]	PM2,5 [µg/m³]	PM10 [µg/Nm³]	PM10 [µg/Nm³]	PM2,5/PM10 [%]	PM2,5 [µq/m³]	PM2,5 [µg/m³]	PM10 [µg/Nm³]	PM10 [µg/Nm³]		
1	12/9/2009	-	-	28.0	28.3	-	-	-	25.0	25.7		Teddinaton
2	12/10/2009	_	_	25.1	25.4	-	-	-	23.4	23.6		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3	12/11/2009	-	-	20.2	20.3	-	-	-	17.4	18.3		
4	12/12/2009	-	-	13.5	13.7	-	-	-	12.7	13.6		
5	12/13/2009	-	-	13.4	14.0	-	-	-	12.6	13.3		
6	12/14/2009	-	-	35.2	35.6	-	-	-	32.0	32.5		
7	12/15/2009	-	-	46.9	47.2	-	-	-	39.2	39.6		
8	12/16/2009	-	-	30.1	30.7	-	-	-	27.0	27.7		
9	12/17/2009	-	-	10.2	10.3	-	-	-	10.9	9.7		
10	12/18/2009	-	-	16.7	17.0	-	-	-	15.7	16.0		
11	12/19/2009	-	-	15.5	15.1	-	-	-	15.4	14.4		
12	12/20/2009	-	-	11.2	11.2	-	-	-	11.4	10.2		
13	12/21/2009	-	-	20.7	21.1	-	-	-	20.1	20.7		
14	12/22/2009	-	-			-	-	-	30.3	27.9	PM10 Grubbs outlier	
15	12/23/2009	-	-			-	-	-	18.3	18.7		
16	12/24/2009	-	-			-	-	-	20.5	20.5		
17	12/25/2009	-	-			-	-	-	13.8	13.0		
18	12/26/2009	-	-			-	-	-	10.1	9.4		
19	12/27/2009	-	-			-	-	-	8.6	6.4		
20	12/28/2009	-	-			-	-	-	24.4	24.1		
21	12/29/2009	-	-			-	-	-	12.5	12.3		
22	12/30/2009	-	-			-	-	-	13.0	12.6		
23	12/31/2009	-	-	15.4	14.3	-	-	-	13.2	13.4		
24	1/1/2010	-	-			-	-	-	15.3	13.5		
25	1/2/2010	-	-			-	-	-	16.2	15.7		
26	1/3/2010	-	-			-	-	-	20.7	19.6		
27	1/4/2010	-	-			-	-	-			Zero filter	
28	1/5/2010	-	-			-	-	-	19.9	22.1		
29	1/6/2010	-	-	19.0	19.3	-	-	-	18.8	16.5	PM2,5 Grubbs outlier	
30	1/7/2010	-		19.1	20.1	-			18 7	18.9		

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Pierro measured values from heid test sites, related to standard conditions [EN 12451] Page 16 d		PM10 measured values from field test sites, related to standard conditions [EN 12431]	Page 18 of 3
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Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	ner Scientific										
Type of instrume	ent TEOM 1405	-DF									Suspended particulate matter F Measured values in µg/m ³ (STD	PM10)
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
_		PM2 5	PM2 5	PM10	PM10	PM2 5/PM10	PM2 5	PM2.5	PM10	PM10		
		[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/Nm³]	[µg/Nm³]	[%]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/Nm³]	[µg/Nm³]		
31	1/8/2010	-	-	17.9	18.2	-	-	-	18.0	17.5	Ī	Teddington
32	1/9/2010	-	-	14.5	14.8	-	-	-	14.0	14.2		, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
33	1/10/2010	-	-	19.4	19.3	-	-	-	17.9	18.6		
34	1/11/2010	-	-	51.5	51.5	-	-	-	50.2	49.5		
35	1/12/2010	-	-	48.5	48.9	-	-	-	49.0	49.2		
36	1/13/2010	-	-	54.0	54.1	-	-	-	52.6	53.1		
37	1/14/2010	-	-	16.2	16.6	-	-	-	17.9	18.2		
38	1/15/2010	-	-	27.2	27.7	-	-	-	21.7	21.7		
39	1/16/2010	-	-	13.8	14.0	-	-	-	12.5	12.9		
40	1/17/2010	-	-	20.6	20.8	-	-	-	18.0	19.2		
41	1/18/2010	-	-	27.1	27.3	-	-	-	25.6	27.0		
42	1/19/2010	-	-	26.9	27.2	-	-	-			Power supply interrupted	
43	1/20/2010	-	-	32.1	32.4	-	-	-	29.7	29.9		
44	1/21/2010	-	-	27.7	28.4	-	-	-	25.1	25.6		
45	1/22/2010	-	-	9.9	10.1	-	-	-	10.5	10.2		
46	1/23/2010	-	-	25.8	25.3	-	-	-	23.8	24.5		
47	1/24/2010	-	-	20.6	20.4	-	-	-	19.3	19.4		
48	1/25/2010	-	-	41.3	42.1	-	-	-	40.4	41.1		
49	1/26/2010	-	-	58.5	59.1	-	-	-	52.1	52.7		
50	1/27/2010	-	-	39.0	39.6	-	-	-	35.1	36.3		
51	1/28/2010	-	-	14.2	14.6	-	-	-	15.0	15.7		
52	1/29/2010	-	-	9.6	9.8	-	-	-	10.6	10.6		
53	1/30/2010	-	-	17.6	17.8	-	-	-	15.0	15.1		
54	1/31/2010	-	-	17.3	17.0	-	-	-	14.1	13.6		
55	2/1/2010	-	-	14.7	14.6	-	-	-	15.1	16.0		
56	2/2/2010	-	-	12.3	12.1	-	-	-	12.2	12.8		
57	2/3/2010	-	-	19.6	19.8	-	-	-	18.0	18.0		
58	2/4/2010	-	-	20.3	20.6	-	-	-	20.6	20.2		
59	2/5/2010	-	-			-	-	-			Inlet -> Zero filter	
60	2/6/2010	-	-		1	-	-	-			Zero filter	



Appendix 5

Page 222 of 473

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 223 of 473

Appendix 5			1	PM10 mea	sured vall	les from tie	eid test sites	, related to s	tandard cond	altions [EN	12431]	Page 19 of 32
Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific									Suspended particulate matter	PM10
Type of instrume	nt TEOM 1405-	DF									Measured values in µg/m ³ (ST	D)
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No.	Date	Ref. 1 PM2,5 [µq/m³]	Ref. 2 PM2,5 [µg/m³]	Ref. 1 PM10 [µq/Nm³]	Ref 2. PM10 [µg/Nm³]	Ratio PM2,5/PM10 [%]	SN 20014 PM2,5 [µɡ/m³]	SN 20116 PM2,5 [µɡ/m³]	SN 20014 PM10 [µq/Nm³]	SN 20116 PM10 [µɑ/Nm³]	Remark	Test site
61	2/7/2010	-	-			-	-	-			Zero filter	Teddington
62	2/8/2010	-	-			-	-	-	19.6	20.3		-
63	2/9/2010	-	-	11.7	11.9	-	-	-	13.0	12.9		
64	2/10/2010	-	-	11.8	12.4	-	-	-	13.8	14.4		
65	2/11/2010	-	-	20.0	20.2	-	-	-	19.6	19.0		
66	2/12/2010	-	-	12.5	12.4	-	-	-	13.8	13.1		
67	2/13/2010	-	-	15.1	15.5	-	-	-	14.4	14.7		
68	2/14/2010	-	-	16.0	16.5	-	-	-	16.1	16.1		
69	2/15/2010	-	-	16.3	16.4	-	-	-	16.8	16.6		
70	2/16/2010	-	-	18.7	19.2	-	-	-	19.0	18.5		
71	2/17/2010	-	-	53.6	54.1	-	-	-	49.6	51.5		
72	2/18/2010	-	-	15.2	15.5	-	-	-	16.9	16.6		
73	2/19/2010	-	-	22.0	22.3	-	-	-	20.7	15.1		
74	2/20/2010	-	-	19.6	20.0	-	-	-	20.6	21.1		
75	2/21/2010	-	-	10.6	10.7	-	-	-	11.9	11.4		
76	2/22/2010	-	-	17.0	17.2	-	-	-	16.7	16.5		
77	2/23/2010	-	-	22.9	23.3	-	-	-	21.4	21.0		
78	2/24/2010	-	-	18.6	18.7	-	-	-	18.0	17.5		
79	2/25/2010	-	-	9.7	10.0	-	-	-	11.8	11.2		
80	2/26/2010	-	-	11.5	11.9	-	-	-	13.4	13.2		
81	2/27/2010	-	-	19.8	20.3	-	-	-	20.5	19.3		
82	2/28/2010	-	-	9.7	9.9	-	-	-	10.8	11.9		
83	3/1/2010	-	-			-	-	-	29.2	28.0		
84	3/2/2010	-	-	21.8	21.3	-	-	-	23.2	22.4		
85	3/3/2010	-	-	20.9	21.6	-	-	-	22.0	21.1		
86	3/4/2010	-	-	16.3	16.6	-	-	-	15.9	14.9		
87	4/27/2010	-	-	20.9	21.8	-	-	-	23.3	23.6		
88	4/28/2010	-	-	27.0	26.4	-	-	-	29.3	29.6		
89	4/29/2010	-	-	20.2	20.4	-	-	-	23.6	23.3		
90	4/30/2010	-	-	12.0	12.5	-	-	-	14.8	14.1		



Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

PM10 measured values from field test sites, related to standard conditions [EN 12431] Page	20 of 32
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Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	ner Scientific										
Type of instrume	ent TEOM 1405	-DF									Suspended particulate matter F Measured values in µg/m ³ (STD	2M10 9)
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
		PM2 5	PM2 5	PM10	PM10	PM2 5/PM10	PM2 5	PM2 5	PM10	PM10		
		[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/Nm ³]	[µg/Nm³]	[%]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/Nm³]	[µg/Nm³]		
91	5/1/2010	-	-			-	-	-	12.9	12.6		Teddington
92	5/2/2010	-	-			-	-	-	10.0	10.0		
93	5/3/2010	-	-			-	-	-	14.2	14.1		
94	5/4/2010	-	-	15.2	15.3	-	-	-	16.5	16.7		
95	5/5/2010	-	-	19.4	20.5	-	-	-	22.1	22.5		
96	5/6/2010	-	-	16.8	17.4	-	-	-	18.1	18.7		
97	5/7/2010	-	-	13.3	13.7	-	-	-	15.2	15.0		
98	5/8/2010	-	-	9.1	9.3	-	-	-	10.7	11.0		
99	5/9/2010	-	-	14.5	14.6	-	-	-	15.6	15.7		
100	5/10/2010	-	-	10.5	10.1	-	-	-	13.3	13.4		
101	5/11/2010	-	-	10.8	10.0	-	-	-	13.4	13.2		
102	5/12/2010	-	-	12.5	12.9	-	-	-	15.0	15.0		
103	5/13/2010	-	-	17.6	17.7	-	-	-	19.3	19.1		
104	5/14/2010	-	-	19.7	19.6	-	-	-	22.1	22.1		
105	5/15/2010	-	-	13.1	13.3	-	-	-	15.9	15.7		
106	5/16/2010	-	-	9.8	9.9	-	-	-	13.0	12.6		
107	5/17/2010	-	-	16.6	17.1	-	-	-	19.3	19.5		
108	5/18/2010	-	-	22.0	22.3	-	-	-	24.7	24.6		
109	5/19/2010	-	-	20.7	20.2	-	-	-	24.6	24.6		
110	5/20/2010	-	-	19.5	19.9	-	-	-	26.1	25.8		
111	5/21/2010	-	-	18.7	19.5	-	-	-	24.4	24.8		
112	5/22/2010	-	-	9.4	9.4	-	-	-	13.2	13.2		
113	5/23/2010	-	-	9.9	10.2	-	-	-	15.5	15.2		
114	5/24/2010	-	-	18.7	18.9	-	-	-	21.5	21.8		
115	5/25/2010	-	-	16.4	16.0	-	-	-	20.1	20.1		
116	5/26/2010	-	-	20.0	20.0	-	-	-			Zero filter	
117	5/27/2010	-	-	8.4	8.3	-	-	-			Zero filter-> Inlet	
118	5/28/2010	-	-	15.1	14.6	-	-	-	16.8	16.5		
119	5/29/2010	-	-	11.1	11.4	-	-	-	13.7	13.9		
120	5/30/2010	- 1	- 1	86	84	- 1	-	- 1	11.2	10.9		

Appendix 5

Page 224 of 473

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 225 of 473

Manufacturer	Thermo Fishe	er Scientific										
Type of instrume	nt TEOM 1405-	DF									Suspended particulate matter PM Measured values in µg/m ³ (STD)	110
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
		PM2,5 [ua/m³]	PM2,5 [ug/m ³]	PM10 [ug/Nm³]	PM10 [ug/Nm ³]	PM2,5/PM10 [%]	PM2,5 [ua/m³]	PM2,5 [µa/m³]	PM10 [ua/Nm³]	PM10 [ua/Nm³]		
121	5/31/2010	-	-	21.4	22.1	-	-	-	23.1	22.1	1	Teddinaton
122	6/1/2010	-	-	20.7	21.4	-	-	-	23.4	21.9		rodunigton
123	6/2/2010	-	-	18.5	18.3	-	-	-	22.1	21.1		
124	6/3/2010	-	-	16.3	16.6	-	-	-	18.8	19.1		
125	6/4/2010	-	-	27.6	28.4	-	-	-	34.5	33.0		
126	6/5/2010	-	-	25.5	26.2	-	-	-	31.7	30.1		
127	6/6/2010	-	-	12.3	12.0	-	-	-	18.8	17.7		
128	6/7/2010	-	-	8.2	7.7	-	-	-	10.8	10.2		
129	6/8/2010	-	-	9.8	10.6	-	-	-	11.4	11.8		
130	6/9/2010	-	-	16.6	17.2	-	-	-	19.0	18.1		
131	6/10/2010	-	-	10.9	11.4	-	-	-	14.9	14.2		
132	6/11/2010	-	-	11.1	12.5	-	-	-	16.1	14.2	No ref. measurement PM2.5	
133	6/12/2010	-	-	14.0	14.2	-	-	-	16.9	15.7		
134	6/13/2010	-	-	18.4	18.8	-	-	-	21.1	21.0		
135	6/14/2010	-	-	13.9	13.2	-	-	-	16.8	16.0		
136	6/15/2010	-	-	10.5	10.2	-	-	-	14.1	13.0		
137	6/16/2010	-	-	11.2	10.8	-	-	-	15.0	14.4		
138	6/17/2010	-	-	7.4	8.3	-	-	-	12.8	12.9		
139	6/18/2010	-	-			-	-	-	17.1	15.8		
140	6/19/2010	-	-	9.4	9.7	-	-	-	12.6	12.5		
141	6/20/2010	-	-	16.1	16.0	-	-	-	20.4	19.3		
142	6/21/2010	-	-			-	-	-	22.4	21.5	PM10 Grubbs outlier	
143	6/22/2010	-	-	13.9	14.7	-	-	-	18.4	17.9		
144	6/23/2010	-	-	16.2	16.6	-	-	-	21.2	20.7		
145	6/24/2010	-	-	12.3	11.8	-	-	-	16.5	17.3		
146	6/25/2010	-	-	24.6	25.4	-	-	-	30.2	29.4		
147	6/26/2010	-	-	31.0	31.2	-	-	-	41.0	38.2		
148	6/27/2010	-	-			-	-	-	22.1	22.3		
149	6/28/2010	-	-			-	-	-	24.6	24.2	PM10 Grubbs outlier	
150	6/29/2010	-	-	9.5	9.7	-	-	-	13.4	11.5		

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Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

PM10 measured values from field test sites, related to standard conditions [EN 12431]	Page 22 of 32
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Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	ner Scientific										
Type of instrume	ent TEOM 1405	-DF									Suspended particulate matter Measured values in µg/m ³ (STI	PM10 D)
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
		PM2.5	PM2.5	PM10	PM10	PM2.5/PM10	PM2.5	PM2.5	PM10	PM10		
		[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/Nm³]	[µg/Nm³]	[%]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/Nm³]	[µg/Nm³]		
151	6/30/2010	-	-	10.2	10.1	-	-	-	14.6	13.0		Teddington
152	7/1/2010	-	-	11.8	12.5	-	-	-	16.3	15.3		-
153	1/27/2011	-	-	12.7	13.3	-	-	-			Audits	Cologne
154	1/28/2011	-	-	35.7	36.4	-	-	-			Audits	(Winter)
155	1/29/2011	-	-			-	-	-			Zero filter	
156	1/30/2011	-	-	80.9	82.5	-	-	-			Zero filter	
157	1/31/2011	-	-	93.1	92.6	-	-	-			Zero filter	
158	2/1/2011	-	-	73.4	72.7	-	-	-	77.8	76.7		
159	2/2/2011	-	-	24.8	24.6	-	-	-	25.1	24.4		
160	2/3/2011	-	-	20.2	20.7	-	-	-	20.7	20.1		
161	2/4/2011	-	-	11.3	11.8	-	-	-	13.1	12.2		
162	2/5/2011	-	-			-	-	-	9.0	9.0		
163	2/6/2011	-	-	15.0	15.3	-	-	-	15.1	15.5		
164	2/7/2011	-	-	18.0	19.5	-	-	-	20.3	21.5		
165	2/8/2011	-	-	30.5	31.5	-	-	-	30.1	30.3		
166	2/9/2011	-	-	30.0	31.3	-	-	-	31.4	31.8		
167	2/10/2011	-	-	25.7	27.7	-	-	-	27.3	27.0		
168	2/11/2011	-	-	13.6	14.6	-	-	-	13.5	14.7		
169	2/12/2011	-	-			-	-	-	20.4	20.1		
170	2/13/2011	-	-	17.6	19.0	-	-	-	17.3	17.3		
171	2/14/2011	-	-	24.5	25.2	-	-	-	27.4	27.0		
172	2/15/2011	-	-	19.7	20.5	-	-	-	21.4	22.1		
173	2/16/2011	-	-	34.8	35.4	-	-	-	37.3	37.3		
174	2/17/2011	-	-	43.1	43.3	-	-	-	47.5	47.4		
175	2/18/2011	-	-	43.6	44.2	-	-	-	47.9	47.9		
176	2/19/2011	-	-			-	-	-	59.9	58.0		
177	2/20/2011	-	-	29.3	29.9	-	-	-	32.7	32.0		
178	2/21/2011	-	-	36.1	36.1	-	-	-	39.5	38.9		
179	2/22/2011	-	-	42.6	43.6	-	-	-	47.0	47.0		
180	2/23/2011	I _	I _	45.4	45.9	I _	_		50.1	50.5		

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Appendix 5

Page 226 of 473

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 227 of 473

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Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific									Suspended particulate matter PM	10
Type of instrume	ent TEOM 1405-	-DF									Measured values in µg/m³ (STD)	
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
											<u> </u>	
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
		PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10	PM2,5/PM10	PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10		
		[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/Nm³]	[µg/Nm³]	[%]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/Nm³]	[µg/Nm³]		
181	2/24/2011	-	-	35.8	35.9	-	-	-	38.5	38.3		Cologne
182	2/25/2011	-	-	30.6	30.1	-	-	-	32.3	32.4		(Winter)
183	2/26/2011	-	-			-	-	-	19.1	19.9		
184	2/27/2011	-	-	15.6	15.1	-	-	-	15.8	15.1		
185	2/28/2011	-	-	44.3	44.0	-	-	-	43.7	43.5		
186	3/1/2011	-	-	75.5	75.3	-	-	-	75.9	75.7		
187	3/2/2011	-	-	60.6	59.0	-	-	-	62.0	60.7		
188	3/3/2011	-	-	50.6	49.1	-	-	-	50.7	49.3		
189											PM10 Grubbs outlier; Inlet -	
	3/4/2011	-	-			-	-	-			> Zero filter	
190	3/5/2011	-	-			-	-	-			Zero filter	
191	3/6/2011	-	-	13.5	14.1	-	-	-			Zero filter	
192	3/7/2011	-	-	13.7	12.5	-	-	-			Zero filter	
193	3/8/2011	-	-	44.7	45.0	-	-	-	44.2	44.0		
194	3/9/2011	-	-	31.2	29.6	-	-	-	31.1	30.3		
195	3/10/2011	-	-			-	-	-			Power cut (complete)	
196	3/11/2011	-	-	34.2	34.0	-	-	-	33.6	33.7		
197	3/12/2011	-	-			-	-	-	33.8	34.7		
198	3/13/2011	-	-	16.9	16.4	-	-	-	17.4	17.3		
199	3/14/2011	-	-	28.6	26.6	-	-	-			Power cut (only Thermo)	
200	3/15/2011	-	-	46.1	45.5	-	-	-	48.8	45.9		
201	3/16/2011	-	-	70.2	69.1	-	-	-	71.2	70.2	PM2,5 Grubbs outlier	
202	3/17/2011	-	-	69.4	69.1	-	-	-	70.6	69.4		
203	3/18/2011	-	-	38.9	39.2	-	-	-	39.4	38.9		
204	3/19/2011	-	-		1	-	-	-	18.8	19.5		
205	3/20/2011	-	-	28.5	28.3	-	-	-	28.9	29.9		
206	3/21/2011	-	-	34.7	34.6	-	-	-	35.8	36.2		
207	3/22/2011	-	-	56.3	55.8	-	-	-	58.9	58.3		
208	3/23/2011	-	-	33.6	32.4	-	-	-	34.5	35.0		
209	3/24/2011	-	-	34.1	33.8	-	-	-	36.5	35.3		
210	3/25/2011	- 1		38.5	39.1	- 1	-	-	40.9	416		

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Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

PM10 measured values from field test sites, related to standard conditions [EN 12431] Page 24 of 32

Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific									Supported particulate matter F	PM10
Type of instrume	ent TEOM 1405	-DF									Measured values in µg/m ³ (STD))
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
		PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10	PM2,5/PM10	PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10		
		[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/Nm³]	[µg/Nm³]	[%]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/Nm³]	[µg/Nm³]		
211	3/26/2011	-	-			-	-	-	20.2	19.6		Cologne
212	3/27/2011	-	-	36.8	37.0	-	-	-	38.8	38.6		(Winter)
213	3/28/2011	-	-	33.1	32.9	-	-	-	34.3	34.1		
214	3/29/2011	-	-	67.7	68.4	-	-	-	71.4	70.5		
215	3/30/2011	-	-	25.1	24.6	-	-	-	26.1	25.5		
216	3/31/2011	-	-	10.9	9.7	-	-	-	11.0	10.7		
217	4/1/2011	-	-	13.8	13.7	-	-	-	14.2	14.2		
218	4/2/2011	-	-			-	-	-	37.3	38.1		
219	4/3/2011	-	-	22.9	23.4	-	-	-	21.1	21.0		
220	4/4/2011	-	-	18.3	17.1	-	-	-	17.8	17.5		
221	4/5/2011	-	-	19.7	19.7	-	-	-	19.9	20.4		
222	4/6/2011	-	-	24.7	25.1	-	-	-	26.0	26.6		
223	4/7/2011	-	-	24.1	25.3	-	-	-	24.9	23.9		
224	4/8/2011	-	-	36.2	36.3	-	-	-			Inlet -> Zero filter	
225	4/9/2011	-	-			-	-	-			Zero filter	
226	4/10/2011	-	-	24.3	23.5	-	-	-			Zero filter	
227	4/11/2011	-	-	31.8	32.3	-	-	-	38.1	35.8		
228	4/12/2011	-	-	18.9	18.1	-	-	-	21.2	20.7		
229	4/13/2011	-	-	25.1	24.1	-	-	-	28.3	27.1		
230	4/14/2011	-	-	32.7	32.5	-	-	-	36.5	35.8		
231	4/15/2011	-	-	32.9	33.2	-	-	-	32.4	31.1		
232	4/16/2011	-	-			-	-	-	41.5	39.8		
233	4/17/2011	-	-			-	-	-	24.1	23.3		
234	4/18/2011	-	-	27.6	28.1	-	-	-	32.0	31.0		
235	4/19/2011	-	-	31.9	32.6	-	-	-	37.3	37.6		
236	4/20/2011	-	-	35.8	36.4	-	-	-	41.2	41.2		
237	4/21/2011	-	-			-	-	-	39.1	39.6		
238	4/22/2011	-	-			-	-	-	32.7	30.6		
239	4/23/2011	-	-			-	-	-	43.7	42.1		
240	4/24/2011	- II	-			-	-	-	33.7	32.8		

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Appendix 5

Page 228 of 473

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 229 of 473

Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific										
Type of instrume	nt TEOM 1405-	DF									Suspended particulate matter PM Measured values in µg/m ³ (STD)	110
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
		PM2,5 [µg/m³]	PM2,5 [ug/m ³]	PIVI10 [ug/Nm ³]	PIVI10 [ug/Nm³]	PM2,5/PM10 [%]	PM2,5 [µa/m³]	PM2,5 [ug/m ³]	PM10 [ug/Nm ³]	PM10 [ug/Nm3]		
241	4/25/2011			28.9	29.1	-	-	-	32.9	30.9		Cologne
242	4/26/2011	-	-	32.7	33.3	-	-	-	36.6	40.5		(Winter)
243	4/27/2011	-	-	45.9	47.1	-	-	-	50.1	48.8	No ref. measurement PM2.5	()
244	4/28/2011	-	-	29.4	29.7	-	-	-	34.0	33.3		
245	4/29/2011	-	-	27.6	29.3	-	-	-	32.8	31.5		
246	4/30/2011	-	-	22.4	23.6	-	-	-	25.5	24.7		
247	5/1/2011	-	-	13.7	13.7	-	-	-	17.4	14.9		
248	5/2/2011	-	-	16.8	15.7	-	-	-	17.5	17.8		
249	5/3/2011	-	-	16.4	15.8	-	-	-	17.0	17.2		
250	5/4/2011	-	-	21.0	20.9	-	-	-	22.3	23.2		
251	5/5/2011	-	-	20.9	20.5	-	-	-	23.1	23.1	PM2,5 Grubbs outlier	
252	5/6/2011	-	-	32.5	33.2	-	-	-	32.4	33.7		
253	5/7/2011	-	-	49.3	51.3	-	-	-	44.4	51.2		
254	5/8/2011	-	-	25.0	24.8	-	-	-	23.9	24.5		
255	7/25/2011	-	-	19.0	19.2	-	-	-			Wrong set-up	Bornheim
256	7/26/2011	-	-	20.8	20.4	-	-	-			Wrong set-up	(Sommer)
257	7/27/2011	-	-	22.8	22.4	-	-	-			Wrong set-up	
258	7/28/2011	-	-	28.0	26.9	-	-	-			Correction of set-up	
259	7/29/2011	-	-	17.7	17.7	-	-	-	20.3	20.5		
260	7/30/2011	-	-			-	-	-	11.8	12.4		
261	7/31/2011	-	-	13.9	15.0	-	-	-	14.7	15.0		
262	8/1/2011	-	-	19.2	20.8	-	-	-	22.4	24.3		
263	8/2/2011	-	-	20.6	22.0	-	-	-	23.6	26.2		
264	8/3/2011	-	-	26.1	28.2	-	-	-	27.3	28.5		
265	8/4/2011	-	-	14.9	10.1	-	-	-	20.7	21.6		
266	8/5/2011	-	-	18.4	19.5	-	-	-	20.7	21.6		
267	8/6/2011	-	-	<u> </u>		-	-	-	12.7	14.1		
268	8/7/2011	-	-	6.0	6.9	-	-	-	1.1	8.0		
209	8/8/2011	-	-	8.3 11.2	δ.U 11.0	-	-	-	7.5 12.7	8.U 10.4		
270	8/9/2011	-	-	11.2	11.ŏ		-	-	12.7	10.4		

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Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

PM10 measured values from field test sites, related to standard conditions [EN 12431] Page 26 of 32

Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	ner Scientific										
Type of instrume	ent TEOM 1405	-DF									Measured values in µg/m ³ (STD)
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
		PM2.5	PM2.5	PM10	PM10	PM2.5/PM10	PM2.5	PM2.5	PM10	PM10		
		[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/Nm³]	[µg/Nm³]	[%]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/Nm³]	[µg/Nm³]		
271	8/10/2011	-	-	12.8	13.6	-	-	-	14.8	16.1		Bornheim
272	8/11/2011	-	-	12.2	12.1	-	-	-	12.6	14.4		(Sommer)
273	8/12/2011	-	-	6.9	7.6	-	-	-	7.2	8.5		
274	8/13/2011	-	-			-	-	-	9.4	10.5		
275	8/14/2011	-	-	7.5	7.2	-	-	-	8.3	8.8		
276	8/15/2011	-	-	14.3	14.9	-	-	-	17.4	18.1		
277	8/16/2011	-	-	14.5	13.8	-	-	-	16.4	17.9		
278	8/17/2011	-	-	27.8	27.2	-	-	-	30.0	32.3		
279	8/18/2011	-	-	18.2	17.4	-	-	-	24.9	26.7		
280	8/19/2011	-	-	14.1	13.6	-	-	-	16.5	18.4		
281	8/20/2011	-	-			-	-	-	18.0	18.9		
282	8/21/2011	-	-	18.4	18.7	-	-	-	22.0	22.9		
283	8/22/2011	-	-	21.1	20.8	-	-	-	25.4	26.7		
284	8/23/2011	-	-	32.4	32.9	-	-	-	37.5	39.5		
285	8/24/2011	-	-	18.1	18.1	-	-	-	19.0	20.7		
286	8/25/2011	-	-	20.2	20.2	-	-	-	21.6	23.3		
287	8/26/2011	-	-	11.5	11.6	-	-	-	15.9	15.9		
288	8/27/2011	-	-			-	-	-	5.9	6.2		
289	8/28/2011	-	-	8.1	8.1	-	-	-	8.0	9.4		
290	8/29/2011	-	-	12.0	12.2	-	-	-	11.5	12.3		
291	8/30/2011	-	-	17.9	17.5	-	-	-	17.4	19.0		
292	8/31/2011	-	-	27.3	25.1	-	-	-	28.0	29.4		
293	9/1/2011	-	-	29.1	27.9	-	-	-	31.5	33.1		
294	9/2/2011	-	-	27.0	26.2	-	-	-	26.8	28.5		
295	9/3/2011	-	-			-	-	-	29.0	30.8		
296	9/4/2011	-	-	13.7	13.1	-	-	-	12.9	12.9		
297	9/5/2011	-	-	9.7	9.7	-	-	-	8.0	8.8		
298	9/6/2011	-	-	11.8	11.4	-	-	-	11.2	11.7		
299	9/7/2011	-	-	13.2	14.1	-	-	-	12.0	12.6		
300	9/8/2011	-	-			-	-	-	9.0	9.5		

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Appendix 5

Page 230 of 473

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 231 of 473

										-	-	-
Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific									Suspended particulate matter PI	M10
Type of instrume	ent TEOM 1405-	DF									Measured values in µg/m³ (STD)	
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No	Date	Ref 1	Ref 2	Ref 1	Ref 2	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
110.	Dute	PM2 5	PM2.5	PM10	PM10	PM2 5/PM10	PM2 5	PM2 5	PM10	PM10	Komunk	
		[µɑ/m³]	[ug/m ³]	[ug/Nm ³]	[ua/Nm ³]	[%]	[µɑ/m³]	[µɑ/m³]	[ug/Nm³]	[ua/Nm ³]		
301	9/9/2011	-	-	13.0	12.7	-	-	-	12.3	13.5		Bomheim
302	9/10/2011	-	-	10.0	12.7	-	-	_	13.7	14.5		(Sommer)
303	9/11/2011	-	-	10.0	10.0	-	-	_	10.5	10.2		(00111101)
304	9/12/2011	-	-	12.4	12.6	-	-	_	10.8	11.8		
305	9/13/2011	-	-	17.3	17.9	-	-	-	15.9	17.0		
306	9/14/2011	-	-	16.0	16.5	-	-	-	14.6	15.5		
307	9/15/2011	-	-	25.3	26.2	-	-	-	25.2	26.9		
308	9/16/2011	-	-	24.4	26.9	-	-	-			Inlet -> Zero filter	
309	9/17/2011	-	-			-	-	-			Zero filter	
310	9/18/2011	-	-	7.4	7.5	-	-	-			Zero filter	
311	9/19/2011	-	-	13.0	12.3	-	-	-	13.2	12.6		
312	9/20/2011	-	-			-	-	-	14.1	13.7		
313	9/21/2011	-	-	13.0	13.1	-	-	-	13.2	13.1		
314	9/22/2011	-	-	20.1	20.0	-	-	-	18.7	17.3		
315	9/23/2011	-	-	27.3	27.6	-	-	-	29.0	26.7		
316	9/24/2011	-	-			-	-	-	28.0	25.1		
317	9/25/2011	-	-	22.5	23.1	-	-	-	28.0	26.3		
318	9/26/2011	-	-	19.9	22.0	-	-	-			Audits	
319	9/27/2011	-	-	40.2	42.2	-	-	-	45.2	44.3		
320	9/28/2011	-	-			-	-	-		32.6	SN 20014 Leak repair	
321	9/29/2011	-	-			-	-	-	31.3	31.7		
322	9/30/2011	-	-	24.6	26.0	-	-	-	28.0	27.8		
323	10/1/2011	-	-			-	-	-	24.2	24.2		
324	10/2/2011	-	-			-	-	-	44.3	43.5		
325	10/3/2011	-	-			-	-	-	32.8	33.3		
326	10/4/2011	-	-	16.8	17.3	-	-	-	17.5	18.7		
327	10/5/2011	-	-	7.4	6.9	-	-	-	6.8	6.8		
328	10/6/2011	-	-	11.3	11.0	-	-	-	10.6	11.8		
329	10/7/2011	-	-	8.4	7.9	-	-	-	8.1	7.8		
330	10/8/2011	-			1	-	_		107	u 4		

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Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

PM10 measured values from field test sites, related to standard conditions [EN 12431]	Page 28 of 32
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Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	ner Scientific									Supported particulate matter D	1410
Type of instrume	ent TEOM 1405	-DF									Measured values in µg/m ³ (STD)
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
		PM2.5	PM2.5	PM10	PM10	PM2.5/PM10	PM2.5	PM2.5	PM10	PM10		
		[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/Nm³]	[µg/Nm³]	[%]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/Nm³]	[µg/Nm³]		
331	10/9/2011	-	-	10.5	10.9	-	-	-	11.0	10.8		Bornheim
332	10/10/2011	-	-	12.6	13.4	-	-	-	16.1	14.6		(Sommer)
333	10/11/2011	-	-	5.7	5.0	-	-	-	7.5	6.6		
334	10/12/2011	-	-	5.5	5.2	-	-	-	8.2	6.9		
335	10/13/2011	-	-	11.7	12.0	-	-	-	13.3	13.5		
336	10/14/2011	-	-	14.9	14.3	-	-	-	16.7	17.7		
337	10/15/2011	-	-			-	-	-	16.5	16.7		
338	10/16/2011	-	-	17.3	17.2	-	-	-	21.0	21.3		
339	10/17/2011	-	-	29.0	28.5	-	-	-	32.2	32.8		
340	10/18/2011	-	-	12.0	12.0	-	-	-	14.0	13.0		
341	10/19/2011	-	-			-	-	-	11.7	11.6	PM10 Grubbs outlier	
342	10/20/2011	-	-	12.0	16.1	-	-	-	19.8	19.1		
343	10/21/2011	-	-	28.0	26.8	-	-	-	30.1	30.0		
344	10/22/2011	-	-			-	-	-	28.4	27.4		
345	10/23/2011	-	-			-	-	-	31.7	31.6	PM10 Grubbs outlier	
346	10/24/2011	-	-			-	-	-	25.5	26.0		
347	10/25/2011	-	-			-	-	-	19.6	19.7		
348	10/26/2011	-	-			-	-	-	14.1	14.9		
349	10/27/2011	-	-			-	-	-	28.9	29.6		
350	10/28/2011	-	-	28.2	28.6	-	-	-	31.2	31.5		
351	10/29/2011	-	-			-	-	-	28.9	28.4		
352	10/30/2011	-	-	17.5	17.2	-	-	-	18.2	17.6		
353	10/31/2011	-	-			-	-	-	33.6	33.8		
354	11/1/2011	-	-	31.8	29.9	-	-	-	31.8	32.3		
355	11/2/2011	-	-			-	-	-	26.7	25.9		
356	11/3/2011	-	-	18.9	18.8	-	-	-	22.2	21.1		
357	11/4/2011	-	-	22.2	22.5	-	-	-	25.0	23.9		
358	11/5/2011	-	-			-	-	-	32.2	33.2		
359	11/6/2011	-	-	64.0	66.0	-	-	-	70.1	70.1		
360	11/7/2011	I _	_	40.4	41 9		l _		46.7	46.6		

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Appendix 5

Page 232 of 473

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 233 of 473

								,				
Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific									Suspended particulate matter PM	110
Type of instrume	ent TEOM 1405-	DF									Measured values in µg/m³ (STD)	
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
		PM2,5 [µq/m ³]	PM2,5 [µq/m ³]	[µg/Nm ³]	[µg/Nm ³]	PM2,5/PM10 [%]	PM2,5 [µq/m³]	PM2,5 [µg/m ³]	[µq/Nm ³]	[µg/Nm ³]		
361	11/8/2011	-	-	54.3	56.0	-	-	-	60.9	61.3		Bornheim
362	11/9/2011	-	-	29.1	30.7	-	-	-	33.8	33.6		(Sommer)
363	11/10/2011	-	-	17.6	17.8	-	-	-	20.7	21.1		
364	11/11/2011	-	-	35.6	36.1	-	-	-	41.3	41.5		
365	11/12/2011	-	-			-	-	-	34.2	34.5		
366	11/13/2011	-	-	24.1	24.9	-	-	-	28.6	28.2		
367	11/14/2011	-	-	43.8	45.6	-	-	-			Changing of TEOM/47mm Filter	Bornheim
368	11/15/2011	-	-	44.3	45.6	-	-	-	51.1	50.4		(Winter)
369	11/16/2011	-	-	44.1	44.6	-	-	-	50.4	49.3		
370	11/17/2011	-	-	32.5	33.0	-	-	-	37.7	36.5		
371	11/18/2011	-	-	31.8	33.5	-	-	-	37.7	36.4		
372	11/19/2011	-	-			-	-	-	38.4	36.7		
373	11/20/2011	-	-	35.7	36.3	-	-	-	39.7	37.7		
374	11/21/2011	-	-	39.1	40.6	-	-	-	44.8	43.0		
375	11/22/2011	-	-	48.3	49.4	-	-	-	54.8	52.1		
376	11/23/2011	-	-	54.9	56.7	-	-	-	60.6	58.0		
377	11/24/2011	-	-	30.6	32.1	-	-	-	35.2	34.0		
378	11/25/2011	-	-	21.6	23.1	-	-	-	26.2	24.8		
379	11/26/2011	-	-			-	-	-	12.2	11.2		
380	11/27/2011	-	-	11.1	9.7	-	-	-	12.9	12.0		
381	11/28/2011	-	-	28.4	28.1	-	-	-	30.4	29.4		
382	11/29/2011	-	-	18.5	18.5	-	-	-	21.7	20.8		
383	11/30/2011	-	-	21.0	21.5	-	-	-	23.7	22.8		
384	12/1/2011	-	-	9.0	10.6	-	-	-	13.1	11.6		
385	12/2/2011	-	-	11.9	12.0	-	-	-	13.9	12.5		
386	12/3/2011	-	-			-	-	-	8.5	7.2		
387	12/4/2011	-	-	6.6	6.7	-	-	-	8.2	7.0		
388	12/5/2011	-	-	6.8	6.9	-	-	-	8.4	7.9		
389	12/6/2011	-	-	7.3	8.4	-	-	-	9.1	8.6		
390	12/7/2011	-	-	9.0	9.5	-	-	-	9.7	9.3		

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Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

PM10 measured values from field test sites, related to standard conditions [EN 12431] Page 30 of 32

Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific										20440
Type of instrume	ent TEOM 1405	-DF									Measured values in µg/m ³ (STE))
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
		PM2.5	PM2.5	PM10	PM10	PM2.5/PM10	PM2.5	PM2.5	PM10	PM10		
		[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/Nm³]	[µg/Nm³]	[%]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/Nm³]	[µg/Nm³]		
391	12/8/2011	-	-	8.4	8.4	-	-	-	9.8	8.9		Bornheim
392	12/9/2011	-	-	12.8	13.6	-	-	-	14.3	13.8		(Winter)
393	12/10/2011	-	-			-	-	-	14.0	13.6		, <i>,</i> ,
394	12/11/2011	-	-	14.6	14.1	-	-	-	17.4	16.5		
395	12/12/2011	-	-	7.4	6.9	-	-	-	9.6	8.4		
396	12/13/2011	-	-	4.4	4.2	-	-	-	5.8	5.0		
397	12/14/2011	-	-	3.6	2.6	-	-	-	5.4	4.3		
398	12/15/2011	-	-	5.1	4.5	-	-	-	6.5	5.9		
399	12/16/2011	-	-			-	-	-			Inlet -> Zero filter	
400	12/17/2011	-	-			-	-	-			Zero filter	
401	12/18/2011	-	-			-	-	-			Zero filter	
402	12/19/2011	-	-			-	-	-			Zero filter -> Inlet	
403	12/20/2011	-	-	15.7	15.7	-	-	-	17.5	18.0		
404	12/21/2011	-	-	11.5	11.3	-	-	-	12.0	11.0		
405	12/22/2011	-	-			-	-	-		12.7	Audit 20014	
406	12/23/2011	-	-			-	-	-	5.3	4.9		
407	12/24/2011	-	-			-	-	-	13.2	13.2		
408	12/25/2011	-	-			-	-	-	6.3	6.2		
409	12/26/2011	-	-			-	-	-	9.3	9.6		
410	12/27/2011	-	-	11.3	11.3	-	-	-	13.2	13.5		
411	12/28/2011	-	-			-	-	-	9.2	9.5		
412	12/29/2011	-	-	8.7	7.8	-	-	-	10.3	9.9		
413	12/30/2011	-	-			-	-	-	13.1	12.8		
414	12/31/2011	-	-	51.6	52.0	-	-	-	57.3	58.9		
415	1/1/2012	-	-			-	-	-	2.5	2.1		
416	1/2/2012	-	-	6.3	5.4	-	-	-	8.3	7.3		
417	1/3/2012	-	-	7.0	7.1	-	-	-	8.4	6.9		
418	1/4/2012	-	-			-	-	-	9.2	8.1		
419	1/5/2012	-	-	8.2	8.6	-	-	-	9.1	9.0		
420	1/6/2012	-	-	14.4	14.5	-	-	-		14.5		



Appendix 5

Page 234 of 473

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 235 of 473

Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific										
Type of instrume	nt TEOM 1405-	DF									Suspended particulate matter R Measured values in µg/m³ (STE	PM10 D)
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
		PM2,5 [µq/m³]	PM2,5 [µg/m³]	PM10 [µq/Nm³]	PM10 [µg/Nm³]	PM2,5/PM10 [%]	PM2,5 [µɑ/m³]	PM2,5 [µg/m³]	PM10 [µg/Nm³]	PM10 [µq/Nm³]		
421	1/7/2012	-	-			<u> </u>	-	-	11.8	11.6		Bornheim
422	1/8/2012	-	-	13.7	13.5	-	-	-	14.5	15.1		(Winter)
423	1/9/2012	-	-	17.1	17.8	-	-	-	19.7	20.7		(,
424	1/10/2012	-	-	17.9	15.8	-	-	-	18.3	18.5		
425	1/11/2012	-	-	8.6	9.8	-	-	-		11.2	Audit 20014	
426	1/12/2012	-	-	10.8	11.7	-	-	-	12.6	13.4		
427	1/13/2012	-	-	17.5	17.9	-	-	-	19.5	19.4		
428	1/14/2012	-	-			-	-	-	23.8	23.8		
429	1/15/2012	-	-	19.0	19.8	-	-	-	24.6	23.9		
430	1/16/2012	-	-	28.3	27.9	-	-	-	30.4	33.0		
431	1/17/2012	-	-	43.3	45.2	-	-	-	47.7	48.4		
432	1/18/2012	-	-	28.8	26.7	-	-	-	29.8	29.1		
433	1/19/2012	-	-	4.2	5.5	-	-	-	6.7	7.2		
434	1/20/2012	-	-	8.7	9.7	-	-	-	11.3	11.9		
435	1/21/2012	-	-			-	-	-	8.8	8.4		
436	1/22/2012	-	-	11.7	13.4	-	-	-	14.2	14.6		
437	1/23/2012	-	-	11.8	13.8	-	-	-	15.1	16.2		
438	1/24/2012	-	-	20.8	21.8	-	-	-	25.5	24.4		
439	1/25/2012	-	-	28.3	25.8	-	-	-	28.9	28.0		
440	1/26/2012	-	-	29.4	28.1	-	-	-	29.5	29.8		
441	1/27/2012	-	-	23.9	24.6	-	-	-	26.4	26.2		
442	1/28/2012	-	-			-	-	-	22.1	22.5	1	
443	1/29/2012	-	-	68.1	69.7	-	-	-	73.8	73.3		
444	1/30/2012	-	-	70.3	71.6	-	-	-	74.2	73.3	1	
445	1/31/2012	-	-	43.1	42.5	-	-	-	45.6	45.9		
446	2/1/2012	-	-	30.5	30.8	-	-	-	31.7	30.8	1	
447	2/2/2012	-	-	24.4	24.6	-	-	-	25.7	26.4	1	
448	2/3/2012	-	-	35.5	35.2	-	-	-	32.3	36.4	1	
449	2/4/2012	-	-			-	-	-	36.5	38.2	1	
450	2/5/2012	-	-	29.7	29.1	-	-	-	31.8	30.8		

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Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

PM10 measured values from field test sites, related to standard conditions [EN 12431]	Page 32 of 32
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Manufacturer	Thermo Fish	er Scientific									Suspended particulate matter F	2110
Type of instrume	nt TEOM 1405	-DF									Measured values in µg/m ³ (STD))
Serial-No.	SN 20014 &	SN 20116										
No.	Date	Ref. 1	Ref. 2	Ref. 1	Ref 2.	Ratio	SN 20014	SN 20116	SN 20014	SN 20116	Remark	Test site
		PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10	PM2,5/PM10	PM2,5	PM2,5	PM10	PM10		
004		[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/Nm ³]	[µg/Nm³]	[%]	[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/Nm³]	[µg/Nm³]		
301	2/6/2012	-	-	39.0 35.6	38.7	-	-	-	41.8	39.7		Bornheim
302	2/7/2012	-	-	35.0 41.6	34.1 41.3	-	-	-	35.8 40.7	34.0 41.8		(winter)
304	2/9/2012	-	-	37.0	36.6	-	-	-	37.3	37.0		



Appendix 5

Page 236 of 473

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 1 of 16

Appendix 6

No.	Date	Test site	Amb. temperature (avg)	Amb. temperature (max)	Amb. pressure	Rel. humidity	Wind velocity	Wind direction	Precipitation
			[°C]	[°C]	[hPa]	[%]	[m/s]	[°]	[mm]
1	12/9/2009	Teddington	9.8	12.6	1017	94.1	0.1	221	0.3
2	12/10/2009		3.9	11.3	1028	90.9	0.2	244	0.3
3	12/11/2009		5.7	7.8	1029	93.8	0.4	231	0.0
4	12/12/2009		5.8	9.4	1026	83.9	0.8	200	0.0
5	12/13/2009		4.2	7.2	1022	87.7	0.5	234	0.3
6	12/14/2009		3.4	5.6	1017	88.8	0.2	201	0.0
7	12/15/2009		-0.6	3.3	1015	87.5	0.2	196	0.3
8	12/16/2009		1.5	3.9	1006	96.9	0.2	245	2.8
9	12/17/2009		1.3	4.6	1008	85.2	2.4	225	1.3
10	12/18/2009		-0.8	2.3	1013	86.6	0.9	281	0.0
11	12/19/2009		-0.1	1.7	1002	85.9	0.2	240	1.8
12	12/20/2009		-0.9	2.7	995	87.3	0.1	206	0.0
13	12/21/2009		1.1	3.3	984	97.3	0.3	187	8.6
14	12/22/2009		-2.1	2.7	988	98.3	0.0	218	0.3
15	12/23/2009		2.8	5.4	987	95.9	0.4	173	7.1
16	12/24/2009		4.1	6.6	986	94.1	0.3	217	0.5
17	12/25/2009		4.1	7.3	998	94.5	0.2	210	2.5
18	12/26/2009		5.9	9.4	995	90.2	0.3	200	0.8
19	12/27/2009		2.4	7.8	1000	86.2	0.3	240	0.0
20	12/28/2009		3.7	6.1	998	88.6	1.2	80	1.8
21	12/29/2009		4.8	5.6	988	95.9	1.7	94	11.7
22	12/30/2009		4.3	5.6	992	93.1	1.9	101	5.6
23	12/31/2009		2.3	4.5	998	81.8	1.1	207	0.0
24	1/1/2010		-0.1	3.9	1008	88.3	0.2	243	0.0
25	1/2/2010		1.6	5.0	1016	87.2	0.1	245	0.0
26	1/3/2010		-1.6	3.5	1021	88.3	0.3	205	0.0
27	1/4/2010		-3.7	0.6	1012	97.2	0.0	232	0.0
28	1/5/2010		0.8	2.2	998	89.9	0.7	129	4.8
29	1/6/2010		-2.3	1.1	1005	94.3	0.7	215	1.8
30	1/7/2010		-1.2	0.0	1013	91.1	0.5	240	0.0



Luftreinhaltung

Page 2 of 16

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Appendix 6

Ambient conditions at the field test sites

No.	Date	Test site	Amb. temperature (avg)	Amb. temperature (max)	Amb. pressure	Rel. humidity	Wind velocity	Wind direction	Precipitation
			[°C]	[°C]	[hPa]	[%]	[m/s]	[°]	[mm]
31	1/8/2010	Teddington	-1.6	1.6	1022	91.1	0.8	225	0.3
32	1/9/2010		0.9	2.2	1018	79.3	1.8	161	0.0
34	1/10/2010		1.4	2.8	1015	90.5	0.7	92	1.3
34	1/11/2010		1.5	2.4	1015	86.0	0.3	137	0.3
35	1/12/2010		1.4	2.8	1000	85.9	1.5	103	0.0
36	1/13/2010		1.5	3.0	998	94.8	0.1	151	8.6
37	1/14/2010		2.5	4.4	1008	97.0	0.1	229	0.3
38	1/15/2010		5.6	6.7	1011	90.0	1.8	151	1.8
39	1/16/2010		5.7	7.8	1003	96.3	0.4	202	9.1
40	1/17/2010		4.1	9.4	1019	93.9	0.1	219	0.0
41	1/18/2010		6.2	7.8	1021	97.8	0.1	199	0.0
42	1/19/2010		6.4	8.7	1012	83.7	1.4	111	1.0
43	1/20/2010		3.0	3.9	1012	92.1	0.2	227	3.8
44	1/21/2010		6.1	8.3	1015	85.2	1.1	154	0.3
45	1/22/2010		7.6	8.6	1014	95.0	0.5	209	7.4
46	1/23/2010		4.8	6.7	1018	87.0	0.2	262	0.0
47	1/24/2010		4.4	6.7	1022	91.1	0.1	241	1.3
48	1/25/2010		3.2	5.0	1033	80.0	0.9	161	0.5
49	1/26/2010		0.0	3.3	1037	83.2	0.5	167	0.0
50	1/27/2010		4.4	7.2	1018	85.5	0.3	247	1.0
51	1/28/2010		5.5	7.6	1000	86.4	0.5	247	8.1
52	1/29/2010		1.3	6.2	992	76.9	0.9	279	0.3
53	1/30/2010		-0.9	4.5	1001	84.4	0.2	240	0.0
54	1/31/2010		0.0	4.0	1005	91.2	0.1	241	0.0
55	2/1/2010		3.1	7.1	1010	83.9	0.4	222	0.3
56	2/2/2010		5.9	8.4	1002	89.6	0.3	229	1.0
57	2/3/2010		6.7	8.9	1004	91.0	0.2	180	2.0
58	2/4/2010		7.6	8.9	997	86.1	1.3	153	2.3
59	2/5/2010		7.2	12.8	1000	84.9	0.6	143	0.3
60	2/6/2010		5.1	7.8	1017	89.7	0.6	227	0.0



Page 238 of 473

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 3 of 16

Page 239 of 473

Appendix 6

No.	Date	Test site	Amb. temperature (avg)	Amb. temperature (max)	Amb. pressure	Rel. humidity	Wind velocity	Wind direction	Precipitation
			[°C]	[°C]	[hPa]	[%]	[m/s]	[°]	[mm]
61	2/7/2010	Teddington	3.8	5.6	1015	85.1	0.8	201	0.0
62	2/8/2010		1.4	3.3	1008	82.1	2.0	137	0.5
63	2/9/2010		3.2	5.8	1010	77.7	1.3	233	0.0
64	2/10/2010		1.1	3.9	1016	70.1	1.8	215	0.0
65	2/11/2010		2.3	3.9	1019	74.1	1.1	233	1.0
66	2/12/2010		3.0	5.0	1020	76.5	1.1	167	0.5
67	2/13/2010		2.4	4.0	1017	82.4	0.5	254	0.0
68	2/14/2010		2.2	5.0	1010	91.8	0.1	241	0.3
69	2/15/2010		3.3	5.0	997	89.7	0.1	203	7.9
70	2/16/2010		3.7	5.6	988	94.6	0.1	186	23.1
71	2/17/2010		3.4	9.4	988	78.8	0.3	139	1.0
72	2/18/2010		3.7	6.6	986	92.6	0.7	216	4.6
73	2/19/2010		0.8	6.7	993	87.5	0.2	238	0.3
74	2/20/2010		1.7	7.2	994	87.9	0.2	216	3.3
75	2/21/2010		5.3	7.5	986	92.2	0.5	150	14.7
76	2/22/2010		3.1	4.0	985	88.2	1.4	140	2.8
77	2/23/2010		4.8	7.9	988	92.2	0.8	127	3.6
78	2/24/2010		8.4	11.1	985	91.6	0.5	188	2.8
79	2/25/2010		7.7	10.0	979	88.1	1.0	174	8.6
80	2/26/2010		6.4	9.4	991	77.0	0.7	208	1.3
81	2/27/2010		7.8	11.2	983	88.4	0.7	181	17.5
82	2/28/2010		3.4	6.7	997	88.5	0.5	258	4.3
83	3/1/2010		4.1	11.7	1013	78.0	0.2	236	0.0
84	3/2/2010		6.4	12.0	1020	62.9	0.9	101	0.0
85	3/3/2010		4.7	7.2	1016	71.6	2.5	85	0.0
86	3/4/2010		2.1	8.3	1026	72.0	1.0	196	0.0
87	4/27/2010		14.8	22.7	1020	64.1	0.3	187	0.0
88	4/28/2010		15.6	21.7	1011	61.9	0.5	192	0.0
89	4/29/2010		14.2	20.0	1003	76.8	0.2	238	2.5
90	4/30/2010		12.6	16.1	1004	76.4	0.4	227	2.0



Luftreinhaltung

Page 4 of 16

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Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Appendix 6

Ambient conditions at the field test sites

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14.6

No. Date Test site Amb. temperature (avg) Amb. temperature (max) Amb. pressure Rel. humidity Wind velocity Wind direction Precipitation [°C] [°C] [hPa] [mm] [%] [m/s] [°] 5/1/2010 12.4 18.2 1004 75.3 0.5 184 9.4 91 Teddington 92 5/2/2010 7.4 9.5 1012 76.5 1.8 233 4.8 93 5/3/2010 7.7 12.2 1021 60.1 1.7 240 0.5 94 5/4/2010 7.9 13.4 1021 66.2 0.8 226 0.0 95 5/5/2010 12.1 16.7 1012 64.2 0.8 209 0.0 96 5/6/2010 10.9 17.3 1007 59.1 1.2 175 0.0 97 5/7/2010 9.9 14.2 1007 64.5 1.4 181 0.8 98 8.6 10.5 213 5/8/2010 1009 78.3 1.1 0.0 5/9/2010 12.2 1008 69.6 1.0 153 99 9.2 0.0 14.3 56.5 1.4 173 100 5/10/2010 9.5 1008 0.0 101 5/11/2010 6.7 11.1 1009 66.1 0.6 196 0.0 102 5/12/2010 8.1 13.4 1011 61.1 0.6 220 0.0 103 5/13/2010 9.7 15.0 1009 59.8 0.3 212 0.0 104 5/14/2010 12.0 16.3 1008 58.0 0.4 213 0.0 105 5/15/2010 12.5 19.2 1011 60.3 0.4 260 0.0 5/16/2010 11.3 17.2 1014 82.3 0.2 219 4.8 106 107 5/17/2010 12.8 19.8 1021 63.0 0.4 266 0.0 108 14.1 20.5 1024 62.0 0.4 189 0.0 5/18/2010 109 5/19/2010 16.0 23.3 1025 68.8 0.1 235 0.0 110 5/20/2010 18.1 24.4 1026 72.3 0.1 247 0.0 111 5/21/2010 18.9 25.5 1024 62.4 1.2 111 0.0 112 5/22/2010 18.2 24.6 1022 60.0 1.2 131 0.0 21.7 31.1 1014 51.3 0.3 213 0.0 113 5/23/2010 114 5/24/2010 20.5 30.8 1007 54.6 1.4 158 0.0 5/25/2010 15.0 20.2 1006 54.5 2.3 91 0.0 115 116 5/26/2010 13.2 18.2 1005 66.0 1.0 140 1.5 5/27/2010 13.3 19.4 1006 58.9 0.4 241 0.3 117 118 5/28/2010 15.2 21.8 1010 59.6 0.6 209 0.0

16.7

21.0

1003

1010

82.5

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1.0

1.6

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Page 240 of 473

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5/29/2010

5/30/2010

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 5 of 16

Page 241 of 473

Appendix 6

No.	Date	Test site	Amb. temperature (avg)	Amb. temperature (max)	Amb. pressure	Rel. humidity	Wind velocity	Wind direction	Precipitation
			[°C]	[°C]	[hPa]	[%]	[m/s]	[°]	[mm]
121	5/31/2010	Teddington	14.3	16.7	1014	72.1	0.6	203	0.0
122	6/1/2010	-	13.0	16.7	1013	86.7	0.4	176	2.8
123	6/2/2010		17.4	24.5	1017	55.2	0.7	152	0.0
124	6/3/2010		17.5	22.7	1016	51.8	1.6	91	0.0
125	6/4/2010		20.3	29.6	1014	55.5	0.5	179	0.0
126	6/5/2010		22.1	28.4	1008	60.2	0.4	185	0.0
127	6/6/2010		18.2	24.7	1006	68.1	0.6	262	0.0
128	6/7/2010		15.8	22.7	1002	73.9	0.5	154	7.9
129	6/8/2010		15.7	20.9	997	81.3	0.5	193	2.3
130	6/9/2010		17.8	22.2	1000	72.1	1.1	154	0.0
131	6/10/2010		15.2	19.4	1002	83.2	1.8	211	0.3
132	6/11/2010		15.5	21.7	1006	68.2	0.5	243	0.0
134	6/12/2010		15.6	21.5	1012	63.0	0.7	201	0.0
134	6/13/2010		16.9	21.7	1007	65.8	0.7	192	0.3
135	6/14/2010		14.6	20.6	1017	70.4	1.5	163	1.8
136	6/15/2010		14.4	19.3	1022	56.1	1.8	171	0.0
137	6/16/2010		15.2	21.0	1018	57.8	1.9	164	0.0
138	6/17/2010		17.6	24.3	1015	58.5	1.6	142	0.0
139	6/18/2010		14.5	21.1	1014	69.7	1.1	216	0.8
140	6/19/2010		12.5	16.2	1014	55.8	1.5	253	0.0
141	6/20/2010		15.6	22.1	1017	55.8	0.7	240	0.0
142	6/21/2010		19.8	27.5	1017	55.1	0.4	194	0.0
143	6/22/2010		21.5	29.5	1017	50.1	0.3	238	0.0
144	6/23/2010		21.8	30.0	1014	52.4	0.3	226	0.0
145	6/24/2010		21.3	27.7	1012	54.7	0.4	261	0.0
146	6/25/2010		21.9	28.3	1011	56.1	1.0	130	0.0
147	6/26/2010		21.1	27.1	1011	63.2	0.9	146	0.0
148	6/27/2010		22.8	30.8	1013	50.3	0.3	203	0.0
149	6/28/2010		23.2	31.0	1013	43.9	0.3	218	2.8
150	6/29/2010		21.5	30.0	1013	70.2	0.2	210	0.0



Luftreinhaltung

Page 6 of 16

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Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Appendix 6

Ambient conditions at the field test sites

No. Date Test site Amb. temperature (avg) Amb. temperature (max) Amb. pressure Rel. humidity Wind velocity Wind direction Precipitation [°C] [°C] [hPa] [mm] [%] [m/s] [°] 151 6/30/2010 20.1 28.7 1011 63.2 0.3 197 0.0 Teddington 152 7/1/2010 21.9 26.4 1005 58.8 0.6 173 0.0 -0.2 3.2 1015 72.1 1.6 153 1/27/2011 Cologne 49 0.0 154 1/28/2011 (Winter) -1.8 3.4 1015 77.0 1.3 98 0.0 155 1/29/2011 -2.1 4.7 1013 77.0 0.9 157 0.0 156 1/30/2011 -3.4 1.8 1015 83.9 0.7 168 0.0 -3.8 -2.2 1020 86.9 1.3 127 157 1/31/2011 0.0 158 2/1/2011 -2.3 -0.4 1022 88.2 2.1 172 0.0 2/2/2011 2.5 1021 88.6 3.1 8.7 159 0.8 144 2/3/2011 4.3 7.6 1018 83.0 2.9 193 0.3 160 9.9 10.7 72.4 6.9 239 0.3 161 2/4/2011 1014 2/5/2011 11.0 12.0 1017 71.2 7.1 241 0.0 162 69.5 224 163 2/6/2011 8.2 10.6 1018 3.9 0.0 164 2/7/2011 9.8 15.5 1011 60.9 3.6 212 0.6 165 2/8/2011 3.2 10.3 1017 77.0 1.1 166 0.0 166 2/9/2011 6.1 10.9 1014 67.6 3.2 120 0.0 1007 84.2 3.2 185 167 2/10/2011 8.7 11.0 14.0 2.0 168 2/11/2011 8.9 11.2 1007 93.5 193 33.0 6.0 7.8 1007 89.8 2.7 130 3.0 169 2/12/2011 170 2/13/2011 6.3 9.1 1002 81.1 4.2 106 0.0 171 2/14/2011 6.0 8.7 998 87.5 2.5 143 5.1 172 2/15/2011 5.4 8.2 992 86.9 3.5 110 1.8 994 86.7 125 173 2/16/2011 4.0 9.8 1.4 0.0 174 2/17/2011 4.1 10.2 1002 76.8 1.7 124 0.0 175 2/18/2011 2.7 3.6 1009 78.4 1.5 104 0.0 5.3 4.5 95 176 2/19/2011 2.7 1010 73.6 0.0 177 2/20/2011 -0.5 2.9 1011 67.1 4.1 77 0.0 178 2/21/2011 -2.7 0.9 1011 65.5 3.1 94 0.0 56.2 179 2/22/2011 -1.6 4.2 1015 3.0 124 0.0 180 2/23/2011 1.2 3.6 1016 59.6 5.0 132 0.0



Page 242 of 473

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 7 of 16

Page 243 of 473

Appendix 6

No.	Date	Test site	Amb. temperature (avg)	Amb. temperature (max)	Amb. pressure	Rel. humidity	Wind velocity	Wind direction	Precipitation
			[°C]	[°C]	[hPa]	[%]	[m/s]	[°]	[mm]
181	2/24/2011	Cologne	2.2	3.8	1019	94.2	2.6	102	5.7
182	2/25/2011	(Winter)	5.3	7.2	1018	87.1	3.4	111	0.0
183	2/26/2011		6.3	8.5	1005	86.0	4.3	196	10.5
184	2/27/2011		4.2	6.4	1010	86.0	3.9	251	1.5
185	2/28/2011		3.8	6.6	1022	83.3	0.9	202	0.0
186	3/1/2011		5.2	10.3	1026	69.9	2.1	139	0.3
187	3/2/2011		4.8	13.6	1024	54.7	2.2	137	0.0
188	3/3/2011		3.7	10.6	1024	50.4	1.4	90	0.0
189	3/4/2011		3.4	10.8	1021	67.8	1.2	222	0.0
190	3/5/2011		2.7	7.0	1021	73.4	2.2	206	0.0
191	3/6/2011		3.0	8.2	1024	52.4	1.9	84	0.0
192	3/7/2011		4.0	9.3	1023	34.2	5.1	101	0.0
193	3/8/2011		7.9	14.4	1013	54.0	2.3	147	0.0
194	3/9/2011		7.1	10.6	1010	75.8	3.5	232	0.9
195	3/10/2011		9.2	10.1	1008	68.9	5.3	231	0.0
196	3/11/2011		8.1	11.4	1008	69.5	3.8	197	0.3
197	3/12/2011		12.1	16.4	998	61.6	3.3	147	0.3
198	3/13/2011		11.2	14.1	1001	77.3	2.0	156	1.5
199	3/14/2011		9.8	13.8	1010	81.2	0.3	114	0.0
200	3/15/2011		12.3	19.6	1006	66.2	2.2	96	0.0
201	3/16/2011		9.5	16.9	1000	71.9	2.5	126	0.0
202	3/17/2011		5.7	7.2	1009	86.9	4.7	267	0.0
203	3/18/2011		6.0	7.6	1018	89.1	1.1	135	11.1
204	3/19/2011		5.0	12.1	1027	59.5	1.2	123	0.0
205	3/20/2011		5.3	13.2	1027	57.7	0.9	150	0.0
206	3/21/2011		6.9	16.1	1029	56.5	1.0	166	0.0
207	3/22/2011		9.4	17.2	1031	62.7	1.1	184	0.0
208	3/23/2011		10.7	18.6	1030	66.8	1.2	161	0.0
209	3/24/2011		10.9	18.6	1021	67.2	1.0	174	0.0
210	3/25/2011		11.8	18.0	1010	59.4	1.6	183	0.0



Page 244 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH

Luftreinhaltung

Page 8 of 16

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Appendix 6

Ambient conditions at the field test sites

No. Date Test site Amb. temperature (avg) Amb. temperature (max) Amb. pressure Rel. humidity Wind velocity Wind direction Precipitation [°C] [°C] [hPa] [mm] [%] [m/s] [°] 211 3/26/2011 Cologne 7.7 11.6 1010 64.8 1.5 105 0.0 212 3/27/2011 (Winter) 9.3 16.3 1006 60.9 1.1 196 0.0 213 3/28/2011 7.2 13.7 1009 60.2 1.9 172 0.0 3/29/2011 18.5 1007 62.1 1.1 168 0.0 214 9.6 215 3/30/2011 12.6 15.9 1008 66.7 2.4 170 0.0 216 3/31/2011 13.8 15.6 1011 78.2 3.7 230 6.5 217 4/1/2011 13.9 18.8 1014 78.1 2.3 175 0.0 62.2 2.6 159 218 4/2/2011 17.6 24.3 1006 0.0 219 4/13/2011 10.9 15.8 1009 85.3 2.0 251 8.7 220 4/14/2011 15.0 1017 65.3 2.7 214 10.0 0.0 221 4/15/2011 11.8 15.1 1020 71.9 2.1 173 0.9 222 23.0 1019 73.9 1.8 196 4/16/2011 16.2 0.0 223 4/17/2011 13.8 21.6 1019 67.2 3.0 245 0.0 224 4/18/2011 12.9 18.2 1018 64.7 2.9 255 0.0 225 4/19/2011 11.3 18.9 1018 59.8 1.3 183 0.0 226 4/20/2011 14.0 23.1 1016 60.2 1.1 191 0.0 227 4/21/2011 16.0 25.0 1012 58.8 3.9 244 2.7 228 4/22/2011 7.7 12.4 1018 66.7 4.1 257 0.9 229 4/13/2011 10.1 14.3 1013 57.1 2.0 203 0.0 230 4/14/2011 8.0 14.2 1013 65.4 0.6 159 0.0 53.6 1.2 231 4/15/2011 10.4 17.0 1014 169 0.0 232 4/16/2011 11.9 16.9 1017 51.7 0.9 166 0.0 234 4/17/2011 11.4 19.2 1017 53.7 1.2 139 0.0 234 4/18/2011 14.3 21.2 1011 48.6 1.9 149 0.0 52.4 235 4/19/2011 15.5 25.5 1009 1.2 146 0.0 236 4/20/2011 16.6 25.7 1008 51.3 1.1 154 0.0 237 4/21/2011 17.8 26.3 1006 54.1 0.7 180 0.0 27.8 238 4/22/2011 20.0 1003 51.8 1.3 146 8.3 239 4/23/2011 18.0 28.9 1005 58.0 0.7 152 0.0 240 4/24/2011 18.1 28.0 1011 51.7 1.0 172 0.0

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 9 of 16

Page 245 of 473

Appendix 6

Ambient conditions at the field test sites

No. Date Test site Amb. temperature (avg) Amb. temperature (max) Amb. pressure Rel. humidity Wind velocity Wind direction Precipitation [°C] [°C] [hPa] [%] [m/s] [°] [mm] 241 4/25/2011 Cologne 16.8 26.0 1013 50.3 1.2 153 0.0 4/26/2011 (Winter) 16.7 23.4 1011 51.5 1.8 166 2.1 242 243 4/27/2011 10.8 12.5 1010 90.4 0.7 213 8.9 244 4/28/2011 14.2 20.5 1005 77.6 0.7 176 0.3 245 4/29/2011 17.2 24.9 1002 56.8 1.7 112 3.0 246 4/30/2011 16.9 24.2 1002 47.4 1.7 141 0.0 247 22.4 44.5 0.0 5/1/2011 14.8 1002 1.6 111 248 5/2/2011 11.0 178 1004 53.3 2.0 116 0.0 249 5/3/2011 10.0 17.2 1011 49.4 1.0 164 0.0 250 5/4/2011 9.7 16.2 1016 61.5 1.3 168 0.0 1015 251 5/5/2011 14.1 19.8 46.9 2.2 119 0.0 252 5/6/2011 18.6 24.8 1012 41.1 2.5 110 0.0 253 5/7/2011 21.9 28.3 1011 37.0 3.4 109 0.0 254 5/8/2011 22.1 28.6 1013 34.7 4.1 97 0.0 255 7/25/2011 Bornheim 17.2 22.8 1001 73.8 0.8 193 1.2 256 7/26/2011 17.0 20.6 1006 78.4 259 (Sommer) 1.1 0.0 257 17.3 84.8 0.7 229 51.7 7/27/2011 24.3 1010 258 7/28/2011 17.7 24.5 1011 85.6 0.6 228 5.9 259 7/29/2011 16.9 20.2 1011 76.2 2.9 299 0.0 260 7/30/2011 16.1 1010 80.4 2.3 288 0.0 14.5 261 7/31/2011 13.4 16.6 1009 76.2 0.9 244 0.0 262 8/1/2011 19.1 26.1 1008 68.1 0.9 177 0.0 263 8/2/2011 23.2 30.0 1007 60.8 1.5 143 0.0 264 8/3/2011 19.7 24.1 1006 82.9 1.1 195 5.4 22.3 265 8/4/2011 29.2 1005 71.6 0.8 204 3.6 25.0 221 266 8/5/2011 20.6 1004 75.8 1.1 0.6 267 19.3 25.4 996 85.0 171 7.7 8/6/2011 1.4 268 8/7/2011 17.8 22.4 998 64.0 1.5 209 1.8 269 8/8/2011 15.5 18.4 1000 74.7 2.5 219 6.2 270 8/9/2011 13.8 17.8 1012 76.8 2.7 265 14.8



Page 246 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH

Luftreinhaltung

Page 10 of 16

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Appendix 6

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No. Date Test site Amb. temperature (avg) Amb. temperature (max) Amb. pressure Rel. humidity Wind velocity Wind direction Precipitation [°C] [°C] [hPa] [mm] [%] [m/s] [°] 271 8/10/2011 Bornheim 18.0 22.4 1013 57.5 1.3 224 0.0 272 8/11/2011 20.9 25.5 1004 53.8 1.2 220 0.3 (Sommer) 273 8/12/2011 18.5 21.7 1003 78.9 1.1 228 2.1 274 20.1 23.7 1001 77.0 0.7 185 8/13/2011 0.0 275 8/14/2011 17.4 19.9 1000 86.2 219 17.4 1.1 276 8/15/2011 17.9 22.4 1009 71.8 1.2 230 0.0 277 8/16/2011 19.1 23.9 1010 69.0 0.7 190 0.6 27.8 0.7 206 278 21.1 1007 73.8 4.7 8/17/2011 279 8/18/2011 22.5 31.3 1004 76.6 1.2 174 20.9 21.2 1011 80.0 1.5 235 280 8/19/2011 16.8 3.3 281 8/20/2011 20.7 28.1 1011 66.6 0.8 157 0.0 282 23.2 31.4 1007 74.8 1.0 184 0.3 8/21/2011 283 8/22/2011 20.4 24.4 1009 76.5 1.2 253 0.0 284 8/23/2011 22.6 27.8 1005 78.4 0.9 206 0.0 285 8/24/2011 20.1 27.2 1007 76.6 0.7 192 06 286 8/25/2011 20.8 27.6 1003 83.4 1.0 176 2.1 287 8/26/2011 19.4 30.2 999 83.7 1.5 195 29.1 288 8/27/2011 15.3 20.0 1007 77.0 1.1 207 0.3 289 8/28/2011 15.6 19.7 1009 69.2 1.3 212 0.0 290 8/29/2011 14.5 18.4 1008 66.7 2.0 243 0.0 0.8 236 291 8/30/2011 13.6 18.4 1008 73.6 0.0 292 8/31/2011 14.8 21.4 1007 72.0 0.7 225 0.0 182 293 9/1/2011 16.4 23.4 1006 71.6 0.6 0.0 294 9/2/2011 21.2 29.4 1004 72.2 0.8 160 0.0 295 9/3/2011 24.5 30.9 1002 67.0 1.3 132 3.6 296 9/4/2011 20.2 27.4 1002 79.5 1.1 223 0.6 297 9/5/2011 16.6 21.4 1009 62.9 1.9 217 0.0 2.6 298 9/6/2011 17.4 20.6 1005 66.8 219 4.8 299 9/7/2011 14.9 18.1 1004 73.1 2.2 246 5.7 300 9/8/2011 14.7 16.2 1003 84.7 1.1 209 3.3

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 11 of 16

Page 247 of 473

Appendix 6

No.	Date	Test site	Amb. temperature (avg)	Amb. temperature (max)	Amb. pressure	Rel. humidity	Wind velocity	Wind direction	Precipitation
			[°C]	[°C]	[hPa]	[%]	[m/s]	[°]	[mm]
301	9/9/2011	Bornheim	19.0	21.6	1004	86.9	0.4	167	0.0
302	9/10/2011	(Sommer)	23.8	29.7	1001	73.0	1.5	155	0.0
303	9/11/2011		16.2	22.1	1003	86.0	0.7	165	16.2
304	9/12/2011		19.4	24.6	1004	71.1	1.7	204	0.0
305	9/13/2011		16.7	20.8	1006	67.3	1.6	219	0.0
306	9/14/2011		15.2	19.6	1011	65.1	1.5	224	0.0
307	9/15/2011		14.1	20.4	1013	75.3	0.6	207	0.0
308	9/16/2011		17.1	21.9	1006	72.6	1.4	145	0.0
309	9/17/2011		16.8	21.4	1001	70.6	1.0	207	3.6
310	9/18/2011		13.3	16.5	998	76.4	1.0	200	4.5
311	9/19/2011		13.6	18.1	1008	75.8	1.4	231	0.9
312	9/20/2011		15.6	18.5	1014	78.0	0.5	196	0.0
313	9/21/2011		16.9	20.5	1011	69.5	0.8	204	0.0
314	9/22/2011		15.2	18.7	1011	72.2	1.2	231	0.0
315	9/23/2011								
316	9/24/2011								
317	9/25/2011								
318	9/26/2011				Outage	of weather station			
319	9/27/2011								
320	9/28/2011								
321	9/29/2011								
322	9/30/2011		18.4	26.8	1017	68.3	1.2	155	0.0
323	10/1/2011		18.1	28.0	1018	70.6	0.5	176	0.0
324	10/2/2011		17.8	26.8	1016	75.4	0.3	213	0.0
325	10/3/2011		18.8	26.5	1013	65.9	0.8	168	0.0
326	10/4/2011		17.8	20.5	1013	72.4	1.6	214	0.0
327	10/5/2011		17.5	20.0	1011	70.8	1.2	199	0.0
328	10/6/2011		13.2	19.3	1001	71.2	2.3	213	0.3
329	10/7/2011		9.9	13.4	1005	81.6	3.6	272	5.7
330	10/8/2011		8.7	11.4	1009	85.5	2.1	258	6.0



Page 248 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH

Luftreinhaltung

Page 12 of 16

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Appendix 6

No.	Date	Test site	Amb. temperature (avg)	Amb. temperature (max)	Amb. pressure	Rel. humidity	Wind velocity	Wind direction	Precipitation
			[°C]	[°C]	[hPa]	[%]	[m/s]	[°]	[mm]
331	10/9/2011	Bornheim	12.2	16.3	1011	84.5	1.4	190	5.4
332	10/10/2011	(Sommer)	17.7	21.3	1009	74.4	3.2	261	0.3
333	10/11/2011		16.3	18.0	1010	77.4	3.6	251	0.0
334	10/12/2011		12.5	15.8	1012	91.1	0.9	226	17.9
335	10/13/2011		9.9	15.8	1022	76.3	0.6	209	0.0
336	10/14/2011		8.7	15.9	1024	69.6	1.0	151	0.0
337	10/15/2011		7.8	14.8	1020	68.8	1.2	162	0.0
338	10/16/2011		8.5	14.8	1016	73.8	1.5	157	0.0
339	10/17/2011		10.5	16.6	1011	78.5	0.8	163	0.0
340	10/18/2011		9.2	15.0	1003	82.0	1.2	197	3.0
341	10/19/2011		8.1	14.0	1010	74.4	1.5	225	0.0
342	10/20/2011		5.6	10.6	1018	79.8	1.0	223	0.0
343	10/21/2011		5.2	11.4	1019	79.3	1.1	154	0.0
344	10/22/2011		6.8	11.9	1013	69.3	3.9	128	0.0
345	10/23/2011		7.4	13.6	1007	71.6	2.3	138	0.0
346	10/24/2011		9.8	12.4	999	67.2	3.8	132	0.0
347	10/25/2011		10.9	13.0	997	68.8	1.9	132	0.0
348	10/26/2011		9.4	15.7	1006	74.9	0.9	171	0.0
349	10/27/2011		10.1	13.4	1008	80.4	2.7	126	0.0
350	10/28/2011		14.0	20.1	1016	75.8	0.7	149	0.0
351	10/29/2011		13.5	17.2	1015	79.8	1.0	132	0.9
352	10/30/2011		13.5	18.2	1014	86.7	0.4	170	0.0
353	10/31/2011		11.9	17.2	1009	87.0	1.0	152	0.3
354	11/1/2011		12.2	15.6	1007	83.2	2.0	134	1.8
355	11/2/2011		12.5	14.7	1002	80.8	2.9	124	0.3
356	11/3/2011		13.7	17.3	995	69.7	3.8	140	0.0
357	11/4/2011								•
358	11/5/2011				Outour	-f			
359	11/6/2011				Outage	e or weather station			
360	11/7/2011								

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 13 of 16

Page 249 of 473

Appendix 6

No.	Date	Test site	Amb. temperature (avg)	Amb. temperature (max)	Amb. pressure	Rel. humidity	Wind velocity	Wind direction	Precipitation
			[°C]	[°C]	[hPa]	[%]	[m/s]	[°]	[mm]
361	11/8/2011	Bornheim							
362	11/9/2011	(Sommer)			Outoro	of weather station			
363	11/10/2011				Oulage				
364	11/11/2011								
365	11/12/2011		7.2	9.4	1024	81.6	4.1	135	0.0
366	11/13/2011		5.4	10.1	1023	83.7	2.4	131	0.0
367	11/14/2011	Bornheim	3.7	9.8	1017	79.3	2.2	117	0.6
368	11/15/2011	(Winter)	2.7	8.7	1013	82.1	1.3	123	0.0
369	11/16/2011		2.6	7.4	1013	77.9	2.9	129	0.3
370	11/17/2011		5.8	7.7	1015	81.8	1.7	103	0.0
371	11/18/2011		8.3	10.0	1014	85.3	1.0	122	0.0
372	11/19/2011		7.8	12.3	1013	79.2	1.1	145	0.0
373	11/20/2011		7.4	13.2	1011	80.4	0.5	126	0.0
374	11/21/2011		5.9	12.0	1009	80.7	1.2	135	0.0
375	11/22/2011		5.6	10.4	1013	84.9	0.5	149	0.0
376	11/23/2011		7.8	10.1	1020	84.2	0.4	156	0.0
377	11/24/2011		5.7	10.0	1022	82.3	1.5	122	0.0
378	11/25/2011		6.0	9.1	1019	80.9	1.6	169	0.0
379	11/26/2011		7.9	11.7	1019	76.1	2.4	180	0.0
380	11/27/2011		7.2	11.8	1016	80.1	2.3	212	0.3
381	11/28/2011		3.5	9.3	1017	84.5	1.0	130	0.0
382	11/29/2011		6.9	11.1	1010	80.3	2.6	147	0.3
383	11/30/2011		6.2	11.4	1017	77.7	1.3	144	0.0
384	12/1/2011		11.2	13.4	1003	76.0	4.2	167	0.3
385	12/2/2011		6.4	12.5	1005	79.8	2.9	205	1.2
386	12/3/2011		8.3	10.0	997	78.5	3.1	188	3.6
387	12/4/2011		7.5	9.5	991	83.0	2.4	218	10.7
388	12/5/2011		4.5	6.9	998	74.1	3.0	215	0.0
389	12/6/2011		4.8	7.1	999	74.5	2.6	211	1.5
390	12/7/2011			•	Outage	of weather station			



Page 250 of 473

TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH

Luftreinhaltung

Page 14 of 16

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Appendix 6

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No.	Date	Test site	Amb. temperature (avg)	Amb. temperature (max)	Amb. pressure	Rel. humidity	Wind velocity	Wind direction	Precipitation
	<u> </u>	<u> </u> '	[°C]	[°C]	[hPa]	[%]	[m/s]	[°]	[mm]
391	12/8/2011	Bornheim			Outage	of weather station			
392	12/9/2011	(Winter)	4.8	7.5	1003	70.8	2.1	228	0.0
393	12/10/2011	1	2.3	6.3	1009	75.0	1.5	199	0.0
394	12/11/2011	1	3.5	6.3	1004	78.5	2.3	127	0.0
395	12/12/2011	1	6.0	8.4	999	78.7	3.3	188	3.9
396	12/13/2011	1	7.1	11.4	992	76.1	4.6	184	2.4
397	12/14/2011	1	5.9	9.5	993	76.8	3.7	196	5.3
398	12/15/2011	1	5.4	7.7	993	76.8	3.8	177	1.5
399	12/16/2011	1	4.3	12.0	976	85.3	5.7	243	11.3
400	12/17/2011	1	3.2	6.1	998	82.4	2.6	244	0.6
401	12/18/2011	1	1.1	4.3	1005	85.4	2.0	229	4.8
402	12/19/2011	1	1.5	4.0	1007	82.6	1.4	175	0.3
403	12/20/2011	1	3.7	5.4	1004	87.2	2.8	243	16.4
404	12/21/2011	1	4.7	5.7	1011	84.9	0.8	195	1.5
405	12/22/2011	1	8.5	9.6	1015	93.5	2.1	230	8.1
406	12/23/2011	1	8.3	10.6	1009	82.2	3.3	204	2.4
407	12/24/2011	1	5.1	6.5	1021	80.6	3.5	230	3.3
408	12/25/2011	1	8.6	10.0	1025	79.2	2.0	200	0.0
409	12/26/2011	1	9.7	11.0	1028	84.6	0.9	210	0.0
410	12/27/2011	1	7.7	9.2	1026	81.0	1.2	220	0.0
411	12/28/2011	1	6.4	8.6	1015	77.9	3.1	194	0.0
412	12/29/2011	1	5.4	7.5	1007	77.0	4.7	238	7.1
413	12/30/2011	1	3.5	5.2	1007	82.9	3.2	215	2.1
414	12/31/2011	1	7.3	10.8	1003	93.6	1.0	148	9.9
415	1/1/2012	1	12.2	15.0	1001	83.1	2.9	176	7.2
416	1/2/2012	1	6.3	8.9	1006	81.5	1.8	204	2.7
417	1/3/2012	1	8.4	12.3	1001	72.2	5.6	227	0.9
418	1/4/2012	1	6.9	9.3	1002	72.9	5.0	239	3.0
419	1/5/2012	1	6.0	10.9	991	77.1	7.8	285	12.7
420	1/6/2012	1	5.5	7.6	1011	79.8	4.3	255	2.1

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 15 of 16

Page 251 of 473

Appendix 6

No.	Date	Test site	Amb. temperature (avg)	Amb. temperature (max)	Amb. pressure	Rel. humidity	Wind velocity	Wind direction	Precipitation
			[°C]	[°C]	[hPa]	[%]	[m/s]	[°]	[mm]
421	1/7/2012	Bornheim	6.8	9.5	1009	81.2	4.8	275	6.0
422	1/8/2012	(Winter)	5.9	7.6	1016	84.8	3.5	279	5.9
423	1/9/2012		7.7	8.9	1020	88.4	1.9	248	1.5
424	1/10/2012		7.9	9.2	1025	80.2	1.1	231	0.3
425	1/11/2012		8.6	10.4	1023	79.4	1.3	210	0.0
426	1/12/2012		7.1	10.6	1016	78.8	4.3	260	1.2
427	1/13/2012		4.5	6.0	1020	74.8	4.8	299	0.0
428	1/14/2012		2.3	5.3	1020	82.8	1.4	245	0.0
429	1/15/2012		-1.5	0.5	1019	94.4	0.6	156	0.0
430	1/16/2012		-0.9	3.9	1020	81.8	0.6	138	0.3
431	1/17/2012		-0.6	4.7	1022	81.5	0.5	123	0.3
432	1/18/2012		3.1	7.1	1018	84.3	1.5	126	6.6
433	1/19/2012		7.2	11.9	1006	84.8	4.1	253	12.8
434	1/20/2012		3.1	5.4	1008	85.5	3.1	239	5.1
435	1/21/2012		7.3	10.3	1000	81.9	5.3	261	6.9
436	1/22/2012		6.4	9.3	1003	77.0	4.7	271	1.8
437	1/23/2012		4.2	7.1	1008	83.7	3.0	268	3.6
438	1/24/2012		2.3	5.5	1014	87.4	0.9	188	0.0
439	1/25/2012		2.5	4.2	1012	81.0	3.9	126	0.0
440	1/26/2012		2.6	4.0	1010	78.6	4.1	127	0.6
441	1/27/2012		2.3	7.4	1016	85.6	1.1	124	0.0
442	1/28/2012		1.6	4.4	1021	81.0	0.9	166	0.3
443	1/29/2012		-0.4	0.3	1020	81.2	1.4	238	0.0
444	1/30/2012		-0.1	0.9	1017	75.8	1.5	110	0.0
445	1/31/2012		-2.7	0.9	1018	62.8	2.0	116	0.0
446	2/1/2012		-5.2	0.7	1023	53.6	2.2	144	0.0
447	2/2/2012		-7.0	-0.8	1026	50.2	1.5	186	0.0
448	2/3/2012		-8.5	-4.0	1031	69.0	1.0	252	0.0
449	2/4/2012		-8.5	-3.7	1031	69.8	1.0	182	0.0
450	2/5/2012		-79	-3.6	1027	57 9	17	142	0.0

Luftreinhaltung

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Page 16 of 16

No.	Date	Test site	Amb. temperature (avg)	Amb. temperature (max)	Amb. pressure	Rel. humidity	Wind velocity	Wind direction	Precipitation
			[°C]	[°C]	[hPa]	[%]	[m/s]	[°]	[mm]
451	2/6/2012	Bornheim	-8.9	-3.6	1029	57.8	1.1	152	0.0
452	2/7/2012	(Winter)	-7.6	-4.3	1031	61.6	1.8	148	0.0
453	2/8/2012		-5.7	0.0	1030	68.4	0.8	187	0.0
454	2/9/2012		-5.4	-2.2	1030	81.1	1.6	259	0.0

Appendix 6

Page 252 of 473


Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 253 of 473

Appendix 2

Filter weighing procedure

A) German test sites (Cologne and Bornheim)

A.1 Carrying out the weighing

All weightings are done in an air-conditioned weighing room. Ambient conditions are 20 °C \pm 1 °C and 50 % \pm 5 % relative humidity, which conforms to the requirements of Standard EN 14907.

The filters used in the field test are weighed manually. The filters (including control filters) are placed on sieves for the purpose of conditioning to avoid overlap. The specifications for pre- and post-weighing are specified beforehand and conform to the Standard.

Before sampling = pre-weighing	After sampling = post-weighing
Conditioning 48 h + 2 h	Conditioning 48 h + 2 h
Filter weighing	Filter weighing
Re-conditioning 24 h +2 h	Re-conditioning 24 h + 2 h
Filter weighing and immediate packaging	Filter weighing

The balance is always kept ready for use. An internal calibration process is started prior to each weighing series. The standard weight of 200 mg is weighed as reference and the boundary conditions are noted if nothing out of ordinary results from the calibration process. Deviations to prior measurements conform to the Standard and do not exceed 20 μ g (refer to Figure 108). All six control filters are weighed afterwards and a warning is displayed for control filters with deviations > 40 μ g during evaluation. These control filters are not used for post-weighing. Instead, the first three acceptable control filters are used while the others remain in the protective jar in order to replace a defective or deviating filter, if necessary. Figure 109 shows an exemplary process over a period of more than 4 months.

All filters which deviate more than 40 μ g between the first and second weighing are excluded during the pre-weighing process. Filters which deviate more than 60 μ g are not considered for evaluation after post-weighing, as conforming to standards.



Page 254 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5,Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

(F1)

Weighed filters are packed in separate polystyrene jars for transport and storage. These jars remain closed until the filter is placed in the filter holder. Virgin filters can be stored in the weighing room for up to 28 days before sampling. Another pre-weighing is carried out if this period is exceeded.

Sampled filters can be stored for not more than 15 days at a temperature of 23 °C or less. The filters are stored at 7 °C in a refrigerator.

A2 Filter evaluation

The filters are evaluated with the help of a corrective term in order to minimize relative mass changes caused by the weighing room conditions.

Equation:

Dust = MF_{post} – (M_{Tara} x (MKon_{post} / MKon_{pre}))

MKon_{pre} = average mass of the 3 control filters after 48 h and 72 h pre-weighing

MKon_{post} = average mass of the 3 control filters after 48 h and 72 h post-weighing

 M_{Tara} = average mass of the filter after 48 h and 72 h pre-weighing

 MF_{post} = average mass of the loaded filter after 48 h and 72 h post-weighing

Dust = corrected dust mass of the filter

This shows that the method becomes independent from weighing room conditions due to the corrective calculation. Influence due to the water content of the filter mass between virgin and loaded filter can be controlled and do not change the dust content of sampled filters. Hence, Point EN 14907 9.3.2.5 is fulfilled.

The below example of the standard weight between November 2008 and February 2009 shows that the allowed deviation of not more than 20 μg on the previous measurement is not exceeded.



Page 255 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 108: Stability of standard weight



Page 256 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5,Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Table 53: Stability standard weight

	Woighing	Standard	Difference to
Date	No	weight	weighing
Duto	110.	n	un
12 11 2008	1	0 20002	۳9
13 11 2008	2	0.20002	-10
10.11.2000	3	0.20001	10
11 12 2008	1	0.20002	0
17 12 2008	5	0.20002	10
18 12 2008	6	0.20003	-10
07 01 2000	7	0.20002	-10
07.01.2009	/ 0	0.20001	-10
14 01 2009	0	0.20001	10
14.01.2009	9	0.20000	-10
15.01.2009	10	0.20001	10
21.01.2009	11	0.20001	0
22.01.2009	12	0.20001	0
29.01.2009	13	0.20001	0
30.01.2009	14	0.20000	-10
04.02.2008	15	0.20001	10
05.02.2009	16	0.20001	0
11.02.2009	17	0.20001	0
12.02.2009	18	0.20000	-10
18.02.2009	19	0.20000	0
19.02.2009	20	0.20000	0
26.02.2009	21	0.20000	0
27.02.2009	22	0.19999	-10

Highlighted yellow = average value Highlighted green = lowest value Highlighted blue = highest value



Page 257 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Figure 109: Stability of the control filters





Page 258 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5,Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

	Control filter No.		
Weighing No.	TM1	No.	TM1
1	0.09257	0.09155	0.09110
2	0.09258	0.09155	0.09113
3	0.09260	0.09155	0.09115
4	0.09260	0.09157	0.09116
5	0.09262	0.09156	0.09117
6	0.09264	0.09157	0.09116
7	0.09262	0.09154	0.09114
8	0.09260	0.09156	0.09116
9	0.09262	0.09156	0.09113
10	0.09263	0.09160	0.09117
11	0.09263	0.09158	0.09118
12	0.09263	0.09158	0.09117
13	0.09267	0.09160	0.09118
14	0.09265	0.09157	0.09116
15	0.09266	0.09159	0.09119
16	0.09269	0.09162	0.09122
17	0.09268	0.09162	0.09121
18	0.09267	0.09161	0.09121
19	0.09266	0.09161	0.09118
20	0.09268	0.09160	0.09120
21	0.09264	0.09161	0.09117
22	0.09264	0.09159	0.09116
Average	0.09264	0.09158	0.09117
Standard de-			
viation	3.2911E-05	2.4937E-05	2.8558E-05
rei.			
viation	0.036	0.027	0.031
, iddon	0.000	0.021	0.001
Median	0.09264	0.09158	0.09117
lowest value	0.09257	0.09154	0.09110
highest value	0.09269	0.09162	0.09122

Table 54: Stability of the control filters

Highlighted yellow = average value Highlighted green = lowest value Highlighted blue = highest value



Page 259 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

B) UK test site (Teddington)

B.1 Implementation of Weighing Protocols

NPL (National Physical Laboratory) were subcontracted to weigh filters manually for the field study. In line with EN14907 filters were kept in the weighing room for less than 28 days; the glove box used for weighing was maintained at (20 ± 1) °C and (50 ± 5) %; and filters were weighed twice before and after sampling. summarizes the conditioning and weighing time-scales utilised:

Table 55 summarizes the conditioning and weighing timescales utilised:

Table 55: conditioning and weighing timescales

Pre Sampling	Post Sampling
Condition minimum of 48 hours	Condition 48 hours
Weigh Filters	Weigh Filters
Condition 24 hours	Condition 24 hours
Weigh Filters	Weigh Filters

At the start of each weighing session the balance was exercised to remove mechanical stiffness, and then calibrated. At the start and end of each batch of filters, a 50 and 200 mg check weight were weighed. In line with the recommendations of the UK PM Equivalence Report, filters were weighed relative to a 100 mg check weight, and not a tare filter, as the latter was shown to lose mass over time. Four filters were weighed between check weights, as the balance drift over time had been shown to be small.



Page 260 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5,Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

The **Check weight Mass (CM)** of the filter was calculated for each weighing session using **E A.1** below:

$$CM = \frac{\left(m_{check, Beg} + m_{check, End}\right)}{2}$$
 E A.1

Where:

M_{check,bef} = Mass of check weight weighed immediately prior to sample filter.

M_{check.aft} = Mass of check weight weighed immediately after sample filter.

The **Relative Mass (RM)** of the filter was calculated for each weighing session using **E A.2** below:

$$RM = m_{filter} - CM$$
 E A.2

Where:

m_{filter} = Mass of sample filter

Particulate Mass (PM) is calculated using the following equation in accordance with EN14907.

$$PM = \left(\frac{RM_{End1} + RM_{End2}}{2}\right) - \left(\frac{RM_{Beg1} + RM_{Beg2}}{2}\right)$$
 E A.3

Where:

- Pre1 denotes weighing session 1 prior to sampling
- Pre2 denotes weighing session 2 prior to sampling
- Post1 denotes weighing session 1 after sampling

Post2 denotes weighing session 2 after sampling





Page 261 of 473

Pre Spread (S_{Pre}), **Post Spread (S**_{Post}) and **Blank Spread (S**_{Blank}) were calculated using the following equations:

$$S_{Post} = RM_{End1} - RM_{End2}$$
 E A.5

$$S_{Blank} = \left(\frac{CM_{End2} + CM_{End1}}{2}\right) - \left(\frac{CM_{Anf2} + CM_{Anf1}}{2}\right) \qquad \textbf{E A.6}$$

As with the UK PM Equivalence Report [11], it was not possible to weigh all filters within the 15 day timeframe suggested in EN14907. However, as filters were removed immediately from the reference samplers and placed in the refrigerator, it was not necessary to determine if $T_{Ambient}$ exceeded 23 °C. It is felt that as 15 days was impractical for a relatively small scale field study, it is less likely to be attainable if this methodology were adopted by a National or Regional network, and as such, the methodology employed herein is representative of how the reference samplers would be operated in practice.

A.2 Analysis of Protocols Employed

The distributions of pre and post weight for all Emfab filters weighed relative to the tare filter and check weight are shown in Figure 110. If filters lose relative mass between weightings, then the distribution will be shifted to the right, whereas if there is a gain in the relative mass the distribution will shift to the left. EN14907 states that unsampled filters should be rejected if the difference between the masses of the two pre weightings is greater than 40 μ g. Similarly, EN14907 states that sampled filters should be rejected if the difference between the masses of the two post weightings is greater than 60 μ g. Filters were not rejected based on these criteria. The observed distributions of repeat mass measurements are considered unlikely to have had a significant effect on the results.



Page 262 of 473

Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5,Report-No.: 936/21209885/A

Figure 110:Distribution for Emfab filters of (**A**) Pre spread weighed relative to the check weight and (**B**) Post spread weighed relative to the check weight.





Report on the suitability test of the ambient air quality measuring system TEOM 1405-DF Ambient Particulate Monitor with PM10 pre-separator and virtual impactor of the company Thermo Fisher Scientific for the components PM10 and PM2.5, Report-No.: 936/21209885/A



Page 263 of 473

Appendix 3

Manuals

TEOM® 1405-DF:

Dichotomous Ambient Particulate Monitor with FDMS® Option 42-010815 Revision A.003 16Sep2009





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Mention of specific product names (other than Thermo Fisher Scientific products) in this manual does not constitute an endorsement or recommendation by Thermo Fisher Scientific of that equipment.

FEM Statement

US EPA Federal Equivalent Method Designation for PM2.5 Sampling

"Thermo Scientific TEOM[®] 1405-DF Dichotomous Ambient Particulate Monitor with FDMS [®]," configured for dual filter sampling of fine (PM2.5) and coarse particles using the US EPA PM10 inlet specified in 40 CFR 50 Appendix L, Figs. L-2 thru L-19 and a virtual impactor, with a total flow rate of 16.67 L/min, fine sample flow of 3 L/min, and coarse sample flow rate of 1.67 L/min, and operating with firmware version 1.50 and later, operated with or without external enclosures, and operated in accordance with the Thermo Scientific TEOM 1405-DF Dichotomous Ambient Particulate Monitor Instruction Manual.

Federal Register: Vol. 74, page 28696, 06/17/09

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Seller warrants that the Products will operate substantially in conformance with Seller's published specifications, when subjected to normal, proper and intended usage by properly trained personnel, for 12 months from date of installation or 13 months from date of shipment, whichever is less (the "Warranty Period"). Seller agrees during the Warranty Period, provided it is promptly notified in writing upon the discovery of any defect and further provided that all costs of returning the defective Products to Seller are pre-paid by Buyer, to repair or replace, at Seller's option, defective Products so as to cause the same to operate in substantial conformance with said specifications. Replacement parts may be new or refurbished, at the election of Seller. All replaced parts shall become the property of Seller. Shipment to Buyer of repaired or replacement Products shall be made in accordance with the provisions of Section 5 of the Terms and Conditions of Sale agreement. Lamps, fuses, bulbs and other expendable items, including the dryers, are expressly excluded from the warranty under Section 9 of the Terms and Conditions of Sale agreement. Seller's sole liability with respect to equipment, materials, parts or software furnished to Seller by third party suppliers shall be limited to the assignment by Seller to Buyer of any such third party supplier's warranty, to the extent the same is assignable. In no event shall Seller have any obligation to make repairs, replacements or corrections required, in whole or in part, as the result of (i) normal wear and tear, (ii) accident, disaster or event of force majeure, (iii) misuse, fault or negligence of or by Buyer, (iv) use of the Products in a manner for which they were not designed, (v) causes external to the Products such as, but not limited to, power failure or electrical power surges, (vi) improper storage of the Products or (vii) use of the Products in combination with equipment or software not supplied by Seller. If Seller determines that Products for which Buyer has requested warranty services are not covered by the warranty hereunder, Buyer shall pay or reimburse Seller for all costs of investigating and responding to such request at Seller's then prevailing time and materials rates. If Seller provides repair services or replacement parts that are not covered by the warranty provided in Section 9 of the Terms and Conditions of Sale agreement., Buyer shall pay Seller therefore at Seller's then prevailing time and materials rates. With respect to spare parts, the above-referenced warranty applies, however, such warranty is limited to ninety (90) days from the date of shipment.

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Equipment Rating





The following information can be used to determine the power service requirements of this product.

Line Voltage 440VA, 47-63 Hz

IMPORTANT. Disconnect the power cord from the power source (output) while servicing the instrument to prevent electrical hazard.

Environmental Ranges — The instrument and its sample pump must be installed in a weather-sheltered location that is heated in the winter and air conditioned in the summer.

Note. There may be hazardous line (wire) accessible inside the enclosure. \blacktriangle

Installation Category — Category 11

FUSES		
Ref Designation	Current Rating	Location
Main Fuse (2)	F, 4A, 250VAC	Input Module
F201	F, 5A, 250VAC	Power Distribution Board
F202	F, 4A, 250VAC	Power Distribution Board
F203	F, 1A, 250VAC	Power Distribution Board
F204	F, 2A, 250VAC	Power Distribution Board
F201-F206	F, 2A, 125VAC	Head Controller Board
F401-402	T, 6.3 250VAC	FDMS Board

Electrical/Safety Certifications



The product has been tested and has been documented to be in compliance with the following U.S. and Canadian safety standards:

UL Standard 61010-1:2004 2nd Edition CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 1010-1:2004 2nd Edition

Thermo Fisher Scientific certifies that this product operates in compliance with the EC Directive 89/336/EEC in reference to electrical emissions and immunity. Specifically, the equipment meets the requirements of EN 61326-1:1998 for Immunity and Emissions. In addition, the hardware has been tested for personal or fire safety hazards in accordance with EN61010-1:2001 (Safety) in fulfillment of EC Directive 73/23/EEC.

Disposal of the Instrument



This product is required to comply with the European Union's Waste Electrical & Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive 2002/96/EC. It is marked with the WEEE symbol.

Thermo Fisher Scientific has contracted with one or more recycling/ disposal companies in each EU Member State, and this product should be disposed of or recycled through them. Further information on Thermo Fisher Scientific's compliance with these Directives, the recyclers in your country, and information on Thermo Fisher Scientific products which may assist the detection of substances subject to the RoHS Directive are available at: www.thermo.com/WEEERoHS.

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Section Revision List

As Thermo Scientific's instrumentation changes, so do our operating manuals. However, these changes may affect only one aspect of an instrument, while leaving the instrument as a whole unchanged. To explain these individual changes to our customers, Thermo Scientific will update only those sections of its operating manuals that are affected by the instrument updates or improvements.

To help our customers keep track of the changes to the 1405-DF monitor and its operating guide, following is a list of the sections with their respective revision numbers:

Section Number and Description	Revision Number
Section 1: Introduction	A.003
Section 2: Setup and Installation	A.003
Section 3: Basic Operation	A.003
Section 4: Screens and Settings	A.003
Section 5: Maintenance and Calibration Procedures	A.003
Appendix A: Troubleshooting	A.003
Appendix B: Serial Communication	A.003

Table of Contents

Section 1	Introduction	1-1
	Overview of Manual	
	Application Range	
	Theory of Operation	
	Mass Transducer Operation	
	Mass Flow Controllers	1-11
	Mass Concentration Reporting	1-12
Section 2	Setup and Installation	2-1
	Installation Considerations	2-2
	Standard System Hardware	
	Pump Connections	
	Adjusting the Flow Splitter	2-6
	Assembling the Tripod	2-8
	Installing the Inlet and Impactor	
	Applying Power to the Instrument	2-16
	Turning Off the Instrument	2-18
	Restarting the Instrument	2-18
	Using the Outdoor Shelter	2-19
	Using the Outdoor Orielter	
Section 3	Basic Operation	3-1
	Starting the Instrument	3-2
	Performing a Leak Check	3-4
	Storing Data	
	Downloading Data	3-13
	Installing ePort	
	Connecting to the TEOM 1405-DF Unit	
	Finding Instruments On a Network	
	Setting Up for Manual Data Downloads	3-25
	Setting Up for Automatic Data Downloads	3-27
	Performing a Data Download	3-29
	Downloading Data To a Flash Drive	
	Viewing Downloaded Data	
	User I/O Connections	
	USER I/O Pin Assignments	
Section 4	Screens and Settings	4-1
	TEOM Data Screen	4-2
	Operating Mode	4-6
	System Status Screen	4-8
	Instrument Conditions Screen	4-10
	Ambient Conditions Screen	4-12
	Flows Screen	4-13
	Flow Rates Screen	4-14
	Flow Control Screen	4-15
	Instrument Temperatures Screen	4-18

	Analog Inputs Screen 4-19
	FDMS Module Screen
	FDMS Cooler Temperature Setting
	Settings Screen
	System Screen
	Analog & Digital Outputs Screen 4-26
	Analog Outputs Screen 4-27
	Contact Closure Screen
	RS232 Screen
	Settings Advanced Screen 4-30
	Service Screen
	Instrument Control Screen
	Service Advanced Screen
	Installing New Firmware
Section 5	Maintenance and Calibration Procedures 5-1
00000000	Periodic Maintenance
	Maintenance Wizards 5-2
	FDMS Drver Replacement/Refurbishment
	TEOM Filter Replacement
	Filter Loading
	Changing the TEOM Filters
	Advanced Filter Change
	Conditioning the TEOM Filters
	Replacing the 47 mm Filters
	Cleaning the PM-10 Inlet
	Cleaning the Virtual Impactor
	Exchanging In-Line Filters
	Cleaning the Air Inlet
	Cleaning the Coolers
	Cleaning the Switching Valve
	Audit/Calibration Procedures
	Auditing the System
	Calibrating the Ambient Temperature
	Calibrating the Ambient Pressure
	Auditing the Flow Rates
	Calibrating the Flow Rates
	Calibrating the Analog Outputs 5-58
	Verifying the Calibration Constant
Annendiy A	Troubleshooting A-1
Phoneny	Converting Decimal/Hexadecimal Numbers A-3
	Deciphering Status Codes Example
Annondiv P	Serial Communication R-1
whening n	

Section 1 Introduction

The TEOM® 1405-DF Dichotomous Ambient Particulate Monitor with FDMS is a mass measurement monitor that incorporates the patented Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance (TEOM) to measure particulate matter mass concentrations continuously. The TEOM 1405-DF Monitor is a true "gravimetric" instrument that draws ambient air through a sample filter for collection at a constant flow rate. The monitor continuously weighs the filter calculating near real-time mass concentrations.

Unlike conventional sampling systems, the design of the TEOM 1405-DF contains two unique features that greatly expands the functionality of the monitor. The TEOM 1405-DF incorporates two mass sensors coupled with a vitual impactor allowing the TEOM 1405-DF to simultaneously determine the PM-2.5 (fine) and PM-Coarse (coarse) mass concentrations, and by adding the concentrations, the PM-10 mass concentration is obtained as well.

In addition to the dual mass sensors and virtual impactor, the TEOM 1405-DF utilizes the FDMS technology on both the fine and coarse channels of the monitor. The FDMS allows the TEOM 1405-DF to provide a representative determination of the mass concentrations of both the fine and coarse PM as it exists in the ambient air. The FDMS unit automatically determines mass concentration measurements that account for both non-volatile and volatile PM components.

The TEOM 1405-DF Monitor is composed of two major components (Figure 1-1): the sample inlet assembly with virtual impactor and the TEOM 1405-DF unit with FDMS system. The user enters the system parameters into the TEOM 1405-DF unit using a color touch screen that is located on the front of the unit. The instrument's internal storage buffer can store a large amount of data for later viewing or downloading over a network connection. A USB connection allows easy downloads to a portable USB flash drive. Additionally, the system is furnished with software for personal computers to allow the user to download data and update instrument firmware. The instrument does not require a dedicated computer to function in the field. Analog outputs are available to transmit the measurements to a user's data acquisition system. Ethernet and RS232 ports allow for communication over a network or serial communications.



The sensor unit contains the two mass measurement hardware systems that monitor particles that continuously accumulate on both PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse particulate filters. PM-Coarse and PM-2.5 particulate, split by a virtual impactor, each accumulate on the system's exchangeable TEOM filters. By maintaining a flow rate of 1.67 l/min through the coarse sample flow channel and 3 l/min through the PM-2.5 sample channel, and measuring the total mass accumulated on each of the TEOM filters, the device can calculate the mass concentrations of PM-2.5, PM-Coarse, and PM-10 sample streams in near real-time.

In addition, the TEOM 1405-DF monitor is equipped with the FDMS System. The FDMS system is composed of the following components:

• air chiller/filter, dryer, and a switching valve that is used to direct the sample flows through system.

The FDMS[™] Filter Dynamics Measurement System provides a representative determination of the particulate matter (PM) mass concentration as it exists in the ambient air. The FDMS unit automatically generates mass concentration measurements (µg/m³) that account for both nonvolatile and volatile PM components.

Overview of Manual This manual describes the installation and operation of the TEOM 1405-DF Monitor. Follow the setup instructions contained in Section 2 and 3 before attempting to operate the unit. This manual is divided into five sections. Sections 1 and 2 explain the system's hardware, while later sections describe the system's software and the setup and operation of the monitor. The following list provides an overview of the topics handled in each section of the manual: Section 1: Introduction This section provides an overview of the TEOM 1405-DF Monitor, as well as the theory of operation of the instrument's mass transducer. Section 2: Setup and Installation This section describes how to set up and install the system's hardware and sampling system. Section 3: Basic Operation This section provides instructions on how to turn on the instrument and initiate a sampling run. It also explains how to download data and how to leak check the instrument. Section 4: Screens and Settings This section explains how to set up the instrument's firmware and its operating modes. Section 5: Maintenance and Calibration Procedures This section describes the routine maintenance and verification procedures for the TEOM 1405-DF Monitor. Appendix A: Troubleshooting This appendix includes the information on deciphering status codes and as well as key schematics for troubleshooting purposes. Appendix B: Serial Communication This appendix includes information on the instrument's program register codes and built-in AK protocol.

Application Range

The TEOM 1405-DF Monitor is a real-time device used for measuring the mass concentrations of PM-2.5, PM-10, and PM-Coarse.

TEOM instruments are the only filter-based mass monitors that measure the mass of particulate matter suspended in gas streams in real time. This is made possible through the use of an inertial mass transducer patented in the U.S. and internationally by Thermo Fisher Scientific.

The monitor is ideally suited for applications demanding real-time air particulate matter monitoring in outdoor, indoor or industrial settings. It calculates mass concentration, mass rate and the total mass accumulation on the TEOM filter under the following conditions:

Flow rate through sample inlet
PM-2.5 flow rate
PM-Coarse flow rate
Temperature of sample stream
Particulate matter mass concentration

16.7 l/min (1 m³/hr) 3 l/min 1.67 l/min 30° C less than 5 μg/m³ to several g/m³

Theory of Operation

The TEOM 1405-DF Monitor is a true "gravimetric" instrument that draws ambient air through two filters at constant flow rate, continuously weighing the filters and calculating near real-time mass concentrations of both PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse particulate matter. By adding these two values, the concentration of PM-10 is also determined. In addition, the instrument computes the 1-hour, 8-hour, 12-hour, and 24-hour averages of the mass concentrations for all three sizes of PM.

The sensor unit contains the two mass measurement hardware systems that monitor particles that continuously accumulate on both PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse particulate filters. The PM-Coarse and PM-2.5 fractions of PM-10, split by a virtual impactor, each accumulate on the system's exchangeable TEOM filters. By maintaining a flow rate of 1.67 l/min through the coarse sample flow channel and 3 l/min through the PM-2.5 sample channel, and measuring the total mass accumulated on each of the TEOM filters, the device can calculate the mass concentration of both the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse sample streams in near real-time.

Utilizing the FMDS allows the TEOM 1405-DF to provide representative measurement of the particulate matter (PM) mass concentration as it exists in the ambient air. The FDMS unit automatically generates mass concentration measurement ($\mu g/m^3$) that account for both nonvolatile and volatile PM components. To accomplish this the FDMS unit constantly samples ambient air, and using a switching valve to change the path of the fine and coarse sample flows, automatically compensates for the semi-volatile faction of the collected sample.

Every six minutes the switching valve alternates the sample flows between the base and reference sample periods. During the base period, sample is collected normally and the base mass concentration is determined. During the reference period, the flow is diverted through a chilled filter to remove and retain the non-volatile and volatile PM. Under normal operation, the chiller is maintained at a temperature of 4° C. However, under ambient conditions of high temperature and humidity, operating the chiller at 10° C is recommended to prevent condensation in the chiller during instrument operation.

Based upon mass concentration (MC) measurements obtained during the base and reference periods, the FDMS system updates a one-hour average of the following results every six minutes:

- Base mass concentration (Base MC) = PM concentration of the particleladen sample stream.
- Reference mass concentration (Ref MC) = PM concentration of the particle-free sample stream, after passing through the chilled filter.

• Mass concentration (MC) = Base mass concentration (Base MC) adjusted by the reference mass concentration (Ref MC) — Base MC (usually positive) minus Ref MC (negative when mass volatilizes from the filter).

For example, the unit draws a base flow for six minutes and measures a mass concentration of $5 \ \mu g/m^3$ (Base MC = 5). Then the unit draws a reference flow for six minutes and measures a mass concentration of $-1 \ \mu g/m^3$ (Ref MC = -1). Therefore, the mass concentration is $6 \ \mu g/m^3$

Mass Transducer **Operation**

The weighing principle used in the unit's tapered element oscillating microbalance (TEOM) mass transducers (Figure 1-2) is similar to that of a laboratory microbalance in that the mass change detected by the sensor is the result of the measurement of a change in a parameter (in this case, frequency) that is directly coupled via a physical law (or from first principles) to that mass change.





The tapered element at the heart of the mass detection system is a hollow tube, clamped on one end and free to oscillate at the other. An exchangeable TEOM filter cartridge is placed over the tip of the free end. The sample stream is drawn through this filter, and then down through the tapered element.

The tapered element oscillates precisely at its natural frequency, much like the tine of a tuning fork. An electronic control circuit senses this oscillation and, through positive feedback, adds sufficient energy to the system to overcome losses. An automatic gain control circuit maintains the oscillation at a constant amplitude. A precision electronic counter measures the oscillation frequency with a 10-second sampling period.

The tapered element is, in essence, a hollow cantilever beam with an associated spring rate and mass. As in any spring-mass system, if additional mass is added, the frequency of the oscillation decreases. This can be seen by observing the frequency on the display of the TEOM 1405-DF unit (Section 4), and operating the monitor both with and without a filter in place.

In a spring-mass system the frequency follows the equation:

$$f = (K / M)^{0.5}$$

where:

f	=	frequency
Κ	=	spring rate
Μ	=	mass

K and M are in consistent units. The relationship between mass and change in frequency can be expressed as:

where:

$$dm = K_0 \frac{1}{f_1^2} - \frac{1}{f_0^2}$$

dm =	change in mass
$K_{0} =$	spring constant (including mass conversions)
$f_0 =$	initial frequency (Hz)
$\tilde{f_1} =$	final frequency (Hz)

When this equation is rearranged, you can solve for the spring constant, K₀:

$$K_0 = \frac{dm}{\frac{1}{f_1^2} - \frac{1}{f_0^2}}$$

Thus, K_0 (the calibration constant for the instrument) can be easily determined by measuring the frequencies with and without a known mass (pre-weighed TEOM filter cartridge).

Mass Flow Controllers

The mass flow controllers (MFCs) in the TEOM 1405-DF Monitor are internally calibrated for a standard temperature and pressure of 25° C and 1 Atmosphere (1013.2 millibars or 760 mm Hg). The system can operate on "Active" or "Passive" flow to maintain constant volumetric flow at sample inlet. For Passive flow control, the user must enter the seasonal average temperature (Ave. Temp.) and average barometric pressure (Ave. Pres.) at the measurement site to allow the instrument to sample at the correct volumetric flow rate (Section 4). The microprocessor calculates the correct mass flow set point (Flow_Rate_{STP}) with this information using the following formula:

$$FlowSP_{Passive} = FlowSP_{Vol} \times \frac{P_{AVG}}{P_{STD}} \times \frac{Temp_{STD} + 273.15}{Temp_{AVG} + 273.15}$$

where:

FlowSP _{passive}	=	Control set point to mass flow controller (equivalent flow at 25° C and 1 Atmosphere)
FlowSP _{Vol}	=	Volumetric flow rate set point (l/min)
Temp _{AVG}	=	Average temperature entered by the user (°C)
Temp _{STD}	=	Standard temperature (25°C)
P _{AVG}	=	Seasonal average barometric pressure entered by the user (Atmospheres, where 1 Atmosphere = 1013.2 millibars or 760 mm Hg)
P _{STD}	=	Standard pressure (1 Atm)

Alternately, Active flow control can be set up to automatically measure the ambient temperature and pressure using the hardware supplied.

Note. When using actual conditions for active volumetric flow control, substitute the actual (local) temperature and pressure as measured by the instrument for the average temperature and pressure variables in equation above. ▲

Mass Concentration Reporting

The 1405-DF continuously monitors PM-2.5, PM-10, and PM-Coarse mass concentrations. These mass concentrations are reported to different agencies using different standards. For example, PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse data are required to be reported to the U.S. EPA based on the actual conditions present at the time of collection.

PM-10 mass concentration data reported to the U.S. EPA must be referenced to standard cubic meters of air based on a standard temperature and pressure of 25° C and 1 Atmosphere (atm), respectively. For the instrument to report mass concentrations according to this EPA standard, the user must ensure that the standard temperature (Std. Temp.) and standard pressure (Std. Pres.) entered in the instrument equal 25° C and 1 Atmosphere (Section 4). These are the default values for the instrument.

$$Flow_Rate_{EPA} = Flow_Rate_{STP} \times \frac{Std. Temp. + 273.15}{273.15} \times \frac{1 \text{ atm}}{Std. Pres.}$$

The flow rates referenced internally by the instrument to 0° C are converted to EPA standard conditions.

Note. When reporting concentrations to actual conditions, the system must be set for "Active" flow control (Section 4). This will ensure that the monitor uses the current actual values for temperature and pressure in the equation above. \blacktriangle

Section 2 Setup and Installation

This section describes the setup and installation of the TEOM 1405-DF, including the pump, flow splitter, tripod, virtual impactor, sample tube and sample inlet. After you have set up the system, you must perform a leak check on the monitor (Section 3) and install a TEOM filter (Section 5) in the mass transducer before starting a sample run.

If you want to install the monitor in an outdoor location, consult Thermo Fisher Scientific for specific site recommendations.



Installation Considerations

The TEOM 1405-DF may be located in any convenient indoor location which is maintained between 8° and 25° C (46° to 77° F). The user must run two sampling tubes through the roof of the monitoring site (refer to the inlet installation instructions later in this section). The entrance to the sample inlet must be 1.8 to 2.1 m (70 to 82 inches) above the roof based on U.S. EPA requirements. Refer to local regulations for the actual inlet height requirements.

Although the TEOM monitor is inherently rugged, it is a precision instrument. The user will obtain the best operating conditions and longest instrument life when the unit is not exposed to extremes of weather. Filter exchange, in particular, may be best accomplished by a technician operating in an indoor environment where there is no possibility of rain or snow contaminating the filter.

Be sure to install the ambient temperature/humidity sensor. If you do not install the ambient temperature/humidity sensor, you must set the instrument to "Passive" flow control (Section 4) or the mass flow controller will attempt to control the sample flow as if the ambient temperature is absolute zero.

The sample lines for the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse channels should proceed in a straight, vertical line from the PM-10 inlet and virtual impactor to the inlet of the unit.

To achieve the best results, locate the TEOM sensor unit in an environment with relatively slow temperature fluctuations. Avoid sampling locations with direct exposure to sunlight or that are in close proximity to a heating or air-conditioning outlet. To avoid condensation in the sample tubing, Thermo Scientific strongly recommends that the user insulate the sample tube extensions with pipe insulation when operating the instrument in areas of high humidity.

Standard System Hardware

The TEOM 1405-DF Monitor is supplied with the following components:

1405-DF TEOM unit Temperature/humidity sensor and cable, 10 m 3/8" green tubing for bypass flow, 10 m 3/8" green tubing to pump, 5 m (16.5 ft) 5 Sample tubing extensions, 1 m (40") 1 Sample tubing extension, .79 m (31") Box of 20 TEOM filter cartridges (Pallflex TX40) Filter exchange tool 1 package FDMS filter cassettes Box of 25 47mm filters for FDMS 1 small filter element 1 large bypass filter element Flow splitter PM-10 inlet Sample inlet tube Virtual impactor Water trap filter assembly Flow audit adapter/leak check kit Cooler cleaning kit (2 Y-adapters, orifice) Vacuum pump 2 Operating Manuals (one hard copy, one on CD) Quick Start Guide Pre-filter/silicone tubing
Pump Connections Follow these steps to attach the pump:

- 1. Locate and cut the piece of the 15m green tubing into two pieces one about (but not less than) 5m (the lengths may be precut). (The typical setup has 5m of tubing for the pump and 10m for the bypass line.)
- 2. Locate the sample pump in a location to minimize vibrations effecting the instrument. Push the one end of the 5m pump tubing into the fitting on the vacuum pump (Figure 2-2).
- **Figure 2-2.** Vacuum pump.



3. Install the other end of the 5m length of pump tubing into the pump connection on the back of the TEOM 1405-DF unit (Figure 2-3).



Figure 2-3. Back of TEOM 1405-DF unit.

4. Mount the water trap filter assembly near the 1405 unit (Figure 2-4). The water trap should be mounted at the low point of the tubing to the instrument.



Note. Drain the water trap as needed.

- 5. From the 10m length of tubing for the bypass line, cut a piece of tubing long enough to reach from the water trap filter to the bypass filter on the back of the 1405 unit (Figure 2-3 and 2-4). Install the tubing into the quick-connect fittings on the water trap filter and bypass filter.
- 6. Insert one end of the remaining section of bypass tubing into the quickconnect fitting at the end of the coiled piece of tubing connected to the water trap filter.

Note. The other end of the bypass tubing will be connected to the bypass connection on the flow splitter when you assemble and install the sample inlet and virtual impactor (following section). ▲

Note. Thermo Scientific strongly recommends that you use the vacuum pump provided with the unit. If you choose to install a different pump, it must be oil-free and able to maintain a 21" Hg vacuum at a flow of 16.67 l/min. \blacktriangle

Adjusting the Flow Splitter

An isokinetic flow splitter (Figures 2-5 and 2-6) is used in combination with an automatic flow controller to divide the PM-2.5/bypass flow into two components after the air stream passes through the size-selective inlet and virtual impactor. The two sample flow components are the PM-2.5 flow (3 l/min) that flows to the PM-2.5 TEOM mass transducer, and the bypass flow (12 l/min). The PM-Coarse flow (1.67 l/min) moves in a straight line through the virtual impactor into the top of the 1405-DF.

The 1405-DF is designed to have the sample tube installed 6-inches from the top of the flow splitter for ease of installation. It MUST be between 5.75 and 6.25 inches from the top of the flow splitter.



The tubing package is designed to use the short sample tube in the flow splitter.

To set up the flow splitter assembly:

- 1. Locate the flow splitter (Figures 2-5 and 2-6).
- 2. Loosen the 1/2-inch sample tube fastener nut and slide the short (31inch) sample tube down into the flow splitter so that the top of the installed sample tube (or flow adapter) is 15.5 cm (6") from the top of the flow splitter (it must be between 5.75 and 6.25 inches from the top of the flow splitter) (Figure 2-7).
- 3. Tighten the 1/2-inch sample tube nut. Ensure that the top of the flow adapter remains 6 inches from the top of the flow splitter (Figure 2-7).





Bottom of the flow splitter.

Figure 2-7. Measuring the distance from the top of the sample tube to the top of the flow splitter.

Assembling the Tripod

An optional tripod is available for installation on the roof of a sampling building.

To assemble the tripod:

- 1. Locate a tripod foot and remove the rubber leg holder, if one is attached.
- 2. Place one leg of the tripod onto the tripod foot.
- 3. Place a metal bracket over the rubber base of the tripod leg and into the two slots on the tripod foot (Figure 2-8). Ensure that the bracket is placed over the rubber base on the end of the tripod leg.



4. Insert a plain washer then a lock washer onto each threaded end of the bracket, then install the nuts on the threaded ends of the bracket and tighten them with a 3/8" (or adjustable) wrench.

Note. Hand-tighten both nuts on the bracket before tightening them with the wrench to ensure that the bracket is positioned properly on the tripod leg and tripod foot. \blacktriangle

5. Repeat steps 1 through 4 for each leg of the tripod.

Figure 2-8. Placing the metal bracket on the tripod foot.

Installing the Inlet To install the inlet and virtual impactor: and Impactor

1. Set the 1405-DF unit on a bench or other support directly below the location of the inlet on the roof of the sampling structure (Figure 2-1). In its finished state, the entrance to the sample inlet must be 1.8 to 2.1 m (70 to 82 inches) above the roof.

Note. This measurement may vary based on the inlet height required by the local regulatory agency.

2. Install the assembled flow splitter into the tripod and lightly tighten the knob to ensure the flow splitter stays in place (Figure 2-9).



3. Measure and mark two points 1 3/4 inches on center on the roof directly above the two 1/2-inch sample lines on the top of the instrument (Figure 2-10).

Note. In this example, a hole was cut in the roof to accommodate a 4-inch PVC pipe and seal. The cap of the PVC pipe was then drilled to accommodate the sample lines. A similar 3-inch PVC cap with the necessary fittings is available from Thermo Fisher Scientific (59-011003). ▲

4. Drill the holes in the roof for the two 1/2-inch sample lines and another hole for the 3/8-inch bypass line tubing. (The bypass tubing may also be run through a window or other opening.)

Note. The holes for the 1/2-sample lines MUST BE DRILLED 1 3/4-INCHES ON CENTER directly above the sample lines on the top of the instrument. ▲

5. Set the tripod on the roof above the 1405 unit and adjust the legs so the top of the tripod is above the roof opening.

Figure 2-10. Installing the sample tubes and bypass line through the roof.



- 6. Install the virtual impactor on the top of the flow splitter (Figure 2-11).
- 7. Install one of the 1/2-inch sample tube extensions into the coarse sample fitting on the virtual impactor. The tube must be inserted through the fitting and fully seated into the base of the virtual impactor.

Note. The coarse flow channel is the right channel as you face the instrument, with the 1/2-inch Swagelok connection on the bottom of the virtual impactor. The 1/2-inch sample tube will run parallel to the PM-2.5/bypass channel of the flow splitter just next to the tripod, and when attached should be even with the bottom of the sample tube in the flow splitter. ▲

8. Install the sample inlet tube on the top of the virtual impactor (Figure 2-11).



9. Set the inlet on top of the sample inlet tube and adjust the tripod so the entrance to the sample inlet is 1.8 to 2.1 m (70 to 82 inches) above the roof (Figure 2-12).

Note. This measurement may vary based on the inlet height required by the local regulatory agency. \blacktriangle



10. Center the tripod over the roof holes. Measure and cut the sample tube extensions from the top of the instrument, making sure to clean and deburr the cut ends of the sample tube extensions. Install them through the roof and connect the left (PM-2.5 channel) sample tube to the flow splitter sample tube and the right (PM-Coarse channel) sample tube to the sample tube installed into the virtual impactor.

> **Note.** The flow splitter and coarse sample tube extension should be seated firmly into the bottom of the virtual impactor (Figure 2-13). 🔺



Figure 2-13. Coarse sample tube, flow splitter

11. Connect the end of the green bypass tubing (the other end is attached to the coiled tubing of the water trap filter) to the bypass fitting on the flow splitter using the 3/8-inch Swagelok fitting (Figure 2-14).

Note. Ensure that the coiled tubing connected to the water trap filter is mounted vertically, so condensed water will drip into the water trap filter. \blacktriangle



- 12. Locate the ambient temperature and humidity sensor. Connect the sensor to the flow splitter using the U-bolt provided with the system (Figure 2-15).
- 13. Attach the sensor cable to the sensor and run the sensor cable to the instrument through an opening in the roof or through a window. Attach the sensor to the sensor connection on the back of the TEOM 1405-DF unit (Figure 2-16).
- 14. Fasten the tripod feet to the roof. The length and type of fasteners depends on the type of roof surface. The tripod feet also may be attached to a pallet or 3/4" marine plywood, with the pallet or plywood secured by concrete blocks or sand bags.

Temperature/humidity cable connection



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Applying Power to the Instrument

The TEOM 1405-DF unit accepts all voltage inputs between 85 and 240 volts AC. The unit should be connected to an appropriate, code-approved, grounded electrical outlet for the sampler location. The connection should be easily accessible. Contact a qualified electrician if there is doubt as to whether the power service for the instrument is adequate.

To turn on the monitor:

1. Install an appropriate power cord into the universal power connection on the back of the instrument at the appropriate voltage.

Note. DO NOT attempt to bypass the grounding requirements for the unit. \blacktriangle



2. Install the other end of the power cord into an appropriate, easily accessible, grounded, code-approved electrical outlet.

Note. Contact a qualified electrician if there is doubt as to whether the power service for the instrument is adequate. \blacktriangle

Figure 2-17. Power connection on back of unit.

- 3. Press the "POWER" switch on the front panel of the control unit (Figure 2-18). The unit will begin its startup routine. After a few moments, the Title screen will appear on the control unit's display and then the TEOM Data (Main) screen. Refer to Sections 3 and 4 for information on the instrument's software screens.
- 4. Plug the pump into an appropriate power source to draw a sample stream through the system.



The TEOM Data screen will show a warning message (Section 4) because the flow rates and temperatures are outside of tolerance ranges. The warning may remain active during the first 30 minutes after the power switch is pressed while the monitor warms up. The status warning icon automatically disappears after all flow rates and temperatures reach tolerance ranges. The monitor waits until the flow rates and temperatures stabilize within a narrow range before starting data collection. This ensures the validity of all data points computed by the system.

Note. Upon initial instrument start up, the values in the mass concentration fields are the running averages that are accumulated until a 1-hour time period has passed. The values are visible to provide the user with an indication that the instrument is functioning, after instrument power up or reset. These raw values are used for internal calculations only. ▲



Turning Off the
InstrumentIf the instrument needs to be turned off, turn the power switch on the front
of the unit to off (0).

Note. Wait at least 1 minute after shutdown before reapplying power to the unit.

The instrument may also be restarted without turning it off.

Restarting the Instrument

To restart the instrument:

- 1. In the Service screen (Section 4), select the **Instrument Control** button to display the Instrument Control screen (Figure 2-19).
- 2. Select the **Reboot** button.

Figure 2-19. Instrument Control screen.



Using the Outdoor Shelter

Thermo Fisher Scientific offers an outdoor shelter for the 1405 unit. The shelter is fully climate controlled and includes space for the 1405 unit, pump and accessories such as a data logger or additional monitoring devices. It is available in both 120V and 240V version.



Figure 2-20. 1405 unit in the outdoor enclosure.

To install the 1405 unit in an outdoor shelter:

1. Before placing the 1405 unit or pump into the enclosure, install a 3/8inch elbow fitting provided with the outdoor enclosure into the quick connect-fitting inside the pump compartment, where the pump tubing goes through the bulkhead into the enclosure. Install the other 3/8-inch elbows into the pump connection on the back of the 1405 unit and into the connection on the pump (Figures 2-21, 2-22 and 2-23)).





Figure 2-24. Water trap filter.

- 3. Cut a 14-inch (.35m) piece of tubing from the 3-foot section that came with the enclosure package. Place the pump in the enclosure, and connect the elbow fitting on the pump (Figure 2-23) to the elbow fitting on the inside of the pump compartment using the 14-inch piece of tubing.
- 4. Locate and cut the piece of the 15m green tubing, that came in the 1405 packaging, into two pieces one about (but not less than) 5m.
- 5. Install the one end of the 5m pump tubing into the quick-connect fitting on the outside bulkhead wall of the pump compartment (behind the water trap filter, Figure 2-24).
- Place the 1405 unit into the enclosure install the other end of the 5m tubing that is connected to the bulkhead into the quick-connect elbow fitting for the pump connection on the back of the 1405 unit (Figure 2-22).

- 7. Select a location on the pump tubing to install the vacuum gauge. It should allow the gauge to be easily monitored (Thermo Scientific suggests a location about half a meter from where the tubing is installed in the pump connection on the back of the unit.) Cut the tubing and install the two ends into the quick-connect fittings on the vacuum gauge.
- 8. From the 10m length of tubing for the bypass line, cut a piece of tubing long enough to reach from the water trap filter to the bypass filter on the back of the 1405 unit (Figure 2-22 and 2-24). Install the tubing into the quick-connect fittings on the water trap filter and bypass filter.

Note. The bypass tubing will be connected to the bypass connection on the flow splitter and to the water trap when you assemble and install the sample inlet and virtual impactor on top of the enclosure later in this section.

- 9. Ensure that the shorter sample tube is properly installed in the flow splitter (refer to "Adjusting the Flow Splitter" earlier in this section).
- 10. Install the sample tube from the flow splitter (PM 2.5 channel) through the left, front roof opening (as you face the instrument). Install a standard, 1m sample tube through the right, front fitting in the roof of the enclosure (Figures 2-25 and 2-26).





Sample connections inside enclosure. Figure 2-26 (right). Sample connections on top of the enclosure.

> PM 2.5 (short) sample tube_

Coarse (1m) sample tube 11. Install the adjustable elbow fitting and male swivel fitting from the enclosure package onto the piece of 19-inch section of pipe that came with the enclosure. Lightly tighten the screws. Install the elbow fitting and support pipe onto the flow splitter and enclosure top (Figure 2-27). Slide the support pipe up or down until the flow splitter is sitting plumb, then attach the arm to the shelter and tighten all the screws on the support arm.



Figure 2-27. Support pipe connections.

12. Install the virtual impactor on the top of the flow splitter and the coarse sample fitting. The flow splitter and coarse sample tube must be fully seated into the impactor (Figure 2-28).

Note. The coarse flow channel is the right channel as you face the instrument, with the 1/2-inch Swagelok connection on the bottom of the virtual impactor.



13. Cut a piece of tubing from the remaining section of bypass tubing (step 8) long enough to reach from the bypass connection to the top of the 1405 unit. The section should be long enough to include a loop (Figure 2-28) to ensure there will be no kinks in the line when it enters the enclosure. Connect the bypass tubing to the bypass fitting on the flow splitter using the 3/8-inch Swagelok fitting (Figure 2-28). Insert the other end through the fitting on the roof (Figure 2-26) and into the enclosure about 4 to 6 inches. Connect the coiled tubing from the water trap filter to the bypass line near the top of the shelter with the quick-connect fitting. Ensure that the coiled water trap tubing is vertical (Figure 2-20).

- 14. Locate the ambient temperature and humidity sensor. Connect the sensor to the flow splitter using the U-bolt provided with the 1405 unit (Figure 2-28).
- 15. Attach the sensor cable to the sensor and run the sensor cable to the instrument through the opening in the back of the enclosure (Figure 2-29). Attach the sensor to the sensor connection on the back of the TEOM 1405-DF unit (Figure 2-30).

Note. The opening in the back of the enclosure can also be used for other connections, such as Ethernet connections. \blacktriangle



Figure 2-29. Temperature/humidity sensor cable entering the outdoor enclosure.

Figure 2-30. Temperature/humidity sensor connection of the back of the TEOM 1405-DF unit.

16. Install the sample inlet tube on top of the virtual impactor. Install the inlet (Figure 2-31).



Note. Drain the water trap as needed.

Note. Thermo Scientific strongly recommends that you use the vacuum pump provided with the unit. If you choose to install a different pump, it must be oil-free and able to maintain a 21" Hg vacuum at a flow of 16.67 l/min. ▲

Section 3 Basic Operation

This section describes the steps to begin data collection with the TEOM 1405-DF monitor, as well as leak check the instrument and download data.

The instrument will not begin collecting data until the operating mode message in the status bar reads "Fully Operational" (Figure 3-1). Users must install clean, conditioned filters in the unit prior to sampling. Users can select flow rate, data and other settings while waiting for the unit to become fully operational.

					LOX
TEOM Data	TEC	M 140	95-DF	The	ermo
System Status	TEOM Data	PM _{2.5}	FEM PM _{2.5}	PM ₀	PM ₁₀
Instrument Conditions	30-Min MC (µg/m²): 1-Hr MC (µg/m²): 8-Hr MC (µg/m²): 12-Hr MC (µg/m²):	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
Settings	Filter loading:	22.26 % 263.7265 Hz	0,00	9.80 % 250.5211 Hz	
Service	volse:	uuuu µg		0.000 µg	2009 12:12

l Status bar

Note. This screen shows the data for U.S. EPA FEM. Refer to Section 4 to set the equivalency calculations for the local region. ▲

Figure 3-1. TEOM Data screen with "Fully Operational" message.

Starting the
InstrumentTo program the instrument and begin collecting data:1. Perform a leak check (refer to the following section for leak check

information).

- 2. Install a TEOM filter into the mass transducer on both TEOMs (Section 5).
- 3. Install both 47 mm filters into the FDMS tower (Section 5).
- 4. When in the System Status screen, ensure that the serial number listed for the instrument matches the serial number on the back of the unit.
- 5. When in the Instrument Conditions screen, select the Flows button to display the Flows screen. Verify flow rate set points for the PM-2.5, PM-Course, and Bypass flows are 3 LPM, 1.67 LPM, and 12 LPM respectively. Select the Flow Control button to select the desired flow control ("Active" or Passive") and the desired standard and average temperatures and pressures. (Refer to Section 4 for more information on screens and settings.)
- When in the Settings screen, select the System button, then the Set Time button to set the current date and time. (Refer to Section 4 for more information on screens and settings.)
- 7. When in the Settings screen, select the **Advanced** button, then the **Mass Transducer K0 Constants** button to confirm the current K0 settings of the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse TEOMs. The numbers programmed into the unit must match the K0 constants on the label near the mass transducer. (Refer to Section 4 for more information on screens and settings.)
- 8. When in the Settings screen, select the **Data Storage** button to display the Data Storage screen. Confirm the desired data is selected to be logged by the instrument. (Refer to "Storing Data" later in this section for more information on selecting storage variables.)
- 9. If you will be setting up the unit to receive an analog input, to transmit analog outputs, or setting up the unit's contact closure circuits, refer to Section 4 for information on the screens and settings used for these parameters.

- 10. If you will be using the password function to control access to the unit's operation, refer to Section 4 for information on setting up the password function.
- 11. Select the TEOM Data button to display the TEOM Data screen. The instrument will begin collecting data when the mode status window displays a "Fully operational" message.

Note. Upon initial instrument start up, the values in the mass concentration fields are the running averages that are accumulated until a 1-hour time period has passed. The values are visible to provide the user with an indication that the instrument is functioning, after instrument power up or reset. These raw values are used for internal calculations only. ▲

Note. If configuring the instrument for U.S. EPA FEM sampling for PM-2.5, the instrument needs to be configured to calculate and record the FEM values. Press Settings and select U.S. EPA. Turn off and back on for this change to take effect. ▲

Performing a Leak Check

The TEOM 1405-DF should be leak-checked once a month or as needed. The system comes with flow audit/leak check adapters for the 1 1/4-inch flow splitter, 1/2-inch coarse sample tube and the 3/8-inch bypass line.

The Leak Check Wizard compares the measured difference between the units "zero" flow with the vacuum disconnected and flow through the instrument with the inlet blocked (which should also be zero). The leak check passes if the PM-Coarse and PM-2.5 flows are within 0.15 l/min and the bypass flow is within 0.60 l/min of their "zero" value with the vacuum disconnected.

In order to ensure proper performance of the instrument and ensure no leaks, the instrument prompts the operator to perform a leak check with the FDMS valve in both the base and reference positions.

Note. The Leak Check Wizard automatically disables the switching valve during a leak check. Performing a leak check without the wizard can damage the switching valve. ▲

To perform a leak check:

- 1. In the 1405 TEOM Data screen, select the **Service** button to display the Service screen, then select the **Verification** button to display the Verification screen.
- Select the Leak Check button to display the Leak Check Wizard screen (Figure 3-2). Select the Next > button.

Figure 3-2. Leak Check Wizard start screen.		Welcome to the Leak Check Wizard			
		This wizard on the Seri Monitor.	helps you perform a es 1405 Ambient Par	leak check ticulate	
		The instrument will be put in Setup mode for calibration.			
		To continue	e, press Next.		
	<	Back	Next >	Cancel	

3. The Select Valve Position screen will display. The current valve position is displayed on the screen. To start the leak check select the current valve position leak check button (Figure 3-3). Select the Next > button.

Note. If trying to isolate a leak with the valve in a specific position, select the specific valve position desired and proceed. ▲



- The Remove the TEOM filters screen will display. Remove the two TEOM filters from the transducer to ensure they aren't damaged during the leak check procedure. Select the Next > button.
- The Disconnect Vacuum Line screen will display. Remove the main vacuum line (pump) connected to the pump from the back of the unit (Figure 3-4). Select the Next > button.





- 6. The Stabilizing screen will display. Allow 1 minute for the flows to stabilize then select the **Next >** button.
- 7. The Reconnect Vacuum Line screen will display. Reinstall the pump/ vacuum tubing into the back of the unit. Select the **Next >** button.
- 8. The Remove Inlet screen will display. Remove the inlet (Figure 3-5). Select the **Next >** button.



- 9. The Attach Audit Adapter screen will display. Attach the leak check/ flow audit adapter to the top of the sample tube.
- 10. Slowly close the valve on the leak check adapter. Select the **Next** > button.
- The Stabilizing screen will display. Allow 1 minute for the flows to stabilize then select the Next > button.
- 12. Slowly open the leak check adapter valve. Select the Next > button. Failure to release the vacuum before proceeding may damage the seals in the switching valve.

13. The Select Valve Position screen will once again display this time with the just completed valve position unavailable. Select the second valve position (Figure 3-8) and select the Next > button.

Figure 3-7. Leak Check Wizard screen with completed valve position unavailable.

3 x11	- EGX				
Select TEOM					
The wizard will verify each TEOM independently					
The following control allows you to specify the FDMS valve position to use in the leak check. When you leave this page, the instrument will be restored to it's previous state.					
Current valve position:					
Reference					
Please select which TEOM for which you'd like to run the Leak Check on and select Next.					
Verily Base Leak Check					
Verity Reference Leak Check					
< Back Next >	Cancel				



Leak Check Wizard screen with second valve position.

3 x11						
Select TEOM						
The wizard will ve	The wizard will verify each TEOM independently					
The follow position t the instru	The following control allows you to specify the FDMS valve position to use in the leak check. When you leave this page, the instrument will be restored to it's previous state.					
	Current valve position:					
	Refi	erence				
Please select which TEOM for which you'd like to run the Leak Check on and select Next.						
Verily Base Leak Check						
Verily Reference Leak Check						
	< Back	Next >	Cancel			

14. The Replace Inlet screen will display. Slowly open the leak check valve to restore flow to the system. Remove the flow audit/leak check adapter and attach the inlet to the top of the sample inlet tube (Figure 3-5). Select the **Next >** button.

After completing the leak check with the FDMS in both the base and reference positions, the select valve position screen will again appear, but this time with both valve position buttons disabled. Select the **Next >** button.



15. The Completing the Leak Check Wizard screen will display. If the leak check passes, a "You have successfully completed the Leak Check" message will display (Figure 3-9).



Note. If the leak check failed with the FDMS valve in either the base, reference, or both positions, the complete leak check wizard screen will appear and indicate in which valve position the leak check failed. ▲

3x11						
	Complete Leak Check Wizard					
	The Leak che Replace the T now.	ck was i EOM fill	unsuc ter(s)	cessit. In the	ul (Refere mass tra	ence failed). nsducer
	pasition:		Bate	zero	Reference	zwo
	P#-2,5 flm;	actual;	01,02	E0,80	08,85	B0,80
		limit :	01,12		08,15	
	P#-Corps film	¢ actual;	01,01	08,01	08,08	08,09
		limit :	01.15		08,15	
	bgpans fins	actual;	01,01	20,80	08,08	10,80
		limit :	04,64		08,58	
	The instrume wizard is finit	ent will t shed.	be put	in Ru	n mode v	when this
	To close this	wizard,	press	: Finisi	h.	
	< Back	FI	nish		c	ancel

15. Install a new TEOM filter in the mass transducer (Section 5).

Figure 3-11. Leak Check Wizard finish screen with fail message.

Storing Data The unit stores only those variables selected by the user. If instrument variables are not set up to be logged, THEY WILL NOT BE SAVED.

To select data storage variables:

Select the Settings menu button to display the Settings screen (Figure 3-12).



2. When in the Settings screen, select the **Data Storage** button to display the Data Storage screen (Figure 3-13).

Figure 3-13. Data Storage screen.	TEOM 1405-DF					
	Settings->Data Storage					
	Instrument variables to store. You can change order of variables by clicking on the field and dragging it up or down using the arrow buttons on the right.					
	PM-Coarse reference MC A Edit L	list				
	Ambient temperature					
	Ambient relative humidity					
	Storage interval: 3000 seconds					
	< Back					
	Stabilizing Normal status	¹ 06/27/2009 16:29				

- 3. When in the Data Storage screen, select the Edit List button to display the Edit Data Storage screen. Press the names of the variables you wish to log, up to the maximum allowed of 30. Use the Next Page > and < Previous Page buttons to scroll through the entire list of variables which can be stored. Select the OK button when all the desired variables have been selected.</p>
- 4. Use the \lor and \land buttons to scroll through the list of selected variables to ensure that all desired variables are selected.
- 5. When in the Data Storage screen, select the **Storage Interval** button to select the interval for data storage. Enter the desired data storage interval into the keypad and select the **Enter** button. For example, if the storage interval is 10 seconds, every 10 seconds the instrument will log (save) the data in the selected variables.
- 6. The storage order of the variables may be set by moving individual storage registers up or down in the list on the screen. To adjust the order, touch the desired variable and then move the position by pressing the ∨ and ∧ arrows to the right of the data variable list. For this ordering to work properly with data dwonloads, version 1.40 or later of ePort is required.
- When all the desired variables are selected and the Storage Interval is set, select the < Back button to return to the Settings screen.

Downloading Data

The ePort software allows users to download data from the TEOM 1405-DF monitor using a personal computer (PC) with the Windows XP or later operating system. The monitor must be attached to a local area network (LAN) or directly to a router using the Ethernet connection on the back of the instrument (Figure 3-14). In order to use ePort, it must have a valid IP address.



Figure 3-14. Back of instrument.
Installing ePort Users must first install the ePort software on a personal computer (PC) connected to the same network as the TEOM 1405-DF that data will be downloaded from. At the same time the ePort software is installed, the installer will install Microsoft .NET Framework software if the PC does not already have an up-to-date version of .NET Framework.

To install the ePort software:

1. Locate and double-click on the "setup ePort _XX.exe" file (where "XX" is the version number)on the software CD that came with the TEOM 1405-DF monitor. The "Welcome to InstallShield Wizard" screen will display (Figure 3-15).



- 2. Select the "Install" button.
- 3. The wizard will display the software license agreement. Select "Yes," then select the Next > button.

Figure 3-15. ePort Welcome to InstallShield Wizard screen. The Windows update screen will display (Figure 3-16). If you have recently updated your Windows XP software, select the Next > button.

Note. The ePort software MUST be installed on a PC with the latest Windows XP or later updates. If you have not updated your Windows system, select the "Cancel" button and use the Windows Update function of the PC to update the operating system before attempting to install the ePort software. ▲

Figure 3-16. Windows Update notice.

🤯 ePort 0.12.8 - InstallShield Wizard	I X
Readme Information	
Please read the following readme information carefully.	
Important Note	^
 Supported Operating Systems: 	
o Windows XP sp2	
o Windows 2000 sp3 and sp4	_
o Windows 2003 Server	
 BEFORE installing rp Communicator, EXIT this installation and install the Critical Windows Updates: "> 	
	~
< <u>Back</u> <u>Next</u> >	

5. The Customer Information screen will display. Type in the information and select the **Next >** button.

6. The Ready to Install Program screen will display (Figure 3-17). Select the **Install** button.

Figure 3-17. Ready to Install the Program	i ePort 0.12.8 - InstallShield Wizard
screen.	Ready to Install the Program The wizard is ready to begin installation.
	If you want to review or change any of your installation settings, click Back. Click Cancel to exit the wizard.
	Current Settings:
	Setup Type: Destination Folder:
	C:\Program Files\Thermo\
	User Information: Name: Company:
	InstallShield

 The wizard will post messages showing the progress of the installation. When the process is complete, the Finish screen will display (Figure 3-18). Select the **Finish** button.



 If the PC does not have an up-to-date version of Microsoft .NET Framework software, the system will automatically begin installing that software. The Microsoft .NET Framework Welcome screen will display (Figure 3-19). Select the Next > button.



9. Select **Install**. The system will begin installing the Microsoft .NET Framework software. The wizard will post progress messages during the installation.

Note. If the Microsoft .NET Framework software is already installed on the PC, the wizard will ask you to Repair or Remove the software. Select **Repair** to ensure the latest version is installed on the PC, or select **Cancel** to skip the Microsoft .NEW Framework installation. ▲

10. When the installation is complete, the Setup Complete screen will display (Figure 3-20). Select the **Finish** button to complete the ePort and Microsoft .NET Framework installation.



Connecting to the TEOM 1405-DF Unit

When the ePort software is installed, and the TEOM 1405-DF unit and the PC are connected to the same network, the software can connect to the instrument and download data. Additional *Technical Notes* regarding information on connecting to instruments over the network are offered in the library on our website at <u>www.thermo.com/aqi</u>.

Once you have connected to an instrument (or instruments) and saved a configuration file, select **Open Saved Configuration** in the ePort Open screen to open that configuration and automatically connect to all the instruments that were saved in that configuration.

To connect to the instrument:

- Ensure that the PC and the instrument are connected to the same network using the Ethernet connection on the back of the instrument. (Refer to the previous section for information on connecting the instrument to a network.)
- 2. In the System Status screen of the machine from which you want to download data, locate and record the IP address (Figure 3-21) of that unit.



Figure 3-22. ePort Main screen with Open screen.

3. Start the ePort PC software, using the icon on the PC desktop or the Start menu of the PC. The ePort Main screen with the Open screen will display (Figure 3-22).

22 ePort		- DX
Me Instrument Help	© Frad Sampler: © Deen Stored Configuration Stored Configuration File © Crede New Configuration CK	
Ready		No Config

4. In the ePort Open screen (Figure 3-22), select create new configuration. A blank ePort Main screen will display.

5. Select **Instrument** then **New Instrument** from the menu bar at the top of the ePort Main screen (Figure 3-23).



6. The Add New Instrument screen will display (Figure 3-24). Enter the IP address, the name assigned to the instrument and the group (if any) assigned to the instrument and select the **OK** button.

Figure 3-24. Add New Instrument screen.	aP Add New Instrum	nent _ DX
	Instrument Name	PL 1405
	IP Address	10.210.96.144
	Group	Engineering
		OK Cancel



- 7. The ePort Main screen will display with the selected instrument displayed in the top window (Figure 3-25). Repeat the process to add additional instruments to the list.
- 8. To save this as a configuration, select **File** then **Save** from the menu bar at the top of the Main screen. The Save As screen will display. Type in the desired name for the configuration and select **Save**.

Note. Once you have connected to an instrument (or instruments) and saved a configuration file, select **Open Saved Configuration** in the ePort Open screen to open that configuration and automatically connect to all the instruments that were saved in that configuration. ▲

D ePert		
Pile Instrument Help		
Group1 Group1 J234567850 J234567850 J405A200050605 T405A20002665 J405A200130605 J405A200130605 J405A200150605	1405A200100605 - DichotFDMS Serial Number: 1405A00100005 IP Address 10.210.96.145 Status Active	
	Commands Download Data Exercise Diversion Copysy Logicals Instances Provides Logicals Instances Provides Download Grade Notes Solution Col Solution Col Solution	
Ready	N	kiv Config

Figure 3-25. ePort Main screen with instrument information displayed.

Finding Instruments On a Network

You may use the ePort software to search for all instruments connected to the local network.

This function will only locate instruments on a local network. To connect to instruments on other connected networks, you must know the IP address of the instruments and connect to the unit manually using the **New Instrument** function of the software (Figure 3-23). Refer to the previous section for information on connecting to an instrument off the local network. Instruments on a network must have a unique IP address, or be connected through a router.

To locate all instruments on the network:

- 1. Open the ePort software program and select "Find Samplers" in the Open screen (Figure 3-22).
- 2. The ePort Main screen will display with a "Searching for Instruments..." message. As instruments are located by the software they will be added to the list in the Instrument frame on the left side of the screen (Figure 3-26).

Pla Instrument Help Croup1 14054200160605 14054200170605 14054200180605 14054200100605 Unit 5 1234967890 1234967890	-1234567890 - DichotFDMS Serial Number: -1234567890 P Address 10.210.96.204 Status Addre
	Commands Constructed Data Renote Interface Display Construct Searching for Instruments

Figure 3-26. ePort Main screen with "Searching for Instruments..." message. 3. All instruments located on the local network will be displayed in the Instrument frame on the left side of the Main screen. To edit a displayed instrument or delete an instrument from the list, right-click on the instrument and select **Edit Instrument** or **Delete Instrument** (Figure 3-27).

Note. To add an instrument from another network connected to the local network select **Instrument** then **New Instrument** from the menu bar. Refer to the previous section for more information on manually adding an instrument to the configuration. ▲



4. To save this list as a configuration, select **File** then **Save** from the menu bar at the top of the Main screen. The Save As screen will display. Type in the desired name for the configuration and select **Save**.

Note. Once you have connected to an instrument (or instruments) and saved a configuration file, select **Open Saved Configuration** in the ePort Open screen to open that configuration and automatically connect to all the instruments that were saved in that configuration. ▲



Setting Up for Manual Data Downloads

Data can be manually downloaded from the TEOM 1405-DF monitor through the built-in Ethernet connection using the ePort software.

To set up the software to manually download data:

- Ensure that the PC and the instrument are connected to the same network using the Ethernet connection on the back of the instrument. (Refer to the previous section for information on connecting the instrument to a network.)
- 2. Use the ePort PC software to connect to the instrument and display the ePort Main screen (Figure 3-28). (Refer to the previous two sections for information on connecting to the instrument or instruments.)

ePert		
Mie Instrument Help		
Brougt - 1224567880 - 1224567880 - 1405420006665 - 1405420012665 - 1405420015665 - 1405420015665	1405A200100605 - DichotFDMS Serial Number: 1406A200100605 IP Address: 10.210.96.145 Status: Active	
	Converticated Data Rescated Data Rescated Data Deverticated Data	
Ready	Base	Config

Figure 3-28. ePort Main screen.

 Select Download Setup in the Commands window of the ePort Main screen. The Download Setup Wizard will display (Figure 3-29). Select the Next > button.

Figure 3-29. Download Setup Wizard	P Download Setup Wizar	
	CH .	Welcome to the Download Setup Wizard
		This wizard helps you setup downloads from the instrument in easy steps.
		< Back Next > Cancel

- The Select Data screen will display. Select the data to download (either all data on the instrument or the data since the last download). Select the Next > button.
- The Select Location screen will display. Use the Browse button to select a location for the data file downloaded by the software. Select the Next > button.
- The Download Type screen will display. Select manual downloads. Select the Next > button.
- 7. The Completing the Download Setup Wizard screen will display. Select the **Finish** button.

Setting Up for Automatic Data Downloads

Users can set up automatic downloads for the TEOM 1405-DF monitor using the ePort software.

To set up the software to automatically download data:

- Ensure that the PC and the instrument are connected to the same network using the Ethernet connection on the back of the instrument. (Refer to the previous section for information on connecting the instrument to a network.)
- 2. Use the ePort PC software to connect to the instrument and display the ePort Main screen (Figure 3-28). (Refer to the previous sections for information on connecting to the instrument or instruments.)
- Select Download Setup in the Commands window of the ePort Main screen. The Download Setup Wizard will display (Figure 3-29). Select the Next > button.
- The Select Data screen will display. Select the data to download (either all data on the instrument or the data since the last download). Select the Next > button.
- The Select Location screen will display. Use the Browse button to select a location for the data file downloaded by the software. Select the Next > button.
- The Download Type screen will display. Select automatic downloads. Select the Next > button.

The Download Schedule screen will display (Figure 3-30). Select a starting date and time, and a download frequency (daily, weekly, hourly). Select the Next > button.

Figure 3-30. Download Setup Wizard.	📴 Download Setup Wizard	- IX
	Download Schedule Setup Schedule for Automated Downloads	Ì
	-Frequency-	
	Starting 11/16/2006 10:49 AM 😪	
	Once a day	
	Once a week	
	⊙ Every 12 🗸 hour(s)	
	< <u>B</u> ack Next >	Cancel

8. The Completing the Download Setup Wizard screen will display. Select the **Finish** button.

Performing a Data Download

To download data:

- Ensure that the PC and the instrument are connected to the same network using the Ethernet connection on the back of the instrument. (Refer to the Connecting to the TEOM 1405-DF Unit section for information on connecting the instrument to a network.)
- 2. Use the ePort PC software to connect to the instrument and display the ePort Main screen (Figure 3-31). (Refer to the Connecting to the TEOM 1405-DF Unit section for information on connecting to the instrument.)

Note. Once you have connected to an instrument (or instruments) and saved a configuration file, select **Open Saved Configuration** in the ePort Open screen to open that configuration and automatically connect to all the instruments that were saved in that configuration. ▲

ePort		×
Pile Instrument Help		
Encupt 1204557980 1204557980 1204557980 1405420006665 1405420012665 1405420012665 1405420012665 14054200150605	1405A200100605 - DichotFDMS Serial Number: 1405400000005 IP Address: 10.210.96.145 Status: Addre	
	Correspondence Download Dotale Provide ad Dota Described fisher tacation:Cl(Program Plan(ThermolyProt) Reside interact Provides Described fisher tacation:Cl(Program Plan(ThermolyProt) Reside interaction: Cl(Program Plan(ThermolyProt) Edge	
Panela.		_

Figure 3-31. ePort Main screen.

3. Select **Download Data** in the Commands window of the ePort Main screen. The Download Data screen will display (Figure 3-32).

Figure 3-32. Download Data screen.	🖉 Download Data 🛛 🗙
	To download data from PL 1405,click Begin Download
	Begin Download Done

4. Select the Begin Download button. The ePort software will download data based on the settings created in the Download Setup wizard. (Refer to the previous section for information on setting up downloads.) The message window will display a "Downloading Data" message while the software is downloading data from the instrument. When the download is complete, it will display a "Download Complete" message. Select the Done button to exit the Download Data screen.

Downloading Data To a Flash Drive

The TEOM 1405-DF also supports data downloads using the USB connection on the front of the instrument and a USB flash drive.

Note. Due to the size of the storage buffer, downloading all stored data may take 30 minutes or more. \blacktriangle

To download data using the USB connection:

1. Plug a flash drive into the USB connection on the front of the instrument. The Download Data to USB Flash Drive screen will display (Figure 3-33).



2. To continue with the download, select the **Yes** button. To cancel select the **No** button, then remove the USB drive.

Figure 3-33. Download Data to USB Flash Drive screen. 3. The Select Data screen will display (Figure 3-34). Select the **From the beginning** button to download all the data on the instrument. Select the **From last download** button to download only the data stored since the last data download. Select the **OK** button.



4. The instrument will display a "downloading data" message and begin transferring data to the USB drive.

Note. Do not remove the USB drive from the instrument while the data is downloading. \blacktriangle

5. When the data download is complete, the instrument will display a "Download complete" message and display the file name as it is stored on the USB flash drive. (The file name format is the instrument serial number followed by a date/time stamp.) Remove the USB flash drive and select the **OK** button to continue.

Viewing **Downloaded Data**

Data files are downloaded and saved as ".csv" files (.txt files through USB) that can be opened and viewed with Microsoft Excel. The file name format is the instrument serial number followed by a date/time stamp.

The data files will be saved to the folder selected using the Download Setup Wizard. Refer to the Setting Up for a Data Download section for information on setting up a data folder. The default folder location is:

C:\Program Files\Thermo\ePort\Data

Figure 3-35. Data .csv file opened in Excel.

16	Microsoft Esc	el - 1405A20001	0605_2006-6-6	_13-47-58.csv					_ AX
印刷	Die Dat y	ev (neet Pyras	t Icols Data	Window Help Adolge PDP				Type a questio	forhelp 🔹 🚽 🛪
in.		3 L (4 1 A 1 19 4	ALL M. D.S. OR	-10.0.10 x	- 61 - 21 1 (h) (h) H 14	w - 10			B
			4) n - 2 (LS -	Alores10 5	. X . V . 100 .00			- <u></u>	m
UE.	1.60.80								
	A1 *	≶_time_s	tamp						
	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	
1	<u>time_stamp</u>	tmoTEOMAH0	tmoTEOMBH0	tmoTEOMARefMCRaw	tmoTEOMABaseMCRaw	tmoTEOMAFreqStart	1moTEOMAFrequency	1moTEOMBFreqStart	tmoTEOMBFrequitte
2	6/5/2006 18:1	7 15918.42897	14406.26323	0	0	0	265.50621	0	250.43
3	6/5/2006 18:1	7 15918.42897	14406.26323	0	0	0	265.50621	0	250.4
4	6/5/2006 18:1	7 15918.42697	14406.26323	0		0	265.50621	0	250.43
6	6/5/2006 18:1	7 15918.42897	14406.26323	0	0	0	265.50/901	0	260.4
6	6/5/2006 18:1	7 15918.42697	14406.26323	0	0	0	265.509008	0	250.4
4	6/5/2006 18:1	8 15918.42897	14406.26323	0	0	0	265.50951	0	260.4
8	6/5/2006 18:1	8 15918.42697	14405.25323	0	0	0	265.509683	0	250.4
3	6/5/2006 18:1	8 15918.4269V	14406.26323	0	0	0	205.505/7	0	200.4
10	6/5/2006 18:1	8 15918.42597	14405.25323	0	U	U	265.50598/	U	250.4
	0/0/2006 18:1	0 10910.4209/	14405.25323	0	0	0	200.008939	0	200.4
12	6/5/2006 18:1	B 15918.4259V	14405.25323	0		0	200000	U	250.4
13	6/6/2006 18:1	9 10910.4209/ 9 10910.4209/	14405.25323	0	0	205 000075	200.008900	757 440245	200.44
14	6/5/2006 18.1	3 13310.4283/ 0 16019.40607	14400.20323	0	0	205.5000/5	200.000	200.440340	4, 022
10	C/5/2006 18:1	9 10910.42097 0 10910.42097	14400.20323	0	0	200.000070	200.008001	200,440340	200.44
10	6/5/2006 18.1	3 13310.4283/ 0 16019.40607	14400.20323	0	0	285.5000/5	285.50562	200.440340	-+UC2
10	C/C/2006 18:1	9 10910.42097 0 10010.42097	14400.20323	0	0	200.000070	200.008900	200,440340	200.44
10	6/5/2006 18/	0 16019 #2607	14406.20323	0	0	265.500075	265.510015	200.440340	-+UC2
10	E/E/2006 18:2	1 10910.42097 1 10910.42097	14400.20323	0	0	200.000070	200.010070	200,440340	200.44
20	65/2006 18/2	0 15018 42657	1.4408.28323	0	0	265,500675	265.510115	250,440348	250.4
72	5/5/2006 18:2	1 15918 42697	14406.26323	0	0	265.505075	265 510143	250,440346	250.4
23	6/5/2006 18/2	0 15918 42897	14406 26323	0	0	265 509875	265 510178	250.440348	250.4
24	6/5/2006 18:2	0 15918 42697	14405 26323	0	0	265 509875	265 510187	250,440346	250.4
25	65/2006 18/2	1 15918 42897	14406 26323	0	0	265 509875	265 510184	250.440348	250.4
26	6/5/2006 18:2	1 15918.42697	14405.25323		0	265.509875	265.510168	250,440346	250.4
27	6/5/2006 18:2	1 15918 42897	14406 26323	0	0	265 509875	265 510 159	250.440348	250.4
28	6/5/2006 18:2	1 15918.42697	14406.26323	Ū.	0	265.508875	265.510081	250.440346	250.4
29	6/5/2008 18:2	1 15918.42897	14406.26323	0	0	265.509875	265,510015	250.440348	250.4
30	6/5/2006 18:2	1 15918.42697	14406.26323	0	0	265.509875	265.509926	250.440346	250.4
31	6/5/2006 18:2	2 15918.42897	14406.26323	0	0	265.509875	265.509805	258.440348	250.4
32	6/5/2006 18:2	2 15918.42597	14405.26323	0	0	265.509875	265.509682	250.440346	250.4
33	6/5/2006 18:2	2 15918.42897	14406.26323	0	0	265.509675	265.509682	258.440348	250.4
34	6/5/2006 18:2	2 15918.42697	14405.26323	0	0	265.509875	265.509589	250.440346	258.4
35	6/5/2006 18:2	2 15918.42897	14406.26323	0	0	265.509675	265.509393	258.440348	250.4
36	6/5/2006 18:2	2 15918.42697	14405.26323	0	0	265.508875	265.508273	250.440346	250.4
37	6/5/2006 18:2	3 15918.42897	14406.26323	0	0	265.509875	265.509103	250.440348	250.4
38	6/5/2006 18:2	3 15918.42697	14406.26323	0	0	265.509875	265.5089	250.440346	250.4
39	6/5/2006 18:2	3 15918.42897	14406.26323	0	0	265.509875	265.508719	250.440348	250.4
40	6/5/2006 18:2	3 15918.42897	14406.26323	0	0	265.509875	265.508518	250.440346	250.4
.11	Le.6.0006 18/3	91 16019 #0607 \$200010605 209	1.4408 18929 06-6-6 19-47-9	0	n	265, 600975	265,6063,380	BARONA RHC	14n A M
Real	dy N.M								

User I/O Connections

The TEOM 1405 allows users additional analog input and analog and digital output capabilities using the 25-pin "USER I/O" connector on the back of the instrument.

The female 25-pin USER I/O connector (Figures 3-36) has connections for eight analog output, four analog input and two digital output (contact closure) connections.



Thermo Scientific offers a 25-pin male connector manufactured by Phoenix Contact that can be wired to match to the USER I/O connector on the back of the instrument. (Figure 3-37).

Figure 3-37. 25-pin connector.



USER I/O Pin Assignments

Wire the desired analog input, analog output or digital output connections to the Phoenix Contact 25-pin male connector according to the manufacturer's instructions and the pin assignments of the TEOM 1405 (Figure 3-38 and Table 3-1).



Table 3-1.1405 USER I/O pinassignments.

Channel	Pin	Channel	Pin	
Analog output 1	1	Analog output 1 ground	14	
Analog output 2	2	Analog output 2 ground	15	
Analog output 3	3	Analog output 3 ground	16	
Analog output 4	4	Analog output 4 ground	16	
Analog output 5	17	Analog output 5 ground	5	
Analog output 6	18	Analog output 6 ground	5	
Analog output 7	6	Analog output 7 ground	19	
Analog output 8	7	Analog output 8 ground	19	
Analog input 1	20	Analog input 1 ground	8	
Analog input 2	21	Analog input 2 ground	9	
Analog input 3	22	Analog input 3 ground	10	
Analog input 4	23	Analog input 4 ground	11	
Digital I/O 1+	24	Digital I/O 1-	12	
Digital I/O 2+	25	Digital I/O 2-	13	

When the 25-pin Phoenix Contact connector is attached to the unit with the wired digital or analog device connections, the inputs/outputs must be set up using the TEOM 1405 software screens:

When in the Instrument Conditions screen, select the **Analog Inputs** button to set up the analog inputs (1-4) and convert the incoming voltage to the desired scale. The analog inputs are self-calibrating.

When in the Settings screen, select the **Analog & Digital Outputs** screen to set up the analog outputs (1-8) and digital outputs (contact closures 1-2):

- When in the Analog & Digital Outputs screen, select the **Analog Outputs** button to set a minimum and maximum value for the output for the desired output channel. Refer to Section 5 for information on calibrating the analog outputs.
- When in the Analog & Digital Outputs screen, select the **Contact Closure** button to select a variable, operator and compare value for the desired contact closure channel (1-2).

Refer to Section 4 for complete information on setting the inputs/outputs in the Analog Inputs and Analog & Digital Outputs screens.

Section 4 Screens and Settings

This section describes the screens shown in the instrument software and the system's operating modes, as well as how to change instrument settings.

When the instrument is started, it will display the Title screen for a few seconds (Figure 4-1) after the initialization process.



The Title screen includes the instrument model and the firmware version of the instrument.

TEOM Data Screen

After the Title screen, the TEOM Data screen will automatically display (Figure 4-2). The TEOM Data screen shows the basic operating information, as well as status conditions and the instrument operating mode. The TEOM Data screen can be displayed by selecting the TEOM Data button in any of the other four main screens (System Status, Instrument Conditions, Settings, Service).



The TEOM Data screen includes menu buttons allowing users to access the other main screens. The status bar at the bottom of the screen displays operating information, including the current operating mode, lock mode and date and time, as well as the current status ("Normal" or "Warning(s)").

Note. Upon initial instrument start up, the values in the mass concentration fields are the running averages that are accumulated until a 1-hour time period has passed. The values are visible to provide the user with an indication that the instrument is functioning, after instrument power up or reset. These raw values are used for internal calculations only. ▲

The TEOM Data screen contains the following information:

- *MC* (µg/m³): This field contains the mass concentration values for the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse channels, as well as the PM-10 average. The unit calculates the mass concentration (MC) value by subtracting the Ref MC from the Base MC. This is a one-hour average updated every 6 minutes. This value cannot be changed by the user.
- 01-Hr MC (µg/m³): This field contains the 1-hour mass concentration averages for the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse channels, as well as the PM-10 average. This is a sliding average that is updated every 60 minutes on the hour. This value cannot be changed by the user.
- 08-Hr MC (µg/m³): This field contains the XX-hour mass concentration averages for the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse channels, as well as the PM-10 average. The user may set value to any whole number greater than 1. This is a sliding average that is updated every 60 minutes on the hour. This value cannot be changed by the user.

Note. Mass concentration averages of less than 24 hours can be averaged using data logging equipment to compute sliding 24-hour averages and 24-hour averages that do not necessarily start and end at midnight, as well as averages on other user-defined time scales. ▲

- 12-Hr MC (µg/m³): This field contains the 12-hour mass concentration averages for the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse channels, as well as the PM-10 average. This is a sliding average that is updated every 60 minutes on the hour. This value cannot be changed by the user.
- 24-Hr MC (µg/m³): This field contains the 24-hour mass concentration averages for the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse channels, as well as the PM-10 average. This is a sliding average that is updated every 60 minutes on the hour. This value cannot be changed by the user.
- *Frequency:* This field contains the oscillating frequency of the tapered element (TE) in the mass transducer. This value varies from one TEOM 1405-DF unit to another, but generally ranges between 150 and 400 Hz. This value cannot be changed by the user.
- *Noise:* This field contains the mass transducer's performance. This value should be less than "0.10" after the system has been in Operating Mode 4 for at least 30 minutes. This value cannot be changed by the user.

• *Filter loading:* This field contains the filter loading percentage (Section 5). It indicates the portion of the TEOM filter's total capacity that has been used. The instrument will always show a nonzero value even if no filter is mounted in the mass transducer. New filters generally exhibit filter loading percentages of 15% to 30% at a flow rate of 3 l/min, and less at lower flow rates. TEOM filter cartridges must be exchanged before this value reaches 100% to ensure the validity of the data generated by the instrument. At some point above 100%, the main flow drops below its set point. If the filter loading percentage is higher than 30% when a new TEOM filter is placed on the mass transducer, or if the lifetime of consecutive TEOM filter cartridges becomes noticeably shorter, inspect the in-line filters for the PM-2.5 and coarse flow lines (Section 5) and replace them, if necessary.

In addition to the information indicated above, the instrument may be configured to calculate equivalent MC values for the U.S. EPA or other agencies. For U.S. EPA PM-2.5 reporting, this configuration must be selected and data recorded. Refer to Section 4 for instructions to configure this setting. If this configuration is not selected, this column will not appear on the display. Users enter values into the settings screens using a number keypad (Figure 4-3). Select the button for the value that needs to be changed, such as setpoints for flow rates, temperatures or pressures, and a keypad will automatically display. The keypad will display the current setpoint and the current value (when applicable). Enter the value into the keypad, then select the **Enter** button to set the value or press the **Cancel** button to exit the keypad screen and return to the screen.





Operating Mode The TEOM 1405-DF Monitor displays its current operating mode in the lower left-hand corner of TEOM Data screen (Figure 4-2) and most of the other instrument screens.

The unit's operating modes (Figure 4-2) are defined as follows:

- *Stabilizing:* This operating mode indicates that the unit has not begun to compute mass values, because the monitor's temperatures and flow rates are stabilizing. The temperatures and flow rates must remain within a very narrow range of values for 30 minutes before the instrument enters the next operating mode. The monitor always starts in Stabilizing Mode when it is turned on or reset.
- *Collecting Data:* This operating mode indicates that the unit has begun to collect data records, but the monitor has not yet computed its first mass concentration value.
- *Computing Data:* This operating mode indicates that the unit has computed the first mass concentration value.
- *Fully operational:* This operating mode indicates that the unit is fully operational. The monitor normally resides in this mode. All mass values are being computed by the instrument.
- Setup Mode: When the unit is in this operating mode, it continues to draw a sample flow and maintain operational temperatures but it does not collect any data. Certain operating parameters such as temperatures and flow rates can be changed only in this mode, because doing so during data collection would adversely affect the quality of the data. The instrument will automatically prompt the user to enter the Setup Mode when changing a temperature, flow or other adjustable value. After the new value is entered and saved, it will automatically return to one of the four regular operating modes above. If several parameters need to be changed, the user can enter the Setup Mode manually, avoiding the warning prompts when changing each variable. To manually enter the Setup Mode, select the Instrument Control button in the Service screen (page 4-32). In the Instrument Control screen (page 4-34), press the Setup button. When the unit is in the Setup Mode, the user can change all of the system's parameters. To manually leave the Setup Mode and start data collection, when in the Instrument Control screen, select the Run button.

• Stop All Mode: Certain situations may arise in which the user may want to turn off all temperatures and flows in the instrument. To enter the Stop All Mode, select the **Instrument Control** button in the Service screen (page 4-32). In the Instrument Control screen select the **Stop** button (page 4-34). When the unit is in this operating mode, it suspends operation of the instrument. In this mode, data collection ceases, flow rates in the system drop to zero, and the output to the temperature circuits is turned off. Also, the monitor will reset its system variables to the original values that were set by the user. However, this does not set the unit to its default parameters. The instrument will remain in the Stop All Mode until you select the **Run** button in the Instrument Control screen.

System Status Screen

The current status condition is located in the status bar at the bottom of the TEOM Data screen (Figure 4-4), and most other instrument screens. If there are no status conditions, the field at the bottom of the screen will read "Normal status" (Figure 4-4). If there are status conditions present, the field at the bottom of the screen will read "Warning(s)" and a warning triangle will appear in the instrument title bar at the top of the screen (Figure 4-5). In data files, status codes are reported as decimal/ hexadecimal numbers (Appendix A).



3x11					
TEOM Data	TEU TEU	921 JAL	15-IJF	Ţhe	erme
System Status	TEOM Data	PM2.5	FEM PM2.5	PM _t	PM ₁₀
Instrument Conditions	30-Min MC (µgin/): 1-Hr MC (µgin/): 8-Hr MC (µgin/): 12-Hr MC (µgin/):	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
Settings	Filter loading: Filter loading:	0.00 22.05 % 953.4169 Hz	0.00	0.00 9.80 % 50.4817 Hz	0.00
Service	Noise:	0.000 µg		0.000 µg	2009 15:41



Whenever a status warning is displayed, select the System Status button to display the System Status screen (Figure 4-6). The System status screen provides basic operating information and access to the list of the current active status warnings.



To view the current status warnings, select the View Warnings button or touch the warning triangle (or the title bar) when it is visible in any screen. The Warnings screen will display (Figure 4-7). Select the < Previous Warning and Next Warning > buttons to view the status warnings.

Figure 4-7. Warnings screen.	TEDMI 1495-DF
	Coarse flow warning The current coarse flow deviates more than 10% from the set point.
	< Previous warning Next warning >
	< Back

System Status screen.

Instrument Conditions Screen

The Instrument Conditions button displays the Instrument Conditions screen (Figure 4-8), and provides access to several temperature and flow settings and the current ambient air conditions for the instrument.



When in the Instrument Conditions screen, select the **Ambient Conditions, Instrument Temperatures, Flows, Analog Inputs**, and **FDMS Module** buttons to reach the desired screens (Figure 4-9).

Instrument Conditions screen.

Figure 4-9.

Screens accessible through the Instrument Conditions screen.



Ambient Conditions Screen

Figure 4-10. Ambient Conditions screen. The Ambient Conditions screen (Figure 4-10) shows the current ambient conditions for the monitor.



The Ambient Conditions screen contains the following information:

- Ambient Temperature. This field contains the current ambient temperature (°C) at the site. This value cannot be edited and will be correct only when the ambient temperature/humidity sensor is properly installed.
- Ambient Pressure. This field contains the current ambient pressure (atm) at the site. This value cannot be edited.
- Ambient Dew Point. This field contains the current ambient dew point (°C) at the site. This value cannot be edited and will be correct only when the ambient temperature/humidity sensor is properly installed.
- Ambient Relative Humidity. This field contains the current ambient pressure (atm) at the site. This value cannot be edited and will be correct only when the ambient temperature/humidity sensor is properly installed.

Flows Screen The Flows screen (Figure 4-11) offers access to the flow rates and flow controls of the unit.



Select the **Flow Rates** button to view or adjust the instrument's flow rates. Select the **Flow Control** button to view or adjust the units standard temperature and pressure settings or select active or passive flow control.

The TEOM 1405-DF Monitor uses mass flow controllers to ensure a constant and precise flow through the instrument. The mass flow controllers use the actual (*active* volumetric flow control setting) or average (*passive* volumetric flow control setting) temperature and pressure values to regulate the volumetric flow through the system. The active volumetric flow control setting directs the unit to use the actual ambient temperature and pressure to regulate the volumetric flow through the system. The passive volumetric flow control setting directs the unit to use the average temperature and pressure values to regulate the volumetric flow through the system. The passive volumetric flow control setting directs the unit to use the average temperature and pressure values to regulate the volumetric flow through the system. Refer to the following sections for information on setting flow rates and flow controls.
Flow Rates Screen	Select the Flow Rates button in the Flows screen to display the Flow Rates screen (Figure 4-12). This screen allows users to adjust the flow rates for the PM-Coarse, PM-2.5 and bypass flow channels.			
Figure 4-12. Flow Rates screen.	TEOM 1405-DF			
	PM-2.5 path flow rate: 3.00 lpm PM-Coarse path flow rate: 1.67 lpm Bypass flow rate: 0.00 lpm Total flow: 0.0 lpm			
	< Back			

The Flow Rates screen contains the following controls buttons:

- *PM-2.5 path flow rate.* This field contains the current value of the PM-2.5 path flow rate (l/min). The default setting is 3 l/min. To view or adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad (Figure 4-3). The current value can not be edited.
- *Coarse path flow rate.* This field contains the current value of the PM-Coarse path flow rate (l/min). The default setting is 1.67 l/min. To view or adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad (Figure 4-3). The current value can not be edited.
- *Bypass flow rate.* This field contains the current value of the bypass flow rate. The default setting is 12 l/min. To view or adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad (Figure 4-3). The current value can not be edited.
- *Total flow.* This field contains the current value of the total flow rate of the instrument (l/min). The current value can not be edited.

Flow Control Screen Select the **Flow Control** button in the Flows screen to display the Flow Control screen (Figure 4-13). This screen allows users to adjust the flow control method.



The Flow Control screen contains the following control buttons:

- *Volumetric Flow Control (Active or Passive).* These buttons allow the user to select "active" (using actual temperature and pressure) or "passive" (using average temperature and pressure) to adjust the flow.
- Report to the following conditions: (Actual or Standard). These buttons allow the user to select "Actual" reporting (the mass concentration measured per actual volume sampled through the inlet) or "Standard" reporting (the mass concentration adjusted based on a set standard temperature and pressure).
- *Standard temperature*. This field contains the standard temperature (°C) setting. The default setting is 25° C. To adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad (Figure 4-3).
- *Average temperature.* This field (visible only when passive is selected) contains the average temperature (°C) setting for passive flow control. The default setting is 25° C. To adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad (Figure 4-3).
- *Standard pressure*. This field contains the standard pressure (atm) setting. The default setting is 1 atm. To adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad (Figure 4-3).

• *Average pressure.* This field (visible only when passive is selected) contains the average pressure (atm) setting for passive flow control. The default setting is 1 atm. To adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad (Figure 4-3).

The instrument is delivered with the following temperature and pressure settings:

Standard temperature	25° C	Standard pressure	1 atmosphere (atm)
Average temperature	25° C	Average pressure	1 atmosphere (atm)

The user must choose how they want the monitor to control the volumetric flow: actively or passively:

- Active Flow Control uses actual ambient pressure and ambient temperature from instrument sensors to set the flow rates
- **Passive Flow Control** uses operator input ambient temperature and ambient pressure to control flow. At their discretion, operators can input seasonal average temperature and pressure.

To select *active* flow control, select the **Active** flow control button (Figure 4-13). To use the actual temperature and pressure to control the volumetric flow, you must install the ambient temperature/humidity sensor The instrument's mass flow controllers measure flow on a mass basis. All of the size-selective inlets, including the PM-10 inlet, operate on a constant volumetric flow basis.

If the user chooses to use *passive* flow control, they must select the **Passive** flow control button (Figure 4-13). The average temperature and average pressure, used by the instrument, may vary with season and altitude. If the user wants the unit to use the average temperature and pressure to control the volumetric flow, they should manually adjust the average temperature and average pressure settings as climatic conditions change. The user usually has to adjust the average pressure only once for the average barometric pressure at the sampling site (i.e., station pressure — not adjusted to sea level). However, the user generally must adjust the average temperature periodically (often 4 times per year) in accordance with changing average ambient temperatures.

The mass concentration is reported based on the volume sampled through the TEOM inlet. It can be reported in terms of the mass collected per actual volume sampled through the inlet or reported in terms of mass collected per standard volume sampled through the inlet.

If the user chooses to set the unit to report the mass concentration levels to **Actual** conditions, they must select the **Active** flow control button (Figure 4-13). This will cause the monitor to use the actual ambient temperature and ambient pressure in its flow rate calculations.

If the user chooses to set the unit to report the mass concentration levels to **Standard** conditions, they must set the standard temperatures and pressures to the appropriate standard regulatory values.

Instrument Temperatures Screen

Figure 4-14. Instrument Temperatures screen.

The Instrument Temperatures screen (Figure 4-14) shows the current temperatures of the unit.



The Instrument Temperatures screen contains the following control buttons:

- *Cap temperature.* This field contains the current value of the temperature (°C) of the mass transducer's cap. The default setting is 30° C. To view or adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad (Figure 4-3). DO NOT adjust this value without contacting Thermo Scientific.
- *Case temperature.* This field contains the current value of the temperature (°C) of the mass transducer case. The default setting is 30° C. To view or adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad (Figure 4-3). DO NOT adjust this value without contacting Thermo Scientific.
- *PM-2.5 air tube temp.* This field contains the current value of the temperature (°C) of the PM-2.5 air stream. The default setting is 30° C. To view or adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad (Figure 4-3). DO NOT adjust this value without contacting Thermo Scientific.
- *PM-Coarse air tube temp.* This field contains the current value of the temperature (°C) of the PM-Coarse air stream. The default setting is 30° C. To view or adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad (Figure 4-3). DO NOT adjust this value without contacting Thermo Scientific.

Analog Inputs Screen

The Analog Inputs screen (Figure 4-15) gives the current values of the units four analog input channels. The inputs accept 0-5 VDC, and can be converted to a desired scale. Select the **Analog Input #1**, **Analog Input #2**, **Analog Input #3**, or **Analog Input #4** buttons to convert the analog input to a desired scale.



FDMS Module Screen

Figure 4-16. FDMS Module Screen. The FDMS Module screen (Figure 4-16) allows users to access the values used by the Filter Dynamics Measurement System to generate the mass concentration measurements.

TEOM 1	405-DF	Thermo	
Instrument Conditions->FDMS Mo	dule		
	PM-2.5	PM-Coarse	
Base MC:	7.12 µg/m ⁶	1.02 µg/m ³	
Reference MC:	3.24 µg/m*	4.38 µg/m ³	
30 minute base MC:	8.89 µgim*	1.19 µg/m ²	
30 minute reference MC:	0.18 µg/m*	5.72 µg/m ²	
Dryer temperature:	23.85 °C	24.37 °C	
Dryer dew point:	-9.25 °C	-11.11 °C	
Current valve position: Referen	nce		
PM-2.5 cooler temp: 3.89 °C PM-Coarse cooler temp: 4.00 °C			
	< Back		
😸 Stabilizing Normal status		02/06/2007 12:53	

The FDMS Module screen contains the following information:

- *Base MC*. This field contains the mass concentration value recorded by the TEOM filter while the FDMS system draws dried ambient air (base flow) through the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse sample flow lines. This value is a rolling 1-hour average updated every 6 minutes.
- *Reference MC.* This field contains the mass concentration value recorded by the TEOM filter while the FDMS system draws dried, filtered and cooled ambient air (reference flow) through the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse sample flow lines. This value is a rolling 1-hour average updated every 6 minutes.
- *30-minute base MC*. This field contains the mass concentration value recorded by the TEOM filter while the FDMS system draws dried ambient air (base flow) through the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse sample flow lines. This value is a rolling 30-minute average updated every 6 minutes.
- 30-minute reference MC. This field contains the mass concentration value recorded by the TEOM filter while the FDMS system draws dried, filtered and cooled ambient air (reference flow) through the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse sample flow lines. This value is a rolling 30-minute average updated every 6 minutes.

- *Dryer temperature*. This field contains the dryer temperature of the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse flow channels.
- *Dryer dew point.* This field contains the current dew point of the air stream (exiting the dryer) of the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse flow channels.
- *Dryer relative humidity*. This field contains the current relative humidity of the air stream (exiting the dryer) of the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse flow channels.

Select the **PM-2.5 cooler temp** or **PM-Coarse cooler temp** buttons to change the temperature (°C) of the FDMS coolers.

FDMS Cooler Temperature Setting

The default settings for the FDMS cooler temperatures are 4° C. If the dewpoint of either of the fine or coarse sample gases are greater than 2° C, a status warning will occur. Under this condition, check and verify the performance of the sample dryers.

Under certain ambient conditions, the capability of the dryers to remove moisture from the sample gases is insufficient resulting is a high sample dewpoint. High ambient temperature, humidity, or both, may cause this condition to occur. If the high ambient temperature or humidity exists such that the dewpoint of the sample gases may exceed 0° C, Thermo Fisher Scientific recommends the cooler temperatures be adjusted to a 10° C set point for the operating period where the high ambient temperatures or humidity exists. This is accomplished by setting the cooler temperature to 10° C at the beginning of the typical calendar period when these conditions exist and resetting the cooler temperature to 4° C at the end of the calendar period.

When changing the cooler temperature from 4° C to 10° C, follow these steps:

- 1. Remove the TEOM sample filters.
- 2. Perform the Cooler Cleaning as instructed in Section 5.
- 3. Change the Cooler temperature from 4° C to 10° C.
- 4. Install new TEOM Sample filters.

The instrument is now ready to sample at the new FDMS cooler temperature. When changing the cooler temperature setting from 10° C to 4° C, these steps are not necessary.



When in the Settings screen, select the **System**, **Analog & Digital Outputs**, **Data Storage** and **Advanced** buttons to reach the desired screens (Figure 4-18).

Note. Refer to Section 3 for information on using the Data Storage button to select variables for data storage. ▲

Figure 4-18. Screens accessible through the Settings button.



System Screen The System screen (Figure 4-19) allows users to set the basic configuration of the unit. **Figure 4-19**. TEOM 1405-DF System screen. Settings->System Password Network Set Time Protection Configuration Decimal Display Date Format Symbol < Back 12/05/2005 14:07 Stopped Normal status шC

When in the System screen:

- Set Time. Select the Set Time button to enter the current time and date.
- *Password Protection*. Select the **Password Protection** button to initiate High Lock or Low Lock mode. In Low Lock mode, the user can view all instrument screens and can change the operating mode to perform filter changes. High Lock mode means the user cannot view any screens other than the TEOM Data screen. The user can also set the password using this button.
- *Network Configuration.* Select the **Network Configuration** button to determine whether the unit's Internet Protocol (IP) address will be selected automatically or entered manually. If the user wishes to specify an IP address, the user must enter both the correct IP address and the Subnet mask for the system.
- *Display.* Select the **Display** button to choose the preferred viewing mode of the instrument screen: white background with black text or black background with white text.

- *Decimal Symbol.* Select the **Decimal Symbol** button to choose whether to separate decimal numbers with a period (".") or a comma (","). The unit must be restarted for this change to take effect.
- *Date Format*. Select the **Date Format** button to choose whether to display the date in the "Month/Day/Year" or the "Day/Month/Year" format. The unit must be restarted for this change to take effect.

Analog & Digital Outputs Screen

Figure 4-20. Analog & Digital Outputs screen. The Analog & Digital Outputs screen (Figure 4-20) allows users to set the basic parameters of the unit.



When in the Analog & Digital Outputs screen, select the **Analog Outputs** or **Contact Closure** buttons to set up the analog output and contact closure functions. Select the **RS232** button to set up the unit for serial connections using RPComm or other programs using AK protocol.

Analog Outputs Screen Select the **Analog Outputs** button to display the Analog Outputs screen (Figure 4-21). In the Analog Outputs screen, use the buttons to select a variable, and set a minimum and maximum value for the output for the desired output channel (1-8). Refer to Section 5 for information on calibrating the analog outputs.

Settings->output->Analog Outputs



Contact Closure Screen

een Select the **Contact Closure** button to display the Contact Closure screen (Figure 4-22). When in the Contact Closure screen, use the buttons to select a variable, operator and compare value for the desired contact closure channel (1-2).



RS232 Screen Select the **RS232** button to display the RS232 screen (Figure 4-23). The RS232 screen allows users to set up the serial port for communication with the RP Comm software, or AK protocol.



Settings Advanced Select the Advanced button to display the Advanced screen (Figure 4-24), which allows users to adjust the advanced settings of the unit. Screen **Figure 4-24**. TEOM 1405-DF Advanced Screen Settings->Advanced Mass Transducer Mass Calculation SerialNumber Variables K0 Constants < Back Fully operational Normal status ÷C 03/22/2007 08:33

When in the Advanced screen, select the **Mass Calculation Variables**, **Mass Transducer** or **Serial Number** buttons to set advanced frequency parameters and check K0 constants or the serial number.

Select the **Serial Number** button to display the Serial Number screen. The screen shows the instrument's serial number. DO NOT adjust this value.

Select the **Mass Calculation Variables** button to display the Mass Calculation Variables screen.

The Mass Calculation Variables screen contains the following control buttons:

• *System wait time.* This field contains the length of time (sec) in which the temperatures and flow rates must remain (within a range around their setpoints) before the instrument changes from Stabilizing Mode to Collecting Data Mode. The default setting is "1800" seconds. To adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad.

Note. Thermo Scientific recommends that the user set the "Wait Time" to "1000" or higher to avoid damaging the instrument, and to maintain accurate data reporting. ▲

- *Frequency gate time.* The basis of mass change is raw frequency. Raw frequency is calculated by comparing cycle counts of a highly stable 10 megahertz (Mhz) clock to the cycle counts of the oscillating tapered element (TE). The gate time controls how often the comparisons are made. To adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad. DO NOT adjust this value without contacting Thermo Scientific.
- *Frequency wait time*. This field contains the time interval (sec) after a valve position change before the instrument begins collecting frequency data. The default setting is 90 seconds. To adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad. DO NOT adjust this value without contacting Thermo Scientific.
- *Equivalency Designation.* This field contains the current setting of the equivalency designation display of the instrument. Selecting one of the options displays the equivalent mass concentration values on the TEOM Data screen. Select the appropriate regional setting to display the proper values. To record the calculated equivalent mass concentration values, select the appropriate Data Storage variables.
- *XX-HrMC*. This field contains the XX-Hr MC parameter. This value gives the user a choice of averaging times (hours) shown on the Main screen, following the 1-hour mass concentration average. The default value for this parameter is "8," which causes the monitor to compute 8-hour averages. The user can set an averaging time of any whole hour greater than 1 hour for this parameter. To adjust the setpoint, select the button to display the keypad.

Select the **Mass Transducer K0 Constants** button to display the Mass Transducer K0 Constants screen.

The Mass Transducer K0 Constants screen contains the following information:

- *PM-2.5 TEOM K0.* This field contains the calibration constant, K₀ (K0) (Section 1), for the PM 2.5 (left) TEOM.
- *PM-Coarse TEOM K0.* This field contains the calibration constant, K₀(K0) (Section 1), for the PM-Coarse (right) TEOM.

Note. You can find your monitor's K0 numbers on the label located on the mass transducer (under the insulation). Each TEOM 1405-DF monitor has a unique K0 for each of the two TEOMs in the unit. The constants listed in the Mass Transducer K0 Constants screen must match the value shown on the label near the mass transducer, or the mass concentration data will be incorrect. To adjust the values, select the button to display the keypad. ▲

Service Screen

The **Service** button displays the Service screen (Figure 4-25) and provides access to maintenance and verification wizards and procedures, as well as advanced troubleshooting and service tools.



When in the Service screen, select the **Maintenance**, **Verification**, **Calibration**, **Advanced** and **Instrument Control** buttons to reach the desired screens (Figure 4-26).

Note. Refer to Section 5 for information on the Maintenance, Verification and Calibration screens accessible through those buttons. ▲

Figure 4-26. Screens accessible through the Service screen.



Instrument Control Screen

Select the **Instrument Control** button to display the Instrument Control screen (Figure 4-27). The Instrument Control screen allows users to change the unit operating mode and restart or shut down the instrument..



When in the Instrument Control screen, select the **Run**, **Setup**, **Stop**, **Reboot** or **Shut Down** buttons to change the instrument operating mode.

The Instrument Control screen contains the following control buttons:

- *Run.* This button returns the instrument to normal operating mode (Fully Operational). Refer to the beginning of this section for more information on operating modes.
- *Setup.* This button manually puts the instrument in Setup Mode. Refer to the beginning of this section for more information on operating modes.
- *Stop.* This button manually puts the instrument in Stop All Mode. Refer to the beginning of this section for more information on operating modes.
- *Reboot.* This button IMMEDIATELY restarts the instrument. Pressing the button returns the unit to Stabilizing Mode and will require the full warm-up period before restarting data collection

Service Advanced Screen

Select the **Advanced** button to display the Advanced screen (Figure 4-28). The Advanced screen allows users to manually adjust the status, temperatures or flows of several instrument components.



Only qualified service personnel should attempt to adjust these settings. Contact Thermo Scientific before adjusting any of these settings.

Installing New Firmware

If the instrument needs new firmware, there are two methods that can be used to update the instrument; using the ePort software or by using a USB flash drive. Refer to Section 3 for information on installing and starting the ePort software. New versions of the TEOM 1405-DF instrument software are periodically made available either on computer CD or in the online library on the company website at <u>www.thermo.com/aqi</u>.

The next section provides instructions on installing new firmware via ePort. Refer to the following section for installing software via USB.

To install new firmware using ePort:

- 1. Download the new firmware file onto a personal computer (PC) from the company website or locate the updated version on the software CD. Note the file name.
- 2. Ensure that the PC and the instrument are connected to the same network using the Ethernet connection on the back of the instrument. (Refer to Section 3 for information on connecting the instrument to a network.)
- 3. In the System Status screen of the machine you want to update, locate and record the IP address (Figure 4-29).



- 4. Use the ePort PC software to connect to the instrument (refer to Section 3 for information on connection to the instrument.)
- 5. In the ePort Main screen (Figure 4-30), select Upgrade Instrument Software.

Figure 4-30. ePort Main screen.

🖸 ePort		
Pile Instrument Help		
Group1 Group1 J234557850 J234557850 J4054200090665 J40542000100565 J4054200100665 J4054200105665 J4054200156665	1405A200100605 - DichotFDMS Serial Number: 1405A200100605 IP Address: 10.210.96.145 Status: Active Derrmands: Download Details Download Details: Download Details	
	Renote Interface Display	
	Charles Instrument Pressure Automated downloads: Diabled	
	Mater State State	
Ready		New Config

Note. Data will not be collected during the upload procedure and the instrument will be restarted. \blacktriangle

 The Thermo 1405 Installer Wizard screen will display (Figure 4-31). Select the Next > button.



7. The Software File screen will display. Select the Browse button to locate and select the file from the CD or the file that was downloaded from the company website. For firmware updates using ePort, the file is named etx.dichotFDMS_ePort.rc. When the file is selected, it will display in the window below "Choose the File to Upload." Select the Next > button.

8. The Upload Software screen will display (Figure 4-32). The software will restart the instrument then install the firmware. The "Upload Progress" bar will show the status of the upload. When the process is complete, select the **Next** > button.

Figure 4-32. Upload Software screen.	Thermo 1405 Installer			
	Upload Software Upload the new software file to the instrument.			
	Settings Filename: rpco_dev.rc			
	Restarting Instrument - This may take a few minutes			
	Upload Progress:			
	Thermo Electron Corporation			
	<u> </u>			

Note. It may take several minutes to upload the new firmware, depending on the speed of the uploading PC and the speed of the network. During the upload, the TEOM 1405-DF instrument touch screen will display a text message, then a scrolling cursor to indicate progress. ▲

9. The Software Upload Completed screen will display (Figure 4-33). Select the Finish button. Close ePort and return to normal operation.

Figure 4-33.	Thermo 1405 Installer		
screen.	1405	Software Upload Completed Transfer of software to the instrument has completed. Setup will automatically continue on the instrument.	
	Thermo scientific		
	Thermo Beotron Corporation	< Back Finish Cancel	

Note. The instrument will restart automatically after the firmware is uploaded. \blacktriangle

To install new firmware using a USB Flash Drive:

Note. In order to update the instrument firmware via the USB port, current instrument firmware version 1.51 or later is required to be installed on the monitor. Contact Thermo Fisher Scientific for further information if an earlier version is installed. If updating the firmware using ePort, this limitation does not apply. ▲

To perform a firmware upgrade using the USB port, first copy the firmware upgrade files to the root folder of a standard USB flash drive. The required files are:

etx_dichotFDMS.tar etx_dichotFDMS.kernel etx_dichotFDMS_USB.rc

- 1. Record all important configuration information from the instrument. This includes K0 values, instrument serial number, data storage settings, etc.
- 2. Turn off the instrument.
- 3. Open the front panel that contains the instrument display.
- 4. Compare the inside of the instrument to the following figure. If the instrument interface board matches the figure, proceed to step 4. If the unit is an updated version, close the front panel and continue with step 6. An updated interface board includes the text "Thermo Fisher Scientific" along the front edge of the board.
- 5. Locate the Module Power Jumper on the interface board as indicated in Figure 4-34 and install a jumper across the pins. (One of the analog input jumpers may be temporarily used for this purpose.)
- 6. Insert the USB Flash Drive and turn on the instrument power.
- 7. The instrument will automatically locate and install the necessary files from the USB flash drive and update the instrument firmware.
- 8. At the end of the update process, the instrument will pause for 20 seconds before a blank/white screen appears. Remove the USB Flash Drive. The instrument will reboot automatically to complete the installation of the firmware.
- 9. If you installed a jumper in step 4 above, turn off the instrument power and remove the jumper. If one of the analog input jumpers was used, replace it in the original location. Close the instrument front panel and turn on the instrument power.

- 10. Verify the instrument settings were retained, including serial number and K0. Re-enter these values if necessary.
- Thermo Fisher Scientific recommends performing a calibration of the instrument temperatures, pressure and flows after a firmware update. Refer to Section 5 for calibration instructions.



Figure 4-34. Interface board.

Section 5 Maintenance and Calibration Procedures

Periodic Maintenance

Periodic Thermo Scientific recommends the following regular maintenance procedures for the TEOM 1405-DF:

Replace/Refurbish the dryer	Replace/Refurbish the FDMS dryer once a year, or as necessary. See page 5-3.
Replace the TEOM filters	Replace the PM-Coarse and PM-2.5 TEOM filters when the filter loading percentage (displayed in the Main screen) nears 100% or every 30 days.
Replace the 47 mm filters	Replace the 47 mm filters every time you replace the TEOM filters (every 30 days).
Clean the sample inlet	Clean the sample inlet that is mounted on the tripod each time that you replace a TEOM filter (every 30 days).
Clean the virtual impactor	Clean the virtual impactor every time you replace the TEOM filters (every 30 days).
Replace the in-line filters	Replace the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse flow in-line filters and the bypass in-line filter every 6 months, or as necessary.
Clean the coolers	Clean the coolers once a year, or as necessary.
Clean the switching valve	Clean the switching valve once a year, or as necessary.
Clean the air inlet system	Clean the air inlet system inside the mass transducer once a year, or as necessary.
Rebuild the sample pump	Rebuild the sample pump once every 18 months, or as necessary. The pump rebuild kit (59-008630) contains instructions for rebuilding the pump.

These maintenance intervals are guidelines. Requirements for routine maintenance are site-specific, and may vary from one location to another.

Maintenance Wizards

The TEOM 1405-DF software allows users to step through the periodic maintenance procedures. Select the **Service** button to display the Service screen. When in the Service screen, select the **Maintenance** button to display the Maintenance screen.







FDMS Dryer Replacement/ Refurbishment

Thermo Fisher Scientific recommends an annual dryer replacement/ refurbishment for the FDMS dryers installed in the 1405-DF TEOM Series. This refurbishment (75-010965) is to minimize sampling artifacts that could effect the measurement of total mass concentration over time. The refurbishment consists of cleaning and any necessary replacement of parts. Contact Thermo Fisher Scientific's Service Department.

TEOM Filter The 1405-DF TEOM filters for the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse flows need to be changed periodically before filter loading can affect the flow, or at least every 30 days. Change the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse filters at the same time.

Note. Change the filters at least every 30 days. The PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse filters should be changed at the same time. Change the FDMS filters at the same time you change the TEOM filters. ▲

Filter Loading The filter loading percentage value indicates the percentage of the TEOM filter's total capacity that has been used. You can check the TEOM filter loading percentage on the monitor's TEOM Data screen (Figure 5-4). Because this value is determined by the pressure drop of the main sample flow line, the instrument always shows a non-zero value even if no TEOM filter is mounted in the mass transducer. New TEOM filters generally exhibit filter loading percentages of 15% to 30% at a main flow rate of 3 l/ min, and less at lower flow rates.

Figure 5-4.	∑ x11						
TEOM Data screen.	TEOM Data	TEOM 1405-DF			Ţhe	Thermo	
	System Status	TEOM Data	PM _{2,5}	FEM PM _{2,5}	PMc	PM ₁₀	
		MC (µg/m²):	1.03	0.78	-0.00	1.03	
		30-Min MC (µg/m²):	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	Instrument	1-Hr MC (µg/m²):	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	Conditions	8-Hr MC (µg/m²):	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
		24-Hr MC (ug/m²):	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	Settings	Filter loading: Frequency:	21.85 % 263.4169 Hz		10.01 % 250.4817 Hz		
	Service	Noise:	0.079 µg Normal statu	5	0.060 µg	72009 15:40	

TEOM filters must be replaced before the filter loading percentage reaches 100% to ensure the quality of the data generated by the instrument. At some point above 100%, the main flow drops below its set point.

If the filter loading percentage is higher than 30% (at a main flow rate of 3 l/min) when a new TEOM filter is placed on the mass transducer, or if the lifetime of consecutive TEOM filters becomes noticeably shorter, you may need to replace the in-line filter. Refer to "Exchanging the In-Line Filters" later in this section.

Filters should be stored inside the unit for easy access and to keep them dry and warm.

TEOM filter life depends upon the nature and concentration of the particulate matter sampled, as well as the flow rate settings. TEOM filters must be replaced when the filter loading value approaches 100%. This generally corresponds to a total mass accumulation on the filter of approximately 3-5 mg. TEOM filter life at a main flow rate of 3 l/min is generally 21 days at an average PM-10 concentration of 50 μ g/m³. TEOM filter life is longer at lower flow rates because the particulate matter accumulation on the TEOM filter is slower.

TEOM filters must be replaced before the filter loading percentage on the status line of the Main screen reaches 100%. When the filter loading percentage is greater than 90%, the unit will trigger a status condition. You must replace the 47 mm filter every time that you replace a TEOM filter.

Note. Do not handle new TEOM filters with your fingers. Use the filter exchange tool provided with the instrument to replace filters. \blacktriangle

Changing the TEOM Filters To install a TEOM filter:

- 1. Ensure that the filter exchange tool is clean and free of any contamination that might be transferred to the TEOM filter.
- 2. In the 1405 TEOM Data screen, select the **Service** button to display the Service screen, then select the **Maintenance** button to display the Maintenance screen (Figure 5-3).
- 3. Select the **Replace TEOM Filters** button to start the TEOM Filter Replacement Wizard (Figure 5-5). Select the **Next >** button to begin the procedure.

Note. If you are an experienced user and comfortable with changing TEOM filters, select the Advanced User Mode button to stop the movement of the mass transducer and proceed with a quick exchange procedure. Refer to the next section for a complete explanation of the Advanced User Mode for filter changes. ▲



- 4. The Open Mass Transducer screen will display. Open the door of the sampler.
- 5. Pull the TEOM latch toward you to open the transducer latch.
- With the mass transducer unlatched, swing the bottom of the mass transducer downward, exposing the tapered elements (TE) (Figure 5-6). Select the Next > button.



hub of the filter base.

7. The Remove Old Filters screen will display. Carefully insert the lower fork of the filter exchange tool under one of the used TEOM filter so that the filter disk is between the fork and the upper tab of the filter



exchange tool (Figure 5-7). The tines of the fork should straddle the

8. Gently pull straight up, lifting the TEOM filter from the tapered element (TE). Do not twist or tilt the filter exchange tool from side-to-side while removing the filter from the TE. This will damage the TE.

Figure 5-6. Opening the mass transducer.


- Repeat the removal procedure for the second used TEOM filter. Select the Next > button.
- 10. The Replace Filters screen will display. Pick up a new, conditioned TEOM filter from one of the filter holders with the filter exchange tool so that the filter disk lies between the fork and the upper tab of the tool and the hub of the filter lies between the tines of the fork (Figures 5-8 and 5-9).

Note. TEOM filters must be preconditioned to avoid excessive moisture buildup prior to their use in the system. Refer to the next section. \blacktriangle

Note. Do not touch the filter with your fingers while picking it up with the filter exchange tool. \blacktriangle

11. Hold the filter exchange tool in line with the tapered element (Figures 5-8 and 5-9) and lightly place the hub of the filter onto the tip of the tapered element. Select the Next > button.



Figure 5-8. Placing the filter on the tapered element.

- 12. The Seat Filters screen will display. Gently press down on the TEOM filter to ensure that it is seated properly (Figure 5-9).
- 13. Remove the filter exchange tool by slowly retracting it until it clears the filter (Figure 5-9). Do not disturb the filter.
- 14. Place the bottom of the filter exchange tool on top of the TEOM filter (Figures 5-9) and apply downward pressure (approximately 0.5 kg or 1 lb) to seat the filter firmly in place.



- 15. Repeat the installation procedure for the other new TEOM filter.Select the Next > button.
- 16. The Precondition Filters screen will display. Place new TEOM filters on the conditioning posts on the mass transducer. (Refer to the next section for more information on conditioning filters.) Select the Next > button.
- 17. The Close Instrument screen will display. Raise the mass transducer to the closed position and fasten the holding rod onto the latch plate.
- 18. Close and latch the door to the sensor unit. Keep the door open for as short a time as possible to minimize the temperature change in the system. Select the Next > button.



19. The system will automatically test the two newly installed TEOM filters to ensure they are firmly seated. The system will display a screen with the wait time (Figure 5-11).

Figure 5-11. Stabilizing screen.	Stabilizing Wait for instrument to stabilize.	
	Please wait 5 minutes to allow temperatures to stabilize inside the transducer and sampler.	
	Time remaining: 04:36	
	< Back Next > Canc	əl

20. If the system is unable to obtain a stable frequency for one or both of the filters, it will display a screen telling which filter (or filters) needs to be re-seated (Figure 5-12). Otherwise, the filter change is complete (go to step 23).



Re-seat Filters screen.

- 21. If the filters need to be re-seated, open the door to the sampler and the mass transducer and press straight down on the appropriate TEOM filter(s) with the bottom of the filter exchange tool (Figure 5-9). This ensures that the filters are properly seated. Close the mass transducer and sensor unit door. Select the **Next >** button
- 22. The system will again display the waiting screen while it is testing for stable frequencies. If it still cannot obtain a frequency for one or both of the filters, it will prompt the user to re-seat the filters a second time. If it still cannot obtain a stable frequency, the procedure will prompt to replace the filters or post a fail message (Figures 5-14 and 15)
- 23. When the frequencies are stable, the system will display the Completing the TEOM Filter Replacement Wizard screen (Figure 5-13). Select the **Finish >** button.





Note. If the system still cannot detect a stable frequency for one or both of the filters, it will display a "filter could be damaged" message, and prompt for replacement of one or both of the filters (Figure 5-14). If the system fails to establish the frequency again, the filter change procedure will fail completely and recommend appropriate service (Figure 5-15). ▲

Figure 5-14. Try Another Filter message.



Figure 5-15. Fail/service message.	Comple Replace The TEOM P	eting the TEON ement Wizard Filter Replacement W unsucessfully.	A Filter
	I Plea Serv instr	se reference the TEC ice Manual for troubl uctions.	DM Series 1405 eshooting
	To close th	nis wizard, press Finis	ih.
	< Back	Next >	Cancel

Advanced Filter Change For experienced users who are comfortable with the filter change operation, the monitor offers an advanced filter change mode. When the users selects the advanced mode in the TEOM Filter Replacement starting screen, (Figure 5-5), the system automatically stops the TEOM filters and displays a screen to prompt the filter change operation (Figure 5-16).



When the screen displays, change the filters and select the **Next** > button. The finished screen will display (Figure 5-17).



Figure 5-16. Advanced filter change screen.

> **Figure 5-17.** Wizard complete message.

Note. The advanced filter wizard DOES NOT automatically check the frequency. Users MUST ensure that the frequency is stable in order to ensure valid test data. Look at the change in the TE's oscillating frequency on the TEOM Data screen (Figure 5-18). The last two digits of the reading will fluctuate (due to noise) and the rest will remain steady. If more than the last two digits fluctuate in this reading, this indicates that the TEOM filter is loose. Re-seat the filter and check the frequency again.



TEOM Data	TEC	DM 140	95-DF	Ţh	ermo
System Status	TEOM Data MC (µgim²):	PM _{2,5}	FEM PM _{2,5} 0.78	PM _C -0.00	PM ₁₀
Instrument Conditions	30-Min MC (µg/m ²): 1-Hr MC (µg/m ²): 8-Hr MC (µg/m ²): 12-Hr MC (µg/m ²): 12-Hr MC (µg/m ²):	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
Settings	Filter loading: Filter loading:	21.85 % 263.4169 Hz	0.00	10.01 % 250.4817 Hz	
Service	Fully operational	0.079 µg Normal statu	5	0.060 µg	/2009 15:40

Conditioning the TEOM Filters

TEOM filters must be preconditioned to avoid excessive moisture buildup prior to their use in the system.

To precondition the TEOM filters:

- 1. Place two TEOM filters on the TEOM filter holders of the mass transducer (Figure 5-19) to condition the filters.
- 2. When it is time to install a new TEOM filter, use a conditioned filter from one of the filter holders.
- 3. Replace the conditioned TEOM filter that was on the filter holder with a new filter.



Note. Extra filters should be stored inside the carrier box, in the interior of the unit near the mass transducer to ensure they are at or near the appropriate temperature and humidity level for sampling. ▲

Replacing the 47 mm Filters

Install new 47 mm filters into the TEOM 1405-DF unit before running the first sample run, and every time that you install a new TEOM filter into the unit.

To install the 47 mm filters:

1. Locate the two doors on the left side of the TEOM 1405-DF unit. Open one of the small filter doors (Figures 5-20).



2. Turn the filter holder counterclockwise until the notches line up with the locking disk (Figure 5-21) and then pull outward to remove the holder from the unit.



Figure 5-21. Removing the 47 mm filter.

- 3. Locate blue filter cassette and remove the used 47 mm filter.
- 4. Insert a new 47 mm filter into the cassette. Be sure to install the 47 mm filter into the cassette with the face of the filter paper facing the "top" of the cassette. The "top" of the cassette fits *into* the "bottom" of the cassette (Figure 5-22).





5. Close the filter cassette (Figure 5-23).



- 6. Install the filter into the filter holder with the "top" of the cassette and filter surface facing out.
- 7. Line up the notches with the locking disks and install the filter holder into unit. Turn the holder clockwise to lock it in place.

Note. Do not overtighten the filter holder. The O-ring creates the seal, not the force of the turn. \blacktriangle

- 8. Close the small filter door.
- 9. Repeat steps 1-8 for the other 47 mm filter.

Figure 5-23. Closing the filter cassette.

Cleaning the PM-10 Inlet

The PM-10 inlet should be cleaned every time the TEOM filter is changed, or as necessary. To clean the unit you will need an ammonia-based generalpurpose cleaner, cotton swabs, a small soft-bristle brush, paper towels, distilled water, silicone-based stopcock grease, a small screwdriver, a small adjustable wrench and a pocket knife

To clean/maintain the PM-10 inlet:

1. Remove rain jar from the inlet and the inlet from the sample tube. Unscrew the top acceleration assembly from the lower collector assembly (Figure 5-24).



- 2. Mark the top plate deflector cone and lower plate with a pencil to facilitate proper orientation when reassembling, then use a Phillips screwdriver to remove the four pan head screws from the top of the top plate (Figure 5-24). Lift the top plate off the four threaded, spacer standoffs and set aside.
- 3. Clean the insect screen (with brush or water) then dry.
- 4. Using a general-purpose cleaner and paper towel, clean the deflector cone on the inside of the top plate.

Figure 5-24. Top of inlet assembly.

5. Clean the internal wall surface of the acceleration assembly (Figure 5-25).

Note. Ensure the acceleration nozzle is clean. If not, use a cotton swab and cleaner to remove any contamination. ▲



- 6. Inspect the large diameter, impactor nozzle O-ring for damage or wear (Figure 5-24). Replace it, if necessary. Apply a thin film of silicone grease to the O-ring. Also, apply a light coating of silicone grease to the aluminum threads of the upper acceleration assembly.
- 7. Using a general-purpose cleaner with a paper towel, clean the collector assembly walls and plate (Figure 5-26).

Note. Most of the contamination in the inlet is usually found on the collector plate. \blacktriangle



Figure 5-26. Inside of inlet collector assembly.

- 8. Clean the three vent tubes (Figure 5-26). You may need to use a cotton swab to clean these vent tubes.
- 9. Clean the bottom side of the collector assembly (Figure 5-27). Inspect the two inlet tube-sealing O-rings for damage or wear. If necessary, replace the O-rings.



- 10. Clean the weep hole in the collector plate where the moisture runs out to the moisture trap (Figure 5-26).
- 11. Clean the rain jar. Inspect the rain jar cover's brass nipple fitting to ensure that it is secure and free from blockages (Figure 5-28).



Figure 5-27. Bottom of collector assembly with 0-rings.

- 12. Apply a light coating of silicone grease to the O-rings (Figure 5-27) to ensure that a seal is made when they are reinstalled on the flow splitter.
- 13. Clean the lower collector assembly's threads to ensure a tight seal when the two halves are reassembled.
- 14. Reassemble the top and bottom inlet assemblies until the threads tighten. Hand-tighten only.
- 15. Reinstall the insect screen and align the top plate markings with the lower plate markings. Install the top plate onto the lower plate and tighten the four pan-head screws.
- 16. Place a light coating of silicone grease on the gasket inside the cap of the rain jar. This will ensure a leak-free fit. Reinstall the rain jar.
- 17. Place the inlet on the flow splitter. Take care not to damage the internal O-rings.

Cleaning the Virtual Impactor

Tools/materials required: Ammonia-based, general-purpose cleaner O-ring grease Phillips screwdriver

To clean and maintain the virtual impactor:

- 1. Remove the inlet from the top of the system, then remove the virtual impactor from the flow splitter coarse sample tube (Figures 5-28).
- 2. Remove the 1 1/4-inch sample tube that connects the inlet to the impactor (Figures 5-28).
- 3. Remove the four screws on each corner of the bottom section of the virtual impactor. Separate its body from its base plate (Figures 5-29).
- 4. Remove the three screws that hold the top of the virtual impactor to the body (Figures 5-28 and 5-29).
- 5. Use water and a mild detergent to wash the inside surfaces of the body, top and bottom sections of the impactor. A general-purpose cleaner can be used, if necessary.



Figure 5-28. Inlet assembly and virtual impactor.

- 6. Inspect all O-rings in each section of the virtual impactor for damage and replace them, if necessary. Apply a thin coating of O-ring lubricant onto the O-rings, if necessary.
- 7. Install the base to the body using the four screws that were removed in step 3 (Figure 5-29).
- 8. Install the top onto the body using the three screws that were removed in step 4 (Figure 5-29).
- 9. Install the adapter tube into the top of the virtual impactor, install the impactor on the flow splitter, and install the inlet on the top of the adapter tube (Figures 5-28).

Note. When assembling the virtual impactor ensure that the positions of the parts are correct since incorrect assembly will result in invalid sample data. \blacktriangle



Exchanging **In-Line Filters**

The small PM-2.5- and PM-Coarse-flow in-line filters (32-010745) and the large bypass flow filter (32-010755) should be changed every 6 months or as necessary. They are located on the back of the unit (Figure 5-29). These filters prevent contamination from reaching the flow controllers. For convenience, replace the large in-line filters immediately following one of the regularly-scheduled TEOM filter exchanges. This allows you to exchange the in-line filters during the 30-minute flow and temperature stabilization period.



Figure 5-29. Back of 1405 unit.

To exchange the in-line filters:

- 1. Unplug the sample pump.
- 2. Unscrew and remove the small filter covers for both the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse flow channels on the back of the unit (Figure 5-30).



3. Unscrew the filter mounts for both the PM-2.5 and the PM-Coarse flow channels (Figure 5-31).



Figure 5-30. Removing the fine and coarse filter covers.

Figure 5-31. Removing the filter mounts. 4. Slide the filter cartridges off the mounts and install new cartridges onto the mounts (Figure 5-32).



- 5. Install the mounts into the unit, then install the covers.
- 6. Unscrew and remove the large filter cover from the bypass flow channel on the back of the unit (Figure 5-33).



Figure 5-33. Bypass in-line filter.

- 7. Unscrew the filter mount for the bypass flow channel.
- 8. Slide the large filter cartridge off the mount and install a new cartridge onto the mount (Figure 5-34).



- 9. Install the mount into the unit, then install the cover for the bypass flow.
- 10. Plug in the sample pump and return to normal operation.

Cleaning the Air Inlet You must clean the heated air inlet in the TEOM 1405-DF once a year to remove the buildup of particulate matter on its inner walls. You can order a tapered bristle brush that is appropriate for cleaning the air inlet system from Thermo Scientific. You will need a piece of plastic or another protective material; soapy water, alcohol or freon solution; a 1/2-inch (or adjustable) wrench and a soft brush to clean the air inlet.

Follow these steps to clean the air inlet system:

- 1. Turn off the TEOM 1405-DF unit.
- 2. Open the door of the unit (Figure 5-35) and locate the thermistors in the top of the mass transducer assembly.



3. Using the 1/2-inch wrench, remove the thermistors from the top of the mass transducer assembly.

Note. The thermistors have short thread depths. Installation/ removal should take 1 1/2 to 2 1/2 turns. ▲

4. Open the mass transducer (refer to the Replacing the TEOM Filters section earlier in this chapter for instructions on opening the mass transducer).

- 5. Place a piece of plastic or another protective material over the exposed TEOM filters.
- 6. Using a soapy water, alcohol or freon solution, clean the entire air inlet (Figure 5-36). A soft brush may be used to remove particulate matter on the insides of the walls.



- 7. Allow the air inlet to dry.
- 8. Remove the protective material from the exposed TEOM filter.
- 9. Close the mass transducer and latch the latch.
- 10. Install the air thermistors into the cap of the mass transducer assembly and tighten lightly with the wrench.
- 11. Close and latch the door to the unit. Keep the door open for as short a time as possible to minimize the temperature change in the system.
- 12. Turn on the TEOM 1405-DF unit.

Cleaning the Coolers

The coolers should be cleaned once per year, or as necessary. The Cooler Cleaning Wizard describes all the steps necessary to clean the cooler. Some additional information is included below.

Follow these steps to clean the coolers:

- 1. In the 1405 TEOM Data screen, select the **Service** button to display the Service screen, then select the **Maintenance** button to display the Maintenance screen (Figure 5-3).
- Select the Clean Coolers button to start the Cooler Cleaning Wizard (Figure 5-37). Select the Next > button to begin the procedure.



3. The Remove Filter Cassettes screen will display. Open the two compartment doors on the side of the unit and remove both 47 mm filter cassettes and filters. (Refer to the "Replacing the 47 mm Filters" section earlier in this chapter for more information on removing the filter cassettes.) Select the Next > button.

4. The Open Unit screen will display. Remove the front cover from the unit tower and locate the two cooler assemblies, the switching valve and the dryer vacuum connection (Figure 5-38).



 Remove the tubing from both the top and bottom quick-connect fittings on each of the cooler assemblies (Figure 5-38). Select the Next > button. The Disconnect Vacuum Line screen will display. Remove the main line from the bottom of the T-connection of the dryer vacuum line (Figures 5-39 and 5-40). Select the Next > button.



Figure 5-40. Main dryer vacuum line removed from T-fitting.



7. The Connect the Vacuum Line screen will display. Install the two pieces of tubing at the top of the Y-adapter with the orifice fitting provided in the instrument package into the top quick-connect fitting of each of the cooler assemblies (Figure 5-41).



 Install the main dryer vacuum line removed in step 6 into the bottom of the other Y-adapter (Figure 5-41), and install the two pieces of tubing into the bottom quick connect fitting of each of the cooler assemblies. Select the Next > button.

Note. Ensure that you use the Y-adapter with the orifice provided with the unit. It restricts the flow through the coolers to the proper rate. \blacktriangle

9. The system will automatically begin heating the coolers to 50° C to clean the coolers. The wizard will display a timer screen to show how much time is left to complete the cleaning (Figure 5-42).

Figure 5-42. Cleaning channels screen.	Cleaning channels		
	Please wait while the Cooler coolers. The coolers will be that temperature for 1 minut	Cleaning Wizard hea heated to 50.0 °C and es.	its up the I remain at
	PM-2.5 cooler to	emp: -273.1 °C	
	PM-Coarse cool	er temp: -273.1 °C	
	< Back	Next >	Cancel

- 10. When the procedure is finished, select the **Next >** button.
- 11. The Close Unit screen will display. Disconnect the Y-adapters and reinstall the tubing into the cooler assemblies as described by the wizard.
- 12. Reinstall the 47 mm filter cassettes (with new filters installed) into the unit. (Refer to the "Replacing the 47 mm Filters" section earlier in this chapter for more information on removing the filter cassettes.)
- 13. Reinstall the tower cover.

14. Select the Next > button. The wizard will display a message showing the procedure is complete (Figure 5-43). Select the Finish button to exit the wizard and return to the Maintenance screen, or select the < Back button to move backward one step in the procedure.

Figure 5-43. Complete screen.	Comple Cleanin	ting the Coole g Wizard	r
	The Cooler sucessfully	Cleaning Wizard has	completed
	The instrum when this y	nent will be put in Ru wizard is finished.	in mode
	To close th	ie wittend prace Einie	
	To close in	iis wizara, press rinis	nt. (
	< Back	Finish	Cancel

Cleaning the Switching Valve

The switching valve should be cleaned once a year or as necessary.

Follow these steps to clean the switching valve:

- 1. In the 1405 TEOM Data screen, select the **Service** button to display the Service screen, then select the **Maintenance** button to display the Maintenance screen (Figure 5-3).
- Select the Clean the Switching Valve button to start the Valve Cleaning Wizard (Figure 5-44). Select the Next > button to begin the procedure.



- 3. The Remove Front Cover screen will display. Remove the front cover from the unit and locate the switching valves, fittings and tubing connections (Figure 5-45).
- Remove the tubing from both of the top two quick-connect fittings on the switching valve. Select the Next > button.



5. The Remove Valve screen will display. Using a 1-inch wrench (or an adjustable wrench), completely loosen the two Swagelok fittings on the top of the switching valve and the two Swagelok fittings on the bottom of the switching valve (Figures 5-45 and 5-46).



- Loosen the fine and coarse sample tube fittings on the top plate of the 1405-DF tower, then push the dryers back while lifting the switching valve slightly then partially remove it from the tower. It will still be connected by two of the tubes leading to the coolers. Select the Next > button.
- The Clean Valve screen will display. Clean the two chambers of the switching valve with the cleaning brush (do not use a cleaning solution) provided with the system (Figure 5-47). Select the Next > button.



Figure 5-47. Cleaning the valve with the valve brush.

- 8. The Reinstall screen will display. Set the switching valve back into the system, ensuring that the two empty quick-connect fittings are located on the top of the switching valve.
- 9. Tighten the four Swagelok connections. Tighten them finger-tight at first, then turn them 1-1/4 turns with the wrench.
- 10. Reinstall the tubing into the quick-connect fittings on the top of the switching valve. The short tubing that connects to the lower cooler will only reach the correct fitting (the left quick-connect fitting).
- 11. Reinstall the cover of the unit. Select the **Next >** button.
- The wizard will display a message showing the procedure is complete (Figure 5-48). Select the **Finish** button to exit the wizard and return to the Maintenance screen, or select the **< Back** button to move backward one step in the procedure.

Figure 5-48. Completing the Valve Cleaning Wizard screen.	Completin Cleaning \	ig the Valve Wizard	1
	The Valve Clea sucessfully.	ning Wizard has	completed
	The instrument when this wiza	t will be put in Ru rd is finished.	in mode
	To close this w	vizard, press Finis	th.
	< Back	Finish	Cancel

Audit/Calibration Procedures

Thermo Scientific recommends the following regular maintenance procedures for the TEOM 1405-DF:

Ambient temperature	Audit/calibrate the ambient temperature measurement once per month. The temperature must be calibrated before a flow calibration.
Ambient pressure	Audit/calibrate the ambient pressure measurement once per month. The pressure must be calibrated before a flow calibration.
Flow	Audit/calibrate the PM-2.5, PM-Coarse and bypass flows once a month.
Leak check	Perform a leak check once a month or as necessary (refer to Section 3 for leak check instructions).
Analog outputs	Calibrate the analog output channels once a year or as necessary, for example any time the voltage range setting is changed.
Mass transducer	Audit the calibration of the mass transducer once a year.

The TEOM 1405-DF software allows users to step through the standard calibration and audit procedures. Select the **Service** button to display the Service screen. When in the Service screen, select the **Verification** or **Calibration** buttons to display the Verification and Calibration screens (Figure 5-49 and 5-50).



Users enter values into the calibration screens using a number keypad (Figure 5-51). Whenever the user is prompted to enter a value, such as an externally measured temperature, pressure or flow rate, the calibration wizard will automatically display a keypad. Enter the value into the keypad as instructed by the wizard, then select the **Enter** button to set the value or press the **Cancel** button to exit the keypad screen and return to the wizard.



Auditing the System

Users can instantly audit all of the instruments functions through a single software screen. When in the Verification screen, select the **Instrument Audit** button to display the Instrument Audit screen (Figure 5-52).

The Instrument Audit screen shows the temperature, flow and other values that can be audited by the user. Placing a thermometer or barometer in the desired location, allows users to audit those values compared to an external measurement device. Flows can be individually audited for accuracy using the flow audit wizard. For changing or "calibrating" the values, refer to the following sections. Refer to the flow, temperature and pressure calibration section for information on how to attach external measurement devices to the TEOM 1405-DF unit.



TEOM 1405-DF	Thermo
Service->Verification->Instrument Audit	
Ambient temperature: Ambient pressure: PM-2.5 vol. flow rate: PM-Coarse vol. flow rate: Bypass volumetric flow rate:	23.17 ' 1.00 at 0.00 lp 0.00 lp 0.00 lp
Vacuum pump pressure: PM-2.5 TEOM K0: PM-Coarse TEOM K0:	10.00 at 10000 10000
< Back	
Stabilizing Normal status	05/04/2006 13
Calibrating the **Ambient Temperature**

Perform the ambient air temperature calibration, pressure calibration and leak check (Section 3) before executing the flow calibration procedure.

To calibrate the ambient air temperature:

- 1. In the TEOM Data screen, select the **Service** button to display the Service screen, then select the **Calibration** button to display the Calibration screen (Figure 5-49).
- 2. Select the **Ambient Calibration** button to display the Ambient Calibration screen (Figure 5-53).

Ambient Calibration screen.





- 3. Determine the current temperature (°C) at the ambient temperature sensor using an external thermometer, $[^{\circ}C = 5/9 \times (^{\circ}F - 32)]$.
- 4. If the measured value is within $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C of the temperature displayed in the Ambient Temperature: field of the button, no further action is necessary. Select the **< Back** button to return to the Calibration creen. If the value is not within $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C of the temperature displayed in the Ambient Temperature: field of the button, select the Ambient Temperature: button. A keypad will display. Enter the actual temperature as measured by the external thermometer and press the Enter button. The Ambient Temperature Calibration screen will display with the new entered value. Select the < Back button to return to the Calibration screen.

Calibrating the Ambient Pressure

Perform the ambient air temperature calibration, pressure calibration and leak check (Section 3) before executing the flow calibration procedure.

To calibrate the ambient pressure:

- 1. In the TEOM Data screen, select the **Service** button to display the Service screen, then select the **Calibration** button to display the Calibration screen (Figure 5-49).
- 2. Select the **Ambient Calibration** button to display the Ambient Calibration screen (Figure 5-54).

Figure 5-54. Ambient Calibration screen.



Click the button to enter the current actual ambient temperature or pressure.

	Am	bient temperature: 25.61 °C	
	A	mbient pressure: 0.97 atm	
		< Back	_
🥑 Stabilizing	Normal status		05/04/2005 13:38

- 3. Determine the current ambient pressure in atmospheres (absolute pressure, not corrected to sea level).
- 4. If the measured value is within ± 0.01 atm of the pressure displayed in the Ambient Pressure: field of the button, no further action is necessary. Select the < Back button to return to the Calibration screen. If the value is not within ± 0.01 atm of the pressure displayed in the Ambient Pressure: field of the button, select the Ambient Pressure: button. A keypad will display. Enter the actual pressure as measured by the external device and press the Enter button. The Ambient Pressure Calibration screen will display with the new entered value. Select the < Back button to return to the Calibration screen.</p>

Flow

Auditing the To audit the fine, course or bypass flow:

Flow Rates

o addit the fine, course of bypass now.

- 1. In the TEOM Data screen, select the **Service** button to display the Service screen, then select the **Verification** button to display the Verification screen (Figure 5-50).
- Select the Flow Audit button to begin the Flow Audit Wizard (Figure 5-55). Select the Next > button.

Figure 5-55. Audit Wizard.	Welcom Wizard	e to the Flow /	Audit
	This wizard on the TEO Monitor.	helps you perform f M Dichot Ambient Pa	low audits articulate
	The instrun for the aud	nent will be put in Se it.	tup mode
	To continue	e, press Next.	
	< Back	Next >	Cancel

- 3. The Select a Flow Audit Device screen will display. Select a flow audit device. Select "Direct Flow Device" to audit the flow using a direct flow measuring device (reading "l/min" adjusted for temperature and pressure) such as the Streamline Pro. Select "FTS" to audit the flow using the FTS system. FTS users will enter the device calibration constant and the change in pressure from the FTS. Select the "Next >" button.
- 4. The Select Flow to Audit screen will display. Select which flow to audit. Press the "Next > " button.

Note. If you selected the FTS option in the previous screen, you will be prompted to enter the correct calibration constants before proceeding with the audit (Figure 5-56). \blacktriangle

Figure 5-56. Enter FTS Constants screen.	Enter FTS Constants	
	Enter the M and B constants for your high flow FTS device.	
	FTS constant M: 0.3975	
	FTS constant B: -0.4948	
	< Back Next > C	ancel

- 5. The Connect Flow Audit Device screen will display. Attach a flow meter to the appropriate flow channel:
 - a. To audit the PM-2.5 flow channel, remove the inlet, inlet tube and virtual impactor and attach the 1 1/4-inch flow adapter/meter to the top of the flow splitter (Figure 5-57). Disconnect the bypass line from the side of the flow splitter (don't let it fall to the ground) and cap the bypass fitting with the 3/8-inch Swagelok cap provided with the system (Figure 5-58).



Figure 5-57. Flow adapter/meter attached to the flow splitter.

- b. To audit the **PM-Coarse flow channel**, remove the inlet, inlet tube and virtual impactor and connect the 1/2-inch Swagelok flow audit adapter to the top of the 1/2-inch coarse flow inlet. Connect the flow meter/adapter to the flow audit adapter (Figure 5-59).
- c. To audit the **bypass flow channel**, remove the bypass line from the flow splitter and connect the 3/8-inch flow adapter to the green tubing of the bypass line. Connect the flow meter/adapter to the flow audit adapter.

When the flow meter is attached, select the **Next >** button.



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- 6. The Measure Flow screen will display. *Allow the flow to stabilize.* When the flow is stable, press the flow button and enter the reading from the flow device. Select the **Next >** button.
- 7. The Flow Audit Results screen will display the difference between the flow rate of the instrument and the flow rate on the measurement device (Figure 5-60). If the difference is less than 10 percent, you may adjust the flow rate to reflect the value on the audit device. Select the **Yes** button to adjust the flow based on the results of the flow audit. Select the **No** button to leave the original flow settings in place. Select the **Next** > button to return to the Select Flow screen and audit another flow channel.



8. The Select Flow to Audit screen will display again. The flow channel that was just audited will be "grayed out" on the screen to show it was audited during this session. If you want to audit another flow channel, select another channel and follow steps 3 - 8 (and the wizard) to complete additional flow channels. Otherwise, ensure that no flow channel buttons are selected, and select the Next > button.

Note. If the difference is more than 10 percent, the flow will fail the audit and the unit requires a leak check/flow calibration (Figure 5-62. ▲

9. The Completing the Flow Audit Wizard screen will display (Figure 5-61). Remove the flow meter and flow adapter(s) and install the virtual impactor, inlet tube and inlet. Ensure all lines, including the bypass, are reconnected. Select the **Finish** button to exit the wizard and return to the Verification & Calibration screen, or select the **< Back** button to move backward one step in the procedure.

Figure 5-61. Finish screen with flow audit results.		Comple Wizard	te the audit, remove t	Audit
	문 11 3 3 3	PM-2.5 flow	percent error:	0.33
	이 말 좀 다 젖 봐.	PM-Coarse f	low percent error:	0.60
	그는 것 같이 많을 것 같다.	Bypass flow	percent error:	0.08
		The instrum when this to To close th	ment will be put in Ru wizard is finished. his wizard, press Finis	in mode h.
		< Back	Finish	Cancel

Figure 5-62. Finish screen with a failed audit.

Completing the Flow A Wizard The Flow Audit Wizard was unsu- because one or more of the flow more than 10 percent since the calibration. Please consult the si- manual for troubleshooting instr complete the audit, remove the Device.		Audit uccessful ws drifted by last ervice ructions.To Flow Audit
PM-2.5 flow percent error: PM-Coarse flow percent error: Bypass flow percent error:		6.77 12.92 5.68
Back	Finish	Cancel

Calibrating the Flow Rates

Perform the ambient air temperature calibration, pressure calibration and leak check (Section 3) before executing the flow calibration procedure. To calibrate (or audit) the PM-2.5, PM-Coarse and bypass flows, you will need a 1 1/4-inch flow adapter, a 1/2-inch Swagelok flow adapter, a 3/8-inch Swagelok flow adapter and a flow measurement device.

The reference flow meter, such as a bubble meter, dry gas meter, or mass flow meter should have been recently calibrated to a primary standard, and should have an accuracy of $\pm 1\%$ at 3 l/min and 16.67 l/min, and a pressure drop of less than 0.07 bar (1 psi). If you are using a mass flow meter, you must make any necessary corrections to translate this reading to volumetric l/min at the current ambient temperature and barometric pressure. No adjustment is necessary in the case of a volumetric flow meter. Thermo Scientific offers the Streamline Pro Multi-Cal system (57-008887) to measure volumetric flow measurements.

Note. To audit the total flow, you will need a 1 1/4-inch flow adapter. Remove the inlet and attach the flow adapter and meter to the top of the inlet tube (Figure 5-63). \blacktriangle



Figure 5-63. Flow meter/adapter attached to top of inlet tube for total flow audit.

To calibrate the fine, course or bypass flow:

- 1. In the TEOM Data screen, select the **Service** button to display the Service screen, then select the **Calibration** button to display the Calibration screen (Figure 5-49).
- Select the Flow Calibration button to start the Flow Calibration Wizard (Figure 5-64). Select the Next > button to begin the procedure.

Welcome to the Flow Calibration Wizard			
This wizard helps you perform flow calibration on the TEOM Dichot Ambient Particulate Monitor.			
The instrument will be put in Setup mode for calibration.			
To continue	e, press Next.		
< Back	Next >	Cancel	

- 3. The Select a Flow Calibration Device screen will display. Select a flow audit device. Select "Direct Flow Device" to audit the flow using a direct flow measuring device (reading "l/min" adjusted for temperature and pressure) such as the Streamline Pro. Select "FTS" to audit the flow using the FTS system. FTS users will enter the device calibration constant and the change in pressure from the FTS. Select the "Next >" button.
- The Select Flow to Calibrate screen will display. Select the Calibrate PM-2.5 Flow, Calibrate PM-Coarse Flow or Calibrate Bypass Flow button to calibrate the selected flow. Select the Next > button.



- 5. The wizard will prompt you to attach a flow meter to the appropriate flow channel:
 - a. To calibrate the PM-2.5 flow channel, remove the inlet, inlet tube and virtual impactor and attach the 1 1/4-inch flow adapter/meter to the top of the flow splitter (Figure 5-65). Disconnect the bypass line from the side of the flow splitter (don't let it fall to the ground) and cap the bypass fitting with the 3/8-inch Swagelok cap provided with the system (Figure 5-66).



Figure 5-65. Flow adapter/meter attached to the flow splitter. b. To calibrate the PM-Coarse flow channel, remove the inlet, inlet tube and virtual impactor and connect the 1/2-inch Swagelok flow audit adapter to the top of the 1/2-inch coarse flow inlet. Connect the flow meter/adapter to the flow audit adapter (Figure 5-67).



c. To calibrate the **bypass flow channel**, remove the bypass line from the flow splitter and connect the 3/8-inch flow adapter to the green tubing of the bypass line. Connect the flow meter/adapter to the flow audit adapter.

When the flow audit device is attached to the correct channel, select the **Next >** button.

Flow adapter attached to the 1/2-inch coarse flow inlet





- 7. The wizard will display a screen that shows the current high-setpoint flow rate (as measured by the instrument) in the **TEOM flow rate:** button. *Allow the flow to stabilize*. Select the **TEOM flow rate:** button and enter the current flow rate (to two decimal places) as measured by the flow meter into the number pad and select the **Enter** button. The newly entered flow rate will display in the **TEOM flow rate:** button. Select the **Next >** button.
- 8. The wizard will display a screen that shows the current setpoint flow rate (as measured by the instrument) in the **TEOM flow rate:** button. *Allow the flow to stabilize.* Select the **TEOM flow rate:** button and enter the current flow rate (to two decimal places) as measured by the flow meter into the number pad and select the **Enter** button. The newly entered flow rate will display in the **TEOM flow rate:** button. Select the **Next >** button.

- 9. After the third flow value has been entered, the Select Flow to Calibrate screen will display again. The flow channel that was just calibrated will be "grayed out" on the screen to show it was calibrated during this calibration session. If you want to calibrate another flow channel, select another channel and follow steps 4 9 (and the wizard) to complete additional flow channels. Otherwise, ensure that no flow channel buttons are selected, and select the Next > button.
- 10. The Completing the Flow Calibration Wizard screen will display Figure 5-69). Remove the flow meter and flow adapter(s) and install the virtual impactor, inlet tube and inlet. Ensure all lines, including the bypass, are reconnected. Select the **Finish** button to exit the wizard and return to the Calibration screen, or select the **< Back** button to move backward one step in the procedure.

Note. If you want to audit the total flow rate following the calibration procedure, see Figure 5-63. ▲

Figure 5-69. Completing the Flow Calibration Wizard screen.	Complete Calibrat	ting the Flow tion Wizard e the calibration, rem Device. The instrume mode when this wiza	nove the ent will be ind is
	Back	Einich	Cancel
	CBACK	Finish	Cancel

Calibrating the Analog Outputs

The Analog Output Calibration Wizard allows users to calibrate the eight analog output channels to either 0-1 VDC or 0-5 VDC.

Note. Always wear appropriate anti-static devices when working with the system electronics. \blacktriangle

To calibrate the analog outputs:

1. Attach an antistatic wrist strap to your wrist. Attach the other end of the wrist strap to the chassis of the control unit to discharge any static electricity while working on the unit.

Note. Always wear appropriate anti-static devices when working with the system electronics. \blacktriangle

2. Open the door to the unit (Figure 5-70) and locate the interface board mounted to the bottom of the unit.

Figure 5-70. 1405-DF unit with left door open.



3. Locate the analog outputs jumpers and test points located at the front of the board and ensure that the jumper for the channel you are calibrating is set to the correct voltage limit (Figures 5-71 and 5-72).

Note. Set the jumper on the right and middle posts (pictured) for 0-1 VDC and over the middle and left posts for 0-5 VDC. ▲





- 4. In the 1405 Data screen, select the **Service** button to display the Service screen, then select the **Calibration** button to display the Calibration screen (Figure 5-49).
- Select the Analog Output Calibration button to start the Analog Output Calibration Wizard (Figure 5-73). Select the Next > button to begin the procedure.



 The Select Channel to Calibrate screen will display (Figure 5-74). Select which analog output channel you want to calibrate. Select the Next > button.

Select Channel to Calibrate
Select the analog output channel you wish to calibrate. To complete
the wizard, make sure no channels are selected and click "Next"
Analog Output Channel 1
Analog Output Channel 2
Analog Output Channel 3
Analog Output Channel 4
Analog Output Channel 5
Analog Output Channel 6
Analog Output Channel 7
Analog Output Channel 8

Figure 5-73. Welcome to the Analog Output Calibration Wizard screen.

> **Figure 5-74.** Select Channel to Calibrate screen.

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 The Select Analog Output Range screen will display (Figure 5-75). Set the voltage range for the analog output. Select the Next > button.

Note. Ensure that the voltage range selected for the analog output channel matches the jumper voltage setting for the analog output channel (step 3). \blacktriangle



The Connect Meter screen will display (Figure 5-76). Locate the test point (Figure 5-71) for the analog output being calibrated and attach a voltmeter set to VDC to the test point and to the ground test point on the board. Select the Next > button.



Figure 5-75. Select Analog Output Range screen 9. The Measure Low Setting screen will display (Figure 5-77). Compare the reading on the volt meter to the reading on the screen. If the readings are different, select the **Current reading:** button to display the number keypad and enter the current reading, and press the **Enter** button. Select the **Next >** button.

Measure Low Setting						
Click the button to enter the value measured by the meter for analog output 1.						
	Current reading: 0.1 VDC					
	< Back	Next >	Cancel			

10. The Measure High Setting screen will display (Figure 5-78). Compare the reading on the volt meter to the reading on the screen. If the readings are different, select the **Current reading:** button to display the number keypad and enter the current reading, and press the **Enter** button. Select the **Next >** button.



Figure 5-77. Measure Low Setting screen.

- 11. The Select Channel to Calibrate screen will display again. The channel that was just calibrated will be "grayed out" on the screen to show it was calibrated during this calibration session. If you want to calibrate another analog output channel, select another channel then the Next > button and follow steps 1 - 9 (and the wizard) to complete additional channels. Otherwise, ensure that no Analog Output Channel buttons are selected, and select the Next > button.
- 12. The Completing the Analog Output Calibration Wizard screen will display (Figure 5-79). Select the Finish button to exit the wizard and return to the Verification & Calibration screen, or select the < Back button to move backward one step in the procedure.





Verifying the Calibration Constant

The calibration of the mass transducer in the TEOM 1405-DF Monitor is determined by the mass transducer's physical mechanical properties. Under normal circumstances, the calibration does not change materially over the life of the instrument. Contact Thermo Scientific if the results of the verification procedure fails. You can locate the original calibration constant on the "Instrument Checkout Record" or the "Final Test Record" documents that are shipped from the factory with the instrument.

Before the TEOM 1405-DF is shipped to the customer, it is calibrated with new, pre-weighed TEOM filters installed in its mass transducer as a calibration weight. Because the mass of the filter cartridge with particulate matter differs from the mass of a new filter cartridge by only a small fraction, calibrating the system with a calibration mass equivalent to the filter mass allows all measurements to be made at essentially the same operating point as the original calibration. Refer to Section 1 for a detailed explanation of how the calibration constant, K_0 , is derived.

To audit/verify the K0 numbers requires a mass calibration verification kit (59-002107), which includes a pre-weighed filter, a filter exchange tool, desiccant and a humidity indicator, and the pre-filter with tubing that was supplied with the unit.

Note. Refill kits for the mass calibration verification kit are available from Thermo Scientific (59-002019). ▲

To confirm the system's K_0 calibration:

- 1. Confirm that the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse K0 numbers entered into the instrument and the PM-2.5 and PM-Coarse K0 numbers on the plates on the mass transducer are the same. The K0 numbers entered into the unit can be found in the Audit screen (Figure 5-52)
- 2. Ensure the instrument is at the normal operating temperature and condition.
- 3. Ensure that the pre-weighed filter in the kit matches the humidity conditions for the test, as shown on the card provided with the kit.

Note. If the filter does not match the conditions listed on the humidity indicator, follow the instructions provided with the kit to dry the filter to an acceptable level. \blacktriangle

- 4. In the TEOM Data screen, select the **Service** button to display the Service screen, then select the **Calibration** button to display the Calibration screen (Figure 5-49).
- 5. Select the **Mass Transducer K0 Verification** button to start the K0 Verification Wizard (Figure 5-80). Select the **Next >** button to begin the procedure.



6. The Select TEOM screen will display (Figure 5-81). Select the channel (PM-2.5 or PM-Coarse) for which the K0 number will be verified. Select the **Next >** button.

Note. The following screens show a "fine" K0 verification.



7. The Install Pre-Filter screen will display (Figure 5-82). Remove the inlet and install the flow audit adapter onto the sample inlet tube, then install the pre-filter assembly (the filter and short length of silicone tubing) onto the flow audit adapter (Figure 5-83). Select the Next > button.



Install Pre-Filter screen.



Figure 5-83. TEOM 1405 inlet assembly. 8. The Remove Sample Filter screen will display. Open the mass transducer and remove the standard TEOM filter from the PM-2.5 (left) side of the mass transducer. (Refer to the section on installing/ removing TEOM filter for assistance on removing the filter.) Close the mass transducer (without installing another filter). Select the Next > button.

Note. DO NOT use the calibration filter exchange tool for installing or removing ANY filter other than the pre-weighed calibration filter. ▲

9. The Stabilizing screen will display (Figure 5-84). While the instrument waits to mesaure the frequency of the system with no TEOM filter installed, a countdown timer on the screen will show the progress of the stabilization step. When the stabilization "Complete" message displays, select the Next > button.





10. The Enter Filter Weight screen will display (Figure 5-85). Select the Filter Weight: button. The keypad will display. Enter the weight of the pre-weighed filter into the system and press the Enter button to save the value and exit the keypad. Select the Next > button.

Figure 5-85. Enter Filter Weight screen.	5. Enter Filter Weight n. A pre-weighed filter is part of the mass calibration verification				
	Enter the weight of the pre-weighed calibration verification filter.				
	Filter weight:				
	((()			
	< Back N	lext > Cancel			

11. The Install Calibration Filter screen will display (Figure 5-86). Correctly install and properly seat the pre-weighed calibration/verification filter onto the PM-2.5 (left) side of the mass transducer using the calibration filter exchange tool. (Follow the instructions for changing a filter earlier in this section.) Select the **Next** > button.

Note. DO NOT use the calibration filter exchange tool for installing or removing ANY filter other than the pre-weighed calibration filter. \blacktriangle



12. The Stabilizing screen will display while the instrument waits for the frequency of the TEOM calibration filter. A countdown timer on the screen will show the progress of the stabilization step (Figure 5-84). When the stabilization "Complete" message displays, select the Next > button.

Note. If the frequency doesn't stabilize, the wizard will display a screen with instructions to re-seat the filter. Re-seat the filter and select the **Next** > button. The Stabilizing screen will display. If the unit is unable find a stable frequency the second time, the unit will fail the KO audit (Figure 5-90). \blacktriangle

Figure 5-86. Install Calibration Filter screen.

13. The Replace Sample Filter screen will display (Figure 5-87). Remove the calibration filter with the calibration filter removal tool. Correctly install and properly seat a new TEOM filter onto the PM-2.5 (left) side of the mass transducer using the regular filter exchange tool. (Follow the instructions for changing a filter earlier in this section.) Select the Next > button.

Note. DO NOT use the calibration filter exchange tool for installing or removing ANY filter other than the pre-weighed calibration filter. ▲

Note. If the frequency doesn't stabilize, the wizard will display a screen with instructions to re-seat the filter. Re-seat the filter and select the **Next** > button. The Stabilizing screen will display. If the unit is unable find a stable frequency the second time, the unit will fail the K0 audit (Figure 5-90). \blacktriangle

5-87.	Replace Sample	Filter				
creen.	Do not use the ca removing any filte	alibration filter exch er other than the ca	lange tool to installing dibration filter.	g or		
	- Open 1	the instrument doo	r and mass transduce	ır.		
	 Correctly install and properly seat a new, regular TEOM filter onto the left (PM-2.5) side of the mass transducer. 					
	- Close	the mass transduce	er and instrument doo	pr.		
		< Back	Next >	Cancel		

Figure 5-87. Replace Sample Filter screen. 14. The Select TEOM screen will display again (Figure 5-88). The channel that was just verified will be "grayed out" on the screen to show it was verified during this verification session. If you want to verify the other TEOM K0 number, select the other K0 channel and then the Next > button. Follow steps 6 - 14 (and the wizard) to complete the other K0 verification. Otherwise, ensure that no K0 buttons are selected, and select the Next > button.



15. When the final verification has been performed, the Completing the K0 Verification Wizard screen will display. The screen will display either a pass (Figure 5-89) or a fail (Figure 5-90) message for each K0 number. Select the **Finish** button.

Note. If one or both of the K0 verifications fail, repeat the procedure for that K0 number. If the verification fails again, contact Thermo Scientific. ▲

Figure 5-89. Completing to K0 Verification Wizard screen with a pass message.	Completing the K0 Verification Wizard The K0 Verification Wizard has complete successfully. The instrument will be put i Run mode when this wizard is finished. PM-2.5 (left) TEOM: K0: 10000.000000 Audit K0: 10000.00 Percent difference: 0.0 PM-Coarse (right) TEOM: K0: 10000.000000 Audit K0: 10000.00 Percent difference: 0.0 To close this wizard, press Finish.		ompleted be put in hished.	
	< 8	lack	Finish	Cancel
Figure 5-90. Completing the K0 Verification Wizard screen with a fail message.		Comple /erifica The I unsu Run Pr Pr Pr Coarse Ki Au Pr To close th	ting the K0 tion Wizard K0 Verification Wizard cessfully. The instrum mode when this wizar) TEOM: 0: 10000.000000 adit K0: 0.0 creent difference: 100 (right) TEOM: 0: 10000.000000 adit K0: 0.0 creent difference: 100 is wizard, press Finish	I has completed nent will be put in rd is finished. 1.0
	< 8	ack	Finish	Cancel

Section 5 Maintenance and Calibration Procedures

Notes

Appendix A Troubleshooting

The current status condition is located in the status bar at the bottom of the TEOM Data screen (Section 4), and most other instrument screens. In data files, however, status codes are reported as decimal/hexadecimal numbers). The decimal number reported by the unit must be compared to the list of status codes (Table A-1). If the exact decimal code does not appear in the list, multiple status codes are present, and the decimal must be converted to hexadecimal number in order to determine which codes are being reported by the unit.

Table A-1. 1405-DF Status Codes

Code	Warning	Decimal	Reason for warning
0x4000000	%RH High Side A	1,073,741,824	>= 98%
0x20000000	Dryer A	536,870,912	>2
0x10000000	Cooler A	268,435,456	> 0.5 C deviation
0x0800000	Exchange Filter A	134,217,728	> 90
0x04000000	Flow A	67,108,864	> 10% deviation
0x02000000	Heaters Side A	33,554,432	> 2% deviation
0x01000000	Mass Transducer A	16,777,216	frequency < 10 Hz
0x00400000	%RH High Side B	4,194,304	>= 98%
0x00200000	Dryer B	2,097,152	>2
0x00100000	Cooler B	1,048,576	> 0.5 C deviation
0x00080000	Exchange Filter B	524,288	> 90
0x00040000	Flow B	262,144	> 10% deviation
0x00020000	Heaters Side B	131,072	> 2% deviation
0x00010000	Mass Transducer B	65,536	frequency < 10 Hz
0x00004000	User I/O Device	16,384	
0x00002000	FDMS Device	8,192	
0x00001000	Head 1	4,096	
0x0000800	Head O	2,048	
0x00000400	MFC 1 Device	1,024	
0x00000200	MFC 0 Device	512	
0x00000100	System Bus	256	
0x0000080	Vacuum Pressure	128	(Ambient -Vac) < 0.1 atm
0x00000040	Case or Cap Heater	64	> 2% deviation
0x0000020	FDMS Valve	32	
0x00000010	Bypass Flow	16	> 10% deviation
0x0000008	Ambient %RH & Temp Sensor	8	Ambient %RH & temp sensor disconnected
0x00000004	Database	4	Unable to log to the database
0x0000002	Enclosure Temp	2	temperature exceeds 60 C
0x00000001	Power Failure	1	

Converting Decimal/Hexadecimal Numbers

The easiest way to convert the decimal numbers reported by the unit is to use the calculator on a Windows-based PC.

To convert a decimal status code to a hexadecimal number:

- Open the Windows calculator (it's located in Accessories under All Programs in the Start menu.
- 2) Select View, then Scientific to open the scientific-style calculator.
- 3) Select **Dec** to choose the decimal calculator option, and then enter the decimal status number into the calculator
- 4) Select **Hex** to choose the hexadecimal calculator option. The new number displayed in the calculator is the hexadecimal number you will use to decipher the status code list.

Note. To convert a hexadecimal to a decimal number, select **Hex**, type in the hexadecimal number then select **Dec**. ▲

To properly use the hexadecimal numbers converted from the decimal data download, separate the converted number and the status codes on the table into place holders: the "one's," "ten's," "100's," "1,000's," "10,000's," and "100,000's" and the "1,000,000's" place. Each "place" in the converted code will have a hexadecimal digit. Each hexadecimal digit (0 -F) in each place will have a unique status code (or set of status codes) that go with it.

Decimal Number	Hex Number	Code (Sum of Codes)
0	0	0
1	1	H(1)
2	2	H(2)
3	3	H(1), (H)2
4	4	H(4)
5	5	H(1), H(4)
6	6	H(2), H(4)
7	7	H(1), H(2), H(4)
8	8	H(8)
9	9	H(1), H(8)
10	A	H(2), H(8)
11	В	H(1), H(2), H(8)
12	С	H(4), H(8)
13	D	H(1), H(4), H(8)
14	E	H(2), H(4), H(8)
15	F	H(1), H(2), H(4), H(8)

Table A-2. Hex digits and status codes.

Deciphering Status Codes	When the unit shows more than one status code, it adds the codes together and displays them as a decimal sum. For example, if the unit displays a Memory status code (listed as hexadecimal number "(H)1" on the instrument's specific status code table) and a Valve A status code (listed as hexadecimal number "(H)4" on the instrument's specific status code table) at the same time, the two status codes (when downloaded) would be displayed as the decimal number "5."
	The decimal number "5" must then be converted back to hexadecimal (in this case also "5") to match the status code table. Only two status codes would add up to a value of 5 (Table A-2). By looking at instrument's specific table and breaking down the downloaded status codes, you will be able to decipher which status codes the unit has displayed. Repeat the operation for each place in the hexadecimal code (10's, 100's, etc.).
Example	For example, decipher the following decimal status code (8433666) for an instrument with the given example status code table (Table A-3).

First convert the decimal status code downloaded from the monitor to a hexadecimal number using the Windows (or another scientific) calculator: 8433666= (H)80B002

Code	Warning	Code	Warning
&H1	Flash Memory	&H4000	Leak on Loop A
&H2	Power Switch (TPIC)	&H8000	Leak on Loop B
&H4	Valve A	&H10000	Audit Failure
&H8	Valve B	&H20000	System Reset
&H10	Filter A Temperature	&H40000	Power Failure
&H20	Filter B Temperature	&H80000	Sample volume low
&H40	Heater A Temperature	&H100000	Meter Out of Range (>98%)
&H80	Heater B Temperature	&H400000	AC Voltage Out of Bounds
&H800	External Sample Tube Temperature	&H800000	Sensor Comm Problem
&H1000	Serial Port Problem	&H10000000	Pinch Valve
&H2000	Line Printer Problem		

Table A-3. Example status code table

- In the "one's" place of the status code, a status code of "2" is displayed. In the "one's" place of the status code table, the "2" status code matches the (H)2 "Power Switch (TPIC)" status code. This is one of the status codes that the unit is displaying in its status code.
- In the "ten's" place of the status code, there are no (0) status codes displayed.
- In the "100's" place of the status code, there are no (0) status codes displayed.
- In the "1,000's" place of the status code, a status code of "B" is displayed. Because there are no status codes in the status code table that match this number, the numbers needs to be broken down further. Convert "B" to a decimal number using Table A-2 — which converts B to "11." Next, look at the status code table to decipher the status code. In the "1,000's" place of the table, there are three status codes that, when added together, will total 11: (H)1000 "Serial Port Problem," (H)2000 "Line Printer Problem" and (H)8000 "Leak on Loop B." These are three more of the status codes that the unit is displaying in its status code.
- In the "10,000's" place of the status code, there are no (0) status codes displayed.
- In the "100,000's" place of the status code (800000), a status code of "800000" is displayed, which matches: (H)800000: "Sensor Comm Problem."
- In the "1,000,000's" place of the status code, there are no (0) status codes displayed.

Therefore, the downloaded status code "8433666" ((H)80B002) breaks down into the following status codes, according to the example status code table:

(H)2 "Power Switch (TPIC)"
(H)1000 "Serial Port Problem"
(H)2000 "Line Printer Problem"
(H)8000 "Leak on Loop B"
(H)800000: "Sensor Comm Problem."
Appendix A Troubleshooting

Notes

Appendix B Serial Communication

The TEOM 1405 Monitor supports AK Protocol. This protocol permits a locally or remotely located computer to obtain information electronically from the unit. These protocols are described in this appendix.

AK Protocol The AK Protocol allows the user to query the present value of any system variable remotely, and allows the user to change those system variable values. The user also can download information from the internal data logger. The RPComm software program uses this protocol for two-way communication directly to a personal computer or through a modem.

The following AK Protocol commands are presented in detail on the following pages:

- **AREG (Ask Register Command).** The user can query the TEOM 1405 Monitor for the current value of any system variable.
- EREG (Enter Register Command). The user can assign a new value to any system variable. Great care must be taken when using this command, as the value of variables should only be changed when the monitor is in the appropriate operating mode.
- SFxx (Set Function xx Command). The user can send commands using the <RUN> key and the <DATA STOP> key to the instrument. Each command is designated by a two-digit code, xx.
- **ASTO (Ask Storage Command).** The user can download a specified number of records from the internal data logger from the current position of the data storage pointer. The location of this storage pointer may be defined by the SSTO command. The values on each line of output are delimited by commas.
- **SSTO (Set Storage Command).** The user can change the location of the data storage pointer in the internal data logger, and is used in conjunction with the ASTO command described above. The data storage pointer is always located immediately after the last record transmitted through the RS232 port via the AK Protocol. If the circular buffer overwrites this location or if the ASTO or SSTO commands have not been used, the data storage pointer is positioned at the oldest record in the internal data logger.

i of the commandation, the cost port bettings are.	For AK	communication,	the COM	port settings are:
--	--------	----------------	---------	--------------------

L COIM Port Settings.	Port Settings		
	<u>B</u> its per second:	9600	~
	<u>D</u> ata bits:	8	×
	<u>P</u> arity:	None	v
	<u>S</u> top bits:	1	v
	Elow control:	None	~
		<u>R</u> es	tore Defaults

The following pages list the common PRC codes and show how RS-Para 1 through RS-Para 4 are defined in the AK Protocol, and also detail the format of the transmission and response messages of the commands listed on the previous page.

Note. TEOM A is the PM-2.5 channel, TEOM B is the PM-Coarse channel.

PRC Code	Description	PRC Code	Description	PRC Code	Description
1	Serial Number	97	FTS High Flow M	151	Analog Output 8 Maximum
2	Instrument Firmware Version	98	FTS High Flow B	152	Analog Output 1 Cal Low Set
3	Instrument Model	99	FTS Low Flow M	153	Analog Output 2 Cal Low Set
4	Instrument Model Variant	100	FTS Low Flow B	154	Analog Output 3 Cal Low Set
5	AK Station Code	104	Analog Output Calibration	155	Analog Output 4 Cal Low Set
6	AK Channel Number	106	Filter Replace Date	156	Analog Output 5 Cal Low Set
7	Operating Mode	107	Temperature Calibration Date	157	Analog Output 6 Cal Low Set
8	System Status	108	Pressure Calibration Date	158	Analog Output 7 Cal Low Set
9	RS232 Mode	109	Bypass Flow Calibration Date	159	Analog Output 8 Cal Low Set
12	Storage Interval	110	Analog Out Calibration Date	160	Analog Output 1 Cal Low Actual
18	Last Database Download Time	111	Anemometer Installed	161	Analog Output 2 Cal Low Actual
19	AK Set Time	115	TEOM A Air Tube Setpoint	162	Analog Output 3 Cal Low Actual
28	System Wait Time	119	TEOM B Air Tube Setpoint	163	Analog Output 4 Cal Low Actual
34	XX-Hour Value	120	Analog Output 1 Value	164	Analog Output 5 Cal Low Actual
35	Mass Average Time	121	Analog Output 2 Value	165	Analog Output 6 Cal Low Actual
36	Mass Constant A	122	Analog Output 3 Value	166	Analog Output 7 Cal Low Actual
37	Mass Constant B	123	Analog Output 4 Value	167	Analog Output 8 Cal Low Actual
47	Case Temperature	124	Analog Output 5 Value	168	Analog Output 1 Cal High Set
48	Case Temperature Setpoint	125	Analog Output 6 Value	169	Analog Output 2 Cal High Set
58	Cap Temperature	126	Analog Output 7 Value	170	Analog Output 3 Cal High Set
59	Cap Temperature Setpoint	127	Analog Output 8 Value	171	Analog Output 4 Cal High Set
61	Ambient Temperature	128	Analog Output 1 Raw Value	172	Analog Output 5 Cal High Set
62	Ambient Temperature Offset	129	Analog Output 2 Raw Value	173	Analog Output 6 Cal High Set
63	Ambient Relative Humidity	130	Analog Output 3 Raw Value	174	Analog Output 7 Cal High Set
64	Ambient Dew Point	131	Analog Output 4 Raw Value	175	Analog Output 8 Cal High Set
65	Ambient Pressure Raw	132	Analog Output 5 Raw Value	176	Analog Output 1 Cal High Actual
66	Ambient Pressure	133	Analog Output 6 Raw Value	177	Analog Output 2 Cal High Actual
67	Ambient Pressure Offset	134	Analog Output 7 Raw Value	178	Analog Output 3 Cal High Actual
70	Wind Direction	135	Analog Output 8 Raw Value	179	Analog Output 4 Cal High Actual
72	Wind Speed	136	Analog Output 1 Minimum	180	Analog Output 5 Cal High Actual
73	Wind Velocity	137	Analog Output 2 Minimum	181	Analog Output 6 Cal High Actual
74	Average Temperature Setpoint	138	Analog Output 3 Minimum	182	Analog Output 7 Cal High Actual
75	Standard Temperature Setpoint	139	Analog Output 4 Minimum	183	Analog Output 8 Cal High Actual
76	Average Pressure Setpoint	140	Analog Output 5 Minimum	184	Analog Input 1 Raw
77	Standard Pressure Setpoint	141	Analog Output 6 Minimum	185	Analog Input 2 Raw
78	Flow Control	142	Analog Output 7 Minimum	186	Analog Input 3 Raw
79	Mass Conc Reporting	143	Analog Output 8 Minimum	187	Analog Input 4 Raw
89	Bypass Flow Mass	144	Analog Output 1 Maximum	188	Analog Input 1 Constant A
90	Bypass Flow Volumetric	145	Analog Output 2 Maximum	189	Analog Input 2 Constant A
91	Bypass Flow Mass Setpoint	146	Analog Output 3 Maximum	190	Analog Input 3 Constant A
92	Bypass Flow Offset	147	Analog Output 4 Maximum	191	Analog Input 4 Constant A
93	Bypass Flow Span	148	Analog Output 5 Maximum	192	Analog Input 1 Constant B
94	Bypass Flow Audit Adjust	149	Analog Output 6 Maximum	193	Analog Input 2 Constant B
96	Vacuum Pump Pressure	150	Analog Output 7 Maximum	194	Analog Input 3 Constant B

Appendix B Serial Communication

PRC Code	Description	PRC Code	Description	PRC Code	Description
195	Analog Input 4 Constant B	268	TEOM A K0 Verification Date	355	Dichot 30-Min Mass Conc
196	Analog Input 1 Constant C	271	TEOM A Dryer Temperature	356	Dichot 1-Hr Mass Conc
197	Analog Input 2 Constant C	272	TEOM A Dryer Dew Point	357	Dichot XX-Hr Mass Conc
198	Analog Input 3 Constant C	273	TEOM A Dryer Relative Humidity	358	Dichot 12-Hr Mass Conc
199	Analog Input 4 Constant C	274	Valve Position Current	359	Dichot 24-Hr Mass Conc
200	Analog Input 1 Value	275	Valve Position Desired	360	Dichot Mass Rate
201	Analog Input 2 Value	276	Clean Cooler Date	361	TEOM B Dryer Temp
202	Analog Input 3 Value	277	Clean Valve Date	362	TEOM B Dryer Dew Point
203	Analog Input 4 Value	287	TEOM A Cooler Temperature	363	TEOM B Dryer Relative Humidity
204	Analog Input 1 Average Value	288	TEOM A Cooler Setpoint	373	TEOM B Cooler Temp
205	Analog Input 2 Average Value	289	TEOM A Base Mass Conc	374	TEOM B Cooler Setpoint
206	Analog Input 3 Average Value	290	TEOM A Ref Mass Conc	375	TEOM B Base Mass Conc
207	Analog Input 4 Average Value	291	TEOM A 30-Min Base Mass Conc	376	TEOM B Ref Mass Conc
208	Contact Closure Register 1	292	TEOM A 30-Min Ref Mass Conc	377	TEOM B 30-Min Base Mass Conc
209	Contact Closure Register 2	293	TEOM A Raw Base Mass Conc	378	TEOM B 30-Min Ref Mass Conc
210	Contact Closure Compare Operator 1	294	TEOM A Raw Ref Mass Conc	379	TEOM B Raw Base Mass Conc
211	Contact Closure Compare Operator 2	295	TEOM A Raw Base Mass Rate	380	TEOM B Raw Ref Mass Conc
212	Contact Closure Compare Value 1	296	TEOM A Raw Ref Mass Rate	381	TEOM B Raw Base Mass Rate
213	Contact Closure Compare Value 2	309	TEOM B Flow Rate	382	TEOM B Raw Ref Mass Rate
214	Contact Closure Value 1	310	TEOM B Flow Volumetric	386	Dichot Base Mass Conc
215	Contact Closure Value 2	311	TEOM B Flow Setpoint	387	Dichot Ref Mass Conc
225	TEOM A Flow Rate	312	TEOM B Flow Offset	388	Dichot Mass Conc Base 30-Min
226	TEOM A Flow Volumetric	313	TEOM B Flow Span	389	Dichot Mass Conc Ref 30-Min
227	TEOM A Flow Setpoint	314	TEOM B Flow Audit Adjust	390	Instrument Time
228	TEOM A Flow Offset	321	TEOM B Air Tube Temperature	392	TEOM A FEM Mass Conc
229	TEOM A Flow Span	325	TEOM B Filter Pressure	393	TEOM A FEM 30-Min Mass Conc
230	TEOM A Flow Audit Adjust	326	TEOM B Filter Load	394	TEOM A FEM 1-Hr Mass Conc
237	TEOM A Air Tube Temperature	327	TEOM B Total Mass	395	TEOM A FEM XX-Hr Mass Conc
241	TEOM A Filter Pressure	328	TEOM B Raw Mass Conc	396	TEOM A FEM 12-Hr Mass Conc
242	TEOM A Filter Load	329	TEOM B Mass Conc	397	TEOM A FEM 24-Hr Mass Conc
243	TEOM A Total Mass	332	TEOM B 30-Min Mass Conc		
244	TEOM A Raw Mass Conc	333	TEOM B 1-Hr Mass Conc		
245	TEOM A Mass Conc	334	TEOM B XX-Hr Mass Conc		
248	TEOM A 30-Min Mass Conc	335	TEOM B 12-Hr Mass Conc		
249	TEOM A 1-Hr Mass Conc	336	TEOM B 24-Hr Mass Conc		
250	TEOM A XX-Hr Mass Conc	337	TEOM B Mass Rate		
251	TEOM A 12-Hr Mass Conc	341	TEOM B Frequency		
252	TEOM A 24-Hr Mass Conc	342	TEOM B Noise		
253	TEOM A Mass Rate	343	ТЕОМ В КО		
257	TEOM A Frequency	344	TEOM B K0 Audit		
258	TEOM A Noise	351	TEOM B Flow Calibration Date		
259	TEOM A K0	352	TEOM B K0 Verification Date		
260	TEOM A K0 Audit	353	Dichot Total Mass		
267	TEOM A Flow Calibration Date	354	Dichot Mass Conc		

AK Protocol Ask Register Command (AREG)									
	COM 2-WAY SETTINGS								
RS-Para 1	RS-Para 1 52 ASCII code for the 1-digit Station Number (for example "4": 052). The Station Number is always 1 digit in length.								
RS-Para 2	75048	ASCII code representation of the 2-digit Channel Number (for example: "K0": 075, 048). The Channel Number is always 2 digits in length.							
RS-Para 3	13010	Optional: Up to 3 ASCII codes can be codes 013 and 010) are appended to	addec the res	I to response fro sponse. Enter 0	om the instrur) if nothing is	nent. In this case, <cr> and <lf> (ASCII to be appended.</lf></cr>			
RS-Para 4	0	Not used.							
-	Transmis	sion to Instrument		R	esponse	from Instrument			
Byte	Example	Description	в	No Err	Error	Description			
1	<stx></stx>	ASCII code 002.	1	<stx></stx>	<stx></stx>	ASCII code 002.			
2	4	1-digit Station Number, RS-Para 1.	2	4	4	1-digit Station Number, RS-Para 1.			
3	А		3	А	А	- 4-digit Ask Register command.			
4	R	- Ask Register command.	4	R	R				
5	E		5	E	E				
6	G		6	G	G				
7	<space></space>	Space.	7	<space></space>	<space></space>	Space.			
8	к	2-digit Channel Number as defined	8	0	0	Number of current status conditions.			
9	0	by RS Para 2.	9	<space></space>	<space></space>	Space.			
10	<space></space>	Space.	10	9	S	Program Register Code of the variable			
11	9	Program Register Code of the	11		E	whose value is being requested. The PRC may be up to 3 digits long and is			
12		variable whose value is being requested. The PRC may be up to 3	12		<etx></etx>	not right-filled in the response.			
13		digits long. Do not right-fill if the PRC is less than 3 characters long.	13	<space></space>	<cr></cr>	Space.			
14	<etx></etx>	ASCII code 003.	14	9	<lf></lf>				
15			15	7		Current value of the variable referenced			
16			16	4		by the Ask Register command.			
17			17			NOTE: This value can be of varying			
18			18	3		length.			
19			19	8					

	AK Protocol						
	Tranemie	ASK Register C	omman	nmand (AREG) (continued)			
Butto	Example			No Err	Error		
Буге	Example	Description	D		Enor		
20			20	<e1x></e1x>			
21			21	<cr></cr>		Up to 3 digits appended to the end of	
22			22	<lf></lf>		the response transmission, according to the entry for RS-Para 3.	
23			23				
24	Description	of Status Codes (PRC 008)	24				
25	1 Mass Tr	ansducer	25				
26	4 Flow Ra	ate	26				
27	8 Filter Exchange16 Voltage		27				
28			28				
29			29				
30			30				
31			31				
32			32				
33			33				
34			34				
35			35				
36			36				
37			37				
38			38				
39			39				
40			40				
41			41				
42			42				
43			43				
44			44				
45			45				
46			46				

AK Protocol								
				SETTING	3			
RS-Para 1	52	ASCII code for the 1-digit Station Num	ber (fo	or example "4":	052). The Sta	tion Number is always 1 digit in length.		
RS-Para 2	75048	ASCII code representation of the 2-dig always 2 digits in length.	jit Cha	nnel Number (fo	or example: "P	(0": 075, 048). The Channel Number is		
RS-Para 3	13010	Optional: Up to 3 ASCII codes can be codes 013 and 010) are appended to	addeo the rea	I to response fr sponse. Enter 0	om the instrur) if nothing is	nent. In this case, <cr> and <lf> (ASCII to be appended.</lf></cr>		
RS-Para 4	0	Not used.						
Transmission to Instrument Response from Instrument								
Byte	Example	Description	в	No Err	Error	Description		
1	<stx></stx>	ASCII code 002.	1	<stx></stx>	<stx></stx>	ASCII code 002.		
2	4	1-digit Station Number, RS-Para 1.	2	4	4	1-digit Station Number, RS-Para 1.		
3	E	- Enter Register command.	3	E	E	- 4-digit Enter Register command.		
4	R		4	R	R			
5	E		5	E	E			
6	G	-		G	G			
7	<space></space>	Space.	7	<space></space>	<space></space>	Space.		
8	К	2-digit Channel Number, as defined	8	0	0	Number of current status conditions.		
9	0	by RS Para 2.	9	<space></space>	<space></space>	Space.		
10	<space></space>	Space.	10	6	S	Program Register Code of the variable		
11	6	Program Register Code of the	11	3	E	whose value was entered. The PRC may be 1 to 3 digits long and is not		
12	3	requested. The PRC may be up to 3	12		<etx></etx>	right-filled in the response.		
13		PRC is less than 3 characters long.	13	<etx></etx>	<cr></cr>	ASCII code 003.		
14	<space></space>	Space.	14	<cr></cr>	<lf></lf>			
15	2	New value to be entered for variable	15	<lf></lf>		the response transmission, according to		
16	3	Code in bytes 11 to 13 above.	16			the entry for RS-Para 3.		
17	8	NOTE: The value entered may be of	17					
18	0	varying length, and is not restricted to 4 bytes.	18					
19	<etx></etx>	ASCII code 003.	19					

Protocol
Protocol

Set Function Command (SFxx)

RS-Para 1	52	ASCII code for the 1-digit Station Number (for example "4": 052). The Station Number is always 1 digit in length.
RS-Para 2	75048	ASCII code representation of the 2-digit Channel Number (for example: "K0": 075, 048). The Channel Number is always 2 digits in length.
RS-Para 3	13010	Optional: Up to 3 ASCII codes can be added to response from the instrument. In this case, <cr> and <lf> (ASCII codes 013 and 010) are appended to the response. Enter 0 if nothing is to be appended.</lf></cr>
RS-Para 4	0	Not used.

Transmission to Instrument			Response from Instrument			
Byte	Example	Description	в	No Err	Error	Description
1	<stx></stx>	ASCII code 002.	1	<stx></stx>	<stx></stx>	ASCII code 002.
2	4	1-digit Station Number, RS-Para 1.	2	4	4	1-digit Station Number, RS-Para 1.
3	S		3	S	S	
4	F	Set Function command, where xx represents a 2-digit code between 00 and 32. These codes are defined below.	4	F	F	4-digit Set Function command, with the
5	x		5	x	x	function that was set.
6	x		6	x	х	
7	<space></space>	Space.	7	<space></space>	<space></space>	Space.
8	к	2-digit Channel Number, as defined	8	0	0	Number of current status conditions.
9	0	by RS Para 2.	9	<etx></etx>	<space></space>	Space.
10	<etx></etx>	ASCII code 003.	10	<cr></cr>	S	Linto 2 digits appended to the end of
			11	<lf></lf>	E	the response transmission, according
	· · ·		12		<etx></etx>	the entry for RS-Para 3.
			13		<cr></cr>	
03 <run> 06 <data stop=""></data></run>		14		<lf></lf>		
		15				
09 <f1> 17 <f5></f5></f1>	09 <f1> 17 <f5></f5></f1>		16	To Set Time R	emotely:	
25 <sto 26 Set</sto 	p All> līme		17	1) Ensure that	the instrumen	it is in the Stop Mode.
25 001			18	3) Execute the	SF26 comm	and.
			19			

AK Protocol									
		ASK Storag			(STO)				
	+		-WA	SETTING	S				
RS-Para 1	52	ASCII code for the 1-digit Station Num	iber (fo	or example "4":	052). The Sta	ation Number is always 1 digit in length.			
RS-Para 2	75048	ASCII code representation of the 2-dig always 2 digits in length.	git Cha	nnel Number (fo	or example: "I	K0": 075, 048). The Channel Number is			
RS-Para 3	13010	Optional: Up to 3 ASCII codes can be codes 013 and 010) are appended to	addeo the re	d to response fr sponse. Enter (om the instru) if nothing is	ment. In this case, <cr> and <lf> (ASCII to be appended.</lf></cr>			
RS-Para 4	0	Not used.							
Transmission to Instrument Response from Instrument									
Byte	Example	Description	в	No Err	Error	Description			
1	<stx></stx>	ASCII code 002.	1	<stx></stx>	<stx></stx>	ASCII code 002.			
2	4	1-digit Station Number, RS-Para 1.	2	4	4	1-digit Station Number, RS-Para 1.			
3	А		3	A	A				
4	S	Ask Storage command.	4	S	s				
5	Т		5	т	Т	- 4-digit ASK Storage command.			
6	0	1	6	0	0				
7	<space></space>	Space.	7	<space></space>	<space></space>	Space.			
8	к	2-digit Channel Number, as defined	8	0	0	Number of current status conditions.			
9	0	by RS Para 2.	9	<space></space>	<space></space>	Space.			
10	<space></space>	Space.	10	3	S	Records to be downloaded from			
11	5	The number of records to be	11	1	E	requested number due to end of file.			
12	0	downloaded from the instruments storage. Downloading begins at the	12		<etx></etx>	Storage Marker moved to after last record transmitted. Not right-filled.			
13		storage marker, which can be set using the SSTO command.	13	<etx></etx>	<cr></cr>	ASCII code 003.			
14	<etx></etx>	ASCII code 003.	14	<cr></cr>	<lf></lf>	Lin to 2 digits apponded to the end of			
15			15	<lf></lf>		the response transmission, according to			
16			16			the entry for KS-Para 3.			
17			17	The instrumen	t then transm	its the number of storage records shown			
18			18	in response by	ytes10 throug	h 12 above. Each record is followed by			
19			19	<cr><lf>.</lf></cr>					

AK Protocol

Set Storage Marker Command (SSTO)

COM 2-WAY SETTINGS								
RS-Para 1	52	ASCII code for the 1-digit Station Number (for example "4": 052). The Station Number is always 1 digit in length.						
RS-Para 2	75048	ASCII code representation of the 2-digit Channel Number (for example: "K0": 075, 048). The Channel Number is always 2 digits in length.						
RS-Para 3	13010	Optional: Up to 3 ASCII codes can be added to response from the instrument. In this case, <cr> and <lf> (ASCII codes 013 and 010) are appended to the response. Enter 0 if nothing is to be appended.</lf></cr>						
RS-Para 4	0	Not used.						

Transmission to Instrument				Response from Instrument				
Byte	Example	Description	в	No Err	Error	Description		
1	<stx></stx>	ASCII code 002.	1	<stx></stx>	<stx></stx>	ASCII code 002.		
2	4	1-digit Station Number, RS-Para 1.	2	4	4	1-digit Station Number, RS-Para 1.		
3	S	Set Storage Marker command.	3	S	S	- 4-digit Set Storage Marker command.		
4	S		4	S	S			
5	т		5	т	т			
6	0		6	0	0			
7	<space></space>	Space.	7	<space></space>	<space></space>	Space.		
8	К	2-digit Channel Number, as defined by RS Para 2.	8	0	0	Number of current status conditions.		
9	0		9	<etx></etx>	<space></space>	ASCII code 003.		
10	<space></space>	Space.	10	<cr></cr>	S	Up to 3 digits appended to the end of the response transmission, according to the entry for RS-Para 3.		
11	В	New location of the Storage Marker. B:move to beginning of storage buffer. E: move to end of storage buffer. Enter positive numbers, such as 250, to move forward by 250 records, and negative numbers, such as -1000, to move backwards by 1000 records. Do not right fill.	11	<lf></lf>	E			
12			12		<etx></etx>			
13			13		<cr></cr>			
14			14		<lf></lf>			
15			15					
16	<etx></etx>	ASCII code 003.	16					
17			17					
18			18					
19			19					

AK Protocol										
Response if Command Addressed to Instrument is Unrecognizable										
COM 2-WAY SETTINGS										
RS-Para 1	52	ASCII code for the 1-digit Station Number (for example "4": 052). The Station Number is always 1 digit in length.								
RS-Para 2	75048	ASCII code representation of the 2-digit Channel Number (for example: "K0": 075, 048). The Channel Number is always 2 digits in length.								
RS-Para 3	13010	Optional: Up to 3 ASCII codes can be added to response from the instrument. In this case, <cr> and <lf> (ASCII codes 013 and 010) are appended to the response. Enter 0 if nothing is to be appended.</lf></cr>								
RS-Para 4	0	Not used.								
Transmission to Instrument				Response from Instrument						
Byte	Example	Description	в	No Err	Error	Description				
1			1		<stx></stx>	ASCII code 002.				
2			2		4	1-digit Station Number, RS-Para 1.				
3			3		?	Question marks inserted in place of unrecognizable command.				
4			4		?					
5			5		?					
6			6		?					
7			7		<space></space>	Space.				
8			8		0	Number of current status conditions.				
9			9		<space></space>	Space.				
10			10		S	Syntax error.				
11			11		E					
12			12		<etx></etx>	ASCII code 003.				
13			13		<cr></cr>	Up to 3 digits appended to the end of the response transmission, according to the entry for RS-Para 3.				
14			14		<lf></lf>					
15			15							
16			16							
17			17							
18			18							
19			19							

Appendix B Serial Communication